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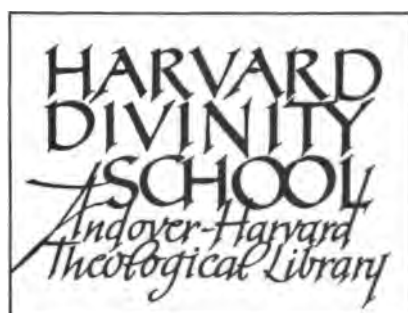
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APOSTOLORUM

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| ١٩٢ | ܡܕܚܬܐ ܕܝܚܢܐ |

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| Deyr-es-Suriani MS | f. 35 b pars antiquior | ١٨ |
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ERRATA.

Page ٢٠٢, col. b, line 5 for ܡܕܚܬܐ read perhaps ܡܕܚܬܐ

„ ٢١٤, „ b, „ 14 „ ܡܕܚܬܐ read ܡܕܚܬܐ

„ ٢١٥, „ a, „ 11 „ ܡܕܚܬܐ „ ܡܕܚܬܐ

„ ٢١٦, „ b, „ 1 „ ܡܕܚܬܐ „ ܡܕܚܬܐ

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ಕವಿರಾಜ^b ೦೦೨
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^d, ೦೦೪. ಕವಿರಾಜ ಶುಭ
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a om. Wright
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 c + בּוּתָּוֹת
 d + פּוּתָּוֹת
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 f + כּוּתָּוֹת
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 x כּוּתָּוֹת
 y כּוּתָּוֹת
 z כּוּתָּוֹת

f. 145 a

[illegible][illegible][illegible]



Cod. Sin. Syr. 30

f. 150b

(Script. inf. Acta Thomae)

(Script. sup. Acta Sophiae)

[illegible][illegible]

[illegible][illegible]

f. 167 a

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 k a i a k a i i l s
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[illegible][illegible]

[illegible][illegible]

Adams a

Wright

שם זה נחשב הנהגה נכונה. חסד נחשב נכונה +
 לה נחשב נכונה. כל מה שיש לה נחשב נכונה.

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[illegible][illegible]

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APPENDIX.

Those words which confirm emendations made by the late Prof. William Wright on a text five centuries later are indicated by an asterisk.

- f. 17 b الذين حوله وبقوا مبهوتين فلما | كان تسع ساعات من النهار ظهر لهم بولس : وقال للملك انا القايد الذى ليسوع المسيح انا الذى اتيت الى مدينتك اخذ منها العساكر لملكى هانذا حى ولم امت فاما انت سياتى عليك شرور كثيره لانك سفكت دما كثيره لقوم ازكيا وبعد ايام يسيره سياتى عليك 5 جميع ما قلته : فلما قال بولس هذا غاب عنهم وان نهيرون الملك امر ان يطلق جميع من فى السجن الذين امنوا بيسوع المسيح : وان بطريق غلام الملك واخر اسمه لهعوس وفسطس من خاصه الملك بكروا الى قبر بولس : فلما قربوا اليه نظروا الى الرجلين قيام يصلوا وبولس قايم فى وسطهم بمجد عظيم وانهم بهتوا ورعبوا من الخوف مما عاينوا من مجده فاما طيطوس 10 ولوقا فانهم خافوا وهربوا من بين ايديهم : وان غلمان الملك الذى تقدم ذكرهم عدوا فى طلبهم وادركوهم | وقالوا لهم ليس نطلبكم للموت بل تعطونا حياه الدهر كما قال بولس الذى كان فى هذه الساعه واقف فى وسطكم : فلما سمع طيطوس ولوقا منهم مثل هذا الكلام فرحوا جدا وكلموهم بكلام المواعظه وعرفوهم الامانه بالرب يسوع المسيح واعطوهم علامه الحياه الى دهر 15 الداهرين امين

تمت شهاده القديس بولس : فى تسعه وعشرين من احزيران بسلام الرب يسوع المسيح صلواته تحفظنا وتكون معنا من الان والى دهر الداهرين امين

الى حيث شئت قال لهم بولس ليس انا جبان ولا خائف من عذابكم ان
اهرب من الله ولكن انا عبد لربى يسوع المسيح الملك الحى لانتى لو
علمت ان هذا الموت هو موت الى الابد لكنت افعل ما تقولوا بل انا احيا
مع ملكى الى الابد وانا مطيع له واليه اصير ومعه اعود اذا اتا فى مجد
ابيه : قالوا له الحجاب كيف تستطيع بعد ان تضرب رقبتك ان تكون فى 5
الحياه الثانيه وفيما هم يتكلموا ارسل الملك رسولين ليعلم هل ضربت رقبه
بولس ام لا فلما نظروه فى الحياه قال لهم بولس امنوا بالله الحى الذى
f. 16 b يحيى كل مومن به من الموت ويهب لهم حياه الدهر اجابوه قائلين ان
هوذا انت تموت وان نظرناك قمت من الاموات امنا وانهم عادوا الى الملك :
فاما ليغوس وفستس كانوا مدمنين فى الطلب من بولس قائلين له عرفنا 10
طريق الحياه والخلاص قال لهم بولس تكبروا غد الى القبر الذى يترك جسدى
فيه : انتم تجدوا رجلين قيام يصلوا وهما طبس ولوقا هم الذى يعطوكم
علامه الخلاص ويقربوكم الى الرب يسوع المسيح الاله بالحقيقه : وان بولس
نظر الى الشرق بحضره كل من اتا لينظر شهادته ورفع يديه وصلى ساعه
طويله باللغه العبرانيه : فلما فرغ من الصلاه عاد كل الجماعه الذين حضروا 15
بكلام الايمان بالله حتى ان جمع كثير امنوا من حلاوه كلامه والنور الذى
كان فى وجهه | والموهبه التحاله عليه وان الرسولين عادوا الى نيرون الملك
f. 17 a وعرفوه انهم وجدوا بولس يكلم ليغوس وفستس ويعلمهم ايمانه وان الملك
غضب جدا ووجهه بسياف عسوف ليضرب رقبه بولس بسرعه : فلما اتا السياف
مد القديس رقبته وهو ساكت لا يتكلم واقام ساعه طويله ورقبته 1 ممدوده 20
والسياف واقف مقابله وسيغه مسلول ويديه ترتعد لا يستطيع ينزلها عليه واخره
قام السياف وضربه ضربه اسقطت راس القديس على الارض وخرج من جسده
المقدس لبن ودم حتى اثر فى ثياب السياف وان الجماعه عجبوا ومجدوا
الله الذى اعطا هذه القوه والموهب العظيمه لتلميذه القديس وعاد السياف
واخبر الملك بما كان وان نيرون عجب من ذلك هو وجميع الفلاسفه 25

- f. 17 b الذين حولہ وبقوا مبهوتين فلما | كان تسع ساعات من النهار ظهر لهم بولس ✥ وقال للملك انا القايد الذي ليسوع المسيح انا الذي اتيت الى مدينتك اخذ منها العساكر لملكى هاندا حى ولم امت فاما انت سيأتى عليك شرور كثيره لانك سفكت دما كثيره لقوم ازكيا وبعد ايام يسيره سيأتى عليك 5 جميع ما قلتہ ✥ فلما قال بولس هذا غاب عنهم وان نثرون الملك امر ان يطلق جميع من فى السجن الذين امنوا بيسوع المسيح ✥ وان بطريق غلام الملك واخر اسمه ليعوس وفسطاس من خاصه الملك بكروا الى قبر بولس ✥ فلما قربوا اليه نظروا الى الرجلين قيام يصلوا وبولس قايم فى وسطهم بمجد عظيم وانهم بهتوا ورعبوا من الخوف مما عاينوا من مجده فاما طيطوس 10 ولوقا فانهم خافوا وهربوا من بين ايديهم ✥ وان غلمان الملك الذى تقدم ذكرهم عدوا فى طلبهم وادركوهم | وقالوا لهم ليس نطلبكم للموت بل تعطونا f. 18 a حياه الدهر كما قال بولس الذى كان فى هذه الساعه واقف فى وسطكم ✥ فلما سمع طيطوس ولوقا منهم مثل هذا الكلام فرحوا جدا وكلموهم بكلام الموعظه وعرفوهم الامانه بالرب يسوع المسيح واعطوهم علامه الحياه الى دهر 15 الداهرين امين

تمت شهادہ القديس بولس ✥ فى تسعه وعشرين من احزيران بسلام الرب يسوع المسيح صلواته تحفظنا وتكون معنا من الان والى دهر الداهرين امين

تحت السما هو يزيلهم وهو وحده الدايمر الى الابد وليس اخر غيره ولا يغلب ملكه ملك ❖ وان نيرون دق على يديه وقال له وانت يا بطريق تامن بذلك فاجابه بطريق نعم يا سيدى انا امن به لانه الذى احبائى من الموت وفيما هو يقول هذا تقدم الى الملك اربعة من وجوه خدم المملكة الذى كان يحبهم ويأثرهم اكثر من جميع من فى البلاط وهم الذى كانوا لا يزالوا 5 من حضرته كل حين وهذه اسماهم فرنساس فسطس كرمسطس اجابوا الملك قايلىن اعلم ايها الملك انا من هذه الساعه قد افترضنا فى بلاط الملك السماوى الازلى يسوع المسيح بن الله الحى فعظم ذلك على الملك نيرون وامر ان يعذبوا عذاب شديد وبعد ذلك يلقوا فى السجن وصار الملك f. 14 a فى شدة من الغم والحقد على كل من يامن بالمسيح الازلى وامر امرا هكذا قايلا كل من يوجد انه مفترض فى بلاط الملك يسوع المسيح يقتله فلما سمع جميع اهل العسكر ما امرهم الملك افرقوا فى كل المدينة وقبضوا على كل من امن بالرب يسوع المسيح واحضروهم اليه مقيدى وكان جمع عظيم من المقيدى كانوا يزاحموا بعضهم بعض ينظروا الى بولس وينصتوا لكلامه وجميع ما يجرى بينه وبين الملك فلما نظر اليه الملك وهو مقيد ❖ 15 قال له ايها الانسان الذى للملك الازلى الاعظم هوذا قد اسامت الي مقيد ❖ قول لى ما الذى حملك على هذا الفعل انك استجريت ودخلت مدينتى وتجمع عسكر من مملكتى لملكك ❖ اجابه القديس بولس بحضرة كل واحد f. 14 b ايها الملك ليس من مملكتك نجمع عسكر لملكى بل من كل المسكونه ❖ كذلك امرنا ربنا ان لا نغلق باب امام كل احد وقد كان يجب عليك 20 انت ايضا ان تفترض فى بلاطه ❖ لان هذه الهمنكه وهذا المجد لا يخلصك الا ان تخضع وتسجد له لذلك الملك وتسله ان يعطيك الخلاص ❖ لان سوف يكون ياتى لبيدين العالم ويعطى الحياه لكل من يامن به فاما الذين لا يؤمنون به والخطاه يدينهم ويسلمهم الى العذاب الدايمر وان نيرون الملك لم يكن يامن بها يقوله بولس وامر بكل من امن وهو قد حضر مقيد من 25 اجل المسيح ان يحرقوا بالنار وهم احيا وامر ببولس ان تضرب رقبته كما

يامر ناموس الروم وسلم بولس الى حاجبين لياخذوا راسه واسماهما ليغوس
يوسطس * وانهر اخرجوه من حضره الملك وان بولس يبدى يكلمهم بكلام

f. 15 a

. | معونه الله ولكل من تبعه لان اجتمع اليه
5 خلق عظيم يريدوا ينظرون شهادته * وكان في مدينه روميه قوه كثيره
للشيطان تعاون على قتل كل من يامن بيسوع المسيح فقتل جماعه ما لهر
عدد واجتمع الى بلاط الملك من اهل روميه من اراكنه المدينه وصرخوا
الى الملك قايلين ايها الملك انك تقتل الرجال وهم روم لمر انت تضعف
ملكه الروم وعساكرهم عند ذلك امر ان يرفع السيف ولا يطلبوا الذي يامنوا
10 بالمسيح حتى يسلم عنهم * ومن بعد هذا الامر احضر بولس الى الملك من
ضربه حتى يسمع كلامه ايضا من اجل اهل روميه وكثير تعجبه من كثيره
الجمع الذي اجابوا الى دعوه بولس * اجاب بولس وقال للملك ان ليس

f. 15 b

حياتي هذه لملكي هي حياه لها مده بل هي | حياه دائمه ليس لها انقضى
وانك امرت ان يوخذ راسي وانا اظهر لك ايضا وانا حي لكيما تعلم صدق
15 قولي اني اعيش لملكي يسوع المسيح الذي يدين الاحياء والاموات ويجازي
كل احد كنحو اعماله خير كان ام شر * فلما سمع نيرون مثل هذا من
قول بولس اشار الى الحجاب بغضب ان يجعل عليه بالقتل * فلما سمع
فسطس وليغوس الحجاب اخرجوه لياخذوا راسه قالوا لبولس اين يكون ملكم
الذي تامنوا به ولا تريدوا ان ترفضوا به وتصبروا على هذا العذاب كله من
20 اجله * اجابهم بولس ايها الرجال الذين ملكتم الضلاله وقله المعرفه بالله
ارجعوا وتوبوا لتخلصوا من الرجز الذي ياتي على الكفار * ليس كما تظنوا
انتم انا نجمع عساكر لملك الارض مثلكم بل انا نحن نفترض من بلاط

f. 16 a

الملك السماي الذي من اجل خطايا | العالم هو ياتي يدين المسكونه وكل
من يامن به يعطيه الحياه الدايمة * فلما سمعوا الحجاب مثل هذا سجدوا
25 له قايلين اهلنا ان نكون من اصحاب هذا الملك ونحن نطلقك ان تمضي

الإصنام والجن التي تعبدها . فقال له الملك انا افعل ذلك يا بطرس . فقال له بطرس ابعث الى الملوك والشعوب والجند من سائر سلطائك من كان منهم داخلا . ومن كان منهم خارجا . ثم اجمعهم واحمل ابنك هذا المات فوق سرير وهلم الى موضع الهتك التي تعبدها . فبعث عند ذلك من جمع له اهل سلطانه ومملكته الداخلين والمتباعدين وحمل ابنه على سرير . واتى 5 به الى مكان الهته^١ الذين كان يعبدهم . ثم ان بطرس قام متوجها الى المشرق الى جانب السرير الذي كان فيه المات فدعا الى ربه بنية صادقة روحانية مقبولة . فسمع ربنا دعوته . واقام له ميتة . ثم نزل حينئذ عن السرير واقبل الى بطرس حتى سجد قدماه . وقال له السلام عليك يا من سمع الرب منه دعوته ورد لي روعي بعد موتي وخروجها من بدني . ثم ان الغلام 10 اقبل الى ابيه وقال له ويحك يا ابتاه واى خطايا^٢ واية ظلمة كنا فيها . ويحك يا ابتاه ان الملايكة كانوا يكلمون هذا الشيخ المبارك . وفي ذلك المقام امر الله لبطرس . فقام ونصب المعمودية بحيث كانت الإصنام الهتهم فاعمد ابن الملك واباه وطهرهما وسائر الجند والملوك . فلما رأى بطرس انه لا يقدر ان يعمد الناس اجمعين . كان يأخذ من ذلك الماء فيرش عليهم 15 فمن كان يقع عليه من ذلك الماء نقطة او قطرة فقد اعتمد وتطهر من امن بالله وعبد ابنه كل من حضر من الخلايق والشعوب الذي له العز والقدرة في كل وقت وزمان امين غفر الله لمن قرا وسمع وترحم على الناسخ المسكين

هذه شهادة الطوبارى بولس تلميذ يسوع الذى تمها في مدينه روميه في تسعه Cod. Vat. Arab. 694

20 وعشرين من حزيران صلاته تحفظنا امين .

f. 12 a كانوا التلاميذ المباركين لوقا الذى من البروا وطيطس الذى من طلمذيه بروميه ينتظرون قدوم بولس فلما قدم عليهم ونظروهم ونظروا اليه فرحوا جميع بذلك جدا وان بولس استاجر منزل خارج المدينه وسكنه هو والاخوه وكان

^١ الذى Cod.

وايت Cod.

- ينادى باسم الرب ويعلم جميع من حضر اليه وان قوله شاع فى مدينه روميه
وتبعه ناس كثير مومنين بالمسيح لما يروا من العجايب التى كان يجريها
الله على يديه المعترايين من اصناف العلل كان يعافيه باسم الرب يسوع
المسيح وبرشر الصليب الكريم وتبعه جماعه من خواص نيرون الملك وكان
5 فرح عظيم فى المدينه وان غلام اسمه بطريق هو الساقى عالى مايده الملك
حضر الى الموضع الذى فيه بولس يعلم وكان ليلا لسمع تعاليمه فلم يقدر
f. 12 b ان يدخل اليه لشهره الجمع الذى حوله | وانه سعد الى موضع عال وكان
يشرف فغلب عليه النور وسقط من فوق ذلك الموضع العالى ومات وبلغ الخبر
الى نيرون الملك ان بطريق مات فحزن عليه حزن شديد لانه كان يالغه
10 جدا فلما علم بولس بالروح ما كان قال للاخوه ولين حوله ان الشيطان
العدوا يريد يجربنا اخرجوا الى برا الباب تجدوا غلام ميت مطروح احملوه
وقدموه الي وانهم خرجوا فوجدوا الميت كما قال فدخلوا به الى عند بولس
التلميذ المبارك : فلما نظروه الجماعه وعرفوا انه بطريق اضطربوا جدا لعلمهم
بهنزاته من الملك فقال لهم بولس ايها الاخوه لا تقلقوا ولا تخافوا الماعه تظهر
15 ايمانكم قوموا زرعوا الرب يسوع المسيح لكيما يتحنن علينا ويهب الحياه لهذا
f. 13 a الميت ليلا نموت كلنا وان بولس خر على الارض ساعه وكان | يسلم الرب
بدعا متصل ورفع راسه عند ذلك قام الميت وهو سالم ليس فيه شى من
الوجع : وان بولس ارسله الى دار نيرون الملك سيده وكان نيرون ذلك الوقت
فى الحمام لما علم بوفاه بطريق فعند خروجه حضر منزله وجد المايده قد
20 اصلحها بطريق على العاده وان جميع خواصه خرجوا اليه مبشرين له بهيابه
بطريق وانه على المايده كعادته فلما نظر نيرون الملك الى بطريق : قال
له انت حى ومن الذى احياك بعد مهاتك وان بطريق امتلا قلبه من موهبه
روح القدس وقال لسيده : الرب يسوع المسيح الملك الازلى الذى هو ربك
والهك الذى هو احيائى : قال له نيرون الملك هل ذلك الذى تظن انه
25 يملك الى الابد وهو الذى يزيل جميع المملكات والملوك والمتولين لها | الذى

¹ Cod. فدخلو

من هذا البرص . فاما ذهبك وفضتك فلا حاجة لي فيها لكنى اريد منك ان
 تعبد ربنا المسيح . وتترك هذه الاصنام النجسة التى انت الى الان عابدها .
 فقال له البواب لك ذلك عندى افعله كما تحب اذا انت ابريتها . ثم انه
 عمد فنصب معمودية فى ذلك الحين . ثم اخذ الجارية فاعمدها فى تلك
 الساعة وطهرها كانه لم يكن بها قط شئ منه . فلما راى ذلك ابوها امن
 بالمسيح وترك الاصنام مع الجن الذين كان يعبدهم . فاقام بطرس عندهم
 يوما وليدة . ثم انه اراد الدخول الى المدينة . فدخل فنظر اليه البواب المومن .
 فقال له . الى اين تريد ان تضى . اعلم انك لا تقدر تدخل الى مدينة رومية
 واهلها . فان لهم عيدا . واذا هم راوك بهذه الخلقان اخاف عليك منهم ان
 يقتلوك . فقال بطرس للبواب انه لا بد لي من الدخول . فان ربي لمثل هذا
 اليوم بعثنى . ولن استطيع اعصى امر ربي . ثم ان بطرس ذهب حتى دخل
 الى المدينة . فسمع الناس يصيحون ويقولون اى احد من الناس وجدناه لم
 يلبس الجليل من الديباج والارجوان المذهبة الكثيرة الجواهر ٥ وياتى الى
 موضع الالهة المكرومة فقد حل قتله . فنظر الناس الى بطرس وهو لابس الخلقان
 فقالوا له ايها الشيخ الاحمق اين تريد بهذه الخلقان التى عليك انه ان ابصر
 ملك رومية فهو يقتلك . فذهب والبس الذهب والارجوان واهل الى مكان
 الالهة . فقال بطرس للملوك والجند والشعوب ان هذا لباس ربي هو الذى
 اعطاني ولا اله غيره . فانكروا ذلك عليه اشد ما يكون من الإنكار وغضبوا
 غضبا عظيما منه . ثم انهم ارادوا ان يرجموه بالحجارة لقوله ان المسيح
 ربه . فلما راى بطرس مثل هذا . وافى الى موضع مشرف بحيث كانت
 الهتهم فتوجه الى الرب بنية صدقة مقبولة روحانية فى ذلك المقام .
 فخرج عند ذلك ملك رومية ومعه من الملوك والشعوب والاجناد ما لا
 يحصى عددهم كثرة . ومعه مائة جارية قد زينوهن ويراد بهن ان يذهبن
 ويجعلن نذور^١ للالهة والجن . فلما راى بطرس ذلك رفع ناظره الى السما
 وقال يا ربي والاهي لا صبر بعد هذا الذى اراه . يا رب من قدرتك التى
 25

^١ للاة Cod.

اليها قد تحتاج في هذه الساعة . فاستجاب دعى بطرس منه وبعث اليه غمامة
 شديدة وريحا شديدة ايضا فوقعت تلك الاصنام كلها وتكسرت . فلما رأى ذلك
 الملك قال للجواري الذهب بسلام . فان مملكتي قد زالت من جهة تلك
 المظلة التى على تلك الشرفة . لان النار كانت تخرج على الشعوب من
 5 ناحية الشرفة التى كان بطرس عليها . وفى تلك الساعة اقبل الى الملك رسول
 من بيته . وقال له يا ملك رومية ما الذى يقدمك وابنك وحبيبك قد مات .
 فعذر ذلك امر الملك ساير الملوك والجند والشعوب ان يلحقوه . وكانوا الوفا
 لا حصى عددها كثرة . فتبعوه حتى وافا منزله . فخرجت زوجته وقالت له
 قد مات ابنك وحبيبك . فهلم لنبكى على ولدنا ووحدنا . فحينئذ اتت تلك
 10 الجارية التى كانت برصا . فدخلت الى الملك وقالت له ما الذى يبكيك
 ايها الملك على ابنك وفى البلد شيخ كبير ضعيف مسكين وعليه ثياب خلقان
 فان انت بعثت اليه فهو يقيم لك ابنك حيا فى هذا اليوم . فقال لها الملك
 يا ابنتي لا تقولى هكذا اذ تزعمين ان الاموات يقومون . والعميان يبصرون
 والحجارة تنطق وان وحيدى يقوم . بل اتركى عنكى هذا القول . وهلمى
 15 فابكى معنا على ولدنا انت وكافة اصحابك . فقالت له يا ملك رومية اما
 تعرفنى . فقال لها نعم انت معروفة بائنة ذلك الهواب البرصا . فقالت له لست
 p. 29 انا برصا . ثم انها كشفت له وجهها وساعديها . فقال لها الملك فما هو هذا
 وكيف كان شفيه . فقالت له حقا اقول لك ايها الملك ان برومية شيخا ضعيفا
 مسكينا وهو الذى ذكرته لك . وهو الذى يقيم لك ابنك فى هذا اليوم . فبعث
 20 المالك الى المارك والجند وقالوا لهم اطلبوا الى هذا الشيخ بجدة وحرص .
 فان وجدتموه فى المدينة فاحضروه الينا بخلقانه . فلما جدوا فى طلبه وجدوه .
 وامام المالك اقامره . فقال له الملك ايها الشيخ ها انا اقول لك انك ان انت
 اقميت ابني الهايت حيا فى هذا اليوم ملكي باسره لك . فقال له بطرس ان اقيم
 لك ابنك . فاما مملكتك فلست اريدها . وانما اريد منك ان تعبد ربي
 25 خالق السما والارض . وهو يسوع المسيح الذى لا اله سواه وترك هذه

من هذا البرص . فاما ذهبك وفضتك فلا حاجة لى فيها لكنى اريد منك ان
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بالمسيح وترك الاصنام مع الجن الذين كان يعبدهم . فاقام بطرس عندهم
يوما وليدة . ثم انه اراد الدخول الى المدينة . فدخل فنظر اليه البواب المومن .
فقال له . الى اين تريد ان تمضى . اعلم انك لا تقدر تدخل الى مدينة رومية
واهلها . فان لهم عيدا . واذا هم راوك بهذه الخلقان اخاف عليك منهم ان
يقتلوك . فقال بطرس للبواب انه لا بد لى من الدخول . فان ربي لمثل هذا 10
اليوم بعثنى . ولن استطيع اعصى امر ربي . ثم ان بطرس ذهب حتى دخل
الى المدينة . فسمع الناس يصيحون ويقولون اى احد من الناس وجدناه لم
يلبس الجليل من الديباج والارجوان المذهبة الكثيرة الجواهر ٥ ويأتى الى
موضع الالهة المكرومة فقد حل قتله . فنظر الناس الى بطرس وهو لابس الخلقان
فقالوا له ايها الشيخ الاحمق اين تريد بهذه الخلقان التى عليك انه ان ابصرك 15
ملك رومية فهو يقتلك . فاذهب والبس الذهب والارجوان وهلم الى مكان
الالهة . فقال بطرس للملوك والجند والشعوب ان هذا لباس ربي هو الذى
اعطانى ولا الاله غيره . فانكروا ذلك عليه اشد ما يكون من الإنكار وغضبوا
غضبا عظيما منه . ثم انهم ارادوا ان يرجموه بالحجارة لقوله ان المسيح
ربه . فلما راى بطرس مثل هذا . وافى الى موضع مشرف بحيث كانت 20
الهيكل فتوجه الى الرب بنية صدقة مقبولة روحانية فى ذلك المقام .
فخرج عند ذلك ملك رومية ومعه من الملوك والشعوب والاجناد ما لا
يحصى عددهم كثرة . ومعه مائة جارية قد زينوهن ويراد بهن ان يذهبن
ويجعلن نذور¹ للالهة والجن . فلما راى بطرس ذلك رفع ناظره الى السما
وقال يا ربي والاهي لا صبر بعد هذا الذى اراه . يا رب من قدرتك التى 25

له يا ابتاه ان هاهنا شيخا ضعيفا مسكينا وعليه ثياب خلقان وهو يبكى ويدري
التراب فوق راسه . وقد رايت يا ابتاه عدة مساكين ومثل مسكنة هذا لم اشاهد
قط . فان رايت يا ابتاه ان اتناوله واوديه الى بيتك واطعمه واسقيه . واتبارك
بصلاته . فعلت هذا بامرك . فقال لها اذهبي يا ابنتي الى ذلك الشيخ المسكين
5 فخذيه الى منزلي . وخذى اتى صلاته . فاني انا لا احتاج الى صلاته . فأتت
الجارية ابنة ذلك البواب الى بطرس وهو جالس يبكى . فقالت له قم يا ابتاه
ولا تكن باكيا فقد بلغت بيتك . فقام بطرس فدخل معها الى بيتها فوضعت له
كرسي من الفضة فجلس فوقه فطلب منها ماء فتناولته انا فيه شئ من الماء .
وسترت يديها بكميها . فقال لها يا ابنتي اما بيتك فقد اويتيني فيه . وعلى
10 كرسي من الفضة فقد اجلستيني . وقسط الماء فقد سقيتيني . فلماذا سترت عني
يديك عرفيني . فقالت له انا اخبرك يا ابتاه ان ابي زوجني من بعض اشراف
رومية . فلما كانت الليلة التي مضيت فيها الى بيت زوجي اصابني هذا
المرض الذي تراه وكنت منذ ذلك الوقت الى هذه الغاية برصا .
ثم كشفت له يديها وارته اياهما . وقالت له اني لاجل ذلك سترت عنك
15 يدي . فسمع بطرس واخذ ذلك الاناء الذي فيه بقية الماء واكب يصلى عليه
بنية صادقة مقبولة روحانية . ولم يخالطها شئ من الجسدانية . ثم انه ناولها
الاناء وقال لها اغتسلي من هذا الماء . ففعلت وانها تنقت وعوفيت لوقتها وساعتها
p. 26 من ذلك المرض وصارت كالثلج كانها لم ينلها قط مرض . فاذا نظرت الى ذلك
فزعت فزعا عظيما . ثم انطلقت ذاهبة الى البواب ابيها . فقالت يا ابتاه ما
20 الذي يجلسك هاهنا . قم وانظر الي لتري العجب . وانها كشفت له ساعديها
ووجهها وارته اياها كيف قد زال البرص ونقى جسمها كمثل الفضة منه وتطهر
فعجب من ذلك جدا . وقال لها ما هو هذا الامر يا ابنتي وكيف كانت الصورة
عرفيني . فقالت له بارفع صوت حقا اقول لك يا ابتاه ان الاله الحق دخل
منزلنا في هذا اليوم . فمضى والدها معها الى بطرس . فقال له اياها الشيخ اشفي
25 ما قد بقى في جسر ابنتي من هذا البرص . وسلني كلما اخترته من الذهب
والفضة لكي اعطيك ذلك . فقال له بطرس انا ابرى ما بقى في بدن ابنتك

وانا فمسكين ضعيف من بين البشر . فاذهب واموت كمثل الاحمق . لانهم اذا هم سمعوا باسمك من فمي قتلوني بغير رحمة ولا اشفاق . وتذهب حياتي باطلا . فقال له الرب . فاين هي قوتي الالهية وقدرتي الذاتية . واين هي جبروتي التي اعطيتك بها مفاتيح السما ومقاليد الارض والعلا فاذهب الان انت ولا تخاف وان رايت قوما قد ينهرونك فاظهر فيهم عجائبي ومعجزاتي . وان هم 5 لم يسمعوا من تعليمك ولم يقبلوا كرازتك باسمي ولم يصدقوا قولك فقل للارض تبلعهم فانها ستطيعك بسلطان لاهوتي وعظمة قدرتي التي منحتك اياها . ولا تهتم مع هذا بحجة تحتاج بها او جواب ترد به عليهم . فان روح قدسي p. 24 تنطق على شفتيك ولسانك في الوقت بكل ما تريده . وكل ما تسالني فيه وتلتسمه منى فقد تعطاه بسرعة بحضرة¹ اعيان . فاذهب الان وقل لمن اردت 10 من الاموات يقومون بقوة لهوتي . وكذلك فارسل لعيون العميان ان تبصر . فانها تطيعك . وحيثما وقع صوتك . فمن هناك قد تخرج رحمتي . ثم دعا الرب بالبحر فاجابه . وقال الرب لبطرس قم الان فامشى على البحر كمثل مشيك في البر . وامشى فوق الماء كمشيك فوق التراب . ففعل ذلك بطرس بامر ربه . ومشى فوق البحر حتى اتى رومية فجلس عند باب المدينة . ونظر الى كافة 15 الناس وهم يسجدون قدام الاصنام النجسة واوثان الجن الرجسة . والشياطين يخاطبوه من داخلها . فلما راى بطرس هذا الفعل فزع قزعا عظيما . ثم انه عاد واجعا الى شاطئ البحر مرعوبا . فاذا هو باصحابه الثلاثة من التلاميذ وهم توما واندراوس ويوحنا فقال لهم بطرس السلام عليكم يا اخوتي . فردوا عليه كمثل سلامه . فقال لهم صلوا علي فاني خارج من بينكم في هبة المايت 20 وساير في الطريق التي قالها لى الرب . فقالوا له اذهب يا تلميذ الرب وقدس الله . فان روحه معك هي وليس يضيعك ولا تخلا عنا . لانه ربنا ومعلمنا . فذهب بطرس حتى اتى مدينة رومية . فجلس خارج الباب فوق مزبلة وعليه الثياب الخلقان ووضع على راسه التراب وطق يبكى وكان للبواب ابنة برصا . فنظرت اليه وهو جالس يبكى والتراب على راسه . فوافت اباه البواب وقالت 25 p. 25

بسم الاب والابن والروح القدس الاله الواحد .

- ١ وهذه قصة ثانية لشهادة بطرس راس السليحين واعماله العجيبة برومية لما دعاه
الملاك اليها . صلاته يحوطنا امين اني لموثر ان اخبركم بهذه القصة ايضا التي
لهامة الرسل بطرس اول السليحين اجمعين حيث دعا به الرب وقال له انت
٥ بطرس رئيس تلاميذي . ومدينة رومية العظمى محتاجة اليك لان فيها قوما كثيرين
قد اغواهم الشيطان . فاسرع الذهاب اليهم لتردهم عن الطغيان والخطايا . وذلك
ان بطرس لما سمع هذا القول بدا بان يبكي قدام ربه . ويقول له هكذا . يا
رب اني قد تعلم ضعيف من الكبر جدا ومسكين ولا حيلة لي ولا قوة الا
بك . ولا اقدر على المشي . ولم تامرنى يا رب ولا اذنت لي في اقتنا شي
١٥ من قيامات هذه الدنيا الزائلة لا من ذهب ولا من فضة ولا من لباس ولا
من دواب ولا عصا اتوكا عليها فضلا عن غير ذلك . وها انا اراك تريد ان
ترسلني الى بلاد الغرب البعيدة المسافة والصعبة المسلك . فانا اطلب منك يا
الاهي ان تميّتنى بهذا الموضع الذي كانت فيه قيامتك . فقال له المسيح
لا تخاف من المضي الى هناك . لانك انت في الارض وانا في السما وانا
٢٥ اكفيك . والملك فيسجد لك والجبابرة يحاضرون جزيا بين يديك ورومية فستراك
وتنسا الهتها الكاذبة المصنوعة المعبودة دون الخالق منذ خمسة الاف وخمس
ماية سنة . اذا نسيوني ولم يعرفوني . واني انا هو الذي ارزقهم الخيرات
والطيبات كلها . واطلع عليهم شمسي وافواهم مملوءة تجديفا علي . فاجابه
بطرس قايل يا رب ارحمني وانظر الى ضعفي بعين رحمة لاهوتك . وقل لي
٢٥ كيف يمكنني ان اذهب الى رومية فاكثروا فيها باسمك وهي مدينة الجبابرة
ولباسهم الذهب واللؤلؤ والاسورة والحلل الرفيعة . وبها ايضا كما تعلم القوم
المستكبرون والجهال المفتخرون واولدها المتجبرون ونبي من الانبياء فلم يدخلها
قط . واسمك فلم يرفعه بها احد . وهذا امر عظيم عسر المرام بعيد المطلب

١ Cod. هذا

٢ Cod. الكفر

رب فاجاب قايلآ لي . فأننى ذاهب أصلب فى رومية . فقلت له انا يا رب
 افما قد صلبت دفعة . فاجاب الرب فقال رايتك هاربا من الموت واثرت ان
 أصلب عنك . وقلت يا رب انا امضى واتم امرك . فقال لى لا تخاف فأننى
 معك انا . فلهذا الحال يا اولادى لا تعوقوا طريقي . فان رجلى سايرتين منذ
 انف فى الطريق السماوى ولا تحزنوا بل افرحوا لى فأننى اليوم اخذ ثمرات 5
 اتعابى . واذا نطق بهذه قال ايها الرب ايسوع المسيح اشكر لك ايها الراعى p. 21
 الصالح . فان الغنم التى ايتمنتنى عليها يتوجعون لى . فاليك ابتهل ان تجعل
 لهم معنى حفظا فى ملكك . فاذا قال هذا اسلم الى الرب روحه . فعلى المكان
 ظهر رجال شرفا . نوعهم نوع غربا . يقول بعضهم لبعض انا اقبلنا من اورشليم
 من اجل الرسولين الاقدسين¹ الجحاحيين . ومعهم رجل اسمه مركلوس¹⁰
 الليسطرى . الذى امن بكرز بطرس وهجر سيمون فحمل جسمه سرا . ووضعوه
 نحو تارافينثوس بقرب ناوماشو فى موضع يعرف بفاتيكانون فاما الرجال الذين
 قالوا انهم اقبلوا من اورشليم فقالوا للشعب افرحوا وابتهجوا . لانكم قد اهتبر
 ان يكون عندكم المعلمان العظيمان . واعرفوا ان نارون هذا . ليس بعد ايام
 كثيرة يباد . وتعطى مملكته لآخر فبعد ذلك انتصب عليه جمهرة الناس هيجا .¹⁵
 فاذا عرف هو هرب الى اماكن مقفرة وبالجوع والعطش بذر نفسه وصار جسمه
 فريسة للوحوش . وان قوما ورعين من نواحي المشرق اعتزموا ان يختلسوا
 جسد القديسين . فعلى المكان صارت زلزلة عظيمة فى المدينة . فلما
 علم السبب قاطنوا المدينة تحاضروا واختطفوها . وان الرجال تهاربوا . حينئذ
 اخذهم الروم فجعلوها فى موضع بعده ثلاثة اميال من المدينة وحفظوها²⁰
 هناك سنة وسبعة اشهر الى ان بنيت الهيكلان اللذان اجمعوا ان يجعلوها فيهما .
 وبعد ذلك التامت جمهرة الشعب ونقلوها بتمجيدات وتسبيحات الى الهيكلين p. 22
 اللذين بنيا لهما . وكمل الرسولان الاقدسان الشريهان بطرس وبولص شهادتهما
 فى اليوم التاسع والعشرون من شهر حزيران بايسوع المسيح ربنا الذى له
 المجد والعزة الى اباد الدهور امين

الا تحملوه ايضا منذ هذه الساعة . لكن خلوه . وفى الحال وقتئذ خلى فسقط
 فى موضع يدعى صقرافيا . الذى معناه طريق الهيكل . وتفصل اربعة اجزا
 ومات اشر موت . حينئذ امر نارون ببطرس وبولص ان يغلا ويقيدا بالحديد
 وان يُحفظ . جسر سيمن باهتمام الى ثلاثة ايام . فلانا انه يقوم بعد ثلاثة ايام .
 5 فاجابه بطرس انه ما يقوم اصلا . لانه قد مات تحقيق مشجوبا فى التعذيب
 الدهرى . ناجاه فارون ومن امرك ان تعمل مثل هذا الامر¹ الفظيع . فاجاب
 بطرس تجديفه واقتراوه على ربي يسوع المسيح استقاده الى هذه التهلكة .
 فقال نارون لا هلكتما باهادة سييه . فقال بطرس ليس هذا منك ان تستشعر
 ابادتنا . لكن الذى وعدنا معلمنا سبيله ان يتمر ووقتئذ استدعى نارون اغريبا
 10 وزيره انارخوس . فقال له رجلين يتدينان ديانة ردية يجب ان يمتا . فلذلك
 امر ان يشد فيهما قارات حديدية ويهلكان فى البحر . فاجاب اغريبا الوزير
 ايها الملك الجليل هذا الذى حكمت به ليس هو كافيا لان بولص يظهر امره
 انه مبرا اكثر من بطرس . فقال نارون فبايما تعذيب نهلكهما . فاجاب اغريبا
 فقال كما يخطر فى ظني ان حكما عدلا ان تضرب عنق بولص ويُعلق بطرس
 p. 20 15 على صليب بما انه صار سبب قتل . فقال نارون حكومات واجبة حكمت . حينئذ
 سيق الرسولان بطرس وبولص من حضرة نارون . فاما بولص فضرب عنقه فى
 طريق وستينيا واما بطرس فلما اقبل الى الصليب قال ان ربنا يسوع المسيح
 لانه نزل من السما الى الارض رُفِعَ على الصليب قايما . فاما انا الذى اهلت
 ان ادعى من الارض الى السما فينبغى ان يكون راس صليبي منحنا على
 20 الارض ليتيسر مسير قدمي الى السما . ولاننى لست مستحقا ان اصُلب مثل ربي .
 حينئذ نكسوا صليبه وسمروا رجله فوق . فالتام الجمع العديد يسبون قيصر
 معتزمين على قتله . فمنعهم بطرس قايلا . لا تستكروا امره فانه خادم للشيطان
 ابيه . فانا يجب علي ان اكمل امرة ربي لاننى منذ قبل ايام قليلة اطلب
 الي الاخوة من اجل الشغب الصاير علي من اغريبا ان اتنحى من المدينة .
 25 فالتقاني الرب يسوع المسيح ربي واذا سجدت له قلت الى ابن تذهب يا

¹ Cod. الفضيع

حين اجتمع الملا . امر نارون باحضار بطرس وبولص . وقال لهما الان يظهر الحق . فقال بطرس وبولص نحن نشهر امر هذا لكن ربنا يسوع المسيح ابن الله الذى كذب عليه هذا نفسه هو يشهر نفاقه . ولفت بولص الى بطرس فقال له انا احنى ركبتي لله متضرعا اليه . واما انت فابتهل لانك انت المقدم انتخابك من الرب اولاً . والمسير راعياً . واذا ركع بولص على ركبتيه 5 صلى بطرس . ثم رفع ناظره الى سيمن قائلاً تمت ما بدات به . فقد حان اشتهاى امرك واستدعونا نحن لان هانذا اربى المسيح الذى يدعونى ولبولص . فقال نارون . والى اين تذهبان عنى غير راى . فاجاب بطرس الى السما يدعونا ربنا . فقال نارون ومن هو ربكما . فاجاب بطرس يسوع المسيح الذى 10 هنذا اراه يستدعينا اليه . فقال نارون افاتما اذا تزمعان ان تذهبا الى السما . فاجاب بطرس الى حيث يرى اللاه الذى يستدعينا . فقال سيمن ايها الملك وتعلم موثنا ان هذين الرجلين هما خدعان فى انطلاقي الى السما وقتئذ ارسل اليك ملايكتي . واصيرك ان تجى الي . فاجاب نارون اصنع مذ الان التى تقولها . فحينئذ ارتقى سيمن بمحضر كافة الحاضرين الى البرج . مكللاً 15 راسه بورق الغار . ومد يديه وطفق يطير . فاذا رآه نارون طائراً قال لبطرس ان هذا سيمن لمحق هو . وانت وبولص خدعان فاجابه بطرس فى هذا الوقت تعرف انا تلميذين المسيح محقين ويعرف هذا انه ليس هو مسيحاً . بل ساحراً وماكراً وللشر فاعلاً . فقال نارون وانتما الى الان تقاومان وتبصرانه ماضياً الى السما . حينئذ نظر بطرس الى بولص وقال يا بولص تأمل وابصر . فرفع 20 بولص ناظره واستفاض دموعاً اذ عاين سيمن طائراً . فقال يا بطرس لم تتلبث لتمر ما ترتبته . فما ربنا يسوع المسيح يستدعينا . فاذا سمعهما نارون تحقرهما زارياً . وقال هذان اذ قد ابصراً ذاتهما انهما قد غلبا يهذيان هذياً . فقال بطرس ستبصر الان اننا ما نهذى ولا نهدر . فلغت بولص فقال لبطرس . 19 تمر مذ الان ما ترتابه . فتبصر بطرس الى رايتنا وقال استحل فكم يا ملايكة الشيطان الذين تحملونه فى الهوا لاختداع قلوب الذين لا يؤمنون باللاه 25 البارى كل الاشياء . وبابيسوع المسيح الذى اقامه من الموتى فى اليوم الثالث

ما اشكك ولا امدح احدا منك . لكن الذى اسلكم اياه اجيبونى عنه . فقال
 سيمن فيها بعد لست اجاوبك عن شى . فقال نارون لانك كذاب لذلك
 تقول هذه . لكن ان كنت ما استطيع انا اعمل بك شيا . فاللاه القادر يفعل
 بك ما تستحقه . فقال سيمن ما اجاوبك اصلا . فقال نارون ولا انا مذ الان
 5 احتسبك شيا . لانى كما . استشعر انك كذوب فى كل شى . ولم اطلب المقال
 كثيرا . انتم ثلثتكم قد اوضحتم عن ذاتكم ان فكركم لا شان له ولا مقول
 عليه . وقد صيرتمونى مرتابا باقوالكم المشوشة كلها حتى اننى ما استطيع
 اصدق امر احد منكم . فقال بطرس نحن انما نكرز الاله واحدا ابا المسيح
 مخلص مع الروح القدس الاله الواحد¹ بارى الكل² الخالق السما والارض
 10 والبحر وكل البرايا التى فيهم . الذى هو الملك الحق الذى ليس لملكه
 نهاية . فقال نارون من هو الرب الملك . فقال بولص هو مخلص كافة الامر .
 فقال سيمن انا هو الذى تتوخونه . فقال بطرس وبولص لم يكن فيك شيا
 حسنا يا سيمن الساحر الموعب مرارة . فقال سيمن اسمع يا نارون قيصر . لتعلم p. 17
 ان هذين كاذبان . واننى المرسل من السماوات لامضين غدا الى السهوات
 15 ولاجعلن الذين امنوا بى مغبوطين وساظهر سخطي فى هذين الذين لم
 يومنا بى وجحدانى . فقال بطرس وبولص نحن قد دعانا الله الى مجده فاما
 انت المدعو من المحال فاسرع الى التعذيب . فقال سيمن يا نارون قيصر
 اسمع منى واقضى عنك هذين الموسوسين لكىما اذا انطلقت الى السما الى
 ابي اكن لك غفارا وبك مرافق فقال نارون وبمن نختبر هذا انك الى السما
 20 تذهب . فقال سيمن اوعظ ان تعمل برجا شاهقا من خشب لكىما اذا صاعدت
 اليه يقبلون ملايكتي فيجدوننى فى الهوا لانهم ما يستطيعون يجيئون الى
 على الارض بين الخطاة . فقال نارون اشأ ان اعلم ان كنت تتمر ما تقوله .
 فحينئذ امر نارون ان يعمل فى موضع يُعرف بالقنبو مارتبوا برجا عظيما عاليا .
 وان يلتير كل شعوب المدينة وكل المراتب لمعاينة المشهد . وفى اليوم الاخر

¹ Cod. البارى

² Cod. الخالق

³ Cod. مرافق

فقال بولص انظر انت ان كنت تخرج من هاهنا معالى . فقال بطرس ان لم
تعاين يا سيمن قوة ربنا يسوع المسيح والا فما تصدق انك لست مسيحا . فقال
سيمن ايها الملك الجليل لا تصدق هذين فان هذين المختونين ما كرين هما .
فقال بولص نحن قبل ان نعرف الحق كنا نختن الجسد . فلما ظهر الحق
اختننا بختانة القلب ونختن فقال بطرس ان تكن الختانة يا سيمن ردية . 5
فلم اختنت انت . فقال نارون اوسيمون اذا قد ختنت فقال بطرس ما امكنه
يخدع النفوس بشى اخر الا بادعايه انه يهودى وبالتظاهر انه يعلم ناموس
الله . فقال نارون يا سيمن انى لاراك تضطهد هذين بحسد قد تشملك
وكما¹ ايقن ان ذلك لغيره عظيمة بينك وبين مسيحيها وانى احرز الا تغلبت
منهما فتتشبك بمساوى عظيمة فقال سيمن قد² ضللت ايها الملك . فقال نارون 10
فيما³ ضللت انا انما اقول ما اراه فيك . لاني اراك عدو امينا لبطرس وبولص
ولمعلمهما . فقال سيمن لم يصير المسيح لبولص معلما فقال بولص نعم باستعلانه
لى ادبنى وعلمنى . لكن قل لنا انت المسلة التى سيلت عنها لم انت مختون
فقال سيمن ولم تسلانى عن هذا . فقال بولص هذه مسلة سالناك الك عذر
تحضره عن ما سالناك . فقال نارون لم قد ذهلت حايরা عن اجابتها . فقال 15
سيمن اسمع ايها الملك فى ذلك الاوان الذى امرنا بالختانة من الله قبلتها
انا . ولذلك ختنت . فقال بولص اسمعت ايها الملك الصالح المقول من سيمن
ان تكن الختانة حسنة فلم اسلمت انت القوم المختونين وتضطربهم ان يقتلوا
مسجونين . فقال نارون ما قد تحقق عندي علم شى صالح منكما . فقال بطرس
وبولص ان استشعرت امورنا محقة امر ردية . فما يتباطا الامر حتى نتم اضطرابا 20
ما قد وعدنا به معلمنا . وقال نارون وان لم اوثر انا ذلك . فقال بطرس لا
كما تشا انت لكن كما يشا ذاك الذى وعدنا يكون . وقال سيمن ايها الملك
الجليل ان هذين الانسانين قد استفرضا سرعة انعطافك فاقتضاءك فقال نارون
انت الذى قد سكتنى بهداهشك كما ها انا اأمل . فقال سيمن كمر من
امور حسنة وايات قد رايتها منى فاعجب كيف قد شككت . فقال نارون انا 25

¹ اقاين Cod.² ظللت Cod.

الخارج . علمت النسا ان يوددن رجالهن ويرهبهن مثل سادة . والرجال ان يحفظوا الامانة للنسا وعلمت السادة ان يستعطفوا عبيدهم بوداعة . والعبيد ان يخدموا مواليهم بامانة . وعلمت جميع المومنين ان يعبدوا الالهة واحدا مهسكا

كلا . لا مريى ولا مدروكا . هذا هو تعليمي وليس هو من ناس ولا بانسان ^{Gal. 1. 11, 12}

5 بل اعطيته بايسوع المسيح الذى كلمنى من السما . فقال نارون انت يا بطرس ما ذا تقول . فاجاب قائلا كل الذى قالها بولص بحقة لانه كان يضطهد امانة المسيح قديما . فصات به صوت من السما وعلمه الحق . لانه لم يكن عدوا بحسد امانتنا بل بغاؤ . لان كان ينشوا مسحا كذبة كثيرون مثل سيمن هذا . ورسل كذبة وانبيا كذبة الذين كانوا يتظاهرون

10 بالرسوم والاشكال الجلييلة مسرعين لابطال الحق . وكان هذا الرجل مضطرا ان يعطل امرهم وينقض اراهم الذى منذ طفولته لم يعمل شيا اخر الا 'يدرس' اسرار الناموس الالهى التى هى بها صار تلميذ الحق وعاصم له . وطارد الكذب . لان اضطهاده ما صار لحسد لكن 'لغيرة' للناموس . وهذا هو الحق 'قال له انا الحق بذاته' الذى تضطهده انت 'خلى عن'

15 اضطهادي . فاذا عرف هذا هكذا اعمل ما يختصر له . وبدا يتنصر لهذه الطريق التى للمسيح التى اضطهدها . فقال سيمن ايها الملك الصالح تامل ان هذين قد انتظمت نسماتهما علي . انا هو الحق . وهذان يعتقدان خلاف دياتي . فقال بطرس ما فيك ولا شى واحد من الحق لكن كل اقوالك بالكذب تقولها . فقال نارون يا بولص ما تقول . قال بولص الاقوال التى سمعتها من بطرس ايقن

20 انه مقولة منى لان معتقدنا واحد . لان لنا ربا واحدا يسوع المسيح . فقال سيمن ايها الملك الصالح اتظن ان لى مع هذين كلاما . الذين قد توازرا علي ولفت الى رسولى المسيح فقال لهما اسمعا يا بطرس وبولص ان كنتما استطيع اعمل بكما هاهنا شيا فستذهبان الى حيث ينبغي لى ان احكم عليكما . فقال بولص ايها الملك الصالح انظر باى تهديدات يتوعدنا . وقال بطرس

25 لمر لا ينبغي ان ضحك عليك ايها الرجل العطل الملعون به من الجن الظان انه مقتدر بذاته . فقال سيمن انا اشفق عليكما الى ان اوضح قوتي .

اصطفا دي فاقترق هذا صك الفراء بحصره وبالمصر
لهذه الطريق التي للمسيح التي اصطفاها فقال سمع ايها
الملك الصالح انا ان هذين قد انتظرتا سمع في الامم
الحق وانا ان يعقدا خلاف دماي فقال بطرس انا
ولاسي واحد من الحق لكن قال اقول لك بالكذب تقولها
فقال ياروت يا بولص اقول قال بولص الاموال التي
سمعت هاهنا بطرس انفس انها مقوله مني لان معقدا
واحد لان لنا راوا واحد يسوع المسيح فقال سمع ايها الملك
الصالح انظر ان لمع هذين كلاما الذين قد نواروا في
ولفت يلا رسول المسيح فقال ليها سمعا بطرس بولص
ان كنت ما تستطيع اعمل بها هاهنا فنتد بها
الى حيث ينبغي ان احضر عليك فقال بولص ايها
الملك الصالح انظر ياى تهددنا بوعدا وقال بطرس
لم لا ينبغي ان يصحرك عليك ايها الرجل العطل الملعون
به من الجن الطان انه يقدر بدانه فقال سمع المسيح
عليك الى ان ارفع قوتي فقال بولص انظر ان كنت
تخرج من هاهنا معافي فقال بطرس ان لي عار ان سمع
قوة ربنا يسوع المسيح والا فانا صدق انك لست مسحا
فقال سمع ايها الملك الخلل لا تصدق هذين فان هذين
المخبرين كذب هما فقال بولص من قبل ان يفر من
كنا حتى نحصل فلما ظهر الحق احبنا حياه الملك وحيث

عبرت ساعة واحدة رام الملك ان يعرف صحة هذا . فحين ابصر الراس عجب .
 فمن هاهنا قال سيمن انه قد اقام ذاته بعد ثلاثة ايام . لان بعد ان اورى
 الملك الراس . رفع بالسحر¹ الاعضا اى الجثة . فاما الدم فبقى هناك . وفى اليوم
 الثالث اظهر ذاته لنارون الملك . وقال امر ان يمسح دمي المهرق فانتى هذا
 المقتول صحيحا كما قلت انتى فى اليوم الثالث اقوم . واذا قال نارون ان 5
 غدا يختبر امركم لفت الى بولص وقال له انت يا بولص لم لا تنطق شيئا
 او من علمك ومن هو معلمك وكيف علمت فى المدين وانما اشيا صارت
 بتعليمك . فانى اظن انه ليست عندك شيئا من حكمة ولا يمكنك تكمل قوة
 ما فاجاب بولص اتريدنى احاطب انسانا شريرا ساحرا قد دفع نفسه الى الموت
 الذى سيمضى سريعا الى الابد والتهلكة . او يجب ان اكلم من يجاب 10
 بما ليس هو ويتهزى بالناس بصناعاته السحرية . ويهورهم الى الهلاك فان اثرت
 ان تسمع اقواله وتعضده ستهلك نفسك ومللك . لانه انسان ردي جدا . وكما
 ان الساحرين المصريين يانيس ويامبرس استضلا فرعون وعسكره الى ان تغرقوا
 فى البحر كذلك وهذا بتعليم المحال ابيه يقنع الناس وهكذا يخدع كثيرين
 من الساجدين لامتحان ملكك . وانا اذ ابصر كلام المحال المستفيض فى 15
 هذا الانسان اخترع زفات قلبي مع الروح القدس مبتهلا ان يمكن يعرف ما
 هو لانتى كما² اظن انه يتعالى الى السماوات ويغوص بمقدار ذلك فى عمق
 الجحيم حيث البكا وقعقة الاسنان . فاما امور تعليم معلمي التى سالتنى
 عنها . فما يحتمل وسعه الا الانقيا قلبا المعتصمين بالامانة . لانتى قد علمت
 فرايض الامانة والمحبة والسلامة . دايرا من اورشليم الى اللوريقوا قد اكملت 20
 كلمة السلامة . لانتى علمت ان يقدم الناس اكرام بعضهم بعضا . وعلمت
 الاقويا والاغنيا الا يتشامخوا . ولا يتوكلوا على غنا غامض بل يجعلوا توكلهم
 على الله وعلمتهم ان يكتفوا بالحقير من الغذاء واللبوس . علمت الفقرا ان
 يفرحون بفقرهم . علمت الابا ان يعلموا ابناهم التادب بمخافة الله . والابنا
 ان يخضعوا لوالديهم فى الوعظ المخلص . وعلمت اصحاب الاملاك ان يودوا 25

p. 12

Matt. viii.
13

p. 13

¹ Cod. والاعضا² Cod. اضمن

ملايكة يطلقها علي . فاجتلب علي كلاب ليوضح ذاته ان ليست له ملايكة
الاهيين بل كلبيين . حينئذ قال نارون لسيمن ما الامر يا سيمن اظننا قد
انهزمنا . فقال سيمن هكذا وفي اليهودية وفي كل فلسطين وبقيسارية قد عمل
بي هذه الاشيا . وقد خاصمني مرارا كثيرة وعرف هذا انه مخالف لهذه الامور
5 فعرف هذا اذا ليهزمني لان افتكار الناس لن يعرفها احد الا الله وحده . فقال
¹ لبطرس لسيمن انت تخيل عن ذاتك انك الاله بمبالغة . فلم لا تظهر افكار كل
احد . حينئذ لفت نارون الى بولص . وقال انت يا بولص لم لا تقول شيا .
فاجاب بولص وقال يا قيصر استيقن هذا علما انك ان امهلت لهذا الساحر ان
يعمل مثل هذه المساوي سينمى في بلدتك شرا عظيما وينشق ملكك من قبل
10 مقاومته . فقال نارون لسيمن ما ذا تقول انت . فقال سيمن انا ان لم اوضح
ذاتي جهرا الاها . فما ينقاد احد الي العبادة الواجبة لي . فقال نارون فلم
تبطل الان وما ترى ذاتك الاها . لكيما يعذب هذين . فقال سيمن امر ان
يبنى لي برجاً عالياً من خشب واصعد اليه . واستدعى بملايكتي . فامرهم ان
يصعدوني بمعاينة الكل الى ابي الذي في السما . فاذا لا يستطيع هذان
p. 11 ان يفعلوا هذا يوبخان لانها رجلا لا ادب لهما . فاذا سمع نارون قال لبطرس
15 اسمعت يا بطرس المقول من سيمن من هذا الامر . يستبين لمن هي القوة
لهذا امر لالهك . فقال بطرس ايها الملك العزيز لو شئت لامكنك ان تتامل
هذا انه موهب جنا . فقال نارون لم تجعلان محال اقوالكم دايرة لي غدا
يختبر امركما معا . فقال سيمن اما تصدق ايها الملك الصالح انني عظيم
20 الشأن بها انني متت وقمت لان سيمن العاصي كان بسو افعاله قد قال لنارون
امر بضرب عنقي في موضع مظلم . وذرنى هناك ذبيحا فان لم اقم في اليوم
الثالث فاعلم انني كنت ساحرا . وان قمت فاعرف انني انا ابن الله فاذا
صار هذا بامر نارون عمل في الظلمة بصنعتة السحرية هذه الحيلة ان تضرب
عنق كبش . وكان يظهر كانه سيمن الي ان ضربت عنقه . فلما ضربت عنق
25 الكبش في الظلمة اخذ السيف الراس فوجده راس كبش لكنه لم يوثر ان
يقول هذا للملك ليلا يجلده ضربا اذ امره ان يعمل هذا في الخفى . فاذا

¹ Cod. سيمن لبطرس

بمجيئهم. فقال بطرس لست اذهب ملايكتك اوليك اولا بهم ان يخافوا منى بقوة ربنا يسوع المسيح والتوكل عليه. الذى انت نفسك تكذب عليه. فقال نارون اما تذهب سيمن الذى يحقق لاهوته بافعاله وبالامور. فقال بطرس اراك هو اللاهوت الذى يفتش مكتومات القلب فليقل لى الان ماذا افكر به وماذا اعمل. والفكر الذى افكر به قبل ان يكذب هو عليه انا اظهره لاذنيك. ليل 5 يجترى ان يكذب ويحرف ما افكر به. فقال نارون تقدم الي وقل لى افتكرك. فقال بطرس امر ان يجاب خبز شعير. واعطاه سرا. فلما امر باحضاره واعطيه بطرس سرا. قال بطرس ليقبل سيمن لى ماذا افكرت او ما هو القول او ما هو الذى صار. فقال نارون اتريدنى اصدق ان سيمن ما يعرف هذا من قد اقام مايتا وضرب عنقه. فاقام ذاته بعد ثلثة ايام. ومهما قلت له يعمل 10 يفعله. فقال بطرس لكنه لم يعمل بى انا شيا. فقال نارون الا انه بخضرتي انا قد فعل هذه كلها. وقد امر ملايكته ان يجيوا اليه فبادروا¹ وجاوه. فقال بطرس ان كان قد فعل الامر العظيم. فلم لا يعمل الحقير. ليقبل لى ما اضمرته. وما ذا قد عملت. فقال نارون ما تقول يا سيمن اما انا فلم يتحقق عندى شيا من امركم. فقال سيمن ليقبل بطرس ما ذا انويت. فقال 15 بطرس ما قد اضمره سيمن انا بذاتي اعرف به فى افتعاله بى ما قد اضمره. فقال سيمن اعلم هذا ايها الملك الصالح ان افكار الناس لن يعلمها احدا الا الله وحده. فبطرس اذا كذاب. فقال بطرس انت يا من تقول عن ذاتك انك ابن الله. قل لى ما ذا فكرت فيه وما قد فعلت الان فى السر ان كان ذلك يمكنك. فعرفنا بينا. لان بطرس كان قد بارك على الخبز الشعير 20 الذى اخذه وكسره وضمه باصابع يده اليمنى. واليسرى. حينئذ اذ اغتاط سيمن لانه لم يستطع يقول مكتوم الرسول الذى لم ينطق به هتف قايلا فليخرج كلاب ولتاكله قدام قيصر. بغتة كلاب كبار ووثبت الى بطرس. واذا مد بطرس يديه فى الصلاة واوصل الخبز الذى باركه. الذى لما ابصرته الكلاب لم تظهر² السانة عودا. حينئذ قال بطرس لنارون ها قد اريتك اننى 25 قد عرفت ما ذا اضمره سيمن الساحر لا قولا فقط. بل بالافعال لانه ليس له

¹ Cod. وجوه² sic

- p. 7 فاستحضر الكتب التى وردت من بيلاطس البنطى مرسله الى قلوديوس وحينئذ
نعرف كل شىء فامر نارون ان يحضر الكتب وتقرأ قدامه . وكان فيها هكذا .
من بيلاطس البنطى الى قلوديوس ان افرح . اتفق ان صار فى ايامي امرا
اجرده لك لخصا . ان اليهود لحسدهم انفسهم . ومقاومتهم عذبه بحكومات
5 متعبة لان اباهم اخبروهم بما يزعم ان يكون ان الالههم يرسل لهم قديسه
من السما الذى يقال له بواجب ملكهم . ووعدهم ان يرسله على الارض من
عذرا . هذا اذا فى ولايتي على اليهودية جا الاله العبرانيين ورايته يضى ابصار
العميان وينقى البرصان ويشفى الزمنى . ويهرب الجن من الناس ويقير الموتى .
وينتهر الرياح يتمشى برجلين مغبرتين على امواج البحر واجترح عجائب
10 كثيرة . وكافة شعب اليهود كانوا يقولون انه ابن الله . فتجرك عليه روبا
الكنية بحسد فمسكوه واسلموه الي وكذبوا عليه باشيا عوض اشيا . وقالوا انه ساحر
ويعمل افعال تضادد الناموس فصدقت انا ان اقوالهم محقة . فدفعته اليهم
مجلودا برايهم . وانهم صلبوه . واذا دفن اقاموا عليه حراسا . والحراس كانوا
من جندي . فقام فى اليوم الثالث فعلى هذا توقد شر اليهود حتى انهم اعطوا
15 الجند فضة قايلين قولوا ان تلاميذه جاوا ليلا فسرقوا جسده . لكنهم اخذوا
الفضة ولا استطاعوا . يكتهمون الامر الكاين وشهدوا انه قد قام لانهم ابصروا ذاك
p. 8 قايبا . هذه طالعتهك بها . لكيلا يكذب احد فتصدقون اقوال اليهود الكاذبة . فاذا
قرئت الرسالة قال نارون يا بطرس قل لى هذه كلها هكذا عملت به . فاجاب
بطرس ايها الملك هكذا هو الامر . طالبا ان توقن به وان سيمن هذا مملوا
20 كذبا وخداعا . فاما المسيح فيه نهاية كل غلبة من اجل الاله . ومن اجل الانسان
الذى اتخذ فلذلك المجد لا يدرك الذى اهل الناس له بالانسان . وهذا
سيمن فيه موضوع ٥ جوهران انسان وشيطان . فبالانسان يحاول ان يعوق
الناس . فاجاب سيمن اننى لا عجب ايها الملك الصالح كيف تحسب هذا شيا
انسانا غير مودب صيادا شديد الفقر . ولا سلطة له لا فى كلام ولا شارك
25 جنسا لكن ليلا احتمل هذا العدو اكثر الان اعز الى ملايكتي لينتقموا لى

امامه . وطفق يتبدل صوراً بغتة حتى انه كان يصير مرة بغتة صبياً وبعد قليل شيخاً . ومرة اخرى شاباً . لانه كان يتبدل في الوجه والقدر صوراً مختلفة ويتشامخ متخذاً للشيطان خادماً . فلما راه نارون ذهل حتى انه ¹ استشعره نفسه ابن الاله . واما الرسول بطرس فقال ان هذا كاذب وساحر . وردى لا بر فيه . وعاصى ومقاوماً في كل شى ارادة الله . وما قد بقى شى الا ان 5 تظهر بامر الله ذنبه ومائمه . وتصير واضحة للكل . فحين دخل الى نارون الملك قال اسمع ايها الملك الصالح . انا هو ابن الله الذى نزلت من السما . والى الان كان بطرس المدعى عن ذاته انه رسول بطابقتي راياً . والان قد ضاعف سبيته وبولص فهم بهذه الاشياء يعلمان ويعتقدان الا را التى تضاددنى اعنى الكرازة التى يشيدان بها . فعن هذا الامر ان لم تامر فى اهلاكمها جملة . ¹⁰ فمن البين ان ملكك ما يستطيع ثبوتاً . حينئذ استوعب نارون اهتماماً فامر للوقت باسراع ان يحضر اليه . وفى اليوم المقبل دخل الى نارون سيمون الساحر وبطرس وبولص رسولى الرب فقال سيمون هذان تلميذا الناصرى الذى لم يكن حسن جداً ان يكون من شعب اليهود . فقال نارون وما معنى الناصرى . فقال سيمون مدينة فى بلد يهودا التى كانت تضاددنا جداً دايماً يقال لها ناصرة . ¹⁵ فقال ومعلم هذين منها صار . فقال نارون ان الاله يعتنى بكل انسان ويحبه . فانت لم تضطهد هذين فقال سيمون هذان الرجلان استردا كل جنس اليهود الا يومنوا بهى . فقال نارون لبطرس لم تخالفون وتناصبون جنسكم بعضكم بعضاً . حينئذ قال بطرس لسيمون قد تقويت على جماعة بهخدايعك . فاما علي انا فلم تقدر . وجماعة الذين خدعوا منك قد استعادهم الله بهى من ² ضلالتهم ²⁰ وقد جربت فلم تستطع ان تقهرنى وانا متعجب كيف تبدلت بكل لون امام الملك وتتعاظم . وتظن ان بصناعتك السحرية تغلب تلميذى المسيح . فقال نارون ومن هو المسيح . فقال بطرس . الذى هذا سيمون الساحر نفسه يتجبر باطلا وهو انسان شرير جداً وفعاله محالية . ويدعى انه هو اياه . فان اثرت ايها الملك الصالح ان [تعرف] الاشياء التى عملت من اليهودية فى امر المسيح واخباره ²⁵

¹ Cod. استشعره² Cod. ضلالتهم

الارض بايمان اعترافهم واقرارهم به يكون لهم حياة وخلاصا باسمه . لان الذى
 وعد الله ابراهيم قد اكمله . فلذلك يقول عنه داوود النبى حلف الرب ولن
 يندم انت هو الكاهن الى الابد على ترتيب ملكيسداق لان المخلص صار
 كاهنا اذ قدم للاب الذبيحة المثمرة كلها ذبيحة جسده ودمه عن كل العالم
 5 فاذا قال بطرس وبولص هذه ونظايرها صمتوا كلهم . وسعوا منها تعليمها
 وكبرزهما لكل المومنين كلمة الله . وكان كل يوم تشكاير الذين يومنون
 برنا يسوع المسيح كثرة لا تحصى . فاذا تامل روسا جميع اليهود وكهنة
 اليونانيين ان بكرازتهما قد امن الا قليل كل اهل رومية برنا يسوع المسيح .
 طفقوا ينشئون عليها هرجا وتدمرا فى الشعب ويمدحون سيمن الساحر قدام
 10 كثرة المتلوين من الرسولين . واجتهدوا ان يجعلوا هذا الامر امام نارون
 الملك مشهورا . ويكذبون رسولى الرب وفى كثرة الشعب التى لا تحصى التى
 عادت الى الرب بكرازة بطرس اتفق ان امننت امرأة نارون ليفيا وامراة الوزير
 اغربيا التى اسمها اغربينا . فامنتا هكذا حتى انها ابتعدتا من ملاصقة رجليهما
 وتعليم بولص استحقق ناس كثيرين الجندية ولصقوا بالله حتى ان قوما من
 15 قصر الملك قصدوها وصاروا مسيحيين ولم يريدوا يعودوا ايضا الى الجندية
 ولا الى البلاط . فمن هاهنا وجد المحال فرصته وشغب الشعب ودمره . وجر
 له بالغيرة وانفضها تقول على بطرس مثالب ردية يسميه ساحرا ومضلا . وامن
 به الذين عجبوا من اياته . لانه كان يعمل حية نحاس من ذاتها . واصنام
 20 حجارة تضحك وتتحرك من ذاتها . وكان فى احضاره يجعل ذاته بغثة
 يظهر فى الهوا قدامهم . واما بطرس فكان يشفى المرضى بكلمة . ويجعل
 العميان يبصروا واذا صلى بامرته يهرب الجحش ويقير الموتى . وكان يقول
 للشعب ان يهربوا من طغيان سيمن المضل بل ويشهدونه ليلا يباهروا متعبدين
 للمحال وهكذا صار لان الناس الورعين كلهم كانوا يرفضون سيمن الساحر
 ويشيعون انه لا بر فيه . فاما اللاصقون بسيمن وكانوا يزبرون على بطرس
 25 ويشهدون كذبا انه ساحر جميع التابعين سيمن الساحر حتى ان الخبر اتصل
 بنارون قيصر . فامر ان يحضر الى حضرته سيمن الساحر فلما دخل وقف

p. 4

Ps. LX. 4

p. 5

الكهنوت الملوكي . احبا ابراهيم واسحق ويعقوب . وكل الانبيا الذين ناجاهم
 الله . واراهم اسراره وعجايبه العظيمة . فاما انتم الذين من الامر . فليس في
 نسلكم شيا عظيما . بل صرتم شغفين بالاثاث المنحوتات الدنسة المردولة .
 فاذا قال هذه ونظايرها الذين امنوا من اليهود اجابهم الذين امنوا من الامر
 قايلين نحن معنا الحق للحين اتبعنا المسيح الذي هو الحق بالحقيقة . 5
 وتركنا¹ ضلالتنا . فاما انتم فقد عرفتم القوى الالهوية . وكانت لكم تعاليم
 النوراة والانبيا . وعبرتم البحر بارجل مغبرة . ورايتم اعداكم راسين الى العمق .
 وظهر لكم منار نار ليلا . وظللتم السحابة نهارا . واعطيتكم منا من السما وفاضت
 لكم مياه من صخرة . فلم تؤمنوا لكن وبعد هذه الاشيا² جعلتم لكم صنما
 واقمتوه وسجدتم للمنحوت فنحن ما راينا شئ من العجايب وامنا بالاله 10
 الحقيقي الذي اذ عصيتموه تركتموه واذا كانوا يتخاصمون بهذه ونظايرها . قال
 بولص الرسول ما سبيلكم ان يكون بينكم مثل هذه المناظرة والمجاوبة لكن
 بالحري املوا هذا فان الله قد كمل مواعيده التي حلف عنها لابراهيم ابنا
 ان يزرعك تتبارك كل الامر لان ليس عند الله محاباة وجوه . لان كل الذين
 اخطاوا³ ولهم شريعة فبحكومة شريعتهم يحاكمون . وكافة الذين اخطاوا ولا 15
 شريعة لهم فبغير شريعة يهلكون . فنحن يا اخوتي سبيلنا ان نشكر الله . لانه
 برحمته اختارنا شعبا له قدوسا حتى ان به سبيلنا ان نفتخر . ان كنتم اولاد
 يهودا او يونانيين فاتم كلكم واحد بالايمان باسمه . فاذا قال هذه الخطوب
 بولص هدوا الذين . من اليهود والذين من الامر . وكذلك وبطرس علمهم قايل
 ان الله وعد لرئيس الاله داوود قايل من ثمرة بطنك اجعل على كرسيك هذا 20
 لكلمة الله وارسل ابنه . فتجسد من زرعه الذي شهد داوود من اجله بذاته
 قايل انت هو ابني وانا اليوم ولدتك . والاب شهد نفسه من السما قايل هذا
 هو ابني الحبيب من به سررت له فاسمعوا وهو الذي صلب من تلقا الحسد
 روسا الكهنة وروسا الشعب ومن اجل خلاص العالم سمح ان تصيبه هذه
 كلها . وبه فتح الله لكل مدخلا لبني ابراهيم واسحق ويعقوب وكل امة 25

Gen. xli. 3
 2 Sam. xiv. 14
 Gal. ii. 6
 Acts x. 34
 cf. Rom. ii.
 12

cf. Ps.
 cxxxii. 11

Ps. ii. 7

Matt. xvii.
 5

¹ Cod. ضلالتنا

² Cod. عجلتم

³ Cod. اخطاوا

في^١ هذا العالم غير اللباس الذي علينا تغطي به اجسادنا لا غير: فان اخترت
 ندفع لك شيا من ما علينا فافعل: فاجاب العدو للرسل وقال اسالكم يا ساداتي
 بالقوة العظيمة^٢ التي انزلتني حنوني اذهب من عندكم لان نار حامية
 تخدمكم: فقال بطرس احلف لنا ان الموضع الذي نذهب اليه لا تلحقنا
 وتشوش علينا وتفسد ما نعمله: وان العدو حلف وقال لا وحق نار الجحيم^٥
 المعدة لي ولكل اصحابي ان الموضع الذي تكون فيه انت واصحابك لا تطاه
 f. 25 b رجلي وان الرسل اطلقوه: فلما تباعد عنهم قليل غير شبهه وصار ثور اسود
 وسرع لينطح بولص ففزع بولص منه فبادر عائق بطرس وقال يا ابي خلصني
 من هذا الشيطان الهائل الشبه: فقال بطرس لا تفزع يا اخي بقوة ربنا يسوع
 المسيح: اجذب انت بقرن وانا بقرن ونبطبطه: فاقبل يجذب كل واحد^{١٠}
 منهم الى ناحية: وعند ذلك صرخ الملعون وقال للرسل بحق يسوع المخلص
 اتركوني^٣ امضى من عندكم لان قوتكم عظيمة من عند الاهكم: قال بطرس
 للشيطان ليخزيك. المسيح ولكل قواكم: فقال الملعون لبطرس انت نكرت
 f. 26 a المسيح ثلاث مرات في ليلة واحدة انك ما تعرفه: ولكنني ماذا اصنع فاني
 اذا حاربت واحد منكم على شئ وغلبته يذهب يبكي قدام المسيح ويتنهد^{١٥}
 فيغفر له فقال بولص للعدو مبارك هو يسوع المسيح الذي اخذك واخزا وجهك
 وجعلك موطا تحت ارجلنا وباسمه قهرناك: قال الشيطان لبولص افزع يا معوط
 الشعر واذل الناس كلهم^٤ تظن انك بقوتك غلبتني لو لا رحمة الله انقذتك
 مني كنت قد هلكتك بيد الخطية^٥ التي كنت بها مكدون الى اخر عمرك
 حينئذ بكى بولص وتنهد قدام الرب حتى قال له برحمة الله خلصت مني من^{٢٠}
 نير الخطية التي كنت بها مكدون عند ذلك اطلقوا الشيطان فقال له بطرس
 f. 26 b تحلف وتكذب ان ما تقاومنا اجاب العدو وهو يضحك اعطا السبع والمجد
 للرب الذي يعطي عبده هذه القوة للمؤمنين باسمه وعاملين مسرته ولسيدنا
 المجد والوقار والسجود^٦ والكرامة من الان وكل اوان والى دهر الذاهرين امين
 25 نجزت اخبار الرسل القديسين بمعونة الله سبحانه في الول
 والسيح لله دايما وعلينا رحمته امين

والكرام. Cod. ^٦ تضمن Cod. ^٤ امطى Cod. ^٣ الذى Cod. ^٢ هذه Cod. ^١

- في السموات والارض الا يسوع المسيح : وبنا عند ذلك الملك من شدة العذاب وقال اتوني بدواة وقرطاس حق اكتب لعلى اخلص من ¹ هذا العذاب والشدة فتقوم القايد وناولته دواة وقرطاس وقال له لماذا لم تومن بالمسيح وانت قاير معلق على الارض مغلوب : حينئذ مسك القلم بيده وكتب وهكذا
- 5 اقول قد امنت وتحققت انا برغموس ملك رومية : وكنت انا وجماعتي واهل مدينتي رومية ونحن معلقين مقهورين ان ليس الاله اخر لا في السما ولا في الارض غير يسوع المسيح ملك بطرس وبولص : وانا من الان والى الابد مومن ولا يكون احد يحدف على اسم المسيح الناصري : ومن كفر به لا يبقا على وجه الارض بل يطرح في غمق البحر هو وكل بيته : لان ليس الاله مثله
- 10 الذي يخلص سجاده واصحابه من البلا والنار : حينئذ رفعوا الرسل ايديهم الى السما وقالوا يا سيدنا يسوع المسيح الاله الصالح الذي لا يكافى احد باعماله انت يا رب اغفر لبرغموس الملك واصحابه المعلقين معه : لان ملك الهند الذي اطغاهم ومن تلك الساعة نزل ملاك الرب حلهم وانزلهم الى الارض : وقاموا الرسل ثلاث سنين وستة اشهر : واسسوا كنيسة عظيمة كاثوليكي واقاموا
- 15 بها اساقفة اربعة وعشرين وقسوس اربعين وشمامسة اثنين وسبعين : وابودياكونية مائة واثنعشر وجعلوا لهم قانون وناموس وامور تليق بخدمة السيد المسيح : وخرجوا من هنالك ² ماضيين : وان الشيطان لما راي انه قد غلب وقهر من الرسل : ثم ادعا بقواته وقال لهم ماذا اصنع بتلاميذ ابن مريم لانهم قد غلبونا وبطلونا وافسدوا كل صنايعنا : حينئذ ابدل الشيطان شبهه وصار
- 20 شبه رجل هندي عريان وهو يطلب الرسل مقدار ثلاث اميال وهو يصيح في اثرهم بصوت ضعيف ويقول يا بطرس وبولص تلاميذ الرب يسوع المسيح الرحوم : ارحموني وترفقوني ليلا اموت من اجلكم : وان بولص التفت فابصره عريان وهو بعيد وفي اثرهم : فقال لبطرس ترفق يا اخي ⁴ لننظر لماذا يعدو هذا بطلبنا فصبروا عليه ثم قعد بين يديهم وهو عريان يلتهب مثل النار : ولا
- 25 يستطيع الكلام لشدة جهده فقال له بولص لماذا تعدو في اثرتنا : لا ⁵ تظن اننا احققنا من برغموس بشي حتى هو اسم الرب يسوع المسيح اننا ليس نملك
- f. 23 b
f. 24 a
f. 24 b
f. 25 a

تضن. Cod. ⁵ لننضر. Cod. ⁴ ابدل. Cod. ³ ماضيين. Cod. ² هذه. Cod. ¹

ماذا اصبح تلاميذ ابن مريم لا لهم قد علموا
وسئلوا واكثر وطردنا هنا حينئذ انزل
الجنان شهيد وصار شجره رجل هنري
عريان وهو يطلب الدسك بقدر ثلاث اميال
وهو يصيح في اثرهم بصوت ضعيف
ويقول يا بطرس وبولص تلاميذ الرب يسوع
السيح الحق تارحوني وترحقوني
ليلا اموت من اجلكم وان بولص التفت
فانظر عريان وهو يحد في اثرهم فقال
لبطرس ترفق يا ابي لتضر لماذا يجر هذا
طلبنا قصير وعليه ثم قد بين يديهم
وهو عريان يلقب مثل الناز ولا يبسط
الكلمة لشدة حزنه فقال له بولص لماذا تفر

5

- f. 22 a طویل الروح : بل ارسل واخرج القايد وجميع اصحابه ¹الذين حبستهم في
 طغيانك : حينئذ اجاب الملك وقال من ارسل ونحن معلقين : قال بطرس ان
 كنت حريص ارسل ابتك لوحيث فبك الملك وقال لوحيث ارحميني واشفقي
 على ابوك لانه قد سقط وصار ²اعجوبة في العالم فقالت ابنته اذا ارحمك واشفق ¹⁰
 عليك ودم تلك العذرا ¹التي حبست بجهلك يصيح من الارض قدام الله :
 وهو الذي ارسل اليك البلوة : وانه قال لها اسالك يا ابنتي تذهبي تخلص
 المحبيين لعلهم ياتوا ويسالوا في امري للملك السماوي : عند ذلك ذهبت
 f. 22 b لوحيث واخرجتهم من الحبس : فلما اتوا ³الرسل فوجدوا الملك وسائر
 اصحابه معلقين فلما راهم الملك : قال لهم ارحموني يا رسل المسيح الجدد : ¹⁵
 ثم قالوا السبح لله دائما الذي اذل ملكك ووضع افتخارك وخلصنا من يدك
¹التي كنا بها معوقين : حينئذ اجاب برعموس الملك وقال مع جماعة الذين
 كانوا معه معلقين : لا يكون لملك الهند ذكر صالح الى الابد : الذي
 اطفانا ⁴وضلنا بعد هدانا فهو الذي ادفنا في ⁵هذا العذاب الشديد فنسال الله
 ان لا يقيم له جاه ولا ملك ابدا : عند ذلك بكى الملك بكاء مر وقال يا بطرس ²⁰
 f. 23 a وبولص خدام المسيح الرحوم اسالوا في امري يا احبا المسيح الرحوم لتنتطلق
 من هذا العذاب الشديد فاقبلوني اتمر بايديكم : عند ذلك اعترى بطرس بروح
 القدس وقال للملك : حي هو اسم السيد المسيح الذي اقر بين يديه الليل
 والنهار : انك لا نزلت من هاهنا ولا يكون لك فرح ولا لروحك نياح حتى
 تامن انت بعمك وتكتب بيدك وانت معلق موضعك انه ليس [قوة] ولا ملك ²⁵
 هذه ⁵ Cod. وظلنا ⁴ Cod. عند ³ Cod. عجوبة ² Cod. الذي ¹ Cod.

- ولكن يا اخي¹ قم نصلى قدام سيدنا ومخلصنا يسوع المسيح : كما تبوا بقدرته
 كذلك يصنع . وفي الوقت الذي قاموا فيه الروم فيسيروا اليهم : في تلك
 الساعة نزلت غمامة وحملت الرسل : وانزلتهم في وسط بلاط الملك برغموس
 وهو جالس على سرير ملكه : مفتكر من اجل القايد الاول واصحابه كيف
 5 يهلكهم : فلما نظر الملك الرسل قدامه صاح عليهم قايلاً يا بطرس وبولس
 السحرة الطغاة انفس اهل الدنيا : قال له بطرس ليس نحن سحرة بل نحن
 جينا نطرد عنك الشيطان الذي قد اغواك بسحره في كل وقت : حينئذ دعا
 الملك [حجاب] البلاط الذين كانوا على بابه وقال لهم اذهبوا الى . . .
 f. 20 b . . . وارسل الى . . . لا يسير الى
 10 مدينة فيلغوس : ولما كان الغد امر الملك فحضر البوق في كل المدينة بان
 يجتمعوا الناس لينظروا الى حريق بطرس وبولس السحرة وامر الملك ان يوتا
 8 بنجيتين ويصيرهم في وسط المدينة : وامر ان تحمى خوذين حديد بالنار وتجعل
 على روسهم فصنعوا بهم ذلك واقبل يدخن تحتهم ويقول يجي الان المسيح
 يخلصكم من يدي ويطفى هذا النار عنكم وان بطرس اوجعه كلامه جدا :
 15 وكلمه بولس بالعبراني وقال صلى يا ابي بطرس قدام المسيح² واساله ان
 يخلصنا من هذا العذاب فانني في شدة عظيمة منه : ونفسي قد بلغت
 الموت فاما بطرس فلم يتالم من ذلك العذاب لانه كان كثير الامتحان
 f. 21 a والتجارب فاجابه بطرس وقال لبولس اصبر يا اخي قليل فانه [هكذا مكتوب]
 الناصح في الصبر يستحق انه ياخذ [اجرة عظيمة] . حينئذ صلا بطرس وقال يا
 20 سيدنا يسوع المسيح هلم الى معونتنا في هذه الساعة وخلصنا من هذه
 الشدة ومن برغموس الكافر ويخزنا مع معلمه ملك الهند ويخرج القايد واصحابه
 المومنين من الحبس ويبصروا مجدك وكرامتك ويتحققوا بامانتك : وللوقت
 سمعت صلاة الرسل ونزل ملاك الرب من السما : فاحذر بطرس وبولس عن
 f. 21 b الحبس واقامهم على الارض : ونزع الخوذتين عن روسهم وصيرهما مثل التراب
 25 ولم يتاذوا الرسل شيا . . .

¹ Cod. قور

² Cod. بنجيتين

³ Cod. واساله

⁴ Cod. هذه

- ويطرحكم في الحبس. ولكن لا تخافوا منه فان يسوع المسيح الملك السماوي الذي تامنوا به هو يخلصكم منه بسرعة : حينئذ قاموا الرسل وباركوا عليهم باسم سيدنا يسوع المسيح وارسلوهم الى رومية ودخلوا الى برعموس الملك فقال لهم اين هم الرجال السحرة¹ الذين ارسلتكم اليهم: فقالوا له : ايها الملك : الناس الاخيار الصديقين² الذين تشكر منهم الخلايق تسميهم سحرة : وبهذه³ f. 18 b
- المكافاة تكافى القوم الذي ابروا بنتك مجان وكان لها ثلث عشر سنة مشروقة العين : وانهم عند ذلك خلعوا سلاحهم وطرحوه قدامه : وقالوا له خذ سلاحك عنا ليس لنا فيه حاجة : فقد وجدنا ملك سماوي افضل منك : وهو ملك بطرس وبولص الذي لا يزول ملكه الى الابد : حينئذ غضب الملك وقام عن الكرسي : وجعل يلطم وجه ذلك القايد بيده ويقول له : حقا اني احرقك بالنار حيا : حتى⁴ 10
- انظر ان كان الاله بطرس وبولص يخلصك من يدي : حينئذ اجابوه وقالوا ان الاله بطرس وبولص يتحننه يقدر ان يطفى نارك وسخطك : وان الملك امر f. 19 a
- ان يطرحوهم في الحبس. وفيما هم سايرين الى الحبس كانوا يمجدون الله الذي من اجله يحبسوا : عند ذلك قال ملك الهند لبرعموس : لم⁵ اقل لك انهم يطغوا اصحابك بسحرهم وكلامهم : فقال ملك رومية وحق الالهة وحياة⁶ 15
- رومية العظما ان كل ما قلت لي صبح : وان الملك استدعا قايد اخر وقال له : خذ معك اربعة الاف فارس وامضوا الى مدينة فيلفوس وحلوا فيها النهب واهلكوا سكانها بالسيوف : ولا تشفقوا على كبير ولا على صغير : لانهم⁷ طغوا بقوة سحرهم عنيد ارادتنا : فخرج القايد من عند الملك وامر الروم واعطاهم
- f. 19 b علامة اذا ضرب البوق الاخر يركبوا ويسيروا معه : عند ذلك ظهر روح القدس⁸ 20
- لرسل وهم في فيلفوس : وعرفهم ما تكلم به ملك الهند مع ملك رومية وما ولف العدو عليهم : فاجاب بطرس وقال يا اخي بولص⁹ قم نصلي قدام سيدنا يسوع المسيح ان يخلصنا من مكرهم في هذه الليلة : يا اخي قد عمل البطريق ان يجي يطلبنا من مدينة رومية ومعه اربعة الاف رجل بالسلاح ويتولوا المدينة ويحلوا فيها النهب والحريق ويهلكوا اهلها بالسيوف من اجلنا : 25
- قوم. Cod. ⁵ صغو. Cod. ⁴ اقول. Cod. ³ بهذه. Cod. ² الذي. Cod. ¹

- بسكرك : حينئذ استقبلوا الشرق هم واهل المدينة وقاموا في الصلاة : فصلا بطرس وقال يا مودى عبيده الى كل بلد ومعين خديمه في كل موضع في مجاهدته في كل قتال : هلم الى [غائنا] في هذا الوقت الذي دعوتك واخزى برغموس الملك الذي كفر بك بعد ايمانه : لمتحققوا اهل مدينة فيلفوس
- f. 17 a 5 المومنين انك انت هو الاله الحق الازلي : ومن تلك الساعة نزل ملاك الرب من السما ودخل بين الخيل وبجعها واقلب بعضها لبعض وجعل ركابها سقطوا على الارض وتديسهم 'الخيول' بارجلها ومجررهم بالواهبهم تجرير عظيم 'والخيول' صلت كلها بصوت واحد وصلت كلها وسجدت قدام الرسل : فسجدوا ايضا قدام الله ومدوا ايديهم الى السما كمثل رسل المسيح : فصاحوا
- 10 اهل فيلفوس وقالوا : نشكرك يا الاله بطرس وبولص اذ نحن نعين البهايم تمجداك باصواتها : حينئذ اقبل ذلك يبكي ويصيح والروم الذين معه يقولوا ارحمونا يا بطرس وبولص رسل المسيح : فقال بطرس لهم : اما تريدوا نصنع معكم قالوا نريد منك ان تسالوا الالهكم ان يساويننا مثلكم خدام فقال لهم بطرس في هذا الذي انتم لابسين ليس تقدروا تخدموا لملكنا : بل ان احببتم
- 15 ان تجاهدوا معنا في هذه القتال اسمعوا قوالنا ان ملكنا هو المسيح و[في] خدمته السلاح : وقوتنا هي الحياة : وكسوتنا هو الثوب الروحاني الذي قد لبسناه من المعمودية والخوذة التي على رؤسنا فهي بركة الكهنوت واما المهايم التي في ارجلنا فهو تحقيق الانجيل الذي بها ندوس الحيات والعقارب وجميع قوات العدو : وجواشنا فهي الامانة الحقيقية التي بها نستقبل كل
- 20 سهام العدو : وسيوفنا فهي كلمة سيدنا يسوع المسيح الذي بها نقطع كل حيل ابليس اللعين : وخيلنا هي السحب التي في الهوا تحملنا باسم الالهنا وحريتنا فهي صليب سيدنا يسوع المسيح ودمه الزكي المحي : والان يا اخوة قوموا اذهبوا الى الملك الذي ارسلكم واكفروا به ظاهر واطرحوا سلاحكم بين يديه وقولوا له خذ سلاحك عنا : وقد وجدنا ملك سماوي وهو افضل
- f. 18 a 25 منك وهو ملك بطرس وبولص : واعلموا هذا يقينا ان الملك يسخط عليكم

١ هذه Cod.

٢ الرسل Cod.

٣ الذي Cod.

الذى وصفت انهم اتوك به وكذلك اتونى وقد اتصل بى خبرهم وقد مضوا الى
مدينة فيلفوس ليطغوههم بسحرهم كما طغوا بك وبى : غير انى ساند فى
طلبهم رقع ياتوا بهم وهم مكتوفين وفى ¹ارقابهم الاغلال : واسلخ جلودهم
واجعلها زقاق : واحرقهم بالنار كما تشتبى روحك : حينئذ دعا برعموس الملك
f. 15 b بقايد من قواده : وامره ان ياخذ الف رومي بالسلاح ويمضوا الى مدينة فيلفوس 5
وياتوا بطرس وبولص وفى ¹ارقابهم السلسلة مسحوبين : وخلف وقال وحيات
ابنتي ارحي ان فعلت ذلك انى ارفع منزلتك . فخرج القايد من عند الملك
واخذ معه العسكر ومضوا الى مدينة فيلفوس واحاطوا بها من كل جانب :
فنظروا اهل فيلفوس الروم وهم مقبلين اليهم ولايسين السلاح وقد احاطوا
بالمدينة ففزعوا جدا وغلقت الابواب وطلعوا فوق ²السور وقالوا للقايد لماذا 10
جهتنا بهذا العسكر ونحن عبيد الملك وقد ارسل الروم يخرّبوا مدينتنا : اجاب
القايد وقال لم يرسلنا الملك لتخرّب مدينتكم بل جينا نأخذ بطرس وبولص
f. 16 a ربسا السحرة وادعوهم الينا ونرجع عنكم . حينئذ اجابوا اهل فيلفوس وقالوا لهم
اما ³السحرة فليس فى مدينتنا : بل عندنا رجلين وهم صديقين حكيمين : يبروا
النفوس والاجساد : والان امهلونا حتى نعرفهم فان احبوا ان يمضوا معكم 15
فسلمناهم اليكم وان لم يهروا ذلك فنحن والاهير المسيح الملك السماوى نقاتل
عنهم لك وللملك الاحمق الذى وجهك : وان الرسل لما سمعوا انهم قد سموهم
سحرة شكروا الله كثير وقالوا لك الشكر يا يسوع المسيح لك الذى استحققنا
اليوم ان ندعا سحرة من اجل اسمك القدوس وفتحوا باب المدينة وخرجوا
اليهم : وامر القايد ان يعلقوا الاغلال والسلاسل فى ¹ارقابهم فلما ابصروا اهل 20
فيلفوس الرسل وفى ¹ارقابهم الحديد اقبلوا يبكوا : فقال لهم بطرس لا تبكوا يا
f. 16 b اخوة بل اصبروا وتعانوا قوة المسيح الالهنا وكيف يجرى لهؤلاء ولملكهم
الاحمق الذى ارسلهم : وكان القايد والروم الذين معه ركاب خيولهم : فقال
بطرس للقايد ان رايت ان تنزل عن فرسك حتى تصلى وكما يامر المسيح
نصنع : فقال له القايد بغضب يا سحار السو رجز برعموس تيقده مثل النار وانت قايم 25

¹ sic² Cod. الصور³ Cod. سحرة

- والهند : وكان لى جيوش كثيرة وعساكر عظيمة فى بلد الروم والنوب
 f. 13 b وكان لى ولاية وقواد فى مشرق البلد وغربيه وفى مصر والشام والعراق وبلد
 فلسطين وفى بلاد الهلاليين والارمنين وبلد التيمن والعرب وبلد البربر : ولم
 ٢ يكن فى الدنيا شعب ولا لسان ولا قبيلة الا ولنى كانت تطيع ولملكي :
 5 والشرف والهدو فى ملكي كان حتى اتانى رجلين ساحرين منجوس : اسم
 الواحد بطرس والاخر بولص : فنزلوا علي من السحاب ووقفوا قداهي فى
 وسط بلاطي وانا جالس على كرسي ملكي : وحجابي عن يميني ويساري
 قيام : فلما رايتهم فزعزعت وتغيرت من لوني فوثبوا الحجاب اليهم ليضربوهم فامر
 f. 14 a ادعهم لاننى رايتهم شبه ملايكة فيهم : فسالتهم عن خبرهم ومن اين هم : فاجاب
 10 اكبرهم وقال لى انا بطرس من بيت صيدا الجليل : وهذا اخي بولص فهو
 من طرسوس ومجينا من ارض الحياة ونحن 'عبيد' ايسع المسيح الرب الاله
 ملك الملوك الذى خلق السماوات والارض والابحار وكلما يدب فيها : الذى
 خلق ادم بشبهه ومثاله وولد من مريم العذرى : وصنع من الماء شراب ومن
 خمس خبزات اشبع خلق : وابرا البرص واشفا المرضا : وفتح اعين العمى
 15 واسمع الصم وانطق الخرس واخرج الشياطين واحيا الموتى وصنع العجايب :
 f. 14 b وتكلموا بكلام ضئير بهن يدي واطغوا وزراي وحجابي واصحابي ورفضوني
 كلهم ونزعوا سلاحهم وطرحوه فى وجهي وقالوا خذ سلاحك عنا فليس لنا
 حاجة فقد وجدنا الاله سماوى افضل منك وهو مالك بطرس وبولص ضابط
 الدنيا كلها : ولم يبقا لى من تلك الحجاب والقواد الا هولاي الاربعة الروم
 20 وقد اتوا معي وهم ٣ الذين ترا عينك : والان يا اخي فقد شفقت على ملكك
 لا يزول مثلي وقد اتيت من بلد بعيد لاعرفك وانصحك املا ياتوا اليك
 ويطغوا اصحابك بسحرهم ويكفروا بك ويتركوك وحدك بغير قوة ولا عسكر :
 f. 15 a ٤ فتتقضي وتطمع بك ملوك الارض : عند ذلك قام الملك عن كرسيه وكثف
 يديه وخر له ساجدا : وقال اشكرك يا اخي وحبيب نفسي لانك شفقت علي
 25 واتيت من البعد لتعرفنى هذا الامر : حقا اقول لك انهم اتونى بهذا الشبه

١ Cod. فتنقطى ٢ Cod. الذى ٣ Cod. يكون ٤ Cod. عزيمة

f. 11 b الفاء الذى فى ¹ القسط الا كما كان بقى ملان حينئذ صرخوا كل اهل رومية وقالوا بصوت واحد : حق هذا هو الاله العظيم الذى هو الاله بطرس وبولص الذى اظهر لنا اليوم ² هذه ³ العجوبة : ونحن ما كنا نعرف هذا الاله بل هو برحمته ارسل لنا مخلص : واقبلوا الى الرسل يسجدوا لهم وخروا بين ايديهم وساروا لهم بالمجد والتسبيح الى بلاط الملك : فحينئذ قال بطرس يا ابنا 5 رومية نحن اناس مثلكم وليس التسبيح لنا لكن التسبيح والمجد يجب لسيدنا ومخلصنا يسوع المسيح الذى بتحننه وكثرة رحمته ارسلنا اليكم : عند ذلك f. 12 a قاموا الرسل فى رومية ستة اشهر وتلمذوا لكثيرين بالامانة المستقيمة وخرجوا من هناك وذهبوا الى مدينة فيلپوس كما اظهر لهم الرب : فلما دخلوا الرسل الى مدينة فيلپوس لم يسمكوا ولا يهدوا من ما يبروا باسم المسيح الليل والنهار 10 والرب كان يقويهم ويشدد عزهم بالايات والعجايب ⁴ التى كانوا يصنعوا : وان العدو لما رآى وعرف ما يعملوا الرسل ادعا باراكنته واصحابه وقال ماذا اصنع بهولا تلاميذ ابن مريم فقد غلبونا وافسدوا كل اعمالنا وحيلنا : ولكن هلموا f. 12 b بنا نحتال لعلنا نقدر نفسد ما يصلحوا : عند ذلك بدل الشيطان شبهه وغير لونه : وصار شبه رجل هندي : ولبس ثياب ملك وترك على راسه تاج وادعا بعفريت 15 وجعله فرسه وركبه : وادعا باربعة من اراكنته وصنعهم كشبه رجال روم حاملين عصى وسافرين قدامه كشبه الامرا واتا ببلاط الملك برومية : وقال للبوابين ادخلوا وقولوا لبرعموس الملك : ان اخوك ملك الهند قاير على الباب ويريد الدخول اليك فدخلوا البوابين وعرفوا الملك : فاذن له بالدخول ودخل f. 13 a معه الاربعة ⁴ الذين هم اراكنته : فلما ابصره ملك رومية فقام استقبله وصافحه 20 واجلسه معه على سرير ملكه . عند ذلك ابتدا ملك الهند يبكى ويتنهد وهولايك الذين كانوا معه : فقال برعموس لماذا يا اخي تبكى وتنهد ولماذا انت حزين وهذا وقت حضور المائدة ولكن بعد الطعام عرفنى امرك وماذا جرى عليك وانا اخذ الطايلة وابلغك مرادك : اجابه ملك الهند وقال له : انا الذى انت ترانى فى الهوان والذل والضر الشديد : ملك كنت مثلك : وكنت على السند 25

¹ Cod. القسط² Cod. هذا³ sic⁴ Cod. الذى

- Ps. clv. 4
Heb. i. 7 لسلطان النهار : والقمر لسلطان الليل : الذى جعل ملايكته من ريح وخدامه
من نار تتقد : الذى تمجده طغيات الروحانيين السارافيم والكارابيم مستنيرين
من نور بهجته : الجالس على كرسى اللهب ونهر النار تجرى بين يديه : الوف
الف وربوات ربوات سبحوا لاسمه : الذى حصا الكواكب وجعل لها اسما :
- f. 10 a
Ps. clv. 22 5 الذى يبصر الى الارض فتفرع منه وينهر الجبال فتدخن : الذى هو راكب على
الكاروبيم ويطير على اجنحة الرياح : ¹ هذا هو الذى خلق ادم ² هذا ولد العلى
المرسل من اجل الرحمة : هذا هو حمل الله الذى اخذ خطايا العالم : الذى
به ³ يسترضى الاب : ¹ هذا هو المين الذى نزل من السما ² وحفظ فى قسط ذهب
التى هى مريم العذرا هذا هو خبز الملائكة الذى فى نعمته يطهر كل من
10 اكل منه : هذا ينبوع الحياة من يشرب منه لم يعطش : هذا هو قاتل الموت
ومهلك الخطية : هذا هو نور العالم والمؤمنين به يقيدوا : هذا هو صاحب
f. 10 b الجهاد المعطى الاكالييل للمجاهدين فى طاعته : هذا هو الشجرة الطيبة الذى
منها غذى الروحانيين : هذا هو السلم المودى الى العلى وفيه يصعدوا القرايين
الى عند الرب : هذا هو باب الله وفيه يدخلوا الصديقين : هذا هو رجا
15 الصالح الذى لا يخزوا المتوكلون عليه : فليموا اليه يا ابنا رومية واتكلوا
عليه فان وجوهكم لا تخزوا الاغنيا افتقروا وجاعوا : والفقرا شعبوا وفضلوا : فان
اتم طلبتم الرب فلم يخبى عنكم خيراتاه : فلما قال بطرس هذا الكلام واكثر
منه : صرخوا اهل رومية وقالوا يا رسل المسيح اشفوا لنا اعلانا : فقال بطرس
لبولص املا لى قسط ماء وقدمه بين يدي . حينئذ قدم له بولص قسط ماء
f. 11 a 20 واحضره بين يديه : فرسم عليه بطرس برسم الصليب وقال باسم ربى يسوع
المسيح مبرى كل الاوجاع الذى نبع هذا الماء من الارض ويكون شرب
فشفى الاسقام والاولجاع المختلفة : فدفعه الى بولص وقال له : اذهب يا اخي
⁴ وارشه على كل المرضا : وللوقت يبروا باسم سيدنا ومرسلنا يسوع المسيح :
فاخذ بولص قسط الماء : ورشه على كل الاعلا : ومن ساعتهم برىوا وقاموا
25 يمجدوا الله كثير : وبهذا الرش الذى رشه على كل الناس ولم ينقص ذلك
قسط ⁵ Cod. ورشه ⁶ Cod. وحلفض ⁷ Cod. ستظلى ⁸ Cod. هذه ⁹ Cod.

'يده' على عين ابنة الملك : وقال باسم سيدي يسوع المسيح نور العالم

f. 8 a تكونى مثل صاحبك : ومن ساعتها صارت

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f. 8 b واجتمعوا الناس : وصعد الملك وجماعة الريسا والملكة وبناتها وسائر الناس

¹ لينظروا ما يصنعوا الرسل : حينئذ قام بطرس وبولص ووقفوا في وسط الناس : 10

فصاحوا جماعة اهل رومية قائلين ² اظهروا لنا اليوم قوة الالهكم لنعاين ذلك

وتحقق وتصح امامتنا . عند ذلك قال لهم بولص يا اهل رومية اسمعوا... كلامي :

كل من كان عليل او مريض او اخرس او مجنون او اعما او مقعد او ميت

قد راح يدفن فليحضره الى هاهنا ويأخذه صحيح باسم السيد يسوع المسيح :

f. 9 a عند ذلك مضوا جماعة اهل رومية وجمعوا سائر الاعلا وتركوهم في وسط ¹⁵

التايطرون فجعلوا يصيحوا قائلين اشفوا لنا اعلانا يا رسل المسيح ³ لننظر ونعطى

المجد والوقار لالهكم : حينئذ اشار اليهم بطرس ان يسكتوا من الصباح : فلما

سكتوا ختم نفسه برسم الصليب المكرم فامتلا من روح القدس : وانه خاطب

بلسان الرومى : وقال يا اهل رومية الى متى تكون قلوبكم عمى وليس لكم

معرفة وانتم من الامانة بالله غربا : وتسارعوا الى الاوثان المحمولة بايدي ²⁰

الفاعل وتركتم الاله القوى العظيم الذى نفوسكم في يده : اتركوا الان الكفر

الردى الحنيفى وارجعوا الى... السيد المسيح الذى هو وحده الاله الحق

f. 9 b الازلى وليس الله غيره .. هو الذى صنع السما والارض بحكمته : وجمع الامياه الى

الابهار : وجعل للماء حدود لا تتغير : الذى مسح الارض بشبره وكال التراب Is. xl. 12

بحفنته : وهو الذى وزن الجبال بالقبان والاكام بالميزان : وصير الشمس Ps. cxxxvi. 8, 9.

¹ لننظر Cod. ² اظهرو Cod. ³ لينضرو Cod.

- برعموس ملك رومية الحنيفى باسم سيدي ايسوع المسيح الاله كل الخليقة
احضر فى هذا الوقت وعرف الملك الحنيفى بما عمل لاهنته^١ ليس يريد يعترف :
وعرفه بخطيته : ليغفر الله له : وللوقت حضر الطير وراه كل من حضر وقد
بسط اجنحته فى الهواء واقف بين السما والارض قايلًا من هم بطرس
5 وبولص خدام المسيح : فبكوا بولص وقال ان كنا مستحقين^٢ لهذا الاسم فنحن
هم خدام المسيح ولكن^٣ تكلم ايها الطير ولا تخاف وبكت الملك على خطيته
f. 6 b ^٤ واخزيه : حينئذ اجاب الطير : اسمعوا يا مختارى الله : فهذا الجبل واتكلم
بين ايديكم : لما كان يوم ذكر مولد الملك الحنيفى : عمل وليمة عظيمة :
وشرب وسكر وابصر جارية جميلة الحسن جدا : وطلب ان ينام معها فلم تجيبه
١٠ الى ذلك : فلما لج عليها ولمر تواتيه سخط عليها وحبسها فى اسطبل الدواب
وامر ان لا تعطى خبز ولا ماء : واي من دفع اليها شى تاكل او تشرب يوخذ
راسه بالسيف : فمكثت الجارية فى شدة عظيمة اثنعشر يوم : وبعد ذلك ذكرتها
ابنة الملك فى قلبها وقالت الويل لي ان تلك الجارية^٥ التى حبسها ابى بجهله
f. 7 a الويل لى
١5 ابى ولا اد هالكة
من الجوع والعطش ولا افرج عنها : فتقدمت بنت الملك فناولها خبز وماء من
الكوة : وكنت انا الطير واقف فدخل فى عقلي شى ولم ادرى ما صنعت : عند
ذلك نزلت الى عند بنت الملك : وقلعت عينها اليمين وطرت ذاهب الى البرية :
وفى^٦ مضىبي عميت عيني اليمين : وسقطت تحت شجرة منذ^٧ ثلاثة عشر يوم ولم
20 اذق شى : والان قد جيت بغير هواي لاعرفكم ما فعلته وما فعل الملك : وانا
مضطهد من الملك السماوى الالهكم الذى هو المسيح . حينئذ قال بطرس للملك
عرفنا الان فر من يسد افواهنا ام فمك : عند ذلك بكى الملك بين يديه وقال
ليس لى وجه اخاطبكم لان^٨ هذا الطير قد اخزانى : وذلك بقوة الالهكم : حينئذ
قامت الملكة وقدمت بنتها لوحيث قدام الرسل : وقالت اسالكم يا ساداتي ان
25 ترحموني وتشفوا^٩ بنتي هذه الجارية الوحيدة التى لامتك : عند ذلك وضع بطرس

الذى Cod. ^٤ واخزيه Cod. ^٥ اتكلم Cod. ^٦ لهذه Cod. ^٧

هذه Cod. ^٨ اذوق Cod. ^٩ ثلاثة Cod. ^{١٠} مظيى Cod. ^{١١}

- واريد احضرها بين يديكم وانظر ان كان الالهكم الذى ذكرتم ببرها : حينئذ
 1 اعترى بطرس بروح القدس وقال للملك احضر بنتك وتعاين قوة السيد
 f. 4 b الذى لا يخرب ابدا : وبادر الان باهنتك لوحيث : اجاب الملك وقال لبطرس
 اراك هوذا تعرف اسم ابنتى : فضحك بطرس وقال للملك نعم ودوروثاوس ابو
 ابوك : وان انت امنت بالمسيح اعظم من هذه تعاين : عند ذلك تعجب 5
 الملك : وقال للرسول حقا ان الله ساكن فيكم اذ تعرفوا اسامى الناس واتم
 غربا : وقد عرفتم اسم ابنتي لوحيث واسم جدي . حينئذ امر الملك بان تحضر
 ابنته : فحضرت وامها معها : فلما نظروا الرسل الجرية حزنوا بما عمل بها
 الشيطان . فقال بطرس للملك : اريدك تقول لنا ايش اخطيت ولاى حال اخرج
 f. 5 a الطير عين بنتك . فقال الملك لبطرس كم اطبا وحكما قاموا بين يدي 4 وهذا 10
 شيئا لم يسألونى عنه : ولم اسمعه منهم : فان كنتم يتيقنوا انكم تبروها والا
 فسدوا افواهكم واخرجوا من قدامي : وانما قال الملك هذه استحاء من امراته :
 ومن الجماعة 5 التى كانوا عنده ليل يقر بخطيته : فقال 6 بولص لبطرس 6 هلم
 حتى نصلى قدام سيدنا : ليعطينا الصبر والغلبة فى 7 هذا الجهاد : فقال بطرس
 لبولص يا ابي بولص لا 8 تظن انى افضل منك : اعلم انى انكرت المسيح 15
 المخلص ثلاث 7 مرة فى ليلة واحدة . وحلفت واحرمت اننى ما اعرفه : حتى
 f. 5 b لا ينيح في الشيطان الذى تكلم فى ذلك الوقت قبلنى سيدي وصفح عني
 ما اخطيت من اجل دموعي وتحننه علي : وقال ايضا بولص لبطرس وانت
 يا اخي بطرس اعلم اننى كنت عدو المسيح ومضطهد كل من يسجد له
 وما كنت استحق ان ادعا له رسول من اجل مقاومتي لكنيسة الله : وبفضله 20
 ورحمته اهلنى ان ادعا له رسول وتلميذ ليكونوا يمثلونى ساير الخطاة وحيوا
 الى الابد : فالان صلى يا ابي بطرس وانا معك وان كنت تريد تستحق :
 فندعو الطير الذى اخرج عين بنت الملك وهو ياتى ويعرف الملك بخطاياهم
 f. 6 a وخزيه : فصاح بطرس بصوت عظيم وقال ايها الطير الذى جا الى ابنة الملك
 الذى Cod. 5 وهذه Cod. 4 نضروا Cod. 3 يجرب Cod. 2 اغتر Cod. 1
 تضمن Cod. 8 هذه Cod. 7 بطرس لبولص Cod. 6

- اولا امر اتكلمر انا : فقال بولص تكلمر يا اخي لانك انت الذى جعلك راس
على الجماعة : فختمر بطرس نفسه برسم الصليب وجاوب الملك وقال له انا
من مدينة صيدا الجليل : ¹وهذا اخي بولص من طرسوس : ومجينا من بلد
الحياة : ونحن عبيد المسيح الرب الاله ملك الملوك الذى صنع السما والارض :
- 5 ²والابحار وكلما يدب فيها صور ادم بشبهه ومثاله المولود من مريم العذرا f. 3 a
الطاهرة الزكية : الذى صنع اليا شراب : ومن خمس خبزات اشبع خلق كثير
فى البرية الذى ابرا البرص واشفا المرضا : وفتح اعين العميان : واسمع الصم :
وانطق الخرس : واخرج الشياطين : وقوم الحذب : واحيا الموتى : وانما حسدوه
شعب اليهود : واسلموه الى قضاة الارض بالموت : وصعد على الصليب واحتمل
10 ذلك من اجلنا ومن اجل خطايانا : وارتفع على خشبة الصليب ³واظلمت
الشمس لتالمه وحارت الخليقة : ونزل الى الجحيم وفزع منه الموت وتوارا من
جهته : وقاموا الموتى من القبور : ⁴وردوا السلام على القوم : وهو قام فى اليوم f. 3 b
الثالث وظهر لرسله : وعرفهم السراير اللاهوتية : وارسلهم يكرزون بملكوته : وهو
لا بد ان ياتى فى الاخرة : بالقوة والمجد العظيم مع ملايكته الاطهار يغير
15 السماوات بكلمته : وتطوى مثل القرباس بامره : ويصرخ القرن فى العلا : ويقوم
كل واحد من موضعه : وينهض كل بشرى من غباره : ويجلس على كرسيه
ليدين الاحياء والاموات : [ثم] يقوموا اولاد ادم من قبورهم عراة قداهم
بلا كسوة : ويفرق الاخيار من الاشوار ... كل احد فى ذلك الوقت ما جنا
ويكمل فى عبادة الصالحين : ويدين الخطاة ويكشف سرايرهم : وبقوة هذا الاله
- 20 اتينا الى هاهنا اليوم : لنطرد الشيطان : والحنوفية تبطل من مدينة رومية : f. 4 a
فاجاب الملك وقال للرسل : ان كان كلامكم حق : فقد تكلمتم كثير : هل
اريد امتحن ذلك واعرفه : واعلم قوة الاحكم هوذا لي ابنة وحيدة وقد نزل
عليها طير من السما : واخرج عينها اليمين وقد احضرت الاطبا والحكما والفلاسفة
الذين فى سلطاني على ان يشفوها : فما قدروا على ذلك وقد ارسلت الى
25 ساير الملوك : وابدلت مال جزيل : على انى اجد انسان يرد عينها فلم ⁵اصيب
الذى ⁶ Cod. وادو ⁷ Cod. واضلمت ⁸ Cod. sic ⁹ وهذه ¹⁰ Cod.

ماذا اصنع تلاميذ ابن مريم لانهم قد غلبوا
 وطلبوا واقتدوا كل صناعته حينئذ انزل
 الشيطان شهده وصان شبه رجله من
 عريان وهو يطلب الدسك مقدار ثلاث اميال
 وهو يصيح في اثرهم بصوت ضعيف
 ويقول يا بطرس وبولص تلاميذ الرب يسوع
 المسيح الدحوم تارحوني وتترحقوني
 لئلا اموت من اجلكم وان بولص الرب
 فاستمع عريان وهو وعده في اثرهم فقال
 لبطرس ترفق يا اخي لتضر لما ذا اجرو هذا
 بطلما افصبر وعليه ثم تقربا بين يديهم
 وهو عريان يلقب مثل النار ولا يستطيع
 الكلام لشدة حمه فقال له بولص لما ذا اقرو

- f. III a عظيم هو اله يحنا الذى صنع مثل هذا العجب لمنفعة الانفس. وذهب الطغيان من المدينة من ذلك اليوم حتى الان ☉ واقاموا لله حج جديد فى ذلك اليوم الى يومنا هذا ومن يقدر يصف او يخبر بما كان فى ذلك اليوم من العجايب¹ التى صنع الله على يدى القديس يحنا. فلما تواقع ناووس ارطيمس 5 قتل اخو الكاهن الذى كان يخدم الناموس ☉ فاحذه اخوه بامانة شديدة وقدمه الى يحنا القديس ☉ وكانوا باجمعهم يصرخون قابلين يا عبد الله انت الذى اعتقنا من الضلالة ☉ وانت الذى جعلتنا نرفع اعيننا الى السما ☉ وانت الذى اهديتنا وانقذتنا من الطغيان ومن الان ما نسجد للحجارة ايضا ☉ انت الذى قدمت هذه الجماعة العظيمة لله وخلصت انفسهم من الموت السو ☉ فبكأ 10 الكاهن وقال له ينصرفون هولاء الخلايق كلهم فرحين الى منازلهم ☉ وابقى انا وحدي انوح بل احب ان اذهب وانا مثلهم افرح بالاهك ☉ فلما ارا القديس يحنا حسن اماتته ووده صلى عليه موضعه ذلك وعاش بلميت ☉ انظروا وتعجبوا اى اله مثل الالهنا الذى يقبل توبة الخطاة ويحيى الموتى بدعوة سليحه ☉
- f. III b كما قبل دعوة اللص على الصليب واسكنه الفردوس ☉ كذلك ايضا يحنا هذا 15 الممدوح ☉ هو الذى ارا الاب القوى والابن وروح القدس وبشر الناس به ورجعوا عن الضلالة ☉ كذلك ايضا والقديس يحنا البشير الذى قبل النعمة السماوية والخلايق طهر وقدر ☉ كذلك يحنا الممدوح المتوسط نعمة الاب والابن وروح القدس الرب القوى وقبل السراير الروحانية ☉ هو الذى قال فى John 1. 1 البدى كانت الكلمة والكلمة عند الله ☉ والله هو الكلمة ☉ هذا هو يحنا الذى 20 تكلم كلام اعظم من كلام موسى النبى ☉ موسى كان يكرز للناس ويقول الله خلق السما والارض ☉ فاما يحنا البشير فقال فى البدى كانت الكلمة ☉ Gen. 1. 1 John 1. 1 والكلمة عند الله والله هو الكلمة ☉ الذى له المجد والكرامة والوقار الى دهر² الداها راين امين

¹ Cod. الذى² sic

John xxi. 22 قال لبطرس ان اردت ان يقيم حتى اجي فما لك انت ٥ وحتى يومنا هذا
 في ذلك الموضع نور اكثر اشراق من الكواكب في السما ٥ ويفور من قبر
 القديس بركة تشفى جميع الاسقام والارواح الشريرة ٥ وكما لا ينقص ماء البحر
 كذلك ولا تلك البركة ٥ وان اراد انسان يخبر بالعجايب والايات¹ التي كانت
 تظهر في ذلك الموضع على جميع الزمنا والمرضا فما يقدر ٥ فان كان السليح⁵
 يضع هذا بعد موته ان كان يدعا موت ٥ فداود النبي الزكي قد قال عظيم
 كرمه عند الله موت الصديقين وعلى حال فمن يقدر يقص عجايبه على
 جهتها ٥ ولكنى اخبركم بعجب من ما فعل ومنه تعرفوا خبره ٥ كان في افسس
 ناووس لارطامس قريب من المدينة ٥ وكانوا اصحاب الاصنام يكرمونه افضل
 من كرامتهم لجميع الاوثان ٥ وكانوا الخلايق يصيرون اليه من كل موضع¹⁰
 من اجل ذلك العيد مثل الرمل ٥ فلما² راى الطوبان يحنا كثرة الخلايق دخل
 اليهم في حجرهم وراهم ٥ وطلب له موضع متعالى فصعد ووقف عليه وصرخ
 بصوته قائلا يا رجال افسس لم تذلون وتظنون ان ارطيمس اله³ لم ترجزون
 الله عليكم وتسجدون للاوثان التي لا تدفع عن انفسهم شئ ٥ وبعد فاسمعوا
 قولي ٥ اختاروا من احدى خصلتين ٥ اما ان تصلون الى صنمكم وتطلبون¹⁵
 اليه⁴ فيقتلنى وحدي ٥ والا صليت انا الى الاهي فيقتلكم باجمعكم ٥ ففزعوا
 من هذه الكلمة فزع شديد وخرجوا على وجوههم مرعوبين ٥ لان اكثر الناس
 كانوا يعرفوا ثقته باللاهه وقوة كلمته من العجايب التي كان يفعل ٥ فكانوا
 يشكروه ويقولون له يا يحنا عبد الله⁴ الصالح ارحم انفسنا ولا تهلكنا ٥ فلما³
 راى يحنا القديس توبتهم ورجعتهم الى الله الذي لا يهوا موت الخاطى بل²⁰
 آن يرجع ويتوب اليه ٥ امرهم ان يبتعدوا عن الناووس ورفع يديه الى السما
 ووصلى عليهم ٥ ولم يزل رافع يديه الى السما والناووس يتساقط حتى ما بقى
 فيه حجر على حجر ٥ كما كان موسى يرفع يديه الى السما فيغلب العمالقة ٥
 cf. Ex. xvii. 11 مثله كان هذا السليح حتى اهلك الالههم النجس الذي لم يكن يقدر يغنى
 عن نفسه شئ ٥ فلما عاينوا العجب الذي صنعه القديس صاحوا باجمعهم وقالوا²⁵

وصلا Cod. ٥ الصلح Cod. ٤ فيقتلنى Cod. ٣ ارا Cod. ٢ الذى Cod. ١

بسم الاب والابن وروح القدس اله واحد

هذا اليوم يا اخوتي واحباي يوم الحج الروحاني جمعنا فيه يحننا الصياد
 حبيب ربنا يسوع المسيح المخلص من جميع المواضع والبلدان لهذا العيد
 المبارك ٥ هذا هو التلميذ الذي كان ربنا يوده ٥ يحننا الذي طرح الشبكة
 5 واخذ الانجيل ٥ طرح القصة واخذ كلمة الله ٥ يحننا الذي لم يكن مثل
 النواتية ٥ وكان احكم الحكماء ٥ الذي من اجله اجتمعتم اليوم لتسمعون
 مدحته هذه ٥ هذا مبشر بالله ٥ متكلم الالهيات بمعرفة سيدنا يسوع المسيح عند
 ما ترك الينا من منبر الاب ٥ ولكن من يستجرى يخبر بصلاح هذا القديس ٥ فاذ
 نصتم الى كلامي انا الحقير فاني اعلمكم بالحق يقينا ٥ لاني اتيت من تلك
 f. 109b الارض ورايت بعيناي ٥ وسمعت باذناي من الالهات كما قال الانجيل المقدس
 10 ما سمعنا وراينا نخبركم به ٥ اريد ان اعلمكم يا احباي من اجل موت
 1 John 1.8 هذا السليح يحننا ٥ ان كان ينبغي ان يسمى موت ٥ قال القديس لتلاميذه
 يحفروا له القبر. فلما حفروا صلا عليهم وبسط جسده في القبر واسلم روحه
 الى خالقه ٥ وللغد صاروا تلاميذه الى القبر فلم يجدوا فيه شيا ٥ وان
 15 الطاهر رفع الى حبيبته المسيح مثل موسى لان الله قال لموسى اطلع الى
 cf. Deut. xxxiii. 49, 50 الجبل لانك هناك تموت ٥ ومن بعد مياته طلبوا بنى اسرائيل جسده فلم
 يجده ٥ وان تلاميذ القديس يحننا بنوا على قبره كنيسة شريفة ٥ ومن بعد
 زمان قليل احب قسطنطين الملك المبارك الذي كانت فيه خشية الله ان ياخذ
 نصيبا من عظام القديس الى مدينة² التي كان هنا ٥ فبعث ناس وامرهم ان
 20 يحفرون الموضع حيث قبر وياخذوا له شئ من عظامه ٥ فلما صاروا الرسل
 الى القبر حفروا واقاموا ايام كثيرة يطلبوا فلم يجدوا شئ ٥ فترايا قديس
 الله يحننا للملك وقال له لا تشقى يا محب الله في طلبي في الارض من
 اجل ودك ونيتك الحسنة ٥ فاني عند سيدي المسيح الذي اعطاك الملك ٥
 f. 110a هو الذي رفع جسدي اليه وقبله عنده ٥ رايت الى شدة كلمة الرب التي

¹ Cod. فيها

² Cod. الذي

- ويطرحكم في الحبس. ولكن لا تخافوا منه فان يسوع المسيح الملك السماوى الذى تامنوا به هو يخلصكم منه بسرعة : حينئذ قاموا الرسل وباركوا عليهم باسم سيدنا يسوع المسيح وارسلوهم الى رومية ودخلوا الى برعموس الملك فقال لهم اين هم الرجال السحرة¹ الذين ارسلتكم اليهم: فقالوا له : ايها الملك : الناس الاخيار الصديقين¹ الذين تشكر منهم الخلايق تسميهم سحرة :² وبهذه 5 f. 18 b المكافاة تكافى القوم الذى ابروا بنتك مجان وكان لها ثلث عشر سنة مشروقة العين : وانهم عند ذلك خلعوا سلاحهم وطرحوه قدامه : وقالوا له خذ سلاحك عنا ليس لنا فيه حاجة : فقد وجدنا ملك سماوى افضل منك : وهو ملك بطرس وبولص الذى لا يزول ملكه الى الابد : حينئذ غضب الملك وقام عن الكرسي : وجعل يلطم وجه ذلك القايد بيده ويقول له : حقا انى احرقك بالنار حيا : حتى 10 انظر ان كان الاله بطرس وبولص يخلصك من يدي : حينئذ اجابوه وقالوا ان الاله بطرس وبولص يتحننه يقدر ان يطفى نارك وسخطك : وان الملك امر f. 19 a ان يطرحوهم في الحبس. وفيها هم سايرين الى الحبس كانوا يمجدا الله الذى من اجله يحبسوا : عند ذلك قال ملك الهند لبرعموس : لم³ اقل لك انهم يطفوا اصحابك بسحرهم وكلامهم : فقال ملك رومية وحق الالهة وحياتة 15 رومية العظما ان كل ما قلت لى صح : وان الملك استدعا قايد اخر وقال له : خذ معك اربعة الاف فارس وامضوا الى مدينة فيلفوس وحلوا فيها النهب واهلكوا سكانها بالسيوف : ولا تشفقوا على كبير ولا على صغير : لانهم⁴ طغوا بقوة سحرهم عنيد ارادتنا : فخرج القايد من عند الملك وامر الروم واعطاهم f. 19 b علامة اذا ضرب البوق الاخر يركبوا ويسيروا معه : عند ذلك ظهر روح القدس 20 للرسل وهم في فيلفوس : وعرفهم ما تكلم به ملك الهند مع ملك رومية وما ولف العدو عليهم : فاجاب بطرس وقال يا اخي بولص⁵ قم نصلي قدام سيدنا يسوع المسيح ان يخلصنا من مكرهم في هذه الليلة : يا اخي قد عمل البطريق ان يجي يطلبنا من مدينة رومية ومعه اربعة الاف رجل بالسلاح ويتولوا المدينة ويحلوا فيها النهب والحريق ويهلكوا اهلها بالسيوف من اجلنا : 25
- قوم. Cod. ⁵ صغو. Cod. ⁴ اقول. Cod. ³ بهذه. Cod. ² الذى. Cod. ¹

بسم الاب والابن وروح القدس اله واحد

- هذا اليوم يا اخوتي واحباي يوم الحج الروحاني جمعنا فيه يحننا الصياد
 حبيب ربنا يسوع المسيح المخلص من جميع المواضع والبلدان لهذا العيد
 المبارك ☉ هذا هو التلميذ الذي كان ربنا يوده ☉ يحننا الانى طرح الشبكة
 5 واخذ الانجيل ☉ طرح القصة واخذ كلمة الله ☉ يحننا الذى لم يكن مثل
 النواتية ☉ وكان احكم الحكماء ☉ الذى من اجله اجتمعتم اليوم لتسمعون
 مدحته هذه ☉ هذا مبشر بالله ☉ متكلم الالهيات بمعرفة سيدنا يسوع المسيح عند
 ما ترك الينا من منبر الاب ☉ ولكن من يستجرى يخبر بصلاح هذا القديس ☉ فاذ
 نصتم الى كلامي انا الحقير فاني اعلمكم بالحق يقينا ☉ لاني اتيت من تلك
 10 الارض ورايت بعيناي ☉ وسمعت باذناي من الالهيات كما قال الانجيل المقدس
 ما سمعنا وراينا نخبركم به ☉ اريد ان اعلمكم يا احباي من اجل موت
 1 John 1. 3 هذا السليح يحننا ☉ ان كان ينبغي ان يسمى موت ☉ قال القديس لتلاميذه
 يحفروا له القبر. فلما حفروا صلا عليهم وبسط جسده فى القبر واسلم روحه
 الى خالقه ☉ ولغد صاروا تلاميذه الى القبر فلم يجدوا فيه شيئا ☉ وان
 15 الطاهر رفع الى حبيبته المسيح مثل موسى لان الله قال لموسى اطلع الى
 cf. Deut. xxxii. 49, 50 الجبل لانك هناك تموت ☉ ومن بعد مياته طلبوا بنى اسرائيل جسده فلم
 يجده ☉ وان تلاميذ القديس يحننا بنوا على قبره كنيسة شريفة ☉ ومن بعد
 زمان قليل احب قسطنطين الملك المبارك الذى كانت فيه خشية الله ان ياخذ
 نصيبا من عظام القديس الى مدينة² التى كان هنا ☉ فبعث ناس وامرهم ان
 20 يحفرون الموضع حيث قبر وياخذوا له شئ من عظامه ☉ فلما صاروا الرسل
 الى القبر حفروا واقاموا ايام كثيرة يطلبوا فلم يجدوا شئ ☉ فترايا قديس
 الله يحننا للملك وقال له لا تشقى يا محب الله فى طلبى فى الارض من
 اجل ودك ونيتك الحسنة ☉ فاني عند سيدي المسيح الذى اعطاك الملك ☉
 f. 110a هو الذى رفع جسدي اليه وقبله عنده ☉ رايت الى شدة كلمة الرب التى

¹ Cod. فيها

² Cod. الذى

- John xxi. 22 قال لبطرس ان اردت ان يقيم حتى اجي فما لك انت ٥ وحتى يومنا هذا
 في ذلك الموضع نور اكثر اشراق من الكواكب في السما ٥ ويفور من قبر
 القديس بركة تشفى جميع الاسقام والارواح الشريرة ٥ وكما لا ينقص ماء البحر
 كذلك ولا تلك البركة ٥ وان اراد انسان يخبر بالعجايب والايات¹ التي كانت
 تظهر في ذلك الموضع على جميع الزمان والمرضا فما يقدر ٥ فان كان السليح⁵
 يضع هذا بعد موته ان كان يدعا موت ٥ فداود النبي الزكي قد قال عظيم
 كريمة عند الله موت الصديقين وعلى حال فمن يقدر يقص عجايبه على
 جهتها ٥ ولكني اخبركم بعجب من ما فعل ومنه تعرفوا غيره ٥ كان في افسس
 ناووس لارطامس قريب من المدينة ٥ وكانوا اصحاب الاصنام يكرمونه افضل
 من كرامتهم لجميع الاوثان ٥ وكانوا الخلايق يصيرون اليه من كل موضع¹⁰
 من اجل ذلك العيد مثل الرمل ٥ فلما² راي الطوبان يحنا كثرة الخلايق دخل
 اليهم في حجبهم وراهم ٥ وطلب له موضع متعالى فصعد ووقف عليه وصرخ
 بصوته قائلا يا رجال افسس لم تضلون وتظنون ان ارطيمس اله³ لم ترجزوني
 الله عليكم وتسجدون للاوثان التي لا تدفع عن انفسهم شي ٥ وبعد فاسمعوا
 قلوبي ٥ اختاروا من احدى خصلتين ٥ اما ان تصلون الى صنمكم وتطلبون¹⁵
 اليه⁴ فيقتلني وحدي ٥ والا صليت انا الى الاهي فيقتلكم باجمعكم ٥ ففزعوا
 من هذه الكلمة فزع شديد وغروا على وجوههم مرعوبين ٥ لان اكثر الناس
 كانوا يعرفوا ثقته بالاهه وقوة كلمته من العجايب التي كان يفعل ٥ فكانوا
 يشكروه ويقولون له يا يحنا عبد الله⁴ الصالح ارحم انفسنا ولا تهلكنا ٥ فلما³
 راي يحنا القديس توبتهم ورجعتهم الى الله الذي لا يهوا موت الخاطي بل²⁰
 ان يرجع ويتوب اليه ٥ امرهم ان يبتعدوا عن الناووس ورفع يديه الى السما
 ووصلى عليهم ٥ ولم يزل رافع يديه الى السما والناووس يتساقط حتى ما بقي
 فيه حجر على حجر ٥ كما كان موسى يرفع يديه الى السما فيغلب العمالقة ٥
 مثله كان هذا السليح حتى اهلك الاههم النجس الذي لم يكن يقدر يغنى
 عن نفسه شيا ٥ فلما عاينوا العجب الذي صنعه القديس صاحوا باجمعهم وقالوا²⁵
 وصلا⁵ Cod. الصلح⁴ Cod. فيقتلني³ Cod. ارا² Cod. الذي¹ Cod.

هذا اليوم يا اخوتي واجباتي يوم الحج الروحاني جمعاً فيه يحنا الصناد
حبيب ربنا يسوع المسيح المخلص من جميع الموضع والبلدان لهذا العيد
المبارك ٥ هذا هو التلميذ الذي كان ربنا يوده ٥ يحنا الذي طرح الشبكة
واخذ الانجيل ٥ طرح القصة واخذ كلمة الله ٥ يحنا الذي لم يكن مثل
النواتية ٥ وكان احكم الحكماء ٥ الذي من اجله اجتمعتم اليوم لتسمعون
مدحته هذه ٥ هذا مبشر بالله ٥ متكلم الالهيّات بمعرفة سيدنا يسوع المسيح عند
ما ترك الينا من منبر الاب ٥ ولكن من يستجري يخبر بصلاح هذا القديس ٥ فلما
نصتم الى كلامي انا الحقير فاني اعلمكم بالحق يقيناً ٥ لاني اتيت من تلك
الارض ورايت بعيناي ٥ وسمعت باذناي من الالهيّات كما قال الانجيل المقدس
ما سمعنا وراينا نخبركم به ٥ اريد ان اعلمكم يا احبابي من اجل موت
هذا السليح يحنا ٥ ان كان ينبغي ان يسمى موت ٥ قال القديس لتلاميذه
يحفروا له القبر . فلما حفروا صلا عليهم وبسط جسده في القبر واسلم روحه
الى خالقه ٥ وللغد صاروا تلاميذه الى القبر فلم يجدوا¹ فيه شيئا ٥ وان
الظاهر رفع الى حبيبه المسيح مثل موسى لان الله قال لموسى اطلع الى
الجبيل لانك هناك تموت ٥ ومن بعد ماته طلبوا بنى اسرائيل جسده فلم
يجدوه ٥ وان تلاميذ القديس يحنا بنوا على قبره كنيسة شريفة ٥ ومن بعد
زمان قليل احب قسطنطين الملك المبارك الذي كانت فيه خشية الله ان ياحد
نصيباً من عظام القديس الى مدينة² التي كان بنا ٥ فبعث ناس وامرهم ان
يحفرون الموضع حيث قبر ويأخذوا له شي من عظامه ٥ فلما صاروا الرسل
الى القبر حفروا واقاموا ايام كثيرة يطلبوا فلم يجدوا شيئا ٥ فتراها قدس
الله يحنا للملك وقال له لا تشقى يا محب الله في طلبي في الارض من
اجل ودك ونيتك الحسنة ٥ فاني عند سيدي المسيح الذي اعطاك الملك
هو الذي رفع جسدي اليه وقبله عنده ٥ رايت الى شدة كلمة الرب التي

الذى Cod.² فيها Cod.¹

of. Dent.
xxii. 49,
50

1. 1108

تدبر عبيدك المومنين برحمتك ☉ انت الذى تجسد انك احببت الانفس الهالكة ☉
والذين كانوا سباع باتيانك وعجايبك جعلتهم خراف اعفا ☉ وخلصت الخطاة ☉
وانقذت¹ الذين كان قد تغلب عليهم الشيطان ☉ وكتبت لهم ناموسا اذا
استغاثوا بك ☉ انت الذى اعطيتهم يدك واقمتهم ونجيتهم من الجحيم واعماله ☉
انت الذى جعلتهم يعرفوك يقينا ☉ ربنا والاهنا يسوع المسيح اله المومنين بك 5
وناموسهم ☉ فاقبل الان نفس عبدك يحنا الذى جعلته مبشرا ☉ وحفظته من
دنس الناس ☉ وترايت لى عند ما اردت اتزوج فى شبابي ☉ وقلت لى انا
f. 108 b اريدك يا يحنا فلما اخطيت ابلتني بالمرض ☉ ومنعتنى ثلاثة مرار ☉ وفى
ثلاثة ساعات من النهار ترايت لى فى البحر فقلت يا يحنا لو لا انى قد
اتخذتك لى لتزوجه ☉ انت يا رب الذى اعميتنى سنتين وجعلتنى 10
ادعوك باكيا ☉ وفى السنة الثالثة فتحت عيناى وقلبي واصبت بصري الخارج ☉
وحجبت عيناى بعد ما² ابريت قلبي عن النظر الى وجه امراة ☉ انت الذى
حفظت حبي اياك بالزكاوة ☉ انت الذى سهلت سبلي اليك والهمتني الامانة
بك بغير افتراق مع يقين معرفتك ☉ انت الذى تكافى كل احد كعمله ☉
انت الذى صبرت نفسي تعظملك افضل من كل ☉ وفى هذه الساعة يا سيدي 15
يسوع المسيح قد تمت الخدمة¹ التى اتمنتنى عليها ☉ فاجعلنى اهلا لملكوتك
والحياة الداهرة ☉ ابعد عني النار والظلمة القصيا واطفى نار جهنم ☉ اتبعنى
بملايكة صالحة لتفرق عني ارواح الشياطين وتخزا كل قواتهم وتهلك كل
سميعهم ☉ وسهل لى الطريق اليك بغير دنس ولا خطية ☉ واجزىنى بما اوعدت
لاحبائك الذين حييوا بالطهارة واياك التمسوا ☉ ثم رسم جسده وقال انت معى 20
يا رب يسوع المسيح الى الابد ☉ وانه نزل القبر واضطجع فيه ☉ وقال رحمة
f. 109 a ربنا تكون معكم يا اخوتي الى الابد امين ☉ واسلم روحه على المقام بسلام ☉
وانصرفوا الاخوة ☉ فلما كان الغد اتوه الاخوة ☉ فلم يجدوه فى القبر واصابوا
تلك الارض تغوح ريح طيب ☉ حينئذ ذكروا كلمة الرب الذى قال لبطرس
John. xxi. 22 من اجله ☉ ان اردت انا يمكث هذا حتى اتى فما لك انت ☉ ورجعوا بامانة 25
شديدة ☉ وكانوا يسبحوا الله من اجل العجب الذى كان ويمجدوه ☉
ويهللوه الى دهر الادهار امين

¹ Cod. الذى² Cod. ابرت

- Ps. civ. 4 لسلطان النهار : والقمر لسلطان الليل : الذى جعل ملائكته من ريح وخدامه
Heb. i. 7 من نار تتقد : الذى تمجده طغيات الروحانيين السارافيم والكارابيم مستنيرين
من نور بهجته : الجالس على كرسى الذهب ونهر النار تجرى بين يديه : الوف
الف وربوات ربوات سبحوا لاسمه : الذى حصا الكواكب وجعل لها اسما :
- f. 10 a
Ps. civ. 32 5 الذى يبصر الى الارض فتفزع منه وينهر الجبال فتدخن : الذى هو راكب على
الكاروبيم ويظهر على اجنحة الرياح : ¹ هذا هو الذى خلق ادم ¹ هذا ولد العلى
المرسل من اجل الرحمة : هذا هو حمل الله الذى اخذ خطايا العالم : الذى
John i. 29 به ² يسترضى الاب : ¹ هذا هو المن الذى نزل من السما ² وحفظ فى قسط ذهب
Ex. xvi. 33 التى هى مرير العذرا هذا هو خبز الملايكة الذى فى نعمته يظهر كل من
10 اكل منه : هذا ينبوع الحياة من يشرب منه لم يعطش : هذا هو قاتل الموت
ومهلك الخطية : هذا هو نور العالم والمؤمنين به يقيدوا : هذا هو صاحب
f. 10 b الجهاد المعطى الاكاليه للمجاهدين فى طاعته : هذا هو الشجرة الطيبة الذى
منها غذى الروحانيين : هذا هو السلم المودى الى العلى وفيه يصعدوا القرايين
الى عند الرب : هذا هو باب الله وفيه يدخلوا الصديقين : هذا هو رجا
15 الصالح الذى لا يخزوا المتوكلين عليه : فلهوا اليه يا ابنا رومية واتكلوا
عليه فان وجهكم لا تخزوا الاغنيا افتقروا وجاعوا : والفقرا شعبوا وفضلوا : فان
انتم طلبتم الرب فلم يخيب عنكم غيراته : فلما قال بطرس هذا الكلام واكثر
منه : صرخوا اهل رومية وقالوا يا رسل المسيح اشفوا لنا اعلنا : فقال بطرس
لبولص املا لى قسط ماء وقدمه بين يدي . حينئذ قدم له بولص قسط ماء
f. 11 a 20 واحضره بين يديه : فرس ³ عليه بطرس ³ برسر الصليب ³ وقال ³ باسم ربى يسوع
المسيح ³ مبرى ³ كل الاوجاع الذى نبع هذا الماء ³ من الارض ³ ويكون شرب
فشفى الاسقام والاولاج المختلفة : فدفعه الى بولص وقال له : اذهب يا اخي
⁴ وارشفه على كل المرض : ولوقت يبروا باسم سيدنا ومرسلنا يسوع المسيح :
فاخذ بولص ⁵ قسط الماء : ورشه على كل الاعلا : ومن ساعتهم برىوا وقاموا
25 يمجدوا الله كثير : وبهذا الرش الذى رشه على كل الناس ولم ينقص ذلك
قسط ⁵ Cod. ورشفه ⁴ Cod. وحلف ³ Cod. ستظلى ² Cod. هذه ¹ Cod.

f. 106 b جبل ماب ٥ وكل من يصدق ويومن بالاب والابن وروح القدس ٥
وبالجرايح التي عملوا الرسل تلاميذ سيدنا المسيح فيقبل من الله المغفرة ومن
١ الصالحين الصلاة ويرث ٢ ملكوة ربنا يسوع المسيح الذي له التسبحة والمجد
الى دهر الداهرين.

هذه ٣ تسعيرة نياحية يحنا السليح صاحب الانجيل وكانت نياحته في سنة ٥
وعشرين يوم من ايلول

كان يحنا الطوبان مع الاخوة التلاميذ يوم سبت جالس فرح بالرب ٥ فلما
اصبحوا يوم الاحد اجتمعوا قال لهم يا اخوتي عبيد ربي المسيح الذي قد
صار لهم معي حظ في ٣ ملكوة السما ٥ قد علمتم كم اعطاني الرب من القوات
والعجايب والعطايا المشفية ٥ وعلم وتعلم وخدمة حسنة ٥ فتشددوا واذا ٥
نكروا الايات التي كانت تعمل قدامكم ٥ واعرفوا التدبير والسر الذي صنع
الرب من اجل حياة الانسان ٥ والرب يطلب ذلك منكم ٥ فايكم لا تحزنوه ولا
ترجزوا الاهنا الرحوم القدوس الطاهر من كل نجس ٥ القريب من كل فجور ٥
الداير اله الحق وليس فيه كذب ٥ الذي لا يوجر ٥ وهو ارفع من جميع
البشر يسوع المسيح بن الله يفرح بكل خير تعملوه ٥ واسلكوا بالطهارة والعفة ٥ 5
f. 107 a ويجب ان تشاركوه بالاوجاع ٥ لانه يفرح بنا اذا كنا وديعين ٥ ويسر بنا اذا
سلكنا في سبيله ٥ وكلامي لكم في هذه الساعة يا اخوتي لانني ذاهب الى
ربي ٥ واوفى الدين الذي ورثناه ابونا ادم ٥ ماذا اكثر عليكم ٥ معكم ٤ نعم
وبنا وعربون رحمته ٥ معكم فرح قدومه الذي لا بد منه ٥ وهو يغفر لكم ما
سلف من جهلكم ٥ وان اتم رجعتكم الى عملكم الاول من بعد ما قد ٥
عرفتموه فليس يغفر لكم ما سلف من ذنوبكم ٥ فلما تكلم كلامه هذا ٥ صلى
وقال هذا الاكليل صنعه يديك يا يسوع المسيح ٥ فانت الذي قربت اليك
هذه الزهرة الطيبة ٥ التي طيبها يتحل ٥ انت بها الذي زرعت ثمر هذا الكلام ٥
الذي Cod. ٥ نعمان Cod. ٤ المصحف Syr. ٣ sic ٢ Cod. ١ الصالحين

ولا كرامة لك ٥ ولكن الصنام عمذك والشياطين يابدوك ٥ ثم كسروها وذهبوا
الى القديس يحنأ ومعه الاركون فطلبوا اليه ان يستغفر لهم ويعمدهم ٥
فلما سمع فلبس الدنس فعل اهل افسس ٥ بعث الى يحنأ فاخرجه الى البرية
وبعث الى سيد المدينة فحبسه واخذ كل شئ كان له وتواعد اهل المدينة
5 بكل شر ٥ فلما كان بعد ثلاثة ايام فى نصف من الليل وقصر ناير ٥
فاذا قد ترايا له رجل داخل اليه لابس بياض يلمب بالنور ٥ فقال له افتح
عينيك ٥ عند ذلك رفع الملاك سيف كان معه يومى به الى بطنه وقال له
رد الرجل الذى اخرجت من المدينة الى مكانه ٥ فان انت لم تفعل ضربتك
بهذا السيف فى قلبك ٥ فمن ساعته ابكر لسانه وبقي يعوى مثل الكلب ٥
10 وامر ان ياتوه بقرطاس وكتب الى اهل بيته فدخلوا اليه ٥ فكتب لهم قائلا
ان قدوتهم ان لا ينام يحنأ حتى توجهوا به الى افسس مع كل من حبس معه
من اجله وبسببه من اهل افسس ٥ وانهم ذهبوا الى يحنأ فوفوه قاير يصلى
الى المشرق ٥ فقالوا له ان الملك قد امر ان نبلغك الى افسس ٥ فذهب
f. 106a معهم حتى وصل ٥ ثم ان روح القدس امر متى ان يكتب الانجيل ٥ ثم عاد
15 على اثره مرقس وبعده لوقا ٥ وان بطرس وپولس اتيا يحنأ فى افسس وسلموا
عليه ٥ وفرح بهما فرح شديد ٥ فقالوا له ان متى ومرقس ولوقا قد كتبوا
'انجيل ويجب' ان تكتب انت ايضا ٥ وكان يوم دخول بطرس وپولس الى
افسس يوم الاثنين ٥ فمكثا عنده خمسة ايام فطلبوا اليه لىكتب الانجيل ٥
فقال لهما يحنأ يكون هوا الرب ٥ فلما كان ليلة الاحد فى الوقت الذى قام
20 فيه ربنا يسوع المسيح من القبر ٥ خلا يحنأ وحده وجلس فكتب الانجيل
ثم خرج فناوله لبطرس وپولس ٥ فلما اشرقت الشمس خرجا به الى هيكل
الصلاة فقرباه قدام اهل المدينة ثم صلوا وتقربوا اقربان ومكثا عند يحنأ
ثلاثين يوما ٥ وبعد ذلك خرجا الى اورشليم عند يعقوب وعادوا الى انطاكية ٥
وكان يحنأ الطاهر جالس فى تلك المظلة شتاء وصيفه ٥ حتى انا عليه مائة
25 سنة وعشرين سنة ٥ ثم ان ربه كتبه فى ذلك الموضع كما اخفا موسى فى

واريد احضرها بين يديكم وانظر ان كان الالهكم الذى ذكرتم يبريها : حينئذ
 1 اعترى بطرس بروح القدس وقال للملك احضر بنتك وتعاين قوة السيد
 f. 4b الذى لا ² يخرب ابدا : وبادر الان بابنتك لوحيث : اجاب الملك وقال لبطرس
 اراك هوذا تعرف اسم ابنتي : فضحك بطرس وقال للملك نعم ودوروثاوس ابو
 ابوك : وان انت امنت بالمسيح اعظم من هذه تعاين : عند ذلك تعجب 5
 الملك : وقال للرسول حقا ان الله ساكن فيكم اذ تعرفوا اسامى الناس واتم
 غربا : وقد عرفتم اسم ابنتي لوحيث واسم جدي . حينئذ امر الملك بان تحضر
 ابنته : فحضرت وامها معها : فلما ³ نظروا الرسل الجرية حزنوا بها عمل بها
 الشيطان . فقال بطرس للملك : اريدك تقول لنا ايش اخطيت ولاى حال اخرج
 f. 5a الطير عين بنتك . فقال الملك لبطرس كم اطبا وحكما قاموا بين يدي ⁴ وهذا 10
 شيئا لم يسألونى عنه : ولم اسمعه منهم : فان كنتم يتيقنوا انكم تبروها والا
 فسدوا الفواكه وخرجوا من قدامي : وانما قال الملك هذه استعاه من امراته :
 ومن الجماعة ⁵ التى كانوا عنده ليلا يقر بخطيته : فقال ⁶ بولص لبطرس هلم
 حتى نصلى قدام سيدنا : ليعطينا الصبر والغلبة فى ⁷ هذا الجهاد : فقال بطرس
 لبولص يا ابي بولص لا ⁸ تظن انى افضل منك : اعلم انى انكرت المسيح 15
 المخلص ثلاث ⁹ مرة فى ليلة واحدة . وحلفت واحرمت اننى ما اعرفه : حتى
 f. 5b لا يفتح فى الشيطان الذى تكلم فى ذلك الوقت قبلنى سيدي وصفح عني
 ما اخطيت من اجل دموعي وتحننه علي : وقال ايضا بولص لبطرس وانت
 يا اخي بطرس اعلم اننى كنت عدو المسيح ومضطهد كل من يسجد له
 وما كنت استحق ان ادعا له رسول من اجل مقاومتي لكنيسة الله : وبفضله 20
 ورحمته اهلنى ان ادعا له رسول وتلميذ ليكونوا يمثلونى ساير الخطاة ويحيوا
 الى الابد : فالان صلى يا ابي بطرس وانا معك وان كنت تريد تستحق :
 فندعو الطير الذى اخرج عين بنت الملك وهو ياتى ويعرف الملك بخطايا
 f. 6a وخزيه : فصاح بطرس بصوت عظيم وقال ايها الطير الذى جا الى ابنة الملك

الذى Cod. ⁵ وهذه Cod. ⁴ نضروا Cod. ³ يجرب Cod. ² اغتر Cod. ¹

تضن Cod. ⁸ هذه Cod. ⁷ بطرس لبولص Cod. ⁶

انتخبني ٥ فلما سمع الاركون هذا الكلام خر على وجهه مع ريسا المدينة
 وطلبوا اليه ان يعيدهم ٥ وقالوا له كلامك كله حق وكانوا ناس مع
 ارطامس الهمهم ٥ فقالوا بل هذا احق بالسجود من يسوع المصلوب ٥ فامن
 بالرب منهم في ذلك اليوم ستة وثلثين الفا وسبعة مائة وستة انفس ٥ واما
 5 كهنه ارطامس ومن معهم¹ فوضعوا القناديل قدام ارطامس وكانوا يسجدون
 لها ٥ فهم الاركون ان يبعث اليهم ناس ليقتلهم فقال لهم يحنّا لا تقتلوه
 فان المسيح يردهم الى الحق بملاواتكم ٥ فلما دنا الليل عزموا الكفار ان
 يحرقوا المدينة بالنار ويقولون ان ارطامس غضبت فاحرقت المدينة فقال يحنّا
 للمؤمنين سيروا في المدينة فمن لقيتم من الناس فقولوا لهم في المدينة
 10 موضعين الصلاة الواحد للشياطين في بيت² ارطامس والاخر ليسوع المسيح حيث
 'تريدون تذهبوا' واذهبوا ٥ وامر يحنّا ان يهبوا موضع للمعمودية وانه 'يكون'
 واسعة اثنا عشر باع في اثنا عشر ٥ وعمقه باعين ونصف ٥ فامر واملأه بدهن
 طيب ٥ وان يحنّا الفاضل سجد على الارض 'ونظر' الى السنا وقال مقدس
 الاب والابن وروح القدس الى دهر الداهرين امين ٥ فقال الشعب كله امين ٥
 15 عند ذلك رشم على الدهن بالصليب وصرخ بصوت عالى التسبحة 'للاب والابن'
 وروح القدس امين ٥ فعلى المقام³ فار الدهن واشتعل مثل النار ولا يحترق ٥
 وملاكين باسطين اجنحتهما 'على النار' يصرخون قدوس قدوس قدوس الرب
 العزيز ٥ فلما رأوا الشعب هذا العجب فزعوا وسجدوا⁴ نحو المشرق فلما تقدس
 الدهن دنا من الماء وقال باسم الاب والابن وروح القدس الى ابد الابد ٥
 20 فقالوا الشعب امين ٥ وان الملاكين اتيا فقاما على الماء وقالوا قدوس قدوس
 قدوس الاب والابن وروح القدس ٥ فقال يحنّا للشعب قوموا باذن الله ٥ فقاموا
 ورفعوا ايديهم الى السما وقالوا نؤمن ونعترف الاب والابن وروح القدس ٥
 f. 104 b وان الاركون اقترب فنزع ثيابه فرشمه يحنّا بالدهن ٥ حينئذ نزل في الماء
 فوضع السليح يده على راسه وقال باسم الاب ٥ فقالوا امين ٥ وقال الثانية
 25 باسم الابن فقالوا امين ٥ وقال باسم روح القدس فقالوا امين ٥ فانه اعدهم

١ Cod. فضعوا ٢ Cod. ارطامس ٣ Cod. افرى ٤ Cod. نحووا

ببعض اجنحتهم ليلا ينظرون الخالق ○ وبعض يغطون ارجلهم ○ وبعض يطبرون
ويقولون قدوس قدوس قدوس الرب القدير الذي السما والارض مملوءة من
تسبخته ○ ورايت اثنا عشر رجلا في موضع واحد ○ وفي مكان اخر سبعين
رجلا وهم شاخصين الى السما ○ ورايت يمين انسان خرجت من وسط الهلايكة
شبه النار يامرهم ان يخرجوا فيعمدوا الناس باسم الاب والابن وروح القدس 5
وكل من يؤمن يحيا الى الدهر ○ وفيما انا فوق ارتعدت من الخوف قلت
لهولايك السبعين^١ رسلا من هذا ○ فقالوا لي هذا بن الله الذي صلبوه اليهود
باورشليم وكل ما رايت فهو ماله ○ لانه قوة الله وحكمته ○ وهو الذي بعثه
الى العالم لكيما يجذب الناس الى ابيه ○ ونظرت اثنا عشر تلميذ ورايت يحنا
f. 103a هذا معهم وهو لابس لباس بهي فاضل ○ وانه قام في اولهم يلسق شيخ ○
وكانوا الاثنا عشر [ينظرونه بمحبة] وكانوا عناء شاخصة الى السما وهو [هاكي ○
فدنى منه] الشيخ وقال له لم تبكي يا ابني ○ فرد عليه 'جوابا قايلا من
اجل' . . . وث مدينة افسس ○ فسالت من 'اسم الشيخ' وقالوا لي هذا سمعان
الصفا ○ ورايت ايضا 'اصابع التي' شارت اليه مع صرّت يقول له كل ما
'سالت' مني فقد قبلته منك واجبتك عنه ○ وفي ما انا فزع عرفت انه الذي 15
اردت قتله عند ما وبخني بالزنا ○ ثم سمعت صوته فانزلت اليه وهذا انا قاير
عندكم ○ وانا اسله ان يقربني الى الحق ○ واتيتم الدين رايتهم^٢ هذا العجب ○
فارجعوا عن ضلالتكم وابعدوا الاوثان عنكم وتعالوا ان تكون له تلاميذ .
وتحيا انفسنا ونصدق ونؤمن بالاب والابن وروح القدس من الان وكل اوان
والى دهر الداهرين امين ○ فامنوا اهل المدينة باجمعهم ما خلا الصيارفة وكتاب 20
ارطامس وقالوا هذا من جنس ارطامس ربنا ○ واما يحنا فكان يصرخ قايلا
f. 103b انا انسان مثلكم ميت ○ ولكن ربي يسوع المسيح بن الله الذي نزل وسكن
في العذرا تسعة اشهر وولده ولم يفك عذرتها ودار في هذا العالم مثل انسان
ما خلا الخطية وهو مثل الله ابيه ○ وصلبوه اليهود على الخشبة ○ ومات وقبر
وقام ثلاثة ايام ○ وصعد الى السما وجلس عن يمين الاب ○ وهو الذي 25

^١ رسولا Cod.^٢ هذه Cod.

الى الحمام وكل من علم بخبره لحقه ٥ فلما ارا ابنه ميتا ويحنّا جالسا ٥
 قصدوه فجعلوا فى عنقه جامعة واوثقوا يديه ورجليه بالحبال ٥ وان طورانوس
 امر بنزع ثيابه ليراه عريان ٥ فلما عروه من ثوب خلق وتبان وردا بال كان
 متردى به فاصابوا فى عنقه صليب ٥ فامر طورانوس ان يوخذ الصليب منه ٥
 5 فلما دنوا اليه لياخذوه منه ٥ خرجت نار من اربعة اركان ذلك الصليب
 فاحرقت ايديهم ٥ وان الجماعة صرخوا بصوت عالى قائلين هذا رجل ساحر
 فاحتفظوا به حتى نسل عنه اصحابه ٥ فامر ذلك الاركون ان يجروا برجله
 الى داخل السجن ٥ ويدفن الميت ٥ فاما الاركون فالتقا نفسه على وجه
 ابنه ٥ وكان يحنّا قد قال لهم ان ذلك الفتى لم يموت وان كان مات
 10 فانى اقيمه وفيما هم يجروه وسقندس صاحب الحمام بهذاه يبكى لانه يوهى
 f. 102 a ان يحنّا¹ سيقتل ٥ وكان طورانوس يظن ان يبكا² من اجل³ ابنه ٥ فقال
 يحنّا لسقندس لا تحزن ولا تفزع لان روح القدس قد سره ان يعلن امره ٥
 فقال القديس لاب ذلك الفتى امر الناس يسكتوا ٥ ففعله حينئذ 'صرخ' يحنّا
 بصوت عالى وقال لك اقول يا منلاوس الفتى باسر الرب يسوع المسيح الذى
 15 صلبه اليهود باورشليم ٥ ومات وقبر وقام اليوم الثالث ٥ وصعد الى السما
 وجلس عن يمين الاب ٥ لك اقول⁴ قمر من مكانك ٥ فمع كلمة يحنّا قام
 منلاوس الفتى وسجد على رجلى يحنّا ٥ فلما اراه وفى عنقه جامعة وهو
 مكتوف الايديين بالحبال وثب اليه 'الفتى' وجعل يقبله ٥ وانه حله وهذا
 الناس وبدا يقص 'من البدو' وامر الزانية ودخولها الحمام وكيف كان 'يحنّا
 20 يمنعهما عن ذلك ولم يطيعاه ٥ وقالوا الناس فما فعل لك واماتك ٥ فقال لهم
 يحنّا هذا ٥ قال لى هكذا يضربك يسوع المسيح الذى صلبه اليهود باورشليم
 ومات وقبر وقام لثلاثة ايام ٥ وصعد الى السما وجلس عن يمين الاب ٥ فمن
 25 ساعتي ضربنى الملاك واخذ نفسى وارأت ما لا اطيق ثنيه بلسان الا ان ياذن
 لى يحنّا القديس ٥ عند ذلك طلبوا الى يحنّا ان يامره بالكلام ٥ فقال له
 يحنّا⁴ اتكلم ٥ فقال رايت ملايكة ليس لهم احصاء ولهم اجنحة يغطون وجوههم

¹ Cod. سايقتل

² Cod. منجل

³ Cod. قور

⁴ sic

فيحرقوك بالنار ○ فاما انا فمن الان فقد صدقت وايقنت بربك ○ وانا احب
منك ان يكلفيني انت ولى هذا الحمام وتحفظ غلته وتقوم بنفقته ○ قال له يحنا
ما ينبغي لى اكل شى ان لم اعمل ○ وانه كن يحاسبه كل غداة ○ وانه
عجب هو واهل بيته مما زاد غلة الحمام منذ وليه يحنا ○ وكان سقندس
ياتى الى يحنا ويسمع منه ○ ثم انه اعمده ولاهل بيته وصلا فاشفا الله ابنه 5
الاعما ○ ومكث عنده خمسة وعشرين يوما ○ وفي الساعة الاولى من ذلك اليوم
بعث اليه بن سيد المدينة ليصلح له الحمام ○ وكان اسمه منلاوس ○ واسم
ابوه طورانوس ○ فشق ذلك على يحنا ○ ثم انه فعل كما امره واصلح له
الحمام ○ فاتا منلاوس ودخل الحمام واتا معه بكرة فاسدة فادخلها معه
الحمام وافسدها داخله فلما علم يحنا انها قد خرجا من الحمام ○ قال 10
f. 101 a ¹ للفتى انظر . . . ها هنا لانك اهنت وجهك الذى هو [خلق فى] تشبيه
الله ○ لانك ادخلت معك مرة فاسدة
عند ذلك دنا منه ² الفتى وشال يده ولطم يحنا ○
فقال له يحنا 'حقا اقول لك ان انت عاودت مرة اخرا 'الى الحمام' لم تخرج
من ها هنا ○ فلما كان بعد يومين [بعث اثنين من عبيده] قائلا اصلح 15
الحمام لابن سيد المدينة [فتصلح الحمام] ○ فبعد ساعة اتا ذلك ² الفتى ومعه
تلك [البكرة الفاسدة] ○ وكان يحنا عند الوقادين ○ فلما رجع قالوا له اذا بن
سيد المدينة قد دخل الحمام ومعه تلك البكرة ○ فلما سمع يحنا الطاهر بان
معه البكرة الفاسدة بكى وغمه ذلك ○ وجلس حتى خرجا كلاهما لابسين ثيابهما ○
فلما ابصر الفتا قال له لك اعنى يضربك يسوع المسيح الذى صلبوه اليهود 20
ومات وقام ثلاثة ايام وهو كلمة الله وصعد الى السما وجلس عن يمين الاب ○
هو قادر ان يميئك مكانك فمن ساعته مع كلمة يحنا ضربه ملاك الرب
f. 101 b وموضعه مات ○ وجلس يحنا مكانه ³ والفتى ملقا موضعه حذاه ○ والناس لما
اروا وجهه عرفوه وذهب بعض الناس الى ابيه واعلمه بموت ابنه على باب
الحمام ○ فنهض طورانوس بالعجلة فشق ثيابه وغفر راسه بالتراب وذهب يجرى 25

¹ Cod. للفتا² Cod. الفتا *passim*³ Cod. والفتا

بسم الاب والابن وروح القدس اله واحد

هذا اليوم يا اخوتي واحباي يوم الحج الروحاني جمعنا فيه يحننا الصياد
 حبيب ربنا يسوع المسيح المخلص من جميع المواضع والبلدان لهذا العيد
 المبارك ☉ هذا هو التلميذ الذي كان ربنا يوده ☉ يحننا الذي طرح الشبكة
 ☉ واخذ الانجيل ☉ طرح القصة واخذ كلمة الله ☉ يحننا الذي لم يكن مثل
 النواتية ☉ وكان احكم الحكماء ☉ الذي من اجله اجتمعتم اليوم لتسمعون
 مدحته هذه ☉ هذا مبشر بالله ☉ متكلم الالهيات بمعرفة سيدنا يسوع المسيح عند
 ما ترك الينا من منبر الاب ☉ ولكن من يستجوى يخبر بصلاح هذا القديس ☉ فاذ
 نصتم الى كلامي انا الحقيير فاني اعلمكم بالحق يقينا ☉ لاني اتيت من تلك
 الارض ورايت بعيناي ☉ وسمعت باذناي من الالهات كما قال الانجيل المقدس
 ما سمعنا وراينا نخبركم به ☉ اريد ان اعلمكم يا احباي من اجل موت
 هذا السليح يحننا ☉ ان كان ينبغي ان يسمى موت ☉ قال القديس لتلاميذه
 يحفروا له القبر . فلما حفروا صلا عليهم وبسط جسده في القبر واسلم روحه
 الى خالقه ☉ وللغد صاروا تلاميذه الى القبر فلم يجدوا فيه شيئا ☉ وان
 الطاهر رفع الى حبيبه المسيح مثل موسى لان الله قال لموسى اطلع الى
 الجبل لانك هناك تموت ☉ ومن بعد ماته طلبوا بنى اسرائيل جسده فلم
 يجدوه ☉ وان تلاميذ القديس يحننا بنوا على قبره كنيسة شريفة ☉ ومن بعد
 زمان قليل احب قسطنطين الملك المبارك الذي كانت فيه خشية الله ان ياخذ
 نصيبا من عظام القديس الى مدينة² التي كان بنا ☉ فبعث ناس وامرهم ان
 يحفرون الموضع حيث قبر وياخذوا له شي من عظامه ☉ فلما صاروا الرسل
 الى القبر حفروا واقاموا ايام كثيرة يطلبوا فلم يجدوا شي ☉ فترأى قديس
 الله يحننا للملك وقال له لا تشقى يا محب الله في طلبي في الارض من
 اجل ودك ونيتك الحسنة ☉ فاني عند سيدي المسيح الذي اعطاك الملك ☉
 هو الذي رفع جسدي اليه وقبله عنده ☉ رايت الى شدة كلمة الرب التي

f. 109b

1 John 1. 3

cf. Deut.
xxxiii. 49,
50

f. 110a

¹ Cod. فيا

² Cod. الذي

تدبر عبيدك المومنين برحمتك ☉ انت الذى تجسد انك احببت الانفس الهالكة ☉
والذين كانوا سباع باتيانك وعجايبك جعلتهم خراف اعفا ☉ وخلصت الخطاة ☉
وانقذت¹ الذين كان قد تغلب عليهم الشيطان ☉ وكتبت لهم ناموسا اذا
استغاثوا بك ☉ انت الذى اعطيتهم يدك واقمتهم ونجيتهم من الجحيم واعماله ☉
انت الذى جعلتهم يعرفوك يقينا ☉ ربنا والاهنا يسوع المسيح اله المومنين بك 5
وناموسهم ☉ فاقبل الان نفس عبدك يحنا الذى جعلته مبشرا ☉ وحفظته من
دنس الناس ☉ وترايت لى عند ما اردت اتزوج فى شبابي ☉ وقلت لى انا
f. 108 b اريدك يا يحنا فلما اخطيت اهلتي بالمرض ☉ ومنعتنى ثلاثة مرار ☉ وفى
ثلاثة ساعات من النهار ترايت لى فى البحر فقلت يا يحنا لو لا انى قد
اتخذتك لى لتزوجه ☉ انت يا رب الذى اعميتنى سنتين وجعلتنى¹⁰
ادعوك باكيا ☉ وفى السنة الثالثة فتحت عيني وقلبي واصبت بصري الخارج ☉
وحجبت عيني بعد ما ابريت قلبي عن النظر الى وجه امرأة ☉ انت الذى
حفظت حبي اياك بالزكاة ☉ انت الذى سهلت سبلي اليك والهمتني الامانة
بك بغير افتراق مع يقين معرفتك ☉ انت الذى تكافى كل احد كعمله ☉
انت الذى صبرت نفسي تعظملك افضل من كل ☉ وفى هذه الساعة يا سيدي¹⁵
يسوع المسيح قد تمت الخدمة¹ التى اتمنتنى عليها ☉ فاجعلنى اهلا لملكوتك
والحياة الداهية ☉ ابعد عني النار والظلمة القصيا واطفى نار جهنم ☉ اتبعنى
بملايكة صالحة لتفرق عني ارواح الشياطين وتخزا كل قواتهم وتهلك كل
سميعهم ☉ وسهل لى الطريق اليك بغير دنس ولا خطية ☉ واجزىنى بما اوعدت
لاحباك الذين حييوا بالطهارة واياك التمسوا ☉ ثم رسم جسده وقال انت معي²⁰
يا رب يسوع المسيح الى الابد ☉ وانه نزل القبر واضطجع فيه ☉ وقال رحمة
f. 109 a ربنا تكون معكم يا اخوتي الى الابد امين ☉ واسلم روحه على المقام بسلام ☉
وانصرفوا الاخوة ☉ فلما كان الغد اتوه الاخوة ☉ فلم يجدوه فى القبر واصابوا
تلك الارض تغوح ريح طيب ☉ حينئذ ذكروا كلمة الرب الذى قال لبطرس
John. xxi. من اجله ☉ ان اردت انا يمكث هذا حتى اتى فما لك انت ☉ ورجعوا بامانة²⁵
شديدة ☉ وكانوا يسبحوا الله من اجل العجب الذى كان ويمجدوه ☉
ويهللوه الى دهر الادهار امين

¹ Cod. الذى² Cod. ابرت

انت الرحموم وصانع الخيرات ◊ انت الذى ليس تتعظم عن الخاطى ◊ انت
 محب البشر ◊ انت منجى الصديق ◊ انت الابدى قبل الدهور ◊ انت المحيط
 بكل ◊ وملك كل ◊ يسوع المسيح بن الله ◊ استر يا رب برحمتك المتكلمين
 عليك ◊ انت عارف بشر عدونا وخبثه ◊ فعين عبيدك يا رب برحمتك ◊ لان هاى
 5 سبح ◊ او هاى قربان يلحق الانسان تمجيدك يا يسوع المسيح مع ابوك وروح
 قدسك لمجد اسمك يا رب الذى بعث من الاب ◊ نسبح اسمك يا رب لانك
 f. 107 b سميت الابن ◊ نسبحك بطريق الحياة ◊ نسبح اسمك ¹ من اجل¹ القيامة التى
 اظهرت لنا بقيامتك ◊ نسبح سبلك نسبح زرع كلمتك نسبحك بامانتنا ◊ انت
 كنز الحياة ◊ انت الغدان والشبكة التى ² اصطدتنا ◊ نسبح لعظمتك ◊ انت
 10 الاكليل الذى ³ من اجلنا³ دعيت بن الانسان ◊ انت الذى اعطينا النور والفرح
 والحرية والحب ◊ انت الذى الهتنا ان نفر اليك من الطغا ◊ انت ربنا وعين
 الحياة الذى لا يموت ◊ المنبوع الذى لا يفنا ◊ اساس كل الخليقة ◊
 انت الاله خالق الخلايق من اجل الانسان ◊ لك ⁴ ندعو⁴ لانا نعرف تقدمك
 الذى لا يظهر فى هذا العالم الا⁵ الاطهار التى تظهر لهم لاهوتك من سو
 15 جسدك ◊ انظر يا رب الى المومنين بك وبارك هذا القربان ولنا من اجله ◊
 لان لك السبح مع الاب وروح القدس امين ◊ وصلى علينا جميع لنكون اهل
 لرحمة الرب ومتاهلين للقربان المقدس ◊ وبعد ذلك تقرب وقال اجعل لى
 فيه حظ ونصيب يا رب ◊ سلم الرب يكون معكم يا احباي ◊ وقال لابيبرس خذ
 معك انسان اخر وقفة وفاس واتبعنى ◊ ففعل بيبرس كما قال له عبد الله
 20 يحنا ◊ وخرج منطلق حتى انتها الى قبر انسان من اخوتنا ◊ فقال للاخوة
 احفروا يا اولادي ◊ فحفروا كما امرهم ◊ فقال لهم اعمقوا الحفرة ◊ وكانوا
 يحفروا وهو يكلمهم بكلام الرب ويعظهم ويشددهم بوصايا الرب ◊ فلما فرغوا
 من الحفر ◊ اخذ ثيابه ⁶ التى كانت عليه والقاها فى القبر ورفع يديه الى
 السما وجعل يصلى ويقول ◊ انت يا رب الذى اخترتنا رسل منك الى المومنين
 25 وبعثتنا⁷ الى العالم ◊ انت الذى اظهرت وحدك فى الناموس والانبيا ◊ [اسالك] ان

¹ Cod. منجلنا ² Cod. اصطدتنا ³ Cod. *passim* منجل

⁴ Cod. ندعوا ⁵ Cod. الذى

تدبر عبيدك المومنين برحمتك ☉ انت الذى تجسد انك احببت الانفس الهالكة ☉
والذين كانوا سباع باتيانك وعجايبك جعلتهم خراف اعفا ☉ وخلصت الخطاة ☉
وانقذت¹ الذين كان قد تغلب عليهم الشيطان ☉ وكتبت لهم ناموسا اذ
استغاثوا بك ☉ انت الذى اعطيتهم يدك واقمتهم ونجيتهم من الجحيم واعماله ☉
انت الذى جعلتهم يعرفوك يقينا ☉ ربنا والاهنا يسوع المسيح اله المومنين بك 5
وناموسهم ☉ فاقبل الان نفس عبدك يحنا الذى جعلته مبشرا ☉ وحفظته من
دنس الناس ☉ وترايت لى عند ما اردت اتزوج فى شبابي ☉ وقلت لى انا
f. 108 b اريدك يا يحنا فلما اخطيت اهلتي بالمرض ☉ ومنعتنى ثلاثة مرار ☉ وفى
ثلاثة ساعات من النهار ترايت لى فى البحر فقلت يا يحنا لو لا انى قد
اتخذتك لى لتركتك تتزوج ☉ انت يا رب الذى اعميتنى سنتين وجعلتنى¹⁰
ادعوك باكيا ☉ وفى السنة الثالثة فتحت عيناى وقلبي واصبت بصري الخارج ☉
وحجبت عيناى بعد ما² ابريت قلبي عن النظر الى وجه امراة ☉ انت الذى
حفظت حبي اياك بالزكاوة ☉ انت الذى سهلت سبلي اليك والهمتني الامانة
بك بغير افتراق مع يقين معرفتك ☉ انت الذى تكافى كل احد كعمله ☉
انت الذى صيرت نفسي تعظمك افضل من كل ☉ وفى هذه الساعة يا سيدي¹⁵
يسوع المسيح قد تممت الخدمة¹ التى اتمنتنى عليها ☉ فاجعلنى اهلا لملكوتك
والحياة الداهرة ☉ ابعد عني النار والظلمة القصيا واطفى نار جهنم ☉ اتبعنى
بملايكة سالحة لتفرق عني ارواح الشياطين وتخزوا كل قواتهم وتهلك كل
سميعهم ☉ وسهل لى الطريق اليك بغير دنس ولا خطية ☉ واجزينى بما اوعدت
لاحباك الذين حييوا بالطهارة واياك التمسوا ☉ ثم رسم جسده وقال انت معنى²⁰
يا رب يسوع المسيح الى الابد ☉ وانه نزل القبر واضطجع فيه ☉ وقال رحمة
f. 109 a ربنا تكون معكم يا اخوتي الى الابد امين ☉ واسلم روحه على المقام بسلام ☉
وانصرفوا الاخوة ☉ فلما كان الغد اتوه الاخوة ☉ فلم يجدوه فى القبر واصابوا
تلك الارض تفوح ريح طيب ☉ حينئذ ذكروا كلمة الرب الذى قال لبطرس
John. xxi. من اجله ☉ ان اردت انا يمكث هذا حتى اتى فما لك انت ☉ ورجعوا بامانة²⁵
شديدة ☉ وكانوا يسبحوا الله من اجل العجب الذى كان ويمجدوه ☉
ويهللوه الى دهر الادهار امين

¹ Cod. الذى² Cod. ابرت

- انت الرحموم وصانع الخيرات ☉ انت الذى ليس تتعظم عن الخاطي ☉ انت
 محب البشر ☉ انت منجى الصديق ☉ انت الابدى قبل الدهور ☉ انت المحيط
 بكل ☉ وملك كل ☉ يسوع المسيح بن الله ☉ استر يا رب برحمتك المتكلمين
 عليك ☉ انت عارف بشر عدونا وخبثه ☉ فعين عبيدك يا رب برحمتك ☉ لان باى
 5 سبح ☉ او باى قربان يلحق الانسان تمجيدك يا يسوع المسيح مع ابوك وروح
 قدسك لمجد اسمك يا رب الذى بعث من الاب ☉ نسبح اسمك يا رب لانك
 f. 107 b سُهِت الابن ☉ نسبحك بطريق الحياة ☉ نسبح اسمك ¹ من اجل ¹ القيامة التى
 اظهرت لنا بقيامتك ☉ نسبح سبلك نسبح زرع كلمتك نسبحك بامانتنا ☉ انت
 كنز الحياة ☉ انت الفدان والشبكة التى ² اصطدتنا ☉ نسبح لعظمتك ☉ انت
 10 الاكليل الذى ³ من اجلنا ³ دعيت بن الانسان ☉ انت الذى اعطينا النور والفرح
 والحرية والحب ☉ انت الذى الهتنا ان نفر اليك من الطغا ☉ انت ربنا وعين
 الحياة الذى لا يموت ☉ المنبوع الذى لا يفنا ☉ اساس كل الخليقة ☉
 انت الاله خالق الخلايق من اجل الانسان ☉ لك ⁴ ندعو لاننا نعرف تقدمك
 الذى لا يظهر فى هذا العالم الا الاطهار التى تظهر لهم لاهوتك من سو
 15 جسدك ☉ انظر يا رب الى المومنين بك وبارك هذا القربان ولنا من اجله ☉
 لان لك السبح مع الاب وروح القدس امين ☉ وصلى علينا جميع لنكون اهل
 لرحمة الرب ومتاهلين للقربان المقدس ☉ وبعد ذلك تقرب وقال اجعل لى
 فيه حظ ونصيب يا رب ☉ سلم الرب يكون معكم يا احباي ☉ وقال لابيوس خذ
 معك انسان اخر وقفة وفاس واتبعنى ☉ ففعل بيوس كما قال له عبد الله
 f. 108 a 20 يحنا ☉ وخرج منطلق حتى انتها الى قبر انسان من اخوتنا ☉ فقال للاخوة
 احفروا يا اولادي ☉ فحفروا كما امرهم ☉ فقال لهم اعمقوا الحفرة ☉ وكانوا
 يحفروا وهو يكلمهم بكلام الرب ويعظهم ويشددهم بوصايا الرب ☉ فلما فرغوا
 من الحفر ☉ اخذ ثيابه ⁵ التى كانت عليه والقاها فى القبر ورفع يديه الى
 السما وجعل يصلى ويقول ☉ انت يا رب الذى اخترتنا رسل منك الى المومنين
 25 وبعثتنا ⁶ الى العالم ☉ انت الذى اظهرت وحدك فى الناموس والانبيا ☉ [اسالك] ان

وكان عدد^١ الدين اعمد فى ذلك اليوم تسعة وثلثين الفا وخمسة انفس ٥
 فلما كان بعد ايام عزم يحنا الطاهر يخرج من عندهم فطلب اليه الاركون
 ان يقيم عندهم ولا يفارقهم ٥ فقال له [يحنا انا] احب ان تورنى موضع
 هولا المضلين ٥ فذهبوا الى هيكل ارطامس وهموا بقتل كهنتها ٥ فمنعهم من
 ذلك يحنا ٥ فقال لهم اصنعوا لى هاهنا مظلة فعزموا ان يبنوا له بنا جيد ٥ 5
 وابا عليهم ٥ فقالوا كهنة ارطامس بعضهم لبعض تعالوا نقرب ذبيحة لارطيمس
 لنعرف ما غضبها علينا وكيف تركت المدينة تكون فرقين ٥ ففعلوا ذلك ودنوا
 الى ارطيمس فكانوا يسمعون من جوفها خشخشة وكلام غفى ٥ وقالوا لهم
 الشياطين هذه المظلة الصغيرة تملك بيت ارطامس الكبير فلا تقاتلوا جدا لان
 الذى فى المظلة ان دعا ربه غفنا ان يهلكنا ويغرقنا كما غرق اصحابنا اذ 1٥
 f. 105 a كانوا فى الخنازير نحن نحرس ان لا نغلب ٥ فان هو غلبنا فقد غلب
 ربه سيدنا من قبلنا ٥ فقالوا الكهنة "فمن سيد" هذا الرجل ٥ فقالوا هو بن الله
 الذى نزل من السما وتجسد فظنه سيدنا انه انسان ٥ ولم يعلم انه "الله وانه"
 يقوم بعد الموت ويطلع الى السما ٥ وهو حتى الان غضبان علينا ٥ فلما
 سمعوا الكهنة هذا الكلام من شياطين ارطيمس "فزعوا" وعجبوا ٥ وقالوا لهم 15
 الناس من ايش تحيروكم اخبرونا ما قالت ارطيمس ربنا ٥ اجابوا الكهنة قايدين
 ان ارطيمس قالت ان هذه المظلة تعقر هذا الهيكل وامرنا ان نفرغ من هذا
 الرجل الذى فى المظلة . فقالوا الجماعة فمكفور بارطيمس هذه^١ التى ليس
 فيها خير ٥ ان كان هذا الذى هو عبد وخدام ليس لها شدة قوة طاقة ٥ فبكم
 مولاه اشد واعظم ٥ وانهم ضربوا على وجوههم وصدورهم وقالوا الزيل لنا 2٥
 ولغللتنا ولهلاكننا وخسران انفسنا ٥ فقالوا لهم الكهنة افعلوا ما احببتهم ٥
 اما نحن فانا نعبد لمن يحى ويميت ٥ حينئذ انطلقوا الى يحنا الطاهر
 وطلبوا اليه وسجدوا ٥ ليستغفر عنهم ويعمدهم ٥ وان الجماعة ربطوا الحبال
 f. 105 b فى ارطيمس وكانوا يجبروها فى المدينة ويقولون لها يا سيدتنا قومي
 الان فخلصى نفسك من هولا الذين يجبروك ٥ لعمرى ما نزلتى من السما 25

الذى Cod. ¹

ولا كرامة لك ٥ ولكن الصنام عمدك والشياطين يابدوك ٥ ثم كسروها وذهبوا
الى القديس يحنأ ومعهم الاركون فطلبوا اليه ان يستغفر لهم ويعمدهم ٥
فلما سمع فلبس الدنس فعل اهل افسس ٥ بعث الى يحنأ فاخرجه الى البرية
وبعث الى سيد المدينة فحبسه واخذ كل شى كان له وتواعد اهل المدينة
5 بكل شر ٥ فلما كان بعد ثلاثة ايام فى نصف من الليل وقصر ناير ٥
فاذا قد ترايا له رجل داخل اليه لابس بياض يلهب بالنور ٥ فقال له افتح
عينيك ٥ عند ذلك رفع الملاك سيف كان معه يومى به الى بطنه وقال له
رد الرجل الذى اخرجت من المدينة الى مكانه ٥ فان انت لم تفعل ضربتك
بهذا السيف فى قلبك ٥ فمن ساعته ابكر لسانه وبقي يعوى مثل الكلب ٥
10 وامر ان ياتوه بقرطاس وكتب الى اهل بيته فدخلوا اليه ٥ فكتب لهم قايلآ
ان قد رتم ان لا ينام يحنأ حتى توجهوا به الى افسس مع كل من حبس معه
من اجله وبسببه من اهل افسس ٥ وانهم ذهبوا الى يحنأ فوفوه قاير يصلى
الى المشرق ٥ فقالوا له ان الملك قد امر ان نبلغك الى افسس ٥ فذهب
f. 106 a معهم حتى وصل ٥ ثم ان روح القدس امر متى ان يكتب الانجيل ٥ ثم عاد
15 على اثره مرقس وبعده لوقا ٥ وان بطرس وابولس اتيا يحنأ فى افسس وسلما
عليه ٥ وفرح بهما فرح شديد ٥ فقالوا له ان متى ومرقس ولوقا قد كتبوا
اناجيل ويجب ان تكتب انت ايضا ٥ وكان يوم دخول بطرس وبولس الى
افسس يوم الاثنين ٥ فمكثا عنده خمسة ايام فطلبوا اليه ليكتب الانجيل ٥
فقال لهما يحنأ يكون هوا الرب ٥ فلما كان ليلة الاحد فى الوقت الذى قام
20 فيه ربنا يسوع المسيح من القبر ٥ خلا يحنأ وحده وجلس فكتب الانجيل
ثم خرج فناوله لبطرس وابولس ٥ فلما اشرفت الشمس خرجا به الى هيكل
الصلاة فقرباه قدام اهل المدينة ثم صلوا وتقربوا اقربان ومكثا عند يحنأ
ثلثين يوما ٥ وبعد ذلك خرجا الى اورشليم عند يعقوب وعادوا الى انطاكية ٥
وكان يحنأ الطاهر جالس فى تلك المظلة شتاء وصيفه ٥ حتى انا عليه مائة
25 سنة وعشرين سنة ٥ ثم ان ربه كتبه فى ذلك الموضع كما اخفا موسى فى

وكان عدد¹ الذين اعمد في ذلك اليوم تسعة وثلثين الفا وخمسة انفس ☉
 فلما كان بعد ايام عزم يحنا الطاهر يخرج من عندهم فطلب اليه الاركون
 ان يقيم عندهم ولا يفارقهم ☉ فقال له [يحنا انا] احب ان تورني موضع
 هولا المضلين ☉ فذهبوا الى هيكل ارطامس وهموا بقتل كهنتها ☉ فمنعهم من
 ذلك يحنا ☉ فقال لهم اصنعوا لي هاهنا مظلة فعزموا ان يبنوا له بنا جيد ☉ 5
 واما عليهم ☉ فقالوا كهنة ارطامس بعضهم لبعض تعالوا نقرب ذبيحة لارطيمس
 نعرف ما غضبها علينا وكيف تركت المدينة تكون فرقين ☉ ففعلوا ذلك ودنوا
 الى ارطيمس فكانوا يسمعون من جوفها خشخشة وكلام خفي ☉ وقالوا لهم
 الشياطين هذه المظلة الصغيرة تهلك بيت ارطامس الكبير فلا تقاتلوا جدا لان
 الذي في المظلة ان دعا ربه خفنا ان يهلكنا ويغرقتنا كما غرق اصحابنا اذ 10
 كانوا في الخنازير نحن نحرس ان لا نغلب ☉ فان هو غلبنا فقد غلب
 ربه سيدنا من قبلنا ☉ فقالوا الكهنة 'فمن سيد' هذا الرجل ☉ فقالوا هو بن الله
 الذي نزل من السما وتجسد فظنه سيدنا انه انسان ☉ ولم يعلم انه 'الله وانه'
 يقوم بعد الموت ويطلع الى السما ☉ وهو حتى الان غضبان علينا ☉ فلما
 سمعوا الكهنة هذا الكلام من شياطين ارطيمس 'فزعوا' وعجبوا ☉ وتالوا لهم 15
 الناس من ايش تحيركم اخبرونا ما قالت ارطيمس ربنا ☉ اجابوا الكهنة قايدين
 ان ارطيمس قالت ان هذه المظلة تعقر هذا الهيكل وامرنا ان نفزع من هذا
 الرجل الذي في المظلة . فقالوا الجماعة فيكفور بارطيمس هذه¹ التي ليس
 فيها خير ☉ ان كان هذا الذي هو عبد وخادم ليس لها شدة قوة طاقة ☉ فيكم
 مولاه اشد واعظم ☉ وانهم ضربوا على وجوههم وصدورهم وقالوا الزيل لنا 20
 ولغفلتنا ولهلاكننا وخسران انفسنا ☉ فقالوا لهم الكهنة افعلوا ما احببتهم ☉
 اما نحن فانا نعبد لمن يحمي ويميت ☉ حينئذ انطلقوا الى يحنا الطاهر
 وطلبوا اليه وسجدوا ☉ ليستغفر عنهم ويعمدهم ☉ وان الجماعة ربطوا الحبال
 في ارطيمس وكانوا يجربونها في المدينة ويقولون لها يا سيدتنا قومي
 الان فخلصي نفسك من هولا الذين يجربوك ☉ لعمري ما نزلتي من السما 25

¹ الذي Cod.

اتخبنى ٥ فلما سمع الاركون هذا الكلام خر على وجهه مع ريسا المدينة
 وطلبوا اليه ان يعيدهم ٥ وقالوا له كلامك كله حق وكانوا ناس مع
 ارطامس البتير ٥ فقالوا بل هذا احق بالسجود من يسوع المصلوب ٥ فامن
 بالرب منهم في ذلك اليوم ستة وثلاثين الفا وسبعة مائة وستة انفس ٥ واما
 5 كهنة ارطامس ومن معهم¹ فوضعوا القناديل قدام ارطامس وكانوا يسجدون
 لها ٥ فهم الاركون ان يبعث اليهم ناس ليقتلهم فقال لهم يحنا لا تقتلوهم
 فان المسيح يردهم الى الحق بملاواتكم ٥ فلما دنا الليل عزموا الكفار ان
 يحرقوا المدينة بالنار ويقولون ان ارطامس غضبت فاحرقت المدينة فقال يحنا
 للمؤمنين سيروا في المدينة فمن لقيتم من الناس فقولوا لهم في المدينة
 10 موضعين الصلاة الواحد للشياطين في بيت² ارطامس والاخر ليسوع المسيح حيث
 'تريدون لتذهبوا' واذهبوا ٥ وامر يحنا ان يهبوا موضع للعمودية وانه 'يكون'
 واسعة اثنا عشر باع في اثنا عشر ٥ وعمقه باعين ونصف ٥ فامر واملأوه بدهن
 طيب ٥ وان يحنا الفاضل سجد على الارض 'ونظر' الى السما وقال مقدس
 الاب والابن وروح القدس الى دهر الداهرين امين ٥ فقال الشعب كله امين ٥
 15 عند ذلك رشم على الدهن بالصليب وصرخ بصوت عالى التسبحة 'للاب والابن'
 وروح القدس امين ٥ فعلى المقام³ فار الدهن واشتعل مثل النار ولا يحترق ٥
 وملاكين باسطين اجنحتهما 'على النار' يصرخون قدوس قدوس قدوس الرب
 العزيز ٥ فلما رأوا الشعب هذا العجب فزعوا وسجدوا⁴ نحو المشرق فلما تقدس
 الدهن دنا من الماء وقال باسم الاب والابن وروح القدس الى ابد الابد ٥
 20 فقالوا الشعب امين ٥ وان الملاكين اتيا فقاما على الماء وقالا قدوس قدوس
 قدوس الاب والابن وروح القدس ٥ فقال يحنا للشعب قوموا باذن الله ٥ فقاموا
 ورفعوا ايديهم الى السما وقالوا نومن ونعترف الاب والابن وروح القدس ٥
 f. 104 b وان الاركون اقترب فنزع ثيابه فرشمه يحنا بالدهن ٥ حينئذ نزل في الماء
 فوضع السليح يده على راسه وقال باسم الاب ٥ فقالوا امين ٥ وقال الثانية
 25 باسم الابن فقالوا امين ٥ وقال باسم روح القدس فقالوا امين ٥ فانه اعدهم

١ Cod. فضعوا ٢ Cod. ارطامس ٣ Cod. اخرى ٤ Cod. نحوا

ببعض اجنحتهم ليلا ينظرون الخالق ٥ وبعض يغطون ارجلهم ٥ وبعض يطبشون ويقولون قدوس قدوس قدوس الرب القدير الذى السما والارض مملوءة من تسبخته ٥ ورايت اثنا عشر رجلا فى موضع واحد ٥ وفى مكان اخر سبعين رجلا وهم شاخصين الى السما ٥ ورايت يمين انسان خرجت من وسط الملايكة شبه النار يامرهم ان يخرجوا فيعمدوا الناس باسم الاب والابن وروح القدس 5 وكل من يؤمن يحيا الى الدهر ٥ وفيما انا فوق ارتعدت من الخوف قلت لهولائك السبعين¹ رسلنا من هذا ٥ فقالوا لى هذا بن الله الذى صلبوه اليهود باورشليم وكل ما رايت فهو ماله ٥ لانه قوة الله وحكمته ٥ وهو الذى بعثه الى العالم لكيما يجذب الناس الى ابيه ٥ ونظرت اثنا عشر تلميذ ورايت يحنا f. 103a هذا معهم وهو لابس لباس بهي فاضل ٥ وانه قام فى اولهم يلسق شيخ ٥ 10 وكانوا الاثنا عشر [ينظرونه بهجة] وكانا عيناه شاخصة الى السما وهو [هاكى ٥ فدننى منه] الشيخ وقال له لم تبكى يا ابني ٥ فرد عليه 'جوابا قايلا من اجل' . . . وث مدينة افسس ٥ فسالت من 'اسم الشيخ' وقالوا لى هذا سمعان الصفا ٥ ورايت ايضا 'اصابع التى' شارت اليه مع صوته يقول له كل ما 'سالت' منى فقد قبلته منك واجبتك عنه ٥ وفى ما انا فزع عرفت انه الذى 15 اردت قتله عند ما وبخنى بالزنا ٥ ثم سمعت صوته فانزلت اليه وهذا انا قائم عندكم ٥ وانا اسله ان يقربنى الى الحق ٥ واتم الذين رايتهم هذا العجب ٥ فارجعوا عن ضلالتكم وابعدوا الاوثان عنكم وتعالوا ان تكون له تلاميذ . وتحيا انفسنا ونصدق ونؤمن بالاب والابن وروح القدس من الان وكل اوان والى دهر الداهرين امين ٥ فامنوا اهل المدينة باجمعهم ما خلا الصيارفة وكتاب 20 ارطامس وقالوا هذا من جنس ارطامس ربنا ٥ واما يحنا فكان يصرخ قايلا f. 103b انا انسان مثلكم ميت ٥ ولكن ربي يسوع المسيح بن الله الذى نزل وسكن فى العذرا تسعة اشهر وولده ولم يفك عذرتها ودار فى هذا العالم مثل انسان ما خلا الخطية وهو مثل الله ابيه ٥ وصلبوه اليهود على الخشبة ٥ ومات وقبر وقام ثلاثة ايام ٥ وصعد الى السما وجلس عن يمين الاب ٥ وهو الذى 25

رسولا Cod. 1

هذه Cod. 2

الى الحمام وكل من علم بخبره لحقه ٥ فلما ارا ابنه ميتا ويحنّا جالسا ٥
 قصده فجعلوا فى عنقه جامعة واوثقوا يديه ورجليه بالحبال ٥ وان طورانوس
 امر بنزع ثيابه ليراه عريان ٥ فلما عروه من ثوب خلق وتبان وردا بال كان
 متردى به فاصابوا فى عنقه صليب ٥ فامر طورانوس ان يوخذ الصليب منه ٥
 5 فلما دنوا اليه لياخذوه منه ٥ خرجت نار من اربعة اركان ذلك الصليب
 فاحترقت ايديهم ٥ وان الجماعة صرخوا بصوت عالى قائلين هذا رجل ساحر
 فاحتفظوا به حتى نسل عنه اصحابه ٥ فامر ذلك الاركون ان يجروا برجليه
 الى داخل السجن ٥ ويدفن الميت ٥ فاما الاركون فالقا نفسه على وجه
 ابنه ٥ وكان يحنّا قد قال لهم ان ذلك الفتى لم يموت وان كان مات
 10 فانى اقيم وفيما هم يجروه وسقندس صاحب الحمام بحذاءه يبكي لانه يوههم
 f. 102 a ان يحنّا سيقتل ٥ وكان طورانوس يظن ان يبكي ٥ من اجل ٥ ابنه ٥ فقال
 يحنّا لسقندس لا تحزن ولا تفزع لان روح القدس قد سره ان يعلن امره ٥
 فقال القديس لاب ذلك الفتى امر الناس يسكتوا ٥ ففعله حينئذ 'صرخ' يحنّا
 بصوت عالى وقال لك اقول يا منلاوس الفتى باسر الرب يسوع المسيح الذى
 15 صلبه اليهود باورشليم ٥ ومات وقبر وقام اليوم الثالث ٥ وصعد الى السما
 وجلس عن يمين الاب ٥ لك اقول ٥ قبر من مكانك ٥ فمع كلمة يحنّا قام
 منلاوس الفتى وسجد على رجلى يحنّا ٥ فلما اراه وفى عنقه جامعة وهو
 مكتوف الايديين بالحبال وثب اليه 'الفتى' وجعل يقبله ٥ وانه حله وهذا
 الناس وبدا يقص 'من البدو' وامر الزانية ودخولها الحمام وكيف كان 'يحنّا
 20 يمنعها عن ذلك ولم يطيعاه ٥ وقالوا الناس فما فعل لك واماتك ٥ فقال لهم
 يحنّا هذا ٥ قال لى هكذا يضربك يسوع المسيح الذى صلبه اليهود باورشليم
 ومات وقبر وقام ثلاثة ايام ٥ وصعد الى السما وجلس عن يمين الاب ٥ فمن
 f. 102 b ساعتى ضربنى الملاك واخذ نفسى وارات ما لا اطيق ثنيه بلسان الا ان ياذن
 لى يحنّا القديس ٥ عند ذلك طلبوا الى يحنّا ان يامره بالكلام ٥ فقال له
 25 يحنّا ٥ اتكلم ٥ فقال رايت ملايكة ليس لهم احصاء ولهم اجنحة يغطون وجوههم

¹ Cod. سايقتل

² Cod. منجل

³ Cod. قور

⁴ sic

فيحرقوك بالنار ○ فاما انا فمن الان فقد صدقت وايقنت بربك ○ وانا احب
منك ان يكفيني انت ولي هذا الحمام وتحفظ غلته وتقوم بنفقته ○ قال له يحنا
ما ينبغي لي اكل شئ ان لم اعمل ○ وانه كُن يحاسبه كل غداة ○ وانه
عجب هو واهل بيته مما زاد غلة الحمام منذ وليه يحنا ○ وكان سقندس
ياتي الى يحنا ويسمع منه ○ ثم انه اعمده ولاهل بيته وصلا فاشفا الله ابنه 5
الاعما ○ ومكث عنده خمسة وعشرين يوما ○ وفي الساعة الاولى من ذلك اليوم
بعث اليه بن سيد المدينة ليصلح له الحمام ○ وكان اسمه منلاوس ○ واسم
ابوه طورانوس ○ فشق ذلك على يحنا ○ ثم انه فعل كما امره واصلح له
الحمام ○ فاتا منلاوس ودخل الحمام واتا معه بهرة فاسدة فادخلها معه
الحمام وافسدها داخله فلما علم يحنا انها قد خرجا من الحمام ○ قال 10
f. 101a ¹ للفتى انظر . . . ها هاهنا لانك اهنت وجهك الذي هو [خلق في] تشبيه
الله ○ لانك ادخلت معك مرة فاسدة
فقال له يحنا حقا اقول لك ان انت عاودت مرة اخرا الى الحمام لم تخرج
من هاهنا ○ فلما كان بعد يومين [بعث اثنين من عبيده] قايلا اصلح 15
الحمام لاهن سيد المدينة [فتصلح الحمام] ○ فبعد ساعة اتا ذلك ² الفتى ومعه
تلك [البرة الفاسدة] ○ وكان يحنا عند الوقادين ○ فلما رجع قالوا له اذا بن
سيد المدينة قد دخل الحمام ومعه تلك البرة ○ فلما سمع يحنا الطاهر بان
معه البرة الفاسدة بكأ وغمه ذلك ○ وجلس حتى خرجا كلاهما لاهسين ثيابهما ○
فلما ابصر الفتا قال له لك اعني يضربك يسوع المسيح الذي صلبوه اليهود 20
ومات وقام لثلاثة ايام وهو كلمة الله وصعد الى السما وجلس عن يمين الاب ○
هو قادر ان يميئك مكانك فمن ساعته مع كلمة يحنا ضربه ملاك الرب
f. 101b وموضعه مات ○ وجلس يحنا مكانه ³ والفتى ملقا موضعه حذاه ○ والناس لما
اروا وجهه عرفوه وذهب بعض الناس الى ابيه واعلمه بموت ابنه على باب
الحمام ○ فنهض طورانوس بالعجلة فشق ثيابه وعفر راسه بالتراب وذهب يجرى 25

¹ Cod. للفتا² Cod. passim الفتا³ Cod. الفتا

ان تراها فتعال معهم. واحيا ابن الارملة فى مدينة ناين وهم ذاهبين
به يدفنوه ٥ واقام العازر من بعد ما مكث فى القبر اربعة ايام ٥ وعندى اكثر
من هذا ان احببت ان تسمع وتصدق يا ^١سقندس ٥ فاما شعب يهودا فرفضوه
واسلموه الى بلاطس البنطى ونزعوه ثيابه وجعلوا اكليل شوك على راسه ٥
٥ فلما صلبوه ^٢اظلمت الشمس وطفى نورها من ثلاثة ساعات الى تسع ساعات
وانشق حجاب الهيكل وتقلقت الصخور التى كانت على افواه القبور وخرج
منها موتا عدة ينادون باصواتهم قايلين هذا نور الخالق ٥ فاتوا وشهدوا له
وهو على الصليب ٥ واخذه رجل يقال له يوسف فكفنه بثياب كتان وصيره
فى القبر ٥ وانه قام بعد ثلاثة ايام وراياه واكلناه واكلنا معه الخبز
١٥ وجسنا به يدينا وامنا به انه هو الذى كان معنا ٥ الكلمة الذى كانت
لحما ٥ وصعد الى السما وجلس عن يمين الاب واعطاء السلطان ليعطى
الخيراة لمن صدق به ٥ وقال لنا اخرجوا فاعمدوا الناس باسم الاب والابن
وروح القدس ٥ فمن اعتمد وامن فقد عاش ومن لم يعتمد ويومن ٥ فانه
يدان ٥ وانا الان اطلب اليك يا ^٣سقندس لمعرفتي بك وبحريتك لانى قد
١٥ رايتك وجربتك فى هذه الايام فاصبتك على ما ينبغي ٥ لانك تحب الغربا
والمساكين فاسمع قولى ولا تعده كذبا ٥ فان اردت فاذهب بنا الى ارض
الجليل حتى اريك من كان ميتا قد عاش ٥ واناس عمى قد ابصروا ٥ وبرص قد
تنقوا ٥ وان انت امنت به ولم تراه فانت اعظم من الذى قد اراه وعاشه ٥ اما
^٤سقندس صاحب الحمام فكان جالس ينظر اليه باهت ^٤من اجل كلامه الذى
٢٥ كان يسمع منه ٥ فقال له ما اعجب ما رايت به ٥ لو لم يكن هذا كما تقول
ونزل من السما وولد من مرة عذرا ٥ كان ينبغي لنا ان ندعوه الاها ^٤من اجل
فعاله هذه لانه اقام الموتى وصير الماء شرابا ٥ فحق انه الاها خلاف ارطامس
هذه ^٥التي لم تبرى ابني ٥ ولى اكثر من ستين سنة اقرب لها القرابين وابني
اعما وما ابصر بعده وبعد فانا احب ان تحفظ هذا السر حتى يهوا ربك
٢٥ اعلانه ٥ لانك رجل غريب واخاف ان يسمع بك احد انك ليس تسجد لارطامس

f. 100a

of. Mark
xvi. 18, 16

f. 100b

الذى Cod. ^٥ منجل Cod. ^٤ *passim* سقندس Cod. ^٣ اضلمت Cod. ^٢ sic ^١

بلسان تلك البلد وقال له ايه الرجل هلك ان تستاجرني في عمل حمامك
 هذا ٥ قال له سقندس نعم بكم تعمل معي في كل يوم ٥ قال له يحنأ
 اعطيني ما شئت ٥ فشارطه كل يوم على مائة فلس ٥ وكان يقرب الحطب
 والسوقين الى وقادين الحمام ويجمع لهم الزبل من كل موضع ٥ فاقام عنده
 اربعين يوم وكان ياخذ كراه يوم بهوم ٥ فقال سقندس صاحب الحمام 5
 للقديس يحنأ ٥ اريد منك ان تخبرني ايش تعمل بكراك الذي تاخذه مني لاني
 اراك حافي عاري ٥ فاتركه عندي حتى يجتمع وتشتري لك به حاجتك التي
 تصلح لك لانك انسان غريب ٥ فقال يحنأ لسقندس البلدي ٥ لان ربي قد
 f. 99a قال لنا لا تقننوا ذهب ولا فضة ولا نحاس ولا ثوبين ٥ وما اقدر اتعدا
 وصيته والا فهو يسخط علي ٥ قال له سقندس ومن هو ربك هذا وما 10
 اسمه اخبرني به لا يكاد يجي يستعدي علي ٥ او لعله رجل شديد فيلزمني
 منه امر يشق علي ٥ هذا عيب علي لا يكون عندي عبد بغير راي مولاه ٥
 فقال له يحنأ لا تخاف يا بن الاحرار ان مولاي بغضب علي ٥ فقال له سقندس
 وكيف لم تخبرني من اول ما عملت عندي انك عبد ٥ قال يحنأ ان مولاي
 هذا هو في السما [وكل ما يريد وهو] يتم في السما وفي الارض والبحار ٥ هو 15
 خالق ما يرا وما لا يرا ٥ وهو الذي بعث الانبيا يبشرون خلقيقته ٥ فمنهم من
 قُتل ومنهم من رُجم ٥ وفي اخر الازمان اعنى هذا الزمان بعث ابنه الحبيب
 الوحيد الذي هو معه مذ قط لم يزل ٥ فدخل في اذن العذرى الطاهرة وحل
 فيها تسعة اشهر وهو ملوا السما والارض وبعد تسعة اشهر ولد من مريم ابنة
 داود الكلمة التي صار جسدا ٥ ولم يفك عذرتها ٥ وارى بين الناس كلمة الله 20
 مثل انسان متضع سوا الخطية ٥ وتم له ثلاثين سنة وانتخب له تلاميذ احيار
 f. 99b وتبعوه وهو تقلب في البرية معهم لانه حول الها شراب في قانا من مدن
 الجليل ٥ واشبع من خمسة خبزات خمسة الاف رجل سوا النسا والعبيان
 ونزل منها ووقع ٥ وفتح اعين العميان وابرا البكم والخرس ٥ واحيي ابنة يورس
 سيد الجماعة من بعد موتها وهي حتى الان بالحياة مع ابوها وان احببت 25

١ Cod. الذي ٢ Cod. لسقندس ٣ Cod. فيلزمني ٤ Cod. الاحزان

٥ Cod. وهم ٦ Syriace حله

وكان لباس يحنا كمثّل زى اهل فلسطين وكان مشيه حافى ٥ فسار فى طريقه تلك ثمانية واربعين يوما وهو يبشر سماع بشرى المسيح ٥ فكان بعض الناس يقول انه مجنون وبعضهم يقول دعوه فانه رجل غريب قد قدم من مكان بعيد وليس يعرف الهتنا الجبابرة ٥ ولو قد دخل معنا وخرج 5 فانه يحبها ويذبح لها ٥ واما اناس من اهل مدينة يقال لها اسيا ٥ فسمعوا منه وامنوا بها قال واعتمد منهم فى ليلة مايتين نفس ٥ وعلمهم طريق الحق ٥ ثم انه خرج من اسيا الى بلد الاوثان وكان طعامه خبز وبقل وشى من عدس فكان يشتري ذلك بثمنه ٥ من مدينة الى مدينة وكان شرابه الهاء ٥ فلما بلغ يحنا القديس الى مدينة افسس وكما اوجدنا مكتوب فى 10 بيت نارونا المناق ٥ فرفع عينيه ونظر اليها وهوذا يصعد دخان من مدينة افسس ٥ وكان فى تلك اليوم [عيد وذبحوا] الاوثانهم وشياطينهم ٥ فعجب من ذلك وقال آى هذا الدخان الذى قد غطى عين الشمس ٥ وفيما هو ماشى بلغ الى احد ابواب المدينة فرفع نظره فابصر صنم ارطيمس قايم فوق الباب مصور بالاصباغ وعلى شفتيها ذهب وصباغ ٥ وعليها حجاب من ديباج وقدامها 15 قنديل وقاد ٥ فلما اراها يحنا الطاهر تركها. ثم انه بكى على اهل المدينة ٥ ثم ذهب من هناك حتى راد على أربعة ابوابها ٥ وكل ذلك يرا مثال الاول ٥ وفيما هو قايم على الباب الاخرى ابصر عجوزة قايمة قدام الصنم وتسجد له ٥ فقال لها يحنا ايها الامراة من هذا الصنم الذى انت تسجدين له ٥ فقالت له هذا الصنم التى تراه ٥ هى ارطيمس الالهة التى 20 نزلت من السما وهى التى ترزق اناس عامة ٥ فلعنبا يحنا الطاهر وقال لها هدى فانك قد ذهب عقلك بذهابح الاوثان. مثل هذه الهة الشيطان ٥ فلما سمعت كلامه العجوز طاطت الى الارض فملت يدها تراب ورمته فى وجه ٥ حينئذ تبعد القديس قليلا وسجد على الارض وصرخ الى ربه وقال يا رب اسمع صلاتي ٥ ويسر لى الدخول الى هذه المدينة لاكون فى 25 موضع بهواك. وانه دخل من الجانب الايمن من باب المدينة فنظر هناك حمام فصار اليه ٥ واذا ثم رجل يقال له سنقدس ٥ فكلمه يحنا البشير

١ Cod. الذى

٢ Cod. حينئذ

٣ Cod. سنقدس *passim*

هذه قصة يحنا بن زبدى كاروز الانجيل وحبيب ربنا المسيح احد الانبا
 عشر تلميذ صلواته نحفظنا امين Cod. Sin.
 Arab. ٤39
 f. 96 b, l. 9

لما حلت روح القدس على التلاميذ يوم العنصرة امتلوا من روح القدس
 وذلك بعد صعود ربنا المسيح الى السما ٥ فتكلموا جميع الالسن افترقوا في
 جميع البلدان وبشروا حق بشرا صدق المسيح كلمة الله لكيما يؤمنون 5
 الناس ٥ ثم ان سمعان الصفا ابتدا بالكلام ٥ ثم قالوا جميع ان المسيح قد
 امرنا قبل صعوده الى السما وقال اخرجوا باجمعكم فبشروا الناس واعمدوهم
 على اسم الاب والابن وروح القدس ٥ فمن امن يحيا ٥ ومن يسجد
 يدان ٥ ^١ فينبغا لنا ان نفترق في البلدان كلها وتسمع عباد الاوثان ^٢ الذين
 الشياطين ساكنة فيهم ونطأ ^١ العدو بارجلنا ولكل قواته ٥ فلما تموا الرسل هذا 10
 الكلام فارق بعضهم لبعض ٥ فلما خرج يحنا بن زبدى الرسول من اورشليم
 صحبته نعمة الرب ٥ وكانت قرعته قد خرجت الى افسس المدينة ٥ وكان
 معه صليب وانه بعد ثلث ايام نصبه في الارض قدامه وسجد يحنا ٥ وصلا
 وقال يا ربي والهي يسوع المسيح الان قد تم وعدك لنا واعطينا كمسرتك ٥
 وانجيتنا من شعل وانك منجينا في اى وقت ذكرنا مولدك الذى كان من 15
 العذرى ٥ ومشيتك بين الناس ٥ وارتفاعك على الصليب ٥ وموتك ومدخلك
 القبر ٥ وقيامتك بعد ثلاثة ايام ٥ وطلوعك الى ابيك فى السما ٥ فلان اعطينا
 الغلبة على الشيطان ^١ العدو ٥ وانا ماضى الى البلد الذى يسرت لى بنعمتك
 المحبوبة لكيما ارد الناس عن طفئانهم ويقبلوا روح القدس الذى خرج من
 عند ابيك وحل بنا ٥ ويخرب اوثان الطاغوت وابنى لك فى مدينة الاصنام 20
 هيكل لكرامتك ٥ فلما تم يحنا بن زبدى صلاته ٥ اجابه السيد من السما
 قائلا قد احببتك وليس اخييك ٥ ولا ادعك بيديهم ٥ انا معكم اجمعين الى
^١منتها العالم ولا تخاف يا بن زبدى اذهب فاكرز ولا تهتم بما تعمل وبما
 تتكلم ٥ وعند تمام كلام الرب قام يحنا من صلاته وسار وهو طيب النفس

cf. Matt.
 xxviii. 19
 Mark xvi.
 15, 16
 f. 97 a

¹ sic

² Cod. الذى

امين ○ فلما تم القديس صلواته مد يده اليسرى ومسك يده اليمنى^١ التي
 قطعت واصقها مكانها ○ فعادت صحيحة كما كانت بقوة سيدنا والهنا يسوع
 المسيح ○ فلما نظر الملك الى هذا العجب هو وكل من حضر بهتوا وقالوا ○
 انظروا الى قوة فعل هذا الساحر ○ قال له القديس حاش لله ان
 5 اكون ساحرا ○ وانما اردت ان تعرف قوة سيدي يسوع المسيح ○ وليس اكره
 موت هذا العالم ○ فعاد القديس ومسك يده اليمنى بيده اليسرى وجعلها
 مقطوعة ○ فلما رأى اناطولى الوزير هذا العجب امن بالرب يسوع المسيح ○
 هو وزوجته واهل بيته وجميع عبيده ○ وعددهم مائتين وسبعة وستين انسانا ○
 فامر الملك ان تكتب اسماؤهم واوجب عليهم القضية ان تضرب اعناقهم فى
 10 يوم واحد ○ وكان ذلك فى ثمانية عشر يوما من شهر بابه ○ وامر بالقديس
 لوقا ان يضرب رقبته ويجعل فى كر شعر ويملا رمل ويطرح فى البحر ○
 فلما سمع الطوبان هذه القضية ○ خرجوا به الى شاطئ البحر لياخذوا راسه ○
 فقال للشرط اسلكم بحق بعضكم على بعض ان تصبروا علي قليلا حتى
 اصلى الى الهى ○ ودعا هكذا وقال سيدي يسوع المسيح الذى خلق كل
 15 شى بحكمته كاردته السما والارض والبحر وكل شى يدب فيهما ○ اعطى
 عبدك قوة وهب له غفران واجعل بى قسر وحظ مع ابي بطرس ○ فلما تم
 القديس صلواته تقدم اليه واحد من الشرط اعور بعين واحدة ○ فتقدم الى
 القديس لياخذ راسه ○ عند ذلك انفتحت عينه ○ فخر على الارض وقال
 للقديس اغفر لى يا عبد الله الصالح فقد اخطأت اليك ○ وان السيف اختلط
 20 سيفه وضرب راس القديس لوقا فابراها من جسمه ○ والشرطى الاخر الذى
 انفتحت عينه ○ وثما شهادتهما جميعا وتركوا جسد القديس لوقا فى كر شعر ونقلوه
 وطرحوه فى البحر ○ وقدر الله جل جلاله ان طرحته الامواج الى جزيرة ○
 فوجده رجل مومن بالله فاخرجه ودرجه فى كفن رفيع ○ وتمت شهادة
 القديس لوقا الانجيلى فى ثمانية عشر يوما من تشرين الاول ○ فى عهد
 25 نارون الملك اللعين ○ لسيدنا وخلصنا يسوع المسيح الملك والقدرة والتسييح
 والتمجيد والقدس والمملكة الذى لا يزول الى الابد ودهر الداهرين امين

^١ الذى Cod.^٢ هكذى Cod.

f. 206 b صار محب مصطفى من الله فى كل شى وفيما لوقا التلميذ على مثل هذه الحال ٥ وصلوا جند الملك الى المدينة ومسكوا القديس وساروا به الى رومية الى حضرة الملك وهو مقيد ٥ وكان القديس لوقا يبارك اسر الله فى نفسه ٥ فامر الملك ان يحبس فى السجن الى الغداة ٥ فلما كان الغد امر به ان يحضر فتوقف بين يديه وهو مقيد ٥ وكان لا يفتر من التسابيح فى كل 5 حين ويقول اشكرك يا سيدي يسوع المسيح انك اهلتنى لهذا الموقف الكريم ٥ فلما بلغ الى الملك ٥ قال له انت لوقا الذى قد افتنت جميع مداين الروم ٥ وابطلت عبادة الالهة بسحرك ٥ اجابه القديس لوقا وقال له سيدنا يسوع المسيح قال فى انجيله المقدس ٥ اذا طردتم وقيل فيكم كل كلمة بطالة من اجل اسمي افرحوا اتهجوا ان اجركم كبير فى السما ٥ 10 اعمال ابي بطرس اعمال جيدة هى التى تعلمتها منه ٥ فاما السحر فما اعرفه ٥ والذى اعرفه اسر سيدي يسوع المسيح ٥ قال الملك لجميع من حضر من اهل مملكتي لا يذكر اسر يسوع فى مجلسي ٥ فعند تسميته اسر يسوع المسيح بسرعة سقط جميع الصور والطلاسمات التى كانت فى مجلسه f. 207 a

1 التى يظن انهم الهة ٥ فلما رأى الملك وجميع من حضره القوة التى عملها 15 القديس لوقا صاحوا وقالوا اخرجوا هذا من بلادنا ٥ فامر الملك من تلك الساعة ان ينصب للعذاب ٥ وان يضرب بالسياط حتى يسيل دمه مثل الهاء على الارض وامر ان يقطع ساعده الايمن فضرب ساعده ضربة فقطعه ٥ فقال له الملك هذه اليد التى كنت تكتب بها الكتب التى تضل بها الروم اهل مملكتي ٥ قال له القديس لوقا لا تظن ان الهى ضعيف انا اريك قدرته فدعا 20 وقال سيدي يسوع المسيح الذى رفضنا بالعالم وتبعناه انت مخلص النفوس ٥ لا تحسب على ما جرى منى من الزلزال ما اعلم وما لا اعلم ٥ لانى بشر ولا تفعل هذه القوة التى اسلك من اجلي انا الخاطى ٥ بل لاسمك القدوس وقوتك العالية ابيلا يقولوا الامر اين البهر الذى يدعوه ٥ اعطى هذه الموهبة لعبدك ان يعود ساعدي كما كان صحيح لان لك القوة الى دهر الداهرين 25

- f. 205 b من قدام الملك ٥ وقد اضل كثير من اهل المدينة ٥ والبلاد ٥ عند ذلك ٥
وقف يهودى اسمه اسحق وبين 'فى' جماعة اليهود الذين فى تلك الكورة ٥
وقال كنت قبل ان احضر الى هذه البلاد فى اورشليم عند رجل خير اسمه
عمانكيل ٥ فكان روبا الشعب حنا وقيافا والاكسندرس ودقاليوس ٥ قد مسكوا
5 رجل يسا يسوع وحكموا عليه بالموت وعلقوه على الصليب وقتلوه وتركوه
فى القبر وقام من بين الاموات فى اليوم الثالث ٥ هو الذى هذا الرجل الذى
اسمه لوقا ينادى باسمه ٥ اجابه كل الشعب بصوت واحد ٥ وقالوا كيف هذا
الذى اسمه يسوع ٥ وكيف قدر ان قام من الاموات ٥ وعند تسميتهم اسم
يسوع فى البريا سقطت الاصنام كلها وتكرت ٥ مثل الخزف ٥ فلما رات
10 الكهنة هلاك التبر شقوا ثيابهم وتتفوا شعورهم وخرجوا الى مدينة رومية
يستغيثوا الى الملك قايلىن ما اكثر السحر الذى يعمل بهذا الاسر الذى
يدعا يسوع ٥ قال لهر الملك ان كل من يؤمن بهذا الاسر فى جميع بلادى
f. 206 a قتلهم الا واحد يسمى لوقا ٥ وانه خلص من يدي. اجابه الجماعة ان
هوذا هو فى بلادنا قد اضل سكانها بتعليمه الايمان بيسوع ٥ وهو فى المدينة
15 يشفى الاعلا من كل اصناف العلل شفا كثير ٥ فلما سمع الملك غضب جدا
وصر باسنانه ٥ وامر ان بعض من قواده ومايتان من الجند ٥ يخرجوا اليه
ويحضروه ٥ وكان القديس لوقا جالس يعلم الجماعة بوصايا الانجيل ٥ فلما
تم كلامه افرقوا الجماعة الى صناعيهم ٥ فقام القديس وخرج الى البحر ٥
فلقى على شاطئ البحر شيخا جالسا لصيد السمك ٥ فقال احضرنى حتى
20 اكلمك بها يجب ان تفعله ٥ فلما قرب اليه فنظر الى موهبة الله التى فى
وجهه خر وسجد له ٥ فاقامه القديس وقال له هذا الملك قد وجه الي اصحابه
وجنده يحضرونى اليه ٥ وقد علمت انه يامر بقتلى. فقد تمت مشيئة الله
جل اسمه ٥ وهذه المصاحف اخذها واتركها فى منزلك فى موضع طاهر وهى
تعلمك طريق الحياة. فتسلم منه الرجل المصاحف بامانة وحلت عليه قوة
25 الله وصار ينادى باسم الله فى كل موضع ٥ وكان اسمه ثيلاوس ٥ وانه

من بني اخطاء الجماعة فان هوذا هو في بيته فنادى
 اصعدوا فانا نعلمه الايمان يسبحه وقد في القدر
 فيق بالاعلمة لا اضاف العلال شفا لثبته وكما سمع
 الملك غضب حبل وصر باسنانه وامر ان يعذب من اراد
 وما تليق من الحق فخرجوا اليه وخضعوا له وان القديس
 لم يلقا الشيعي الجماعة يومها بالاجل فلما ان دلالة
 اقرقر الجماعة الى ضابطة فقام القديس وخرج الى
 المحفوظ على شاطئ البحر شيخا الى الصديق فقال
 احضري حتى انك يا شيخا ان تفعل هذا اقرب اليه
 فنظر الى هويته الله التي في وجهه خرد وسجد له
 فاقبله القديس وقال له هذا الملك قد وجه الى محابه
 وجده خضر وفي اليوم قد علم ان يصام يقبلي وقد
 كنت مشبه الله حل اسمه وهذه المصاحف حذها
 وانزلها في مثل ذلك موضع طاهر وهي تعظم طوبى
 الحيوة فقل لمنه الرجل المصاحف ليلانه وحل عليه
 قوة الله وما زبادي باسم الله في كل موضع ودان
 اسمه ثبته وبني ولله صاري مصطفي من ليله في كل شيء

هذه شهادة لوقا الانجيلي وكانت في ثمانية عشر يوما من تشرين الاول بسلام
الرب يسوع المسيح امين

كان لها اقساموا التلاميذ مدن العالم كان سهر بطرس مدينة رومية ⊙ وكان
بعض التلاميذ مقيم عنده ⊙ هذه اسماوهم طيطس من مدينة الجليل ⊙ ولوقا
من مدينة انطاكية ⊙ فلما تنجح الطوبان بطرس برومية في زمان نارون 5
الملك ⊙ افترقوا ينادوا بانجيل الرب يسوع المسيح في جميع تلك البلاد ⊙ وان
نارون قيصر الملك قبض على بولس واخذ راسه في رومية ⊙ فاما لوقا فانه
استنفر عن وجه الملك ⊙ وكان ينادى في البلاد وكل المدن التي في تلك
السواحل ⊙ وكان كاتب بطرس يكتب في جميع اعماله الصالحة التي ينادى
بها باسم الرب يسوع المسيح ⊙ وعجايب كثيرة اجراها الله على يده ⊙ الاعلا 10
شفاهم ⊙ والعمى فتم اعينهم ⊙ والعرج مشوا ⊙ والبرص طهرهم ⊙ والصم جعلهم
يسمعون ⊙ وجميع العلل المختلفة كان يشفيهم باسم سيدنا والاهنا يسوع
المسيح ⊙ فلما خرج سماعه في تلك البلاد كثروا المومنين فيها على
يديه ⊙ وبنا كنائس كثيرة وديارات في كل موضع والذين امنوا بسيدنا يسوع
المسيح كانوا في كل يوم يكثرنا وهم ملازمون للعبادة والتعليم الذي للقديس 15
لوقا ⊙ فلما ارادوا كهنة برباى الاصنام حسن ايمان الامر داخلهم الشيطان
فتوامروا هم واليهود سكان تلك البلاد ⊙ واجتمعوا في البربى الذي في المدينة
العظمى² التي في تلك البلاد وكان في عشرين يوما من توت ⊙ فلما
اجتمعوا مع اليهود الى البربا زينوا الكهنة اصنامهم³ بالصور والمصابيح وجميع
الطيب ⊙ وحضروا جميع اشراف البلاط وروسا البلاط جلسوا على الكراسى 20
فقدم كبير كهنتهم وقال قد دخل الى مديتنا سحرة من الاثنا عشر رجل
والذين من السبعين الذين جعلهم يسوع الذي يدعا المسيح له تلاميذ
واكروا من العجايب في كل موضع وانقاد الى تعليمهم كل الروم ⊙ من
كثرة خديعتهم وسحرهم وقد قتل منهم نارون الملك جماعة ⊙ وهذا لوقا فر

¹ Cod. راو

² Cod. الذى

³ Cod. بالسور

والحراس نيام على الابواب ٥ اذا ضا الحبس وصارت زلزلة عظيمة ٥ وملاك
 الرب نزل من السما فمسه وقال له يا عبد الله مرقس قد ١ كتب اسمك في
 سفر الحياة في السما ٥ وذكرك لا ينسا الى الابد والملائكة لروحك يحفظوا ٥
 وعظامك لا تنزل في الارض ٥ هذا المنظر ٢ راى مرقس ٥ ورفع يديه الى السما
 5 وقال اشكرك يا ربي يسوع المسيح لانك لم ترفضني بل اهلتنى ان اكون مع
 دسلك ٥ اسلك يا سيدي يسوع المسيح ان تقبل روحي بسلام ٥ ولا تحرمني
 نعمتك ٥ فلما تم دعاه ظهر له الرب يسوع المسيح كما كان ٣ يتراى بالتلاميذ
 بالنور الذى تأخذ الاوجاع ٥ وقال له السلام لك يا مرقس البشير ٥ اجاب مرقس
 الطوبان وقال السبح لك يا يسوع المسيح سيدي ٥ فلما كان الغد اجتمعوا
 10 ايضا جماعة اهل المدينة ٥ واخرجوه من الحبس وجعلوا في رقبته حبل وكانوا
 يجره ايضا ويقولوا جبروا الجاموس الى الحقل ٥ وكانوا يجره الطوبان
 مرقس وهو يشكر الله اكثر من اول مرة الاله القوى ٥ وقال فى يديك اسلم
 f. 204 a روحي يا رب ٥ وحينئذ اسلم الطوبان مرقس روحه ٥ وان جماعة الحنفا اوقدوا
 نار ليحرقوا جسده ٥ ومن تدبير الرب يسوع المسيح كانت غيرة عظيمة وريح
 15 عاصف جدا ٥ حتى تغطا شعاع الشمس ٥ وصوت رعد عظيم ٥ وكان مطر وندا
 مع برد الى السما ٥ حتى جرت الاودية وهلك خلق من الحنفا ٥ وفزعوا وتركوا
 عظام القديس وهربوا ٥ فاتوا رجال مختارين من الكهنة واخذوا جسد الطوبان
 من حيث كان ملقا ٥ وصاروا به الى الموضع الذى كانوا يتموا فيه
 الصلاة ٥ وكان هذا الطاهر ربع القامة ٥ اشهل العينين عظيم الحواجب ٥ جعد
 20 الشعر ٥ ممتلى من النعمة الالهية ٥ فجنزوه الكهنة ودفنوه مثل سنة المدينة .
 وصبروه فى موضع منقور ٥ وصنعوا له ذكرا بالمسبح وتهليل ٥ وصبروه فى
 شرقى المدينة ٥ وتالم الطوبان مرقس البشير الاول ٥ فى الاسكندرية التى فى
 ناحية مصر ٥ وتم شهادته على اسم ربنا يسوع المسيح ٥ فى خمسة وعشرين
 f. 204 b يوم من شهر نيسان ٥ ومن اشهر الروم فى ابرلس ٥ ومن اشهر القبط فى
 25 برمودة ٥ على ايام ملك اغايون طباريوس قيصر ٤ من اجل ٤ ذلك يسبح الاب
 والابن وروح القدس من الان والى دهر الداهرين امين ٥

١ Cod. ايتيت ٢ Cod. ارا ٣ Cod. يترا ٤ Cod. منجل *passim*

العالم هي حماقة عند الله ٥ فامن الرجل بالله بكلام مرقس ٥ وصار يفعل
العجايب والايات واضاء هو وجميع اهل بيته ٥ وكان يقال للرجل انيانوس
١ ومن اجله ١ امن بالرب خلق عظيم ٥ وسمعوا اهل المدينة بان انسان جليلي
قدم ٥ فقالوا قد صار في هذه المدينة انسان يبطل ذبايح الالهة وعبادتها ٥
فطلبوه ليقتلوه وجعلوا له كهنا ٥ وفخاخ ٥ وعلم الطوبان مرقس بما عزموا 5
عليه ٥ فصير انيانوس اسقف ومعه ثلاثة قسوس ٥ يقال الاول مليون ٥ واصابينس
وكردونا ٥ وسبعة شمامسة ٥ واقام احدى عشر في خدمة الكنيسة ٥ واخذهم
وفر معهم الى تلك الخمس مدن ومكث هناك سنتين وقوا الاخوة واقام عليهم
ايضا اساقفة وكهنة في جميع الخمسة مدن ٥ ورجع الى الاسكندرية ٥ فوافا
هولايك الاخوة قد اضاوا بنعمة الله ٥ وبنوا لهم كنيسة ٢ التي على شط 10
البحر لسفل من الخليج ٥ وفرح الصديق بعمله وخر ساجدا وسبح الله ٥
ومكث هناك حيناً ٥ وكثروا المومنين بالمسيح وكانوا يتهزوا بالحنفا وعباد
f. 203 a ٥ وعلموا الحنفا بامور النصارى واغتاظوا عليهم جدا ٢ من اجل ٣ العجايب
التي كانوا يصنعوا للمرضى كانوا يبروا ٥ وللبرص ينقوا ٥ والصم يسمعون ٥
وللعريان يبصروا ٥ فهموا بهلاك مرقس البشير ٥ ولم يقدرروا عليه ٥ وكانوا يصروا 15
ألسنهم باسنانهم من الحرد ٥ فاجتمعوا في هيكل اوثنهم وكانوا يصيحوا
ويقولون كيف لنا بذلك المجوسى ٥ فحضر الطوبان مرقس يوم احد الفصح
المقدس ٥ وكان ذلك في تسعة وعشرين يوما من برمودة ٥ وكانوا الحنفا
يطلبوه ولم يجدوه قديما ٥ ففي ذلك اليوم وافوه رسل الجماعة وهو قاير تقدم
صلاة الهية في وقت القداس ٥ فاخذوه وجعلوا في رقبته حبل ٥ وكانوا 20
يجروه على الارض والبلاط ٥ ويقولون جروا الجموس الى الحقل ٥ وكان
مرقس القديس يحمد وهو يشكر المسيح قايل اشكرك يا ربي يسوع المسيح لانى
استاهل من اجل اسمك هذا الوجع ٥ وكان لحمه يتناثر على الارض ٥ ودمه
يسيل على البلاط والحجارة يبتل من دمه ٥ وعند المسا القوه في الحبس
f. 203 b ليتفكروا باى موت يهلكوه ٥ فلما كان نصف الليل والابواب مغلقة عليه ٥ 25

١ Cod. ومنجله

٢ Cod. الذى

٣ Cod. منجل passim

الاب والابن وروح القدس ☉ وظهرت عليهم النعمة وعزم على المسير الى الاسكندرية ليبذر الزرع الجيد من خزائن كلمة الله الالهية ☉ وانه ودع الاخوة وسلم عليهم وقال لهم الرب قال لي في الرويا اذهب الى مدينة الاسكندرية ☉ فتباركوا الاخوة منه واركبوه في مركب فقالوا له الرب يسوع المسيح يكون معك في جميع طرقك ☉ وان الطوبان مرقس في اليوم الثاني وصل الى الاسكندرية فنزل من لمركب ودخل الى ¹[موضع يقال له خمس مدن ومن هناك دخل الى] المدينة وفي ذلك الموضع انشق نعله ☉ وان الطوبان السليح نظر الى انسان يخرز الخلقان ويرم ☉ فدفع اليه نعله ليصلحه ☉ وفيما الخراز يخرز في نعله انغرز الشفا في يده الشمال بجره ☉ فقال بسم الله واحد هو 10 الله ☉ فلما سمع الطوبان مرقس الخراز يقول واحد هو الله ☉ قال في نفسه الرب هيا طريقي ☉ فبزق من ساعته في الارض ☉ وعجن طين ببزاقه ولطخ يد ذلك الخراز ☉ وقال باسم الرب يسوع المسيح بن الله الحي الى الابد ☉ وان الرجل هذا رجع يده من ساعته وبهرى ☉ وتفهم قوة الكلمة وعلم انه f. 202 a غريب ليس هو من البلد ☉ فقال له اسلك يا رجل ان تجي وتنزل في بيت عبدك لناكل خبز جميع لانك فعلت بي اليوم رحمة ☉ ففرح مرقس الطوبان فقال الرب يعطيك خبز الحياة من السما ☉ وان الرجل اخذ السليح وصار به الى منزله بفرح . فلما دخل القديس مرقس منزل الخراز . قال الرب يحل بركة هاهنا ☉ فصلوا جميع وبعد الصلاة اتكوا واكلوا وشربوا وفرحوا جدا ☉ فقال الرجل صاحب البيت "يا ابي" احب منك ان تخبرني من انت ☉ وايش هذه 20 الكلمة القوية التي سمعت منك ☉ فقال له القديس مرقس انا عبد الرب يسوع المسيح بن الله الحي ☉ فقال له الرجل فقد اشتهيت ان اراه ☉ قال له الطوبان مرقس انا اخبرك به ☉ فبدأ مرقس القديس يكرز وقال ابتدا انجيل يسوع المسيح بن الله بن داود بن ابراهيم ☉ وعرفه ايضا من الانبيا ☉ فقال له الخراز يا سيدي ما سمعت انا قط بهذا الكتاب الذي تركز انت به سوف 25 يحكموا بنى الاقباط ☉ وجعل الطوبان مرقس يخبره بالمسيح ☉ وقال له حكمة

¹ In margine² Cod. يابي

انتهت شهادة يعقوب وتليها قصص نقلتها من نسخة قديمة في دير طور سينا
جبل الله

هذه شهادة مرقس الانجيلي بالاسكندرية في تمام ثلاثين سنة الالام سيدنا
المخلص يسوع المسيح وكان تمام شهادته وجهاده في الخامس وعشرين من
شهر نيسان بسلام الرب امين f. 201 a Cod. Sin. Arab. 539

ان ربنا يسوع المسيح كلمة الاب الذي هو قبل الدهور ٥ الذي ¹من اجلنا
تجسد وهو الاله الذي جبلنا ٥ وهو الذي خلص بنى البشر وبنعمته دبرهم ٥
وظهر للتلاميذ ٥ الابرار عند قيامته من الموت ٥ وقال لهم اذهبوا فتلمذوا الدنيا
وجميع الامم ٥ واعمدوهم على اسم الاب والابن وروح القدس ٥ فافترقوا في
المدن والقرا ٥ واقتسموا بينهم جميع العالم ٥ ومنهم رجل كان يقال له مرقس ٥ ¹⁰
فخرجت قرعته الى مصر ٥ فخرج يكرز انجيل سيدنا يسوع المسيح كما امره
الطوبانين السليحين عمد الكنيسة المقدسة ٥ وان هذا القديس ابتدا بلوبية وما
حولها من المدن يبشر ويكرز انجيل مخلصنا المسيح ٥ وكان جميع اهل
هذه البلد كلها عباد الاوثان سكارى بكل نجس مشتغلين بالطمث هالكين
باعمال ⁸العدو ٥ فكرز الطوبان مرقس البشير بقوة الرب يسوع المسيح واضاهم في ¹⁵
تلك الخمس مدن في الابتدا كلمهم بكلمة الله ٥ وعجايب كثيرة فعل عندهم
لمرضاهم اشفا لبرصهم نقا ٥ والارواح السوا طرد بنعمة الرب ٥ وكثير امنوا
f. 201 b
⁸من اجله ٥ بربنا يسوع المسيح ٥ وعلى المقام حطم اوثانهم واعمدهم باسم

¹ منجلنا Cod. ² العدو Cod. ³ منجله Cod.

سمعوا هذا القول افتضحوا قدام الشعب وامتلوا على يعقوب غضبا ٠ فعادوا وصاحوا اليه قائلين عرفنا يسوع بن من هو ٠ قال لهم ابن الله بالحقيقه الاب جل اسمه الذى ولده قبل كل الدهور وهو هو الذى ولدته مريم العذرى فى اخر الزمان ٠ انا امن به وبابيه الازلى وروح القدس الثالوث المساويه 5 الدايمة الى اخر الدهور ٠ فلما سمعوا الروسا والكنهه والكتاب والفريسين هذا القول منه صرخوا عليه باسنانهم ٠ وسدوا اذانهم لئلا يسمعو كلام الله عز وجل من فم القديس يعقوب وتشاؤروا باجمعهم وقالوا ببس ما صنعنا لانا جعلناه f. 151 b يشهد للشعب كله ان يسوع هو المسيح ابن الله ولكن نصعد اليه ونقتله لئلا يؤمن الشعب كله بالمسيح ٠ وتمت نبوه اشعيا النبى اذ قال ربط¹ الصديق 10 لا يعسر¹ ان يصير مسيح علينا وياكلوا ثمار اعمالهم السيئه ٠ فصعدوا اليه بغضب فطرحوه ورجموه ٠ وانه خر على وجهه وجثا على ركبتيه مثل استافانس اول الشهدا وهو¹ يدعوا الى الله اله الرحمة قايلا يا اله الرحمة اغفر لهم انهم ما عرفوا ما يعملوه ورجموه وهو¹ يدعوا هاكذا ٠ وواحد من الكهنه من بنى اخاب يشهد عليه ارميا النبى صرخ لهم قايلا ترفقوا على¹ قليلا ما هذا الذى 15 تفعلوه برجل الله الصالح هو يدعوا له عز وجل ان يغفر لكم ٠ وان واحد منهم قصار لم يلتفت الى قوله فاخذ العود الذى يضرب به الثياب فضرب به راس يعقوب الصديق فاسلم روحه فى ثمازيه عشر يوماً ابيب ٠ وتمت شهادته وقبر تحت حيطان الهيكل وكان يعقوب الصديق تلميذ وشهيد واسقف من f. 152 a اليهود ومات على اسم سيد يسوع المسيح ٠ ومن بعد موته حل بكل اليهود سكان اورشليم رجز عظيم ٠ وكان اكثر ذلك على الذين كانوا السبب فى قتل يعقوب التلميذ ٠ وحاط بهم اسباسيانوس ونهبهم وسباهم وكل يوم يزداد ذلهم بسبب سو فعلهم بالسيد يسوع المسيح الملك وقديسه ٠ فيكون لنا النصارى كلنا الذين دعينا بالاسم الجديد ان نجد رحمه ومغفره فى الموقف الفرع حتى ياتى الرب يسوع المسيح يدين الاحيا والاموات ٠ الذى له السبح والمجد من الان والى كل اوان والى دهر الداهرين ٠ امين ٠ امين ٠ امين ٠ 25

فى حمام ولم يلبس ثوب واما عمره كله مشتمل بازار وهو فى الهيكل كل حين مدمن على الصلاة والتضرع الى الله جل اسمه ليغفر خطايا الشعب حتى ان قدميه تورما من كثرة الوقوف والسجود فلماذا السبب دعى يعقوب الصديق وكل اليهود لعنهم الله يعرفوا انه صديق طاهر وهو عندهم بمنزله الاتقيا .
وهذا يعقوب هو اصغر اولاد يوسف النجار وكان ليوسف اربعة اولاد ذكور وبنتين 5 وان جميع بنى يوسف تزوجوا الا يعقوب هذا فانه كان يتيم من امه . فلما خطبت السيدة مريم ليوسف وجدت يعقوب وهو فى بيته صغير وانها ربه وعلمته مخافه الله ولهذا تدعى السيدة مريم ام يعقوب . فلما صار اسقف بيورشليم امن كثير من الناس على يديه بالرب يسوع المسيح لمعرفتهم بطهارته . وكان اضطراب كثير بين اليهود والكتاب والفريسيين . لان الشعب 10 f. 150b كان يقول ان يعقوب هو المسيح . وانهم تقدموا الى يعقوب فارادوا يمكنوا به وقالوا له نحن نسلك ان تقدس على الشعب كله لانهم مشكين فى يسوع انه المسيح الاتى وهذا الشعب كله يحضر الى يورشليم فى الفصح كلمهم وطيب نفوسهم لانا نعلم انك ليس تقول شى من الكذب والشعب كله يقبل قولك وانت عندهم مثل نبي ونحن نشهد لهم بكل صلاحك ونعرفهم ان ليس 15 عندك شى من الريا فاجيب سوانا فالكل يقبلوا منك تصعد الى علو الهيكل لتوقف حتى يسمع الشعب كله قولك . هذه اسباط بنى اسرائيل قد سعدوا وكثير من الامر وان كل الكتاب والفريسيين يريدوا ان يقول لهم يعقوب ان يسوع هو بن يوسف وهو اخوه . وانهم امروا منادى ان يامر الجماعة بالسكوت ويسمعوا كلام يعقوب الصديق . وصاحوا كلمهم يجب علينا ان نسمع 20 ولا نخالف . لان الشعب كله طالين من سو فعالهم واليهود² مشتاقين الى الايمان بيسوع المسيح الذى صلب فاعلمنا ايها الصديق من هو يسوع الهلك . اجاب يعقوب بصوت عال وقال لهم لم تسالونى بسبب محب البشر . هودا هو جالس فى عظمتة عن يمين الاب وهو الذى ياتى على سحاب السما يدين الاحياء والاموات . فامنوا اكثر الشعب لما سمعوا من يعقوب 25 وسبحوا للسيد المسيح قايلين اوصنا لابن داود . وان الكهنه والفريسيين لما

¹ Cod. فع ///² sic (؟ضالين من سو فعال اليهود)

- f. 149 a طلبها ولم تعطى مرادها لان الله جل وعز عارف بما لها فيه من الخير. وفى بعض الايام قامت الامراء المومنه لما بلغها من فضل القديس يعقوب فى ديانته وان الله جلت قدرته حال معه فى كل اعماله قامت بفرح وابتهاج ودخلت الى القديس يعقوب وهى صحيحه الامانه ان الله سبحانه بدعا 5 القديس يعطيها مرادها فلما عرف القديس ان ثاوسطى زوجه الاركون تريد الدخول اليه تتبارك به كثر تعجبه وقال هذا شى¹ كبير لانه يعرف شر زوجها. فاذن لها بالدخول اليه فلما دخلت اليه خرت ساجده تحت قدميه وقالت انا اسلك ايها الاب القديس ان تقبل امتك وتسمع كلامها. ان لى مع زوجى عشرين سنه لم ارزق ولد انا حزينه جدا لهذا الحال قال لها القديس يعقوب 10 تومنى ان سيدنا يسوع المسيح يقدر يرزقك ولد اجابته من كل قلبها وقالت له انا اومن. فقال لها ان كنتى تامنى فيكون لك كاماتك وانها سلمت عليه وسلمت اليه بركه كانت معها ليفرقها على اهل الحاجه وتباركت منه وعادت الى منزلها. وكانت تمجد الله وتكثر ذكر القديس. ومن بعد ذلك استجاب الله سبحانه دعاها ووهب لها مسلتها فحبلت وولدت ولد ذكر وسهته يعقوب 15 كاسر القديس وانها اخذت ولدها ومال عظيم ودخلت الى القديس وتبركت منه. وقالت يا عبد الله الصالح قد سمع الله دعاك ووهب لى ما طلبته وهو هذا الولد الذى تراه على يدى وهو بركه دعاك وانا اسالك ايها القديس تبارك عليه. فاخذه القديس من يدها وبارك عليه من كل قلبه ورده الى والدته ورداها الى بيتها بسلام. فلما بلغ الاركون زوجها مثل هذا غضب 20 غضباً شديداً لسبب ما فعلته زوجته. وجمع اليه اشراف المدينه وقال لهم انتم غافلين وهذا الاسقف افسد علينا المدينه واضل جميع اهلها. ويريد ان يكون كل من حوالينا فى امانته وتعليمه وانهم قاموا كلهم وتشاوروا ما الذى نفعله به قال قوم منهم قد قرب العيد فان كنتم تريدوا² من يرصده فى الهيكل لان قد كان كثيراً سهوا يعقوب ولم يكن يعقوب الصديق فيهم الا 25 هذا لان الله انتخبه من بطن امه كارميا النبى لم يشرب الخمر طول ايام حياته ولم ياكل طعام يخرج منه دم ولم يجعل على راسه موس ولم يستحمر

¹ Cod. كشر (sic)² Cod. وجميع³ sic

١٥٨
 بعد الانبياء ان يبعثوا الله تعالى القس الاخوه صلوا
 على الملك ليكنما يقبل الله ويترك له جميع خطاياهم
 فيفعلوا ذلك بفرح واستباحت على ما نظروا من ماله
 الملك بالانبياء في البشر ملك الملوك ورب الارباب واعطاه
 متساو من الملك امانه صبيحه ورجائيات فتشاع ايامه
 وتخلص في جميع البلاد وكان يكرم جميع الاخوه
 تسبح الاب والابن وروح القدس من الله واحد وهو كان تمام
 شهاده القس في ما الرسلون في سنته ايام من تشرين
 الاول والتسبح للاب والابن وروح القدس من الله واحد
 امين
 بعد ان اعطى في الاخلي الى عيسى في يوم الكرم
 يسوع المسيح الامم الرب يسوع المسيح
 كان بطرس واثنا عشر عنده من بلاد الناصرة
 وقد سمعوا بالامانة وحرفوه من شرايع الدين وهاهنا
 الطريق لغيرها متساو وقل بعضهما بعضا الى

هذا العجب سقط تحت قدمي التلميذ وقال لست اهلا ان تدخل بيتي بل
اعلمنى ما اصنع حتى اخلص انا وجميع اهل بيتي¹ [وعند ذلك سبح التلميذ
f. 144a اسم الله سيدنا يسوع المسيح] وقال اشكرك يا سيدي فقد يسرت طريقي وعاد
الى الشيخ وكلمه بكلام الخلاص ووعظه وعرفه اسم الرب يسوع المسيح
ودخل منزله وجمع الشيخ اهله ووعظهم التلميذ وعلمهم الامانة وعندهم⁵
باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس واشركهم فى السراير المقدسة جسد الرب
ودمه الزكى وسمع اهل البلد فقدموا اليه كل الاعلا من اصناف العلل
والمعتربين فشفاهم كلهم وقسم لهم قسا وشمامسة وقسم لهم الشيخ
اسقفا واودعه انجيل الرب يسوع المسيح وخروج يسير فى كل البلاد² التى
حواله الى حول اورشليم ينادى فيها ولما امنوا رجع الى اورشليم وحضروا¹⁰
اليه كلهم وهم يسبحون الرب يسوع المسيح واباه وروح القدس الثالث
المقدس من الان والى دهر الداهرين امين

هذه شهادة يعقوب اخو الرب التى تمها فى ثالث وعشرين من تشرين الاول
Cod. Vat. Arab. 694 f. 148 b
بسلام الرب امين ✠

ولما عاد يعقوب الصديق المبارك اخو الرب الى يورشليم ونادا فيهم باسم الرب¹⁵
يسوع المسيح فى تلك المدينة امن به كثير من العجايب والقوات التى
اجراها الله على يديه تبارك اسمه اهله الرب لدرجه الاسقفية باورشليم فلما صار
اسقف واظهر الله على يديه شفا كثير من الامراض وكان اركون المدينة
يحب المال جدا وكان يبغض القديس مما يريه الشيطان لعنه الله عليهم ✠
ولم يكن له⁴ ولد لان الله جل ذكره كان يودبه لكثرة خطاياهم ✠ فاما²⁰
زوجته كانت تطلب الى الله سبحانه ان يرزقها ولدا وكانت تفعل الخير مع
كل محتاج ولا تقطع صدقتها عن البيع المقدسه بغير علم زوجها لكثرة شره
وفى بعض الايام كانت حزينه جدا مما بقلبها من طلب الولد ولما كثر

والد Cod. sic³ الذى Cod.² e Cod. Par. 81, f. 162 b, l. 5.

- ان ينادى فى اورشليم وكل كورتها بالانجيل المقدس عند ذلك سجد للرب وقال انت يا رب تعرف ان اليهود يطلبون قتلنا لما نادينا بقيامتك وانجيلك المقدس ولست اخالف امرك ولا السهم الذى خرج لي الا انى اعلم ان اليهود لا يسمعون قولى الذى اقله لهم واسلك يا رب ان ترسلنى الى الامر 5 مثل اخوتي وانا افعل كل ما تامرنى به واحتمل كل ما يحل بى من الالام لاجل اسمك اجاب [ربنا وقال ليعقوب] لا بد ان تنادى فى الموضع الذى خرج فى سهمك هوذا بطرس مختاري جعلته يهتم بكمر ولا بد لك ان تصير اسقف اورشليم ويسمع كلامك ويتم جهادك الجيد ويكون قبرك فيها فقم وتمر ما امرتك به قال له يعقوب يكون ابى بطرس معاونى لى وانا 10 احتمل كل ما يحل بى لاجل اسمك الكريم واعطاهم الرب السلام وصعد الى السما بمجد وامتلئ التلاميذ فرح بقوة روح القدس وصلوا على جبل الزيتون ثم قال بطرس للتلاميذ سيروا بنا مع اخينا يعقوب حتى نجلسه على كرسى الاسقفية وقام بطرس وكل من معه وبسطوا ايديهم وصلوا وقالوا الله ضابط الكل ومدبر جميع الخليقة استمع لنا انا نعلم انك غير بعيد منا ومن 15 كل كلمة نطلبها اعط اخانا يعقوب القوة ليدبر شعبك الذى اسلمتهم اليه ليدبرهم كما امرت ولما وصلوا اعطوا السلام بعضهم لبعض وادخلوا يعقوب الى اورشليم ونادى باسم الرب يسوع المسيح وامن كثير من اهلها ببشراه ولما نظر اناس من اليهود يعقوب ينادى باسم المسيح ارادوا قتله ولم يجدوا السبيل الى ذلك لاجل الذين امنوا بالرب على يديه ولما علم ذلك خرج 20 الى البلاد التى حول المدينة وبشرهم باسم الرب يسوع المسيح وفى دخوله احدى البلدان وجد شيخا قال له اريد ان تاوينى عندك قال الشيخ ادخل استرح الى الغداة وسار معه التلميذ ليدخل بيته واذا فى الطريق رجل معترى من شيطان لما راى الشيطان يعقوب التلميذ صاح وقال ما لك معنى يا تلميذ يسوع المسيح جيت الى هنا تهلكنى قال له سد فاك ايها الروح 25 النجس واخرج من الرجل فخرج من الانسان للوقت مثل النار ولما راى

f. 143 a

f. 143 b

2c
1
25

يسوع المسيح من تلميذه المنادى باسمه ان يناله مكروه . لانه تالمر على اسمه .
وبعد هذا اخرجوه من وسط النار ونظروا جسمه باقيا ووجهه زاهر كجسم
الطفل وكل من نظره قال لم يكن هذا فى النار لان جسمه كان سالما من
شعر راسه الى ظفر رجله . فامن كل من فى المدينة . وكل تخومها يصيحون
لا اله فى السما وعلى الارض الا الله اله متيس تلميذ يسوع المسيح الذى 5
يخلص كل من توكل عليه ويومن باسمه المقدس . وامر متيس التلميذ
المبارك ان يهدم كل براهى الاصنام وتلقى فى البحر حتى لا يوجد منها
شى بسبب الاعمال الردية التى تُعمل فيها . وبني لهم بيعة وعمد كل اهل
المدينة الرجال والنسا والصبيان باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس الثالوث f. 142 a
المتفق الغير مفترق ولا مغير . وبعد المعمودية قدس لهم البيعة . ووعظهم بوصايا 10
الحياة . وعلمهم الامانة الصحيحة . ووصايا الانجيل . وخرج من عندهم . وكلهم
يودعونه بسلام لانه عرفهم طريق الحق . واخرجهم من ¹الضلالة الى الهدى
دين ربنا يسوع المسيح . وبعد نداءه وبشراه تنجح فى مدينة من مداين اليهود
تسمى مالاوان فى ثمنية ايام من برمودة بموهبة الله محب البشر ابا ربنا
والاهنا يسوع المسيح الذى له المجد والكرامة والسبح من الان وكل اوان 15
والى دهر الداهرين . امين

بسم الله الرؤوف الرحيم ندا يعقوب تلميذ الرب يسوع المسيح الصديق المسمى
اخى الرب دى الجسد والسهر الذى خرج لد ليتلمذ فى اورشليم وبعد نداء
لهم تبارك اسقف اورشليم وتنجح فيها على اسم الرب يسوع المسيح امين . f. 142 b

كان لها اجتمع التلاميذ ليقسموا مدن العالم . حضر الرب يسوع المسيح فى 20
وسطهم وقال لهم سلامي يكون لكم يا تلاميذى الابرار . كما ارسلنى ابي الى
العالم انا ارسلكم لكيما تنادون فى المسكونة بمعرفة ابي السمايى . عند ذلك
صلا التلاميذ باجمعهم والرب فى وسطهم . وتعارعوا فوقعت القرعة على يعقوب

¹ Cod. الضلالة

- وهو يوهلكم لمملكته واقبلوا الي . اعلمكم سيرة الملائكة . واطعمكم خبز الحياة
 f. 140b لتعيشوا الى الابد . اكفروا بالالهة المصنوعة بايدي الناس وتيقظوا من خديعة
 الشيطان لتكونوا عبيد الله بالحقيقة يسوع المسيح رب السما والارض . الكلمة
 الازلية كلمة الله الحي . التي حلت في مريم العذرى بلا زريعة . ولا مباضعة
 5 وجل . محتمل الالام حتى خلص جنس ادم من عبودية الشيطان . الذي لا
 يرى في مجده وعلوه الذي لا اب له على الارض مثل ميلاد الجسد ابنين .
 بل هو دايم في السما مع ابيه بلا افتراق . وهو مدبر الكل بحكمته وهو الذي
 اخذ ترابا من الارض وجبل منه ابينا ادم الاب الاول . الله الذي في يديه
 ارواح الخليقة . الذي هو محبيكم وهو يوهلكم ان تقبلوا اليه . واذا عدتم
 10 بامانة صحيحة وقريحة سليمة . هو وابيه وروح القدس لانه ثالث بالفصول
 لاهوت واحد وجوهرا واحدا . واول ما امركم به . ان تتباعوا من الدنس .
 ولا تكثرُوا خلطة النساء . لينظر الله الى طهارتكم ويبارك عليكم بالبركات السماوية .
 ويرحمكم في يوم الدينونة .¹ [وان اهل المدينة لما سمعوا منه هذا استملك
 f. 141a الشيطان] قلوبهم بخديعته واعماله الردية . فقال بعض لبعض حقا هذا الانسان
 15 هو من الاثنى عشر السحرة الذين يطوفون البلاد ويفرقون بين النساء وازواجهن .
 وتشاوروا وامسكوا التلميذ وقيدوه وحملوه على سرير حديد . واوقدوا تحته نارا
 حتى خرجت رائحة جسمه . ونظره كل احد وعجبوا لما تعالا لهيب النار فوق
 السرير مقدار خمسة عشر ذراعا . وقال الذين حوله . ان كان ساحرا فقد هلك .
 وبعد ثلاثة ايام يظهر سو فعله . وبعد ثلاثة ايام وجدوه فوق السرير . وعيناه
 20 مفتوحتان . ولمسوا جسده فوجدوه سالما . لم يناله فساد . ولا فيه شئ من
 رائحة الحريق . ولا احترقت ثيابه . ولما راوا هذا العجب الذي من الله . امن
 كثير من اهل المدينة بالله . وقالوا هذا الانسان هو الاله . وجازت سبعة ايام
 f. 141b واليوم الثامن والقديس منضجع على السرير . وعينه كل اهل المدينة وامنوا
 امانة صحيحة وصدقوا قول تلميذ متيس . واقام الذين لم يؤمنوا بكلامه
 25 اربعة وعشرين يوما يهيجون النار تحت السرير نهارا وليلا . ولم يمكن الرب

¹ Cod. Paris. 81, f. 159a, l. 1.

اقيما عندنا مدة حتى نفرح بكما فنحن غروس جدد. قالا لهما لا تحزنوا ولا
تخافوا ما نبطى عنكم بمشيئة الله. وفي خروجهما منها ظهر لهما الرب مثل
شاب حسن الوجه. فقال لهما. تحننا على سكان هذه المدينة. واقبلوا سوالهم
واقيا عندهم اياما. فقد سمعت طلبتهم لكما. ويقولان انا غروس جدد. ولم
امرتما الستة رجال وارسلتهما الى العمق. فقالا اغفر لنا يا سيدنا نحن نعود 5
f. 139 b اليهما ونصعدهما باسمك من العمق. قال لهما الرب. عودا الى المدينة 'واقيا'
فيها سبعة ايام. واخرجا منها. وسيرا اندراوس الى مدينة البربر. فقالا يا رب
بارك علينا فبارك عليهم. وصعد الى السما بمجد. ودخلا المدينة كما امرهما
الرب واقاما فيها سبعة ايام. واصعد الذين بلغتهم الارض وصحبوا ايمانهم
وقبوا معرفتهم بوصايا الرب. وخرجوا من عندهم وهم يمجدون الله الذي لم 10
يتركهم في الضلالة. وخرج معهم الرجال مودعين لهما. يقولون واحد هو الله
الاه اندراوس ومتيس يسوع المسيح الذي له المجد والكرامة وابيه ماسك الكل
وروح القدس المحيى الى دهر الداهرين امين

شهادة متيس تلميذ الرب يسوع المسيح وجهاده الذي لهما في ثمنية ايام من
برمبات. بسلام الرب امين

15

[كان لما سلم يهودا الاسخريوطى ربنا يسوع المسيح ليصلب لكما يقتضع الشيطان]
f. 140a و. جنوده بالامر الرب يسوع المسيح ملك السما والارض الى اليهود الاشرار. مضى
وخنق نفسه. وضع كرامته. واسقط من درجة الحوارين. وجعل متيس مكانه.
خرج متيس ينادى في مدينة دمشق. لان سهمه خرج بالندا فيها. وقال ايها
الرجال الضالين التايهين في خطاياهم الذين لا يعرفون الله خالقهم. لم 20
تركتم الله الحقيقي وعبدتم الحجارة المصنوعة بايدي الناس. وتحبون ان
'يكون كل الناس مثلكم ضالين. ارفضوا عبادة الاوثان وابعدوا عنكم الضلالة
وقبح فعالكم. واقبلوا الى الله خالقكم. واقبلوا كلامي. اقرّبكم الى الله ربكم

1 Cod. Paris. 81, f. 157 b

2 Cod. تكون

ان بنيت بيعة فى هذه المدينة جعلتك فيها ووقف الماء الذى ينبع من تحت
العمود للوقت. ولما رأى اهل المدينة قاموا ستة من شيوخ المدينة تعلقوا
برجال شباب¹ وساروا الى السجن والماء الى حلوقهم. ولما نظروا التلميذين
ايديهما مبسوطة يدعون الله فخرجا اليهم ففترق الماء من بين ايديهما. فلما
5 رأى الشيوخ ذلك. خافوا وصاحوا قائلين ارحمانا يا عبيد الله. وكان فيهم
الشيخ الذى وقعت عليه القرعة ليُذبح. وسلم ولده وخلص نفسه. فقال له
متيس انا متعجب منك اذ تقول ارحمانى وانت لم ترحم ولدك. فى هذه
الساعة يعود الماء الى عمق الارض. وتنحدر انت معه والستة رجال الذين
يذبحون الناس حتى ينظر حال من يبغض ولده. ومن يقتل الناس. وقال
10 للغلمان الذين الشيوخ متعلقين بهم سبروا الى الموضع الذى يُذبح فيه الناس
حتى يرجع الماء الى موضعه. وساروا مع التلاميذ. والماء يجرى من بين
ايديهم ووقفوا عند البركة وصلوا. وانفتحت الارض للوقت وبلعت الرجال
الذين كانوا يذبحون الناس. والشيخ الذى اسلم ولده للموت. وكل الماء
الذى كان فى المدينة. ونظر ذلك كل اهل المدينة. وخافوا جدا. وقالوا هم
15 يقولون تنزل نار من السما تحرقنا بسبب الشر الذى صنعنا بهم. فقالا لهم لا
تخافوا وامنوا امانة صحيحة تروا مجد الله. وما نترك هولاء الذين بلعتم
الارض فيها بل سنصعدهم منها. وامر متيس واندراوس ان يحضر اليهما كل
من مات من الماء ليصليا عليهم ويقوموا. فلم يقدروا من كثرة الاموات.
فدعا التلميذان الرب وارسل مطرا من عنده على الاموات. فقاموا كلهم.
20 وبعد ذلك طرح اساس البيعة وبنوها واعطاهم وصايا الانجيل والناموس والانجيل
وعمداهم كلهم باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس. واعطاهم من السراير المقدسة.
وابريا كل الاعلا. وقالا لهما الزموا ما امرناكم الى اخر اعماركم. وعلموا
بنيكم الذين ياتوا بعدكم. ودعوا الرب ان يزيل عنهم ما هم عليه من اكل
لحم الناس. ويعطيهم² حاسية صحيحة يكون طعامهم مثل طعام الناس. وبعد
25 ذلك خرجوا من عندهم وهم يودعونهم ويقولون لهما يا عبيد الله الصالحين

¹ Cod. وصاروا² Cod. Paris. 81, f. 156 b, ضامنية

- اتركهم يقتلوكما كما قتلت معلمكما. وقال لاصحابه قوموا اقتلوا هذين الذين يقتلونكما حتى تستريحوا منهما. ويصير كل موضع لكم. وقام¹ الشياطين على التلميذين يريدون قتلها. فرشما في وجوهها رشم [الصليب ووقعوا على f. 137 a الأرض. وقال لهم] ابوههم الشيطان ما لكم قالوا له. راينا في ايديهم علامة ففرغنا منها. فان كنت انت تقدر عليهما فافعل فانا نخاف. وانصرفوا مفتضحين. 5 ولما اصبح اهل المدينة. اخرجوا التلميذين وزحفوا بهم المدينة. فدعيا ربها وقالوا ارحمنا يا رب فانا لحم ودم نعلم انك غير بعيد منا. فسمعا صوتا يناديها عبرانيا قايلان. اندراوس ومتيس. السما والارض يزولان. وكلامي لا يزول. ومضوا اهل المدينة بهم الى السجن. وهم يقولون انهم يموتان المرة. ودعا التلميذان ودماهما تسيل على الارض قايلين. سيدنا يسوع المسيح اعيننا وخلص هذه 10 المدينة وكل من فيها. وفي تلك الساعة نظرا صورة صنم حجرا قائما على عمود وسط السجن. ورشما عليه رشم الصليب. وبسطا ايديهما وصليا وقربا الى العمود الذي عليه الصنم. وقالوا له خف من رشم الصليب الذي رشمناه عليك. f. 137 b واخرج من تحتك ماء كثيرا [مثل] ماء الطوفان على هذه المدينة وجميع سكانها. فنبع للوقت من تحته ماء كثيرا مالح شديد الملوحة. وابتدا يغرق 15 المدينة وكل سكانها. واخذ اهل المدينة اولادهم وبهايمهم وارادوا الخروج منها. فقال متيس سيدي يسوع المسيح استجب دعا عبيدك ووجه ميكايل رئيس الملائكة بسحابة مظلمة على هذه المدينة. ليلا يخرج منها احد. فلما علم متيس ان الرب استجاب منه ذق على العمود. وقال تمر ما امرت به. فتزايد طلوع الماء الى ان بلغ الى حلق الناس وكاد يغرقهم. فبكوا وقالوا الويل لنا. 20 لعل هذا الرجز الحال علينا بسبب الرجلين الصالحين عبيدي الله² الذين القيناها في السجن. وقبح فعالنا بهما. هوذا نموت موتة سو في هذا الماء. لكن هلموا بنا نصرخ الى الالهة ونقول امنا بك يا الله الاله هاذين الرجلين الغريبين. خلصنا من هذا [الماء]. عند ذلك اجاب اندراوس وقال للعمود f. 138 a قد جاز زمان السيل وحضر زمان الزرع في قلوب اهل المدينة. حقا اقول اني 25

¹ Cod. الشيطان² Cod. الذي

عليهم القرعة . فدعا اندراوس الرب . وقال اسلك يا سيدي يسوع المسيح . كما
استجبت لى فى الاموات . اسمع دعائى فى هولاء الاحياء . ولا تمكنهم من
قتلهم . فصارت سيوفهم كالشمع قدام النار . ولما راي الروسا ذلك . بكوا بكاء
مرا . وقالوا الويل لنا وما حل بنا . عند ذلك تروا لهم الشيطان مثل رجل
5 شيخ . وصاح وقال الويل لكم ستموتون بالجوع . ولا تقدرن تاكلون من
بعدها امواتكم سيقون مطرحين فى وسط شوارعكم حتى ينتنوا ولا تقدرن
تاكلونهم . فقوموا اطلبوا هذا الرجل الذى هو متيس واقتلوه . فان لم تقتلوه
ما تقدرن على ما تريدون . فهو الذى اخرج الناس من السجن . وهو فى
هذه المدينة . اطلبوه واقتلوه . حتى يصلح حالكم . ولما راي اندراوس [الشيطان
10 يتكلم معهم هكذا قال له يا عدو ربنا] الله تعالى اسمه يُذكك تحت اقدامنا .
f. 136 a
ولما سمع الشيطان هذا الكلام . قال الصوت اسمعه والجسد ما اراه . فتروا له
اندراس وقال له نعم ما دُعى اسمك ساميل الذى هو الاعمى لانك اعمى لا
تنظر الى عبيد الله . فصاح الشيطان بصوت عال وقال هوذا الرجال امسكوهم
فسابق الجماعة واغلقوا باب المدينة . وهم يطلبون ويقولون متيس واندراس
15 امسكوها لنا حتى نفعل بهما كما نريد . وامر الرب التلميذين قائلا قوما
واظهرا ليعلموا ضعف قوتهم . فخرجوا من تحت السقيفة وقالوا لهم نحن الدين
تطلبونا . فقاموا عليهما وامسكوهما وقالوا لهما سنفعل بكما كما فعلتما بنا . قال
قوم ناخذ رؤسكما نعطيها لروسا الكهنة . وقال اخرون لا بل نقطعها قطعة قطعة .
ونفرق لحمها على كل اهل المدينة . وزحفوا بهما كل المدينة . حتى سال
20 دماها فى الطريق . والقوهما فى السجن واوثقوهما وتركوهما فى موضع مظلم
f. 136 b
وجعلوا رجالا جبابرة جماعة يحرسونهما . ولما دخلا السجن صليا وقالوا سيدنا
يسوع المسيح لا تبعد عنا معونتك . انت امرتنا ان لا نعجل . ولا تترك العدو
يفرح بنا . عند ذلك ظهر لهم الرب . وقال انا حال معكما . وقال لا تخافا .
واخذ الشيطان وهما فى السجن معه ستة من اصحابه . وتروا لهما وكلمهما
25 بكلام مستقدرا عليهما قائلا قد وقعتما فى يدي . فمن يخلصكما منى . اين
قوتكما التى تستقدران بها علي فى كل المدن وتخربا البرابى التى لى . انا

- اخبروهم: وكان عددهم مائة وتسعة واربعون رجلا . وقالوا لروفس والاكسندرس
تلميذى اندراوس ان يخرج خارج المدينة . وقام اندراوس ومتيس وتلميذاهما
وصليا وسالا الله ان يرسل سحابة تحمل روفس والاكسندرس التلميذين وتوصلهما
الى بطرس . وارسل الرب سحابة حملتهما وخرج اندراوس ومتيس الى وسط
f. 134 b شوارع المدينة . وجلسا تحت سقيفة الشارع حتى يعلموا ما يكون . وارسل اهل
المدينة الشرط الى السجن ياتونهم بالرجال الذين يذهبونهم كالعادة فى كل
يوم وجدوا ابواب السجن مفتحة والحراس اموات . وعدتهم ستة رجال . وليس
فى السجن احد . فعادوا وعرفوا الروسا فقالوا ما الذى نعمل هل نقدر ان
نقيم اليوم بلا شى ناكله . وتشاوروا فيما بينهم: اما ناكل الاموات . او نخرج
شيوخ المدينة ويتقارعون . ومن وقعت عليه القرعة يُذبح ويوكل الى ان 10
يعودوا اليها الرسل . لان لهم قوم يرسلونهم فى المركب يجمعون اليهم الناس
من كل مكان الى بلدهم¹ لياكلونهم . وكان لهم فى البلد بركة اذا ارادوا
يذهبون رجلا او مرة يذبح فى تلك البركة .² ويصفى الدم فى حوض فى
وسطها . ولما قدموهم الى الموضع . واخذوا السكاكين ليقطعوهم فنظرهم
اندراوس . فقام ودعا يا سيدي يسوع المسيح محب البشر هذه السكاكين 15
f. 135 a التى فى ايديهم تنكسر . وفى تلك الساعة يبست ايديهم . ولم يقدروا ان
يحركوها . ولما نظر الروسا ما كان بكوا وقالوا السحرة الذين اخبرجوا الرجال
من السجن هم الذين سحروا هؤلاء الرجال حتى لا نقدر عليهم . واجتمع شيوخ
المدينة وكان عددهم ثلثمائة وستة عشر رجلا . وتقارعوا ووقعت القرعة على
ستة يذهبون ويوكلون . فقال واحد من الستة الذى لزمته القرعة . لي ابن 20
اخذوه وخلوا عنى . فقال الشرط ما نأخذه او نعلم الروسا . واعلموهم فقالوا لهم
اذا سلم اليكم ولده بدله . خلوا عنه . وسلم اليهم ولده . ولما امسكوا الغلام
ليذبحوه بكى فى وجه ابيه . وقال له اسلك يا ابي لا تدعنى اقتل وانا شاب
بل اتركنى اعيش حتى اصير مثلك . واذا صرت مثلك شيئا ياكلونى . وصاح
الغلام وقال للشرط اتمر قساة القلوب . الا ان ابي هو الذى اسلمنى للموت . 25
f. 135 b وكان ناموس مدينتهم كل من يموت يقطعونه ويوكل . وقدموا الذين وقعت

¹ sic² Cod. ويصفى

قال له الرب لا تخف . فعلت بك هذا لانك قلت ما نبلغ المدينة في ثلاثة ايام . اردت اعلمك اني قادر على كل شئ . ولا يعسر علي شئ . ¹ قمر ادخل المدينة اخرج متاوس من السجن وكل من معه فيه . وسينالكم فيه امر كثير . تصبروا فاني حال معكم . اذكروا اني رحوم وتشبهوا بي . واذكروا ان قد قيل ان بهاعل زبول اخرج الشياطين كنت قادر اسرع من طرفة عين . امر الارض ان تفتتح وتنزلهم الى العمق . بل اطلت روحي لاني اعلم ان الشرير حال معكم على الارض . واعلم ان صبركم على الالام في هذه المدينة لان كثيرين يؤمنون فيها بي . قال له اندراوس . تكن معي يا رب وانا اعمل كل ما تامرني به . فاعطاه الرب السلام . وصعد الى السما بمجد عظيم . وقام اندراوس ^{f. 133 b} وتلميذه ودخلوا المدينة . ولم ينظروهم احد ووصلوا ابواب السجن . ولما امسكوا ابواب السجن تفتحت لهم ودخلوا ووجدوا متيس جالسا يزمر . وسلموا عليه . قال له اندراوس انت تقول بعد يومين تخرج وتذبح مثل البهايم . ويوكل لحبك . ونسيت تلك الاسرار التي راتها من الرب الذي لو تكلمنا بها لتحركت السما . قال متيس قد علمت ذلك يا اخي الا اني قلت لعل هكذا اراد الرب ¹⁵ ان اتم جهادي في هذه المدينة . امر يسمع قوله في الانجيل المقدس . اذ يقول ان ارسلكم مثل الحملات بين الذباب لكني يوما القيت الى السجن ^{Matt. x. 16} دعوت الرب فظهر لي . وقال لي لا تخف عند تمام الايام ارسل اليك اندراوس هو يخرجك من السجن . انت ومن معك . وها قد جيت فانظر ما عمله . وراى اندراوس في وسط السجن الرجال ² مربوطين كالبهايم . ولعن الشيطان ²⁰ وجميع جنوده . وابتدى اندراوس ومتاوس يتضرعان الى الرب فاستمع لهما . وجعلنا ايديهما على الرجال الذين في السجن وفتحا عيونهم . وعادت اليهم حواسهم . وامروهم بالخروج من المدينة وعرفوهم انهم يجدون في الطريق شجرة تين يجلسون تحتها الى ان يعودون التلاميذ اليهم . فقال لهم الرجال اخرجوا معنا ليلا تجي اهل المدينة يردونا . قال لهم التلاميذ اخرجوا بسلام . ليس يلقاكم بشئ تكرهوه . وخرجوا خارج المدينة . ووجدوا الشجرة التين كما ²⁵

¹ Cod. قمر

² Cod. مربطين

نسبح في البحر لم يرى سيرا مثل هذا . لما علم المركب ان فيه تلميذ
المسيح لم يضطرب مثل كل مرة . قال اندراوس تبارك اسم سيدي يسوع
المسيح الذي بفضل رحمته قدر لي ان اركب مع انسان يعرف اسمه . قال له
الرب ان كنت تلميذ المسيح عرفني لم لم تؤمن به بنو اسراييل ولم يقولوا
انه الاله . سمعت عنه انه اوري تلاميذه عجائب على جبل الزيتون . قال له 5
اندراس انا اعرفك اعماله . فتح اعين العميان ونطق البكم واسمع الصم واخرج
الشياطين واقام الموتى ومن خمسة ارغفة شعير من الخبز جعله على الحشيش
حتى صاروا خبزا لشبع منه خمسة الف رجلا سوى النساء والصبيان . فضل بعد ذلك
اثنتي عشر قفة من فضلة الخبز وكل هذا ولم يؤمنوا به . قال له الرب لعله لم
يعمل هذه الاعجوبة بحضرة رووسا الكهنة . فلماذا لم يؤمنوا بل قاموا عليه . قال له 10
اندراس بل بحضرتهم وليس ظاهر [قوته] بل ومكتوما ايضا فعل فيهم . قال
له الرب ما المكتوم . وفيما هم يتكلموا قربوا من المدينة . ونام اندراوس وامر
الرب الملائكة حملاه وتلميذاه والقيام على ساحل البحر وصعد الرب الى السما
بمجده . ولما استيقظ نظر المدينة . ولم يرى للمركب اثر . قال كنت جالسا
مع الرب ولم اعلم انظر والرب يقول لعبده . هذا علي يوما مبارك . لما ركب 15
مركبي انظر من اتضع لمن . عند ذلك ايقظ تلميذاه . وقال لهما قوما كنا
ركابا مع الرب ولم نعلم : قال له تلميذاه وقت ان صليت راينا نور مضية
ظلتنا وعرجت بنفوسنا الى الفردوس . وراينا الرب جالسا على كرسى والملائكة
يحيطون به . ورايتكم الاثنا عشر تلميذ واثنا عشر ملاكا حوالكم . ومنذ ذلك
الى حين استيقظنا راينا عجائب كثيرة . ففرح اندراوس لما نظر تلميذاه هذا 20
الرويا الروحانية وقام وخط دايرة في الارض وقال يا سيدي يسوع المسيح ما
ابرح من هذا الموضع حتى تحضر . لاني اعلم انك غير بعيد مني اغفر لي
f. 133a بالذي ضمير قلبي بجهلي . اسلك ان تظهر لعبدك . فظهر له الرب خارج المدينة
مثل شاب حسن الوجه . فقال له اندراوس حبيبي . فسقط اندراوس على الارض .
وقال اشكرك يا سيدي يسوع المسيح ما الذي عملته حتى تترايا لي في البحر 25

cf. Matt.
xiv. 19
Mark vi. 41
Luke ix. 12
John vi. 10

له اندراوس نحن تلاميذ لرب صالح اسمه يسوع المسيح اثنا عشر تلميذ انتخبنا واعطانا وصايا . وارسلنا ننادي باسمه في العالم وامرنا ان لا نقتنى ذهباً ولا فضة ولا شياً من عوض هذا العالم ولا نهتم بالخبز . فلماذا نحن كما ترانا فان اجبت الينا وحملتنا تفضلت علينا وان لم تفعل عرفنا نطلب مركباً اخر .

5 قال لهما اركبا المركب انا اريد احمكما اكثر ممن يدفع الي الاجرة هذا فرح عظيمهما اذ¹ استحققت ان تركبا معي تلاميذ المسيح . قال له اندراوس الله يبارك عليك البركات الروحانية وركب اندراوس وتلميذه وجلسا في المركب . وقال الرب لاحد الملاكين المتشبه بالنوتي قدم الخبز لهذين الاخوين يا كلا فانهما قد اتيا من موضع بعيد . وفعل كما امره . وقال الرب لاندراوس قم يا اخي

10 وتلميذك كلا خبزا قبل ان نخرج الى البحر فلم يستطع تلميذ اندراوس يتكلم من مخافة البحر وعاد اندراوس وقال له سيدي يسوع المسيح يحسن لك الجزا في ملكوت السما اصبر علي قليلا . فما اكل الا حتى ياكل تلميذي . ودخلوا البحر ولم يركبا فيه مرة قبل هذه . قال اندراوس قوما انحذرا الى هذا الموضع . حتى تمضي انت الى حيث ارسلت . وقال الرب لاحد الملاكين

15 المتشبه بالنوتي ارفع قلع المركب . ففعل وامسك الرب الرجل مثل رئيس المركب والملاكين في جانبه قيام واندراوس وتلميذه جلوسا في وسطه يعزيهما ويقول لا تخافا يا ولدي . الرب لا يتخلا عنا . السما هو رفعها والبحر هو رفع جميع مياه . وكل شى هو خالقه . لا تخافا فهو حاضر معنا الى حيث نسير كما وعدنا . ولما قال اندراوس هذا صلا يسلم الله ان يرقد تلميذه ولا يخافا

20 من البحر . وكان ذلك بسرعة . ولما ناما عرج بارواهما الى الفردوس . واطعما من ثماره . ولما علم انهما ناما قال للرب اسلك ايها الرجل الصالح ان تعرفني كيف هذا السير الذي تسير مركبك فيه . لاني لم ارى شياً مثله . وقد ركبت البحر مرار كثيرة . لم اركب في مركب مثل هذا . حقا اني كاني جالس على الارض . ولا المركب يتحرك . وقد خرجنا الى وسط البحر . لم تقدر النواتية

25 شياً من اداة المركب . ولا اخروها . قال الرب يسوع المسيح نحن طول الوقت

¹ Cod. استحققت

- ويكون فان كنت تريد ان اموت فى هذه المدينة فتكن مشييتك بل يا رب
 هب لي ضو بصري . ولا تمكنهم منى ياكلون لحمي كالبهايمز وعند فراغه من
 صلاته انفتحت عيناه ونظر العالم كله كما كان . وهتف اليه صوت يقول له
 f. 130a تقوا يا متيس ولا تخف فما اجلى عنك بل انا حال معك فى كل موضع
 تسير اليه . بل اصبر الى تمام ستة ايام . ارسل اليك اندراوس ويخرجك من 5
 السجن . فشكر الله ومجده وابتهجت نفسه . واقام فى السجن كما امره . وكان
 اذا دخلوا اهل المدينة الى السجن يخرجوا واحد يذبحوه يغلق عينيه ليلا
 ينظروه . وكانت لهم عادة اذا ادخلوا واحد الى السجن اول يوم يدخلوا به
 ويكتبون رقعة ويعقلونه فى عنقه . واذا تم له ثلثين يوما يذبحونه على العادة
 وفعلوا بمتيس كذلك . وفى ستة وعشرين يوما من ايامه فى السجن ظهر 10
 الرب لاندراوس وهو فى مدينة البربر . فقال له قم اخرج الى متيس فى المدينة
 التى اهلها ياكلون الناس لتخرجه من السجن . لان اهلها الى ثلاثة ايام
 يطلبون ياكلونه . قال اندراوس فما ابلغ اليه فى هذه المدة لكن ارسل ملاكا
 f. 130b يخرج من السجن . فانى لا ابلغ فى هذه الثلاثة ايام . اجابه الرب اسمع من
 الذى انتخبك القادر ان يقول للمدينة تجى الى هاهنا وكل سكانها فقم 15
 انت وقلميزك بالغداة تجد مركبا متيسرا . اركب فيه هو يوصلك . واعطاء الرب
 السلام وصعد الى السما بمجد . فقام اندراوس كاهن الرب الى ساحل البحر
 وهيا له الرب مركبا روحانيا . والرب جالس فيه كالرييس وملاكين النواتية .
 فقدم اندراوس المركب ونظر الرب جالسا . ولم يعلم فقال له السلام لك يا
 رييس المركب . قال له الرب يحل عليك سلام الرب . قال له اندراوس تحملنا 20
 معك الى البلد التى اهلها ياكلون الناس . فقال له الرب المتشبه بالرييس
 كل احد يهرب من ذلك البلد وانتم تمضيون اليها . قال له لنا فيها حاجة نسير
 اليها بسببها . قال له اندراوس اسلك ايها الاخ الحبيب ان تحملنا وليس معنا
 اجرة ندفعها لك . بل ناكل معك من خبزك . قال الرب المتشبه برييس المركب
 f. 131a ان كنتما تاكلان خبزنا ولا توديان الينا اجرة المركب عرفانا من انتما . قال 25

اهل^٥ بهته واعطاهم السراير المقدسة جسد الرب^٦ ودمه الزكى^٧ وبنا^٨ لاهل
المدينة^٩ البهية^{١٠} وقسمنا^{١١} لهم اسقفا وكنية^{١٢} وكتبنا^{١٣} لهم الانجيل وجميع الوصايا^{١٤}
وخرجنا من عندهم^{١٥} وهم^{١٦} يودعونهم^{١٧} بسلام^{١٨} وهذا سبب ايمانهم بالرب يسوع
المسيح^{١٩} «واما تداوس^{٢٠} فانه^{٢١} تنيح^{٢٢} بعد حين^{٢٣} في^{٢٤} ايومين^{٢٥} من^{٢٦} لايهب^{٢٧} وهو^{٢٨}
5 يسبح^{٢٩} الاب والابن والروح القدس من الان وكل اوان والى دهر^{٣٠} الدهرين^{٣١}
امين^{٣٢}»

بسم الاب والابن والروح القدس الاله الواحد

بشارة المغبوط متيس تلميذ الرب يسوع المسيح الذى بشر بها فى المدينة
التي اهلها ياكلون الناس^١ وتمر جهاده فى ثمنية ايام من برمهات بسلام^٢
١٥ الرب يسوع المسيح امين

f. 129 b كان لها اقصر التلاميذ مدن العالم خرج متيس المدينة التي اهلها ياكلون
الناس^١ ولا ياكلون فيها خبزا ولا يشربون^٢ الماء وليس طعامهم غير لحوم الناس
ودمايهم ويمسكون كل غريب يدخل تلك المدينة ويقلعون^٣ فيه ويسحرونه
حتى يذهب عقله ويطعمونه الحشيش كالبهايم ويجعلونه فى موضع مظلم
١5 ثلثين يوما ثم يخرجونه وياكلونه^٤ ولما دخل المغبوط متيس الى تلك
المدينة امسكوه واعموه بعلاج لهم يعرفونه واطعموه الحشيش فلم ياكله لان
قوة الله كانت معه حالة فيه^٥ والقوه^٦ فى^٧ السجن فصلا ودعا الرب يسوع
المسيح^٨ وقال يا سيدي الذى لا جلك^٩ رفضنا بالعالم وتبعناك لعلنا^{١٠} ان ليس
معينا غيرك انظر ما فعلوه بعبدك جعلوه كالبهايم^{١١} انت يا رب تعلم ما كان

٥ المدينة الكريم^٦ + له^٧ لها^٨ sic^٩ يودعونهم^{١٠} فهذا كان
١١ فاما تداوس^{١٢} بعد حين^{١٣} تنيح^{١٤} تسعة عشر يوم^{١٥} حزينان^{١٦} للرب^{١٧} +
١٨ وروح^{١٩} الدهرين^{٢٠} والسبح لله دائما ابدا^{٢١} +

f. 128 b ^a واستدعيا ابرة ^b من رجل يبيع الابرة ^c ووقف ^d وبسطا ايديهما وصليا وقال ^e يا سيدنا يسوع المسيح الذى له ^f القدرة على كل شى ^g نسلك ان تسمع طلبتنا وتظهر قوتك ^h لتعلم الجماعة ان ⁱ الكل طابع لك ^j نعم يا رب اسمع ادعا عبيدك ^k ويدخل هذا الجمل فى عين ^l الابرة ^m ليمجد اسمك ⁿ فقال بطرس للرجل الذى ^o مسك الجمل باسم ^p ربي يسوع المسيح: لتاصرى تدخل انت وجملك ^q فى ثقب الابرة. وفى تلك الساعة دخل الرجل ^r والجمل فى عين ^s الابرة ^t ولما نظرت ^u الجماعة هذا العجب ^v اعلوا اصواتهم وقالوا ليس ^w الا ^x الله ^y الاله هذين التلميذين بطرس ^z وتداوس ^{aa} ولما ^{ab} نظر الشاب الغنى ^{ac} هذا شق ثيابه ولطم وجهه ^{ad} وقال الويل لى ^{ae} ما صنعت ^{af} وجعل وجهه ^{ag} على الارض على اقدام التلميذين وهو يبكى ^{ah} ويسلها ان ياخذ ^{ai} جميع ما له ويفرقاه على ^{aj} الفقرا واهل الحاجة ^{ak} ويستغفروا له الله ^{al} واجابا الى ما ^{am} سل ووعظاه وعلماه f. 129 a الوصايا وشرايع الدين وعمداه باسم الاب والابن ^{an} والروح القدس هو ^{ao} وكل

^a وان بطرس وثظاوس استدعيا الابرة ^b وقفا

وان الرجل اراد معونة التلاميذ فطلب ابرة واسعة العين ^c قال له بطرس ^d بارك الله عليك يا ولدي وتقبل منك ايمانك ^e اطلب ابرة ضيقة العين جدا لكيما يظهر مجد الله وعظمته فى هذه المدينة ^f وانه فعل كما امره ^g حتى وجد ابرة كما قال له ضيقة العين جدا ^h وان التلميذان

om. f. 192 b ^d قدرة ^e ليعلما ^f هذه ^g كل كلامك حق

ⁱ دعانا اعبادك ترى ما يعمل تلميذك ^j شا يا رب ان ^k يدخل

هذه ^l لكيما يمجده ^m قال ⁿ يمسك ^o om.

^q فى ثقب الابرة والجمل ^r فقال بطرس ارجع ادخل مرة ثانية لكيما تاملوا الجماعة ويسبحوا اسم الله ويعلموا انه لا شى يعجز عن قدرته

^s فلما نظروا ^t الاله ^u وثظاوس ^v فاما ^w فلما نظر الى ^x وما

بهذا الرجل الصديق ^y وانه جعل ^z ويسلهم منه ^{aa} ^{ab} ويستغفروا

^{ac} واجاباه ^{ad} وروح ^{ae} وجميع

* Cod. deletum est. على الارض.

† Cod. عباك.

cf. Matt.
xxii. 87

cf. Matt.
xix. 18

f. 128 a

شاب موسر يحب المال ووثنه على^٥ التلميذين وارسله اليهما^٦ ولما حضر سجد
لهما^٧ قايل يا عبيد الله^٨ الصالحان ما^٩ تريدان اعمله لكما^{١٠} احبى^{١١} قال^{١٢}
بطرس^{١٣} احب الرب^{١٤} الالهك من كل قلبك وكل نفسك^{١٥} ولا تسرق ولا تقتل^{١٦}
ولا تفسق ولا تحلف اكذبا^{١٧} ما^{١٨} لا تريد ان يعمل بك الناس لا تعمله انت^{١٩}
٥ بهيم^{٢٠} قال^{٢١} الشاب^{٢٢} اذا حفظت هذا كله^{٢٣} اقدر^{٢٤} ان اصنع العجايب مثلكما^{٢٥}
قالا له عرفنا^{٢٦} حالك^{٢٧} الك^{٢٨} زوجة^{٢٩} قال^{٣٠} لا^{٣١} انا رجل تاجر ولى مال كثير^{٣٢}
عرفانى ما يجب ان اعمل به^{٣٣} قال له بطرس^{٣٤} امض وارفض بالمال وفرقه
على^{٣٥} المساكين^{٣٦} ولما سمع الشاب^{٣٧} ذلك غضب عليه غضبا شديدا^{٣٨} ووثن^{٣٩}
على^{٤٠} تداوس وخنقه^{٤١} وقال له^{٤٢} تشير علي ان اتلف ما لي^{٤٣} قال له^{٤٤} تداوس
١٥ قد قال الرب مثل هذا فيمن هو مثلك^{٤٥} انه يستطيع الجمل^{٤٦} يدخل فى
عين الابر^{٤٧} ولا^{٤٨} الغنى فى^{٤٩} مملكة السما^{٥٠} فازداد غضبه على^{٥١} تداوس^{٥٢}
وخنقه خنقا شديدا يريد^{٥٣} قتله^{٥٤} ولو لا قوة الله^{٥٥} لنتى تحفظه^{٥٦} لطارت عينه
من^{٥٧} شدة الخنق^{٥٨} قال له^{٥٩} بطرس^{٦٠} امر تخنق تلميذ المسيح^{٦١} لاجل كلمة
حق قالها لك^{٦٢} تريد ان ترفض لئلا لك^{٦٣} ارفض ما تريد^{٦٤} ان ما^{٦٥} يلزموك
١٥ احد^{٦٦} ان كنت تقول^{٦٧} انه غير حق^{٦٨} بسبب الجمل وعين الابر^{٦٩} فاحضر^{٧٠}
١٥ جملا^{٧١} وابرة^{٧٢} وفى تلك الساعة اجتاز بهيم^{٧٣} رجل^{٧٤} ومعه جمل^{٧٥} فامسكه^{٧٦}

٥ التلاميذ^٦ وقال لهما^٧ الصالحين^٨ تريدوا ان^٩ احيا^{١٠} له^{١١}
٥ تحب^{١٢} الهك^{١٣} كاذبا^{١٤} وما^{١٥} يعامونه^{١٦} sic^{١٧} بغيرك^{١٨} ذلك^{١٩}
٥ ان^{٢٠} انا^{٢١} om.^{٢٢} احوالك كلها هل لك^{٢٣} لهما^{٢٤} امضى^{٢٥}
٥ مساكين اهل المدينة^{٢٦} فلما^{٢٧} هذا من ثطاوس^{٢٨} ثطاوس^{٢٩} انت^{٣٠}
٥ وقد^{٣١} ان^{٣٢} يدخل^{٣٣} ملكوة^{٣٤} dd^{٣٥} وانه ازداد^{٣٦} بذلك^{٣٧}
٥ كانت معه^{٣٨} وجهه لشدة^{٣٩} hh^{٤٠} وان بطرس قال له^{٤١} مثل هذا الخنق لسبب^{٤٢}
لذبا^{٤٣} لتقضى به^{٤٤} احد^{٤٥} mm^{٤٦} وان^{٤٧} ان هذا الكلام^{٤٨}
او انه^{٤٩} فامضى واحضر^{٥٠} qq^{٥١} الجمل^{٥٢} والابر^{٥٣} معه^{٥٤}
والبهر مسكوه^{٥٥}



٢ تلاميذ الرب ٣ المدينة ويخلصا الخطاة كلهم ٤ كانا يخلصاني ٥ ايضا من
خطيتي ٦ تعالوا ايها الشباب ٧ الذين ٨ اظلمتم بزناني قوموا سلوا ٩ تلاميذ الرب
١٠ لاجلي لعلهم ١١ يرحماني ١٢ وفيما ١٣ المرأة تقول ١٤ هذا لم يؤمن احد من اهل
المدينة ١٥ لان الشيطان اقسا قلوبهم ١٦ فقال بطرس التداوس ١٧ قمر بنا نصلي
١٨ ونسال الله ان يعيننا ١٩ فان الشيطان ٢٠ اضل ٢١ قلوب الجماعة ٢٢ ٢٣ وقاما وصليا ٢٤
٢٥ قال الله الرب ٢٦ ضابط الكل الذي ٢٧ علمنا ان ندعوه في زمان الشدة ٢٨ وقلت انك
تستجيب ٢٩ لنا نعم يا رب ٣٠ تحنن علينا وقويننا على حرب الشيطان الذي قام
علينا في هذا الموضع ٣١ وفيما ٣٢ هم يدعوا ان ٣٣ نزل ٣٤ ميكائيل رئيس الملائكة
٣٥ f. 127 b المهما ٣٦ وطرده الارواح السوء التي ٣٧ ملأت ٣٨ ارواح اهل المدينة ٣٩ وخرج بطرس
وتداوس وسارا في شوارع المدينة ونادا باسم الرب يسوع المسيح ٤٠ عند ذلك امن ٤١
٤٢ كل اهل المدينة ٤٣ لانه لم يبق من يفسد قلوبهم ٤٤ والامراة التي كانت
معلقة في الهوى ٤٥ bb وبعد ٤٦ هذا ٤٧ اقسما ٤٨ لهم اسقيا وكنية ٤٩ وعمداهم ٥٠ كلهم
باسم الاب والابن ٥١ والروح القدس وجعلوا الامراة التي كانت معلقة في الهوى
تخدم ٥٢ البيعة ٥٣ والاعلا شفوههم ٥٤ وفتحا اعين العمى ٥٥ hh ٥٦ وانطقا بالبكر ٥٧ وسمعا
الصم ٥٨ kk ومشيا العرج ٥٩ kk وطرده الشيطان وعاد الى ٦٠ mm صنعه ودخل في قلب غلام ٦١ 15

٢ تلاميذ الى ٣ b انا ٤ c الذي ظلمتم توبوا وسالوا ٥ من اجلي
٦ يرحموني ٧ كانت الامراة مثل ٨ h i كان يقسى ٩ k قال ١٠ الثطاوس
١١ ونسل قد ١٢ n ١٣ قلوبهم ١٤ p وانهما قاما ١٥ q وقال ١٦ r ماسك ١٧ s امر
١٨ t وقال انه يستجيب ١٩ u وتحنن ٢٠ v التلاميذ يدعوا ٢١ w ميخائيل
٢٢ x كانت قد ملكت ٢٣ om. ٢٤ z وان بطرس وثطاوس خرجا وسارا
٢٥ aa جميع امننت ٢٦ bb ذلك ٢٧ cc اقسما ٢٨ dd وعمدوههم ٢٩ ff وروح
٣٠ في ٣١ hh والعميان فتحا عيونهم ٣٢ ii والبكر نطقوا والصم سمعوا
٣٣ f. 191 b kk والعرج والمقعدين مشوا ٣٤ والشياطين انطردوا والاموات قاموا حتى انهم كلهم
٣٥ امنوا ٣٦ ودخلوا في معرفة الله جل اسمه ٣٧ ll فاغتاط ٣٨ mm صنعه

١ وقال قوم منهم^١ قوموا^٢ نخرج اليهما^٣ نقتلها^٤ قال اخرون^٥ ما نقدر^٦ نقتلها^٧ f. 126 b
لانا سمعنا ان يسوع^٨ الاله^٩ يفعل لهما^{١٠} ما يطلبانه منه^{١١} لئلا ينزل علينا نار^{١٢} [او]
طوفان^{١٣} يهلكنا^{١٤} بل ما نقدر^{١٥} نقتلها^{١٦} ولا ندعها^{١٧} يدخلان^{١٨} المدينة^{١٩} قد
سمعنا عنها^{٢٠} انهما يبغضان الزنا^{٢١} نأخذ امرأة^{٢٢} زانية^{٢٣} نعريها ونوقفها على باب
5 المدينة^{٢٤} فاذا ارادا^{٢٥} ان يدخلا^{٢٦} المدينة^{٢٧} ننظرا^{٢٨} اليها^{٢٩} هما يخرجان^{٣٠} ولا يعودان^{٣١}
ان يهلكونا^{٣٢} ايدخلانها^{٣٣} واحضرها^{٣٤} وفعلنا ذلك^{٣٥} ولما بلغ التلاميذ^{٣٦} الباب^{٣٧} نظرا^{٣٨}
المرأة عريانة^{٣٩} مقابلها^{٤٠} بفعلها^{٤١} سو^{٤٢} فقال^{٤٣} تداوس لبطرس^{٤٤} يا ابي انظر^{٤٥} هذه^{٤٦}
١٠ المرأة^{٤٧} كيف خدعها الشيطان^{٤٨} ليجرب الرب^{٤٩} وعبيده^{٥٠} قال له بطرس^{٥١} الامر لك^{٥٢}
امر فيها بما احببت^{٥٣} وصلا تداوس^{٥٤} وقال^{٥٥} يا سيدي يسوع المسيح^{٥٦} اسلك ان
ترسل^{٥٧} ميخائيل رئيس الملائكة^{٥٨} فيعلق هذه المرأة^{٥٩} في^{٦٠} البهو^{٦١} بشعر راسها^{٦٢} حتى
ندخل المدينة^{٦٣} واذا اردنا نخرج^{٦٤} تنزلها^{٦٥} وفي تلك الساعة^{٦٦} علقت^{٦٧} المرأة^{٦٨} بشعر
راسها ونظرها كل^{٦٩} الروسا^{٧٠} ولم ينظروا^{٧١} من^{٧٢} يمسكها^{٧٣} وصاحت^{٧٤} صياحا^{٧٥} f. 127 a
عظيما^{٧٦} وقالت^{٧٧} اخذ^{٧٨} الله^{٧٩} لى الحق^{٨٠} من^{٨١} رروسا^{٨٢} هذه المدينة^{٨٣} هم^{٨٤} الذين^{٨٥}
لمونى هذا الشر^{٨٦} فلو كنت جلست^{٨٧} فى بيتي^{٨٨} وانا فى خطيتي^{٨٩} حتى^{٩٠} يدخل^{٩١}

١ ومنهم من قال ان كانا منهم^٢ قوموا^٣ اجاب قوم^٤ قايلين^٥ +
ان^٦ +^٧ الاله^٨ كل^٩ +^{١٠} يطلباه^{١١} يهلكونا ولكننا^{١٢} ان نمنعها^{١٣}
ايدخلا^{١٤} مدينتنا^{١٥} فانا^{١٦} +^{١٧} فناخذ^{١٨} حسنة^{١٩} وننزع عنها ثيابها^{٢٠}
٢ الدخول الى^٣ فنظروا^٤ يخرجها^٥ يعودا^٦ om. f. 190 b
٧ واحضروا المرأة الزانية وعروها ثيابها واقفوها على الباب فلما^٨ الى^٩ +^{١٠} المرأة^{١١}
١٢ وهى مقابلها^{١٣} بفعلها^{١٤} قال^{١٥} ثطاوس^{١٦} dd المرأة^{١٧} cc لتخرب^{١٨}
١٩ وان ثطاوس صلى فقال^{٢٠} om. hh ميخائيل^{٢١} ii فيعلق^{٢٢} kk البوى^{٢٣}
٢٤ واذا^{٢٥} كل الاراكنة^{٢٦} nn وليس^{٢٧} الى^{٢٨} +^{٢٩} pp وانها كانت تصيح^{٣٠}
٣١ صياح عظيم وتقول^{٣٢} ياخذ^{٣٣} اراكنة^{٣٤} يدخلا^{٣٥}

* Cod. اليهما

† Cod. يدخلانها

‡ Cod. الذى

عليهم^١ جواباً^٢ . وساق البقر وهو فرح حتى ردها الى^٣ اصحابها^٤ . وعاد الى
منزله واصلح فيه^٥ ما^٦ يصلح لحضور^٧ التلاميذ^٨ .^٩ وبلغ خبره^{١٠} الى اروسا
المدينة^{١١} .^{f. 126 a} وارسلوا اليه وقالوا له من اين لك هذه الحزمة السنبل الاخضر .
عرفنا الخبر والا تمت موتة سو^{١٢} . اقال لهم^{١٣} بالي^{١٤} "اذ قد" وجدت^{١٥} الحياة .
فان اردتم^{١٦} ان تعرفوا الحق^{١٧} . اسمعوا . اجاز بي رجلان وانا احرق فقالا لي ان^{١٨}
كان عندك^{١٩} خبز اعطنا لناكل^{٢٠} . فقلت لهما^{٢١} : "ما عندي^{٢٢} هنا شي^{٢٣} بل اجلسا
عند البقر حتى امضى واحضر لكما ما^{٢٤} تريدان^{٢٥} . ولما مضيت الى منزلي^{٢٦} واخذت
لهما الخبز^{٢٧} وعدت الى الحقل^{٢٨} وجدتهما قد^{٢٩} زرعاه^{٣٠} . وقد نبت سنبل اخضر
ملا^{٣١} جمعت هذه^{٣٢} منه^{٣٣} . وهما^{٣٤} خارج المدينة^{٣٥} . فقال له^{٣٦} اله^{٣٧} اروسا امض
احضرهما^{٣٨} الينا^{٣٩} . قال لهم الرجل^{٤٠} : تصبروا علي قليلا فقد اصلحت^{٤١} لهما^{٤٢}
منزلي^{٤٣} . ليدخلاه ويستريحا فيه^{٤٤} . فاذا حضرا^{٤٥} * ستنظروهما^{٤٦} . وعاد الى منزله .
وسجس الشيطان^{٤٧} قلوب^{٤٨} اله^{٤٩} اروسا^{٥٠} فبكوا^{٥١} وقالوا الويل^{٥٢} لهم هذان الرجلان^{٥٣}
٩٩ عساهما من الاثنى عشر^{٥٤} السحرة الذين سمعنا^{٥٥} انهم^{٥٦} يطوفون كل موضع^{٥٧} .
٥٨ ويخدعون الناس بسحرهم^{٥٩} . ما ذا نعمل^{٦٠} لا^{٦١} تتركهم^{٦٢} يدخلون مدينتنا^{٦٣} .

١ جواب ٢ وكان يسوق ٣ اصحابهم ٤ ورجع ٥ om. ٦ التلاميذ
٧ طعام + ٨ وان خبره بلغ ٩ اراكنة ١٠ فعند ذلك ارسلوا ١١ فقال ١٢ ما
١٣ اذا ١٤ الحياة ١٥ وان كنتم تريدوا ١٦ تعلموا ١٧ فاسمعوا اقول لكم
١٨ شي من الخبز ١٩ فقلت لهم ٢٠ ليس ٢١ ها هنا ٢٢ ولكن ٢٣ تريدان
٢٤ فلما ٢٥ فاحذت ٢٦ ورجعت ٢٧ وجدته ٢٨ زرعه ٢٩ فجمعت
٣٠ الحزمة + ٣١ جالسين + ٣٢ فقالوا ٣٣ الراكنة امضى واحضرهما ٣٤ فقال
٣٥ لهم ٣٦ فلما قال لهم هذا عاد ٣٧ وان الشيطان سكن في ٣٨ الراكنة
٣٩ فقالوا ٤٠ لنا عسى هذين الرجلين ٤١ هما ٤٢ رجلا + ٤٣ عنهم + ٤٤
٤٥ يطوفوا في ٤٦ ويخدعوا ٤٧ ليس ٤٨ يدخلوا ٤٩

الى الحقل ونظر ما عمله التلميذان^٥ قال لهما^٦ يا ساداتي من^٧ انتما عرفاني
من اين^٨ جيتما حتى اتبعكما الى^٩ كل^{١٠} موضع^{١١} تصيران اليه^{١٢} وسقط على
ارجل التلاميذ وقال لهما حقا انكما^{١٣} الالهان نزلنا من السما الى الارض^{١٤} واقامه
بطرس^{١٥} وقال له قم ايها الانسان^{١٦} بما نحن الهة بل^{١٧} تلاميذ الله اعطانا
٥ اتعلمهم روحاني نعلمهم الناس وننادي في^{١٨} البشر ان يتوبوا من خطاياهم ويرثوا
الحياة الدائمة قال لهما الرجل ماذا اعمل حتى يكون لي الحياة الدائمة
قال له بطرس احب الالهك من كل قلبك^{١٩} وكل نفسك^{٢٠} وكل فكرك^{٢١} =^{٢٢} االك
امرأة قال له نعم قال له وبنيين قال له نعم قال له ايضا لا تقتل ولا تفسق
ولا تحلف^{٢٣} كذبا^{٢٤} ما^{٢٥} لا^{٢٦} تشتبه ان تفعل بك^{٢٧} الناس لا تفعله بانسان
١٥ مثلك فان فعلت ما^{٢٨} اوصيتك به^{٢٩} ورثت^{٣٠} حياة الابد^{٣١} قال له^{٣٢} الشيخ هب
قد فعلت^{٣٣} ما افعل بكما^{٣٤} جزا الجميل الذي فعلتماه بي^{٣٥} جعلتما حقلي
نبت مثل هذا النبات في غير حينه انا اترك هذه البقر منصوبة واتبعكما الى
كل موضع^{٣٦} تمضيان اليه^{٣٧} قال له بطرس^{٣٨} اما هكذا يجب ان تفعل^{٣٩} بل خذ
البقر^{٤٠} وردھا الى^{٤١} اصحابها^{٤٢} وعرف زوجتك^{٤٣} حالك^{٤٤} واصلح لنا في بيتك ما
١٥ ناكل فاننا نريد ان نقيم في هذه المدينة اليوم فقد دعانا ربنا يسوع المسيح
فيها^{٤٥} واخذ الرجل^{٤٦} في يده حزمة سنبل من الحقل الذي^{٤٧} زرعاه^{٤٨} ودخل
الى المدينة بالبقر^{٤٩} ولما دخل من^{٥٠} بابها^{٥١} نظره^{٥٢} الناس وفي يده حزمة سنبل
٥٠ قالوا له من اين لك هذا السنبل الاخضر وهذا زمان الحراث^{٥٣} فلم يرد

^٥ عملوه التلاميذ ^٦ سيدي ايش ^٧ انتما ^٨ تصيرا ^٩ وانه سقط
^{١٠} مثل الهة ^{١١} وان بطرس اقامه ^{١٢} ليس نحن ^{١٣} اتعلمهم روحانية نعلمهم
بني ^{١٤} اتحب الرب وقال له ايضا ^{١٥} لك ^{١٦} له ^{١٧} له بطرس ^{١٨}
^{١٩} كاذبا ^{٢٠} وما ^{٢١} تريد ^{٢٢} om. ^{٢٣} وصيتك ^{٢٤} الحياة الى الابد ^{٢٥} الرجل
^{٢٦} قد قبلت هذا ^{٢٧} انتما ^{٢٨} انبت ^{٢٩} تمضيا ^{٣٠} ليس ^{٣١} ولكن ^{٣٢} f. 189 b
^{٣٣} وردهم ^{٣٤} اصحابهم ^{٣٥} وتعرف ^{٣٦} ولذلك ^{٣٧} وتصلح ^{٣٨} وان الرجل اخذ
^{٣٩} زرعوه التلاميذ ^{٤٠} فلما ^{٤١} باب المدينة نظروه ^{٤٢} فقالوا ^{٤٣} وانه لم

اعلم ان الخير يصيبنا . وان قال لا^a اعلم ان^b لنا في هذه^c البلد^d تعب . فلما^e
 بلغا اليه . قال له بطرس السلام^f عليك^g ايها الشيخ . ان كان عندك خبرا^h
 فاعطنا ما ناكل . اجابه الشيخ . ليس عنديⁱ هنا^j شئ^k لكن اجلسا لى مع^l
 هذه البقر حتى امضى واحضر لكما^m ماⁿ تحتاجون اليه . قال له بطرس . ان كنت^o
 تجيب لنا ما ناكل نحن نجلس عند البقر . وقال له^p البقر لك^q . قال^r لا^s بل^t
 استعيرهم^u . قال^v قل لى الحقل لك^w . قال له نعم هو لى . قال له بطرس^x
 امض بسلام^y . فلما مضى الرجل . قال بطرس^z يقبح بنا ان نقعد مع هذه
 البقر^{aa} بطالين^{ab} . والرجل مضى ليعمل معنا جميلا^{ac} . وشد بطرس^{ad} وسطه ومسك
 المحراث وصاح على البقر^{ae} ليحراثوا^{af} . قال له^{ag} تداوس^{ah} . يا ابي^{ai} ما هذا الامر
 العظيم الذى^{aj} تعمل انت^{ak} رجل شيخ تصعد فى علو عظيم . وعلى كتفك حملة^{al}
 ثقيلة^{am} كبيرة^{an} . لا^{ao} تقدر^{ap} ان تطلع بها^{aq} هكذا^{ar} . انا^{as} يا ابي^{at} انت الكبير
 تعمل^{au} . وانا جالس مستريح^{av} . واخذ^{aw} الغدان من بطرس وحراث^{ax} . واخذ^{ay} بطرس^{az}
 زنبيل الحنطة . وبارك فيه وقال سيدي يسوع المسيح تنزل ببركتك على هذا
 الحقل . قال^{ba} تداوس^{bb} سيدي يسوع المسيح تكن^{bc} ببركتك^{bd} تحمل^{be} فى^{bf} الارض^{bg}
 وتجلى^{bh} فى هذا الحقل^{bi} . وعملوا^{bj} ثلثين^{bk} *خطوة^{bl} الى حين عاد الرجل^{bm}
 الشيخ^{bn} ونبت الزرع من ساعته وصار سنبل ممتلى حب حنطة^{bo} ورجع الشيخ^{bp}

^a فاعلم ^b تتعب فى هذا ^c om. ^d لك ^e ايه ^f اعطينا ^g هادنا
^h ولكن ⁱ جميع ^j + ^k تحتاجا ^l ايضا ^m + له ⁿ + ^o انى استعرتهم
^p فقال له ^q فقل ^r امضى ^s وعد بسلام^t . فلما^u لثطاوس انه^v +
 ونحن^w + ^x ولا عليك ان الرجل ^y وان بطرس شد ^z ليحراث له
^{aa} لثطاوس ^{ab} ايش ^{ac} عمله وانت ^{ad} ليس تستطيع ^{ae} هكذا ^{af} لحق^{ag} +
^{ah} وانه اخذ ^{ai} وان بطرس اخذ ^{aj} فاما لثطاوس فقال ^{ak} om.
 وحين مضى الرجل يحضر الخبز^{al} + ^{am} للتلاميذ عملوا^{an} ^{ao} حنطة
 فلما رجع الرجل^{ap} f. 189 a

✠ بسم الله الرؤوف الرحيم ✠
✠ البشارة المغبوط تداوس الذي نادى ✠
✠ فى الشام والجزيرة وتم شهادته فى ✠
✠ يومين من ابيب بسلام الرب يسوع ✠
✠ المسيح له المجد الى الابد امين ✠

5

كان لما^٥ اجتمع التلاميذ على جبل الزيتون^د وقسموا العالم ليخرجوا ينادوا
فيهم^٤ بالانجيل لسيدنا^١ يسوع المسيح^٢ خرج سهم^٣ تداوس الى^١ مدن الشام^١.
قال^٤ تداوس لبطرس^١ سر معى الى تلك البلاد^١ قال^٤ له بطرس تصبر على
فانى اوصلك بسلام^١ وفيما^١ هم^١ يتكلمون وقف الرب يسوع المسيح فى وسطهم
١٥ مثل شاب حسن الوجه وقال السلام لك يا بطرس مدبر بيعتي. السلام لك يا
تداوس الحبيب سر ولا تخف^١ لمر انت مشكك. انا حال معكم حتى تنهوا
تدبيركم^١ قال له نعم يا رب^١ تكن معنا ونحن ننادى فى كل موضع
فاعطاهم^١ الرب السلام^١ وتجلى عنهم صاعدا الى السما بمجد^١ وتشاوروا
وساروا بسلام الرب يسوع المسيح^١ ولما^١ قربوا الى المدينة قال^٤ تداوس
١٥ لبطرس^١ اريد^١ ان اعلم ما^١ يصيبنا فى هذه المدينة^١ قال له بطرس لا علم
لى^١ لكن هوذا ارى^١ انسانا^١ شيخا^١ يحرق^١ فى الغدان^١ نمضى اليه^١ ونقول
له ان كان لك شى من الخبز اعطينا ما ناكل. فان قال لنا انا اعطيكم

Cod. Sin.
Arab. 539
f. 187 b
l. 14

f. 188 a

om. ^١ هذه بشارة المغبوط يهوذا اخى الرب وهو ثطاوس الذى نادى فى
سورية والجزيرة وتم جهاده فى تسعة عشر يوم من حزيران بسلام الرب امين
^٥ اجتمعوا ^د وطرحوا السهام ^١ ويكرزوا ^١ بانجيل سيدنا
^٤ ثطاوس ^١ مدينة سورية ^١ يا ابي بطرس ^١ om. ^١ يتكلموا
^١ هل ^١ قالوا ^١ كن ^١ فاعطاهما ^١ وخلقى ^١ فلما ^١ كنت ^١ +
الذى ^١ + ^١ ولكن ^١ انسان شيخ ^١ على

التلميذ المبارك . وانه يريد يعطل دينهم ومعبودهم اجتمعوا ^a الكبير والصغير
وتشاوروا جميعا ^b ليقتلوه ^c وانه فاعل الشر ^d واجمعوا بغضب وحرد وقيدوه واسلموه
الى ^e دراسوس الملك . ^f وشهدوا عليه باجمعهم عند الملك . وقالوا ^g هو ساحر .
صدقهم ^h الملك فى ⁱ كل ما قالوا ^j وغضب على التلميذ وقال له ^k . اقول لك ^l
يا فاعل الشر قيل لى انك ساحر . تسحر كل من فى هذه المدينة . قال له ^m
التلميذ ⁿ ايها الملك ^o لست انا ساحر ^p ولا اعرف كيف يعمل صنعة السحر .
بل انا ^q عبدا لسيدي يسوع المسيح ^r الاله كل الخليقة . وملك الملوك . ^s الاله
العظيم القادر الذى يهلك كل ^t الالهة التى للامم ^u فلما سمع الملك ^v ذلك ^w
f. 123 b غضب غضبا شديدا وسلمه الى قوم اشرار ليصلبوه ^x وتجمع عليه اليهود ^y
واخرجوا التلميذ المبارك ^z ليصلب كامر الملك المنافق ^{aa} على الصليب ^{ab} وعذبوه ^{ac}
حتى تنجح . وتم شهادته فى ^{ad} تسعة ايام من ^{ae} ابيب بمشية الله ضابط الكل
الذى له ^{af} المجد والكرامة الى دهر الداهرين امين

كلهم + ^a على التلميذ + ^b انه ^c وهكذا تجمعوا عليه اليهود كلهم
^d دراينوس ^e وتشاهدوا ^f له اسمع منا نعرفك ما يفعل هذا هو ساحر . وان
^g جميع ^h غضب غضبا شديدا ⁱ لك اقول ^j اسمع منى + ^k ايه
الذى ليس له عقل ولا حاسة + ^l ليس انا ساحر ^m عبد ⁿ الاله ^o الله
^p الهة الامم . هذا ^q الكلام من التلميذ + ^r وان اليهود يجمعوا عليه
سيمون بن كلاوبا + ^s وعلقوه + ^t عشرة ^u شهر ايار ولله ماسك الكل

f. 122 b

١ شهادة سيمون ٢ ابن ٣ اكلاوبا تلميذ الرب
يسوع المسيح ٤ وتم جهاده في ٥ تسعة من
٦ ابيب بسلام الرب امين ٧

٨ وبعد ٩ نياح الصديق يعقوب ١٠ جعل سيمون ١١ ابن ١٢ اكلاوبا المدعى يهوذا اسقف
١٣ ٥ يروشلیم وعاش مائة وعشرين سنة ١٤ واحب ان يهراق دمه في اخر عمره ١٥
على اسم الرب يسوع المسيح ١٦ وبنا كنائس في كل موضع باورشليم وقسم لهم
١٧ قسا وشمامسة ١٨ الكنيسة ١٩ الاولى ٢٠ التي بناها باسم الرب يسوع المسيح ٢١ والثانية
باسم العذرى مريم والدة الرب على الارض ٢٢ حتى انقذه ٢٣ جنس البشر من
٢٤ عبودية الشيطان ٢٥ واهلهم ٢٦ لملكته ٢٧ والثالثة ٢٨ باسم ٢٩ ميكايل رئيس الملائكة
٣٠ شفيع ٣١ جنس البشر حتى ٣٢ يرجع عنهم الرجز ٣٣ وتحل عليهم الرحمة ٣٤ والرابعة
٣٥ باسم التلاميذ ٣٦ وكان ٣٧ حريصا ان يعطل امانة اليهود وعبادتهم الدنسة ومجمعهم
الشري ٣٨ ووعظ ٣٩ كل ٤٠ احد بكلام ٤١ الله حتى عمر الكنائس ٤٢ التي بناها ٤٣ وظهرت
٤٤ معرفة الله ٤٥ لكل الناس من الكبير الى الصغير ٤٦ والرجال والنساء ٤٧ وامنوا
٤٨ كلهم على يدى التلميذ ٤٩ حتى ٥٠ ترك اهل المدينة ٥١ كلهم ٥٢ مجمع اليهود
٥٣ وتبعوا الحق الذى علمهم ٥٤ التلميذ ٥٥ من قبل الرب يسوع ٥٦ ولما سمع ٥٧ فعل

Gibson
Cod. Sin.
Arab. 539
p. 68

هذه ٥٨ + ٥٩ بن ٦٠ اكلاوبا ٦١ تم ٦٢ عشرة ايام ٦٣ شهر ايار
٦٤ كان بعد ٦٥ نياحة يعقوب الصديق ٦٦ الذى يدعى ٦٧ اورشليم
٦٨ وقال في اخر عمره اريد ان يهراق دمي ٦٩ وانه بنى ٧٠ قسوس وشمامسة والكنيسة
٧١ ابعد ٧٢ عبادة ٧٣ لملكوته ٧٤ سهاها ٧٥ + ٧٦ ميخايل ٧٧ الذى هو ٧٨ +
٧٩ لجنس ٨٠ رجع ٨١ وحلت ٨٢ حريص ٨٣ وانه كان يجلس يعظ
٨٤ واحد كلام ٨٥ وان معرفة الله ظهرت ٨٦ فامنوا ٨٧ ان اهل المدينة تركوا
٨٨ ايها ٨٩ + ٩٠ فاما اليهود فلما سمعوا

والروح القدس^١ قام وانهض حيا . وكن سالما^٢ لكيما^٣ يومن كل من حضر^٤ باسم^٥ ربي يسوع المسيح . وللوقت فتح الغلام عينيه . وقام وجلس . وامر ان يقدم اليه ما ياكل . ولما^٦ رات الجماعة هذا العجب تقدموا كلهم وسجدوا في الارض للتلميذ . وامنوا^٧ بالله وهم نقايلون واحد هو^٨ الاله سيمون تلميذ يسوع المسيح^٩ ابن الله الحي . وطرح ابوا الغلام^{١٠} نفوسهما على رجلى^{١١} التلميذ وقالا يا سيدنا كيف نخلص . قال لهما^{١٢} تومنان من كل قلوبكما^{١٣} تخلصان . ووعظهم^{١٤} من الكسب المقدسة . وعمدهم باسم الاب والابن^{١٥} والروح القدس واعطاهم السراير المقدسة . وامرهم ان يبنوا البيعة . وقسم^{١٦} لهما اسقفا^{١٧} وهو الذي كان رئيس الجماعة واسمه^{١٨} مرسلس^{١٩} وقسا وشمامسة^{٢٠} . واعطاهم الانجيل المقدس . واقام عندهم^{٢١} شهر يعلمهم كلام الله . ثم عاد^{٢٢} الى^{٢٣} اورشليم . ولما^{٢٤} قتل اليهود يعقوب^{٢٥} الصديق^{٢٦} وكان التلاميذ^{٢٧} باورشليم . امسكوا سيمون وجعلوه اسقفا^{٢٨} في اورشليم^{٢٩} . وكان يعلمهم كلام الله ويعرفهم ما في الانجيل وخلص نفوسهم^{٣٠} . وكان اليهود غضابا^{٣١} عليه . وكان في اورشليم يسبح الرب^{٣٢} في^{٣٣} الاوقات والاحيان^{٣٤} امين امين امين

✠ والسبح لله دائما ابدا ✠

١٥

١ روح ٢ يقوم ينهض حي وتكون سالما ٣ om. ٤ يومن + ٥ سيدي
٦ وفي تلك الساعة فلما ٧ نظروا كلهم + ٨ نقايلين ٩ اله
١٠ نومن بيسوع المسيح انه + ١١ بن ١٢ وان ابوى الغلام طرحا ١٣ تومنا
١٤ فانتما + ١٥ تخلصا . وانه وعظهم ١٦ وروح ١٧ لهم اسقف ١٨ قزنيليوس
١٩ وقسم لهم قسوسا وشمامسة ٢٠ شهرا ٢١ وبعد ذلك رجع ٢٢ فلما
٢٣ قتلوا ٢٤ كانوا ٢٥ مجتمعين في اورشليم ٢٦ مسكوا
٢٧ باورشليم ٢٨ وان اليهود كانوا غضابي ٢٩ يسوع المسيح + ٣٠ كل +
٣١ وله ذلك الى دهر الداهرين امين

ونادى فيهم^a باسم^a يسوع^a المسيح^b وبشرى الانجيل^c ودخل سيمن^c الى
وسط مجمعهم ونادى فيهم باسم^a الرب يسوع المسيح^d ولما سمع^d اليهود
السكان^e هناك قاموا عليه وضربوه ضربا وجيعا^e ورجعوا به الى خارج المدينة^e
وان بطرس قبله وودعه^a وخرج^a من^a عنده^b ورجع سيمن قام^h في مجمعهم
5 ثلاثة ايام ينادى فيهم باسم^a المسيح^b او قوم منهم^k لم يؤمنوا^m واصر اليوم
الثالث اعتل^a ابن^a رئيس الجماعة^o واسمه يعقوب ومات^p وحضر رجل^p ممن
امن بها^q يقول سيمن^q الى^r والد الصبي الميت^r فقال هوذا تلميذ المسيح^r
هنا ادع^rه يصرخ^r على الصبي^r ومضى الرجل مسرعا^r ودعا تلميذ^r يسوع^r
المسيح^r فحضر بفرح ووقف على الغلام الميت وقال^r لوالده^r او من بالذي
10 صلب انه^r ابن الله^r ترى مجد الله^r قال له ابو الغلام ان قام ابني من
الموت حتى انظره^r حيا^r انا او من بيسوع المصلوب انه^{bb} ابن الله الحى^r
وادار التلميذ وجهه^{cc} الى^{dd} الشرق^{dd} وقال^{ee} يا سيدي يسوع المسيح الذي
f. 121 b صلب على عهد بلاطس البنطى^{ee} انت^{ee} الذى اهلتنى^{ff} لهذا ان انادى باسمك
المبارك^{ee} والامك^{ee} من اجلنا حتى فديتنا^{gg} من يد^{hh} العدو^{hh} وانظر الى هذا
15 الغلام الميت وبارادتك فامرهⁱⁱ الى ان يقوم لكⁱⁱ يمجدا اسمك اليوم فى وسط
الجماعة بهذه^{kk} المدينة^{kk} ليؤمنوا باسمك المقدس^{kk} ولما قال سيمن التلميذ
المبارك هذا عاد الى^{mm} حيث الغلام الميت^{mm} وقال باسمⁿⁿ الاب والابن

om. ^a بشرى ^b وان سيمن التلميذ دخل ^c فلما سمعوا ^d الساكنين
فى ذلك الموضع ^e وزجوا ^f وان سيمن عاد وقام يسوع + ⁱ
فامن منهم قوم + ^k ومنهم قوم ^m وفى اخر ⁿ بن ^o وكان اسمه
p وان رجلا ^q كان سيمن يقول حضر + ^r وقال له ^s ها هنا ادعوه
u فمضى ^v سيدنا ^w لوالد الغلام الذى مات ^x تومن ^y هو بن
عند ذلك + ^z حي ^{aa} بن ^{bb} وان التلميذ عاد بوجهه ^{dd} الشرق
وصلى + ^{cc} لهذه الخدمة ^{ff} ولانك تجسمت هذا من اجلنا لتقذنا
hh العدو ii انظر kk جماعة هذه ll فلما mm الموضع الذى فيه

بشارة سيمون القديس ابن اخلاوترا المدعى
يهودا الذي^١ هو ناتانيل المدعى الغيور وصار
اسقف^٢ اورشليم بعد يعقوب اخي الرب
بسلام الرب يسوع المسيح امين .

كان حين^٣ اجتمع التلاميذ الى جبل الزيتون ليقتسموا مدن العالم كلها . 5
f. 120b وفيما هم^٤ يصلون ويباركون^٥ الله^٦ حضر الرب يسوع المسيح في وسطهم .^٧ وقال
لهم سلام ابي يحل عليكم . يا تلاميذي الاطهار . وانهم تساهموا . فخرج سهر
يهودا الجليلي^٨ ان^٩ يخرج الى بلاد السامرية . وينادي فيهم بانجيل الرب
يسوع المسيح . اجاب سيمون^{١٠} وقال للرب .^{١١} تكن معنا يا سيدنا في كل موضع
نحل فيه . نحن نصبر على^{١٢} كل ما يحل بنا . لكن يخرج معي ابي بطرس .^{١٣}
حتى يوصلني الى ارض السامرية . قال له الرب . السهر^{١٤} لبطرس ان يخرج
الى^{١٥} مدينة رومية لينادي فيها . لكنه يخرج معك حتى يوصلك بسلام . وبعد
بشارتك ونداك فيهم^{١٦} تعود الى اورشليم بعد موت يعقوب الصديق . وتكون
فيها^{١٧} اسقفا بعده^{١٨} . وتتم جهادك^{١٩} كما تم^{٢٠} يعقوب الصديق في ذلك الموضع .
ها الان^{٢١} يا^{٢٢} صفيي سيمون اخرج^{٢٣} معه بقوة . اني اصحبك^{٢٤} . وبارك عليه 5
الرب هو وجميع التلاميذ . وصعد الى السما بمجد عظيم . وبعد صعود الرب الى
f. 121a السما . قام سيمون^{٢٥} صلا وانحدر الى اورشليم ومعه بطرس وسار الى السامرية .

وهما^{٢٦} Cod. 1

هذه +^{٢٧} الطوبان القديس سيمون بن كلاوبا الذي يدعى^{٢٨} om.
تفسيره ناتانيل^{٢٩} الذي يدعى^{٣٠} في^{٣١} +^{٣٢} اخو^{٣٣} اجتماعوا^{٣٤} على طور
وفيما هم يصلون ويباركوا^{٣٥} جل اسمه اذ^{٣٦} +^{٣٧} فقال^{٣٨} . وان ينادي^{٣٩}
يكون^{٤٠} ونحن^{٤١} . جميع^{٤٢} لكي ان^{٤٣} الذي +^{٤٤} . ولكن هو^{٤٥}
واقول لك انه من بعد^{٤٦} انت +^{٤٧} . اسقف من بعده^{٤٨} . وانت تتم^{٤٩}
مثل ما تم^{٥٠} فلان^{٥١} صفي^{٥٢} bb بسلام قوة ابي يصحبك^{٥٣} وصى^{٥٤}

Gibson*
Cod. Sin.
Arab. 539

ونادى فيهم^٥ باسم^٥ يسوع^٥ المسيح^٥ وبشرى^٥ الانجيل^٥ ودخل سيمون^٥ الى
وسط مجمعهم ونادى فيهم باسم^٥ الرب يسوع المسيح^٥ ولما سمع^٥ اليهود
السكان^٥ هناك قاموا عليه وضربوه ضربا وجيعا^٥ ورجعوا به الى خارج المدينة^٥
وان بطرس قبله وودعه^٥ وخرج^٥ من^٥ عنده^٥ ورجع سيمون قام^٥ في مجمعهم
5 ثلثة ايام ينادى فيهم باسم^٥ المسيح^٥ واقوم منهم^٥ لير يومنوا^٥ واما اليوم
الثالث اعتل^٥ ابن ريس الجماعة^٥ واسمه يعقوب ومات^٥ وحضر رجل^٥ ممن
امن بها^٥ يقول سيمون^٥ الى^٥ والد الصبي الميت^٥ فقال هوذا تلميذ المسيح^٥
هنا ادع^٥ه يصلى على الصبي^٥ ومضى الرجل مسرعا^٥ ودعا تلميذ^٥ يسوع
المسيح^٥ فحضر بفرح ووقف على الغلام الميت وقال^٥ لوالده^٥ او من بالذى
10 صلب انه^٥ ابن الله^٥ ترى مجد الله^٥ قال له ابو الغلام ان قام ابني من
الموت حتى انظره^٥ حيا^٥ انا او من بمسوع المصلوب انه^٥ ابن الله الحى^٥
وادار التلميذ وجهه^٥ الى^٥ الشرق^٥ وقال^٥ يا سيدي يسوع المسيح الذى
f. 121 b صلب على عهد بلاطس البنطى^٥ انت^٥ الذى اهلتنى^٥ لهذا ان انادى باسمك
المبارك^٥ والامك^٥ من اجلنا حتى فديتنا^٥ من يد^٥ العدو^٥ وانظر الى هذا
15 الغلام الميت وبارادتك فامره^٥ الى ان يقوم لكيما يمجده اسمك اليوم فى وسط
kk الجماعة بهذه^٥ المدينة^٥ ليومنوا^٥ باسمك المقدس^٥ ولما قال سيمون التلميذ
المبارك هذا عاد الى^٥ حيث الغلام الميت^٥ وقال باسم الاب والابن

om. ^a وبشرى^٥ وان سيمون التلميذ دخل^٥ فلما سمعوا^٥ الساكنين
فى ذلك الموضع^٥ وزجوا^٥ وان سيمون عاد وقام^٥ يسوع + i
فامن منهم قوم + k ومنهم قوم^٥ وفى اخر^٥ بن^٥ وكان اسمه^٥
p وان رجلا^٥ كان سيمون يقول^٥ حضر + r وقال له^٥ ها هنا ادعوه^٥
مضى^٥ سيدنا^٥ لوالد الغلام الذى مات^٥ تومن^٥ هو بن
عند ذلك + z حي^٥ بن^٥ وان التلميذ عاد بوجهه^٥ dd المشرق
وصلى + cc لهذه الخدمة^٥ ولانك تجسمت هذا من اجلنا لتنقذنا
hh العدو^٥ ii انظر^٥ kk جماعة هذه^٥ ll فلما^٥ mm الموضع الذى فيه

* Cod. منجلنا

بشارة سيمون القديس ابن كلابوا المدعى
يهودا الذى هو ناثانيل المدعى الغيور وصار
اسقف اورشليم بعد يعقوب اخى الرب
بسلام الرب يسوع المسيح امين *

كان حين^٥ اجتمع التلاميذ الى جبل الزيتون ليقتسموا مدن العالم كلها^٥ 5
f. 120 b وفيما هم يصلون ويباركون^٦ الله^٦ حضر الرب يسوع المسيح فى وسطهم^٧ وقال
لهم سلام ابي يحل عليكم^٨ يا تلاميذي الاطهار وانهم تسامحوا فخرج سهر
يهودا الجليلي^٩ ان^٩ يخرج الى بلاد السامرية^{١٠} وينادى فيهم بانجيل الرب
يسوع المسيح اجاب سيمون^{١١} وقال للرب^{١٢} تكن معنا يا سيدنا فى كل موضع
نحل فيه^{١٣} نحن نصبر على^{١٤} كل ما يحل بنا^{١٥} لكن يخرج معى ابي بطرس^{١٦} 10
حتى يوصلنى الى ارض السامرية^{١٧} قال له الرب^{١٨} السهر^{١٩} لبطرس ان يخرج
الى^{٢٠} مدينة رومية لينادى فيها^{٢١} لكنه يخرج معك حتى يوصلك بسلام^{٢٢} وبعد
بشارتك ونداك فيهم^{٢٣} تعود الى اورشليم بعد موت يعقوب الصديق^{٢٤} وتكون
فيها^{٢٥} اسقفا بعده^{٢٦} وتتم جهادك^{٢٧} كما تم^{٢٨} يعقوب الصديق فى ذلك الموضع^{٢٩}
ها الان^{٣٠} يا^{٣١} صفيي سيمون اخرج^{٣٢} معه بقوة^{٣٣} انى اصحبك^{٣٤} وبارك عليه^{٣٥} 15
الرب هو وجميع التلاميذ وصعد الى السما بمجد عظيم وبعد صعود الرب الى
f. 121 a السما قام سيمون^{٣٦} صلا وانحدر الى اورشليم ومعه بطرس وسار الى السامرية^{٣٧}

وهي Cod. 1

هذه +^٥ الطوبان القديس سيمون بن كلابوا الذى يدعى^٦ om.
تفسيره ناثانيل^٧ الذى يدعى^٨ فى +^٩ اخو^{١٠} اجتماعا^{١١} على طور
k وفيما هم يصلون ويباركوا^{١٢} جل اسمه اذ^{١٣} فقال^{١٤} وان ينادى^{١٥}
يكون^{١٦} ونحن^{١٧} جميع^{١٨} لكى ان^{١٩} الذى +^{٢٠} ولكن هو^{٢١}
واقول لك انه من بعد^{٢٢} انت +^{٢٣} اسقف من بعده^{٢٤} وانت تتم^{٢٥}
مثل ما تم^{٢٦} فالان^{٢٧} صفي^{٢٨} بسلام قوة ابي يصحبك^{٢٩} cc وصلى^{٣٠}

Gibson*
Cod. Sin.
Arab. 539

العلا . وهو الحال فى بطن ^١مريم العذرى^٢ وهو الرب يسوع المسيح الذى ولدته ^٣مريم العذرى . وهو ^٤الاله تانس . ^٥وهذا ^٦اعترافه بين^٧ تلك الجماعة ^٨بلا خوف من ^٩احد من^{١٠} الناس . شهد ^{١١}بميلاده وشهد بموته وقيامته من ^{١٢}بين الاموات وصعده الى ابيه الذى فى السما . وعلم ^{١٣}اكل من حضر الامانة 5 بالمسيح . ^{١٤}ولما سمعت الجماعة ^{١٥}منه ذلك^{١٦} غضبوا غضبا ^{١٧}شديد الذى من ابيهم الشيطان الحال فيهم على تلميذ الرب يسوع المسيح . وتعاونوا كلهم وتقلدوا ^{١٨}دمه^{١٩} كل من حضر وسمع كلامه . ^{٢٠}وامسكوه^{٢١} وقدموه الى ^{٢٢}قلودس الملك . f. 120a ^{٢٣}واقاموا عليه شهود^{٢٤} زور . وقالوا للملك . هذا الانسان مطغى يطوف البلاد والمدن ويقول انا عبد يسوع المسيح . ويمنعهم من طاعة الملك . ^{٢٥}ولما سمع 10 الملك هذا ^{٢٦}لاجل التلميذ المبارك امر ان ^{٢٧}يُرجم بالحجارة حتى يموت . ^{٢٨}فرجموه اليهود وكامر^{٢٩} الملك . وهكذا كانت ^{٣٠}شهادته^{٣١} . ^{٣٢}وتتيح التلميذ^{٣٣} المبارك يعقوب ^{٣٤}ابن حلفى^{٣٥} فى عشرة^{٣٦} ايام من ^{٣٧}امشير^{٣٨} وقبر عند الهيكل فى اورشليم . والسبح^{٣٩} والمجد^{٤٠} للاب والابن والروح القدس الى دهر الداهرين امين^{٤١} .

^١ العذرى مريم ^٢ مارت مريم ^٣ الاله الذى ^٤ هذا ^٥ اعتراف التلميذ
يدى + ^٦ بغير ^٧ اخرين ^٨ على ميلاد بن الله الوحيد om. ^٩
جميع ^{١٠} فلما ^{١١} ما قاله التلميذ ^{١٢} شديدا ^{١٣} جميع ^{١٤} ومسكوا
التلميذ المبارك + ^{١٥} اقلودسيوس ^{١٦} واقاموا ^{١٧} زورا ^{١٨} فلما
من اجل ^{١٩} وان اليهود لعنهم الله رجموه كما امر ^{٢٠} شهادة ^{٢١} بن
اخو مشى فى تسعة ^{٢٢} شهر تشير الاول ^{٢٣} لله دايم اهدا

f. 119a الرجل الذي كان التلميذ سبب خلاصه من الفسوس ان التلميذ ^١ حمل ذلك وتنيح. اقام ثلاثة ايام حزينا عليه. وفي تمام خمسة عشر يوما بعد وفاة القديس متاوس الانجيلي تلميذ الرب يسوع المسيح. واستكمال شهادته في اثني عشر يوما من بابه. والسبح للاب والابن والروح القدس المحيي الان وكل اوان والى دهر الداهرين ❖ امين ❖

5

١ شهادة يعقوب ٢ ابن حلفى وتماز جهاده فى عشرة ايام

٣ من امشير بسلام الرب امين

كان لما دخل يعقوب ٤ التلميذ ٥ الى اورشليم لينادى فيها بالانجيل المقدس. وكل عجايب ٦ اللاهوت ٧ اليومنون بالله وكل ٨ من يسمع ٩ كلامه بقلب نقى افتخلص نفسه ١٠ وفكر فى نفسه ١١. كيف ١٢ حتى تسمع ١٣ من الجماعة ١٤ ويومنون ١٥. ودخل الى الهيكل حيث تجتمع ١٦ الجماعة ١٧ فوجد جمعا ١٨ كبيرا ١٩ من اليهود مجتمعين. وابتدا ٢٠ فى وسطهم يبشرهم بفرح عظيم وابتهاج بين ٢١ يديهم كلهم ٢٢. واوسع f. 119b القول وشرح الايمان ٢٣ بالله. ٢٤ يشهد ان ٢٥ الوحيد ٢٦ ابن الله كلمة ٢٧ الحياة ٢٨. كل الدهور يسوع المسيح ٢٩ هو ٣٠ ابن الله بالحقيقة ٣١ الازلى مع الاب قبل كل الدهور ٣٢ وهو فى الاب والاب فيه هو الذى كلمة الاب ٣٣ اذ ٣٤ قال نخلق انسانا ٣٥ كشبهنا وصورتنا. وهو الساكن فى السما مع ابيه ٣٦. وعلى عرش ٣٧ الكاروبيم ٣٨ والسارافيم ٣٩ يمجّدونه ٤٠ وهو الذى عن يمين العظمة ٤١ فى

١ Cod. حل

٢ Cod. بدالة

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------------------|----------------|-------------|-------|
| هذه + | بن | تسعة | تشرين الاول | om. | مدينة |
| العجايب | اللاهوت | لكيما كل | منه يامن بالله | ١ ويخلص | |
| فاما يعقوب التلميذ ففكر فى قلبه | منه | وتومن بالله | وانه دخل | | |
| فيه + | كثيرا | وانه ابتدا | اوساطهم | يدى جماعتهم | |
| فشهد على | الحياة | اله | انه هو الكاين | هو | |
| كشبهتنا | وهو على | الشارفيم والسارافيم | تمجدونه | | |

Gibson*
Cod. Sin.
Arab.
539

- علي قلب سكان هذه المدينة يعينونى على خلاصي . ولعل يحضر فى مجلسه
من يضمنك الى يوم الثانى . واذا خللك امض الى الموضع الذى غرق فيه
المركب تجد كل ما هلك منك موضوعا . غذه وسلمه اليه . واقض ما عليك .
f. 118 a وكن حرا انت واهل بيتك . وللغد ارسل افسطس اخرجه من السجن . وامر
5 ان ينصب للعذاب بغضب . فساله فى امهاله كما امره التلميذ فاجابه الى ما
سال . وخرج الى الموضع الذى غرق فيه المركب . وهو واثق ان كلنا قال
التلميذ يتم ونظر عن يمينه على شاطئ البحر فوجد خرقة كبيرة مهلوة
دنابير فاحذها وعاد الى المدينة وهو يبارك الله . ويشكر التلميذ القديس ودخل
الى افسطس وسلم اليه الخرقة وفتحها وعد ما فيها فوجد فيها الفى دينار
10 فقال له افسطس . ما هذا . قال له هذا ثمن المركب الذى غرق فى البحر
وجميع ما كان فيه . فقال له ومن اين اصبت هذا المال . فعرفه صفة حاله
وما قال له التلميذ ووجوده المال . فقال له افسطس ما هذا الكلام الاحمق
الذى اسمعه منك . لعلك خرجت الى موضع نقبته . ونهبت ما فيه وجيت به الى
هاهنا . قال له الرجل لا وحق سيدي المسيح الاله متاوس ما نقبت موضعا الا
15 الذى عزمتك به هو الحق . فان اردت ان تنظره . هوذا فى السجن يعافى
f. 118 b من كل العلل ويخرج الشياطين . وفيما هو يقول ذلك واذا برجل شرير يبغض
الخير اتا وصاح قائلا اسمعوا يا معشر الروم اعرفكم هذه الفتنة التى ظهرت
فى هذه المدينة . رجل غريب ينادى فى شوارعها بالاله جديد اسمه يسوع
المسيح الناصرى . فان تركته يا افسطس رئيس المدينة فهو يهلك المدينة وكل
20 من فيها . وانهى افسطس ذلك الى الملك . ولما سمع الملك ذلك غضب غضبا
عظيما على التلميذ . وقال لمن حضره من الشرط اخرجوا بسرعة الى حيث
تجدوه خذوا راسه والقوا جسده على الارض يكون طعاما لطيور السما . وخرج
الشرط من عنده ففعلوا كما امرهم به الملك . واخذوا راسه وتركوا جسده
مطروحا لياكله طير السما وارسل الله محب البشر رجلين صالحين¹ اخذا راس
25 القديس الصفا بجسده وكفناه بكفن² نظيف وجعلاه فى قبر لا بابيها . ولما سمع

¹ Cod. اخذ² Cod. نضيف

موتيريم والدة الله بالحقيقة وبموته وابتدى من النسبة التى كانت الى المسيح
يعلم كل احد ان الله حل فى الجسد الذى قبله من العذرى مريم من
غير مباشرة رجل . واتحد به ولم يختلط ولم يمتزج ولم يفترق . وكان القديس
متاوس يفتقد السجن ويشفى كل من فيه بغير جزاء . والشفا الذى يعطيه لكل
احد هو قوله . باسم يسوع المسيح يكن لكم الشفا . وللوقت يتم قوله . ويشفى 5
f. 117 a كل من يؤمن به بالله . وفى بعض الايام دخل الى السجن فوجد فيه رجلا
مطالبا بهال عظيم تعاقبه السجانون عقوبة عظيمة . ولما نظره وعذابه وكثرة
بكاه . تحنن عليه . وقال له . ما لى اراك فى هذا الغمر العظيم وكثرة البكا .
قال له انا عبد افسطس . وكنت عنده امينا مقبول القول . وسلم الي مالا عظيما .
وامرنى ان اخرج فى البحر اتجر فى ذلك الحال . وامثلت امره وخرجت وركبت 10
البحر . وهاج علي البحر وتحركت فيه ريح عظيمة . وغرق المركب وكل ما
فيه وكنت فى تلك الشدة مويسا من الحياة . ارسل الله عشارى صغير اخرجنى
الى شط البحر . وعدت الى سيدي افسطس لاعرفه كلما جرى . فقال لى بغضب
من . اين اتيت . فعرفته كلما اصابنى فى البحر . فغضب غضبا شديدا 1 لكثرة
محبة الحال . ولذلك القانى فى السجن ويطالبنى ان 2 اجازى له بعض الحال . 15
ولما سمع منه متاوس هذا حزن جدا وقال له لا تبك . ولا تحزن . بل اومن
ان الله حال فى قلب كل من يؤمن به . قال له الانسان وما الذى تريد
f. 117 b ان افعل فاننا فى حزن شديد حقا اقول لك يا عبد الله الصالح . انى موات
كثيرة اردت ان اقتل نفسي من كثرة العذاب الذى اعذب به . قال له
التلميذ . اقول لك هذا السر العظيم . لكن تحلف لى ان تتم ما اقوله لك . 20
تومن بالله كل ايام حياتك . فالقى الرجل نفسه بين يدي التلميذ . وقال
له الله شاهد علي ان نالنى شى من الخبز على يديك . مما تامرنى به انا
اومن بالمسيح الذى صلب . قال له التلميذ اذا كان بالغداة سيدك فسطس
يسل عنك ويخرجك من السجن ليعذبك كعادته . فاذا رايت امر بك ان تعذب .
قل له اسلك يا سيدي ان تسمح علي اليوم . فلعل الله يفتح لى ويحنن 25

1 Cod. + لا

2 Cod. اخسر

3 Cod. قول

المقدسة . ولا تردني يا سيدي الى الجحيم . ولما نظر الملك هذا العجب
 نهض مسرعا وامر كل من في المدينة ان يتعمدوا وكل اهل بيته من يد
 متاوس باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس . وكان في المدينة فرح عظيم .
 واخرج الملك ابلون واحرقه في النار التي اوقدها ليحرق فيها القديس متاوس .
 5 ولم يزل النار في ابلون حتى جعلته رماد . فهذا سبب ايمان اهل المدينة
 بالرب على يدي متاوس المبارك . وبعد ذلك ظهر له السيد يسوع المسيح وقال
 f. 116 a له تقوا يا متاوس المبارك . وتشدد امانتك الست تذكر القول الذي قلت لك .
 لا تقلق واصبر ولا تخاف . فلي في هذه المدينة نفوس تومن بي على يدك .
 قال له متاوس نعم يا رب . قال الرب لمتاوس وارميس ان ايعمدا الجماعة
 10 ويطهرهم . ولما تم الرب كلامه تجلا الى السما بمجد . وكل اهل المدينة
 ينظرون اليه . وفعلوا ذلك وعهداهم . وهدم الملك واهل المدينة برها ابلون .
 وبنوا موضعه كنيسة . وقدها متاوس . وقسم لهم قسا وشمامسة . واعطاهم
 الانجيل . وقام بين ظهورهم مدة حتى قويت ايمانهم . وخرج من عندهم
 بسلام . ولما صار خارج المدينة عاد توجه اليهم وقال لهم موهبة الرب وسلامه
 15 يحل عليكم الى دهر الداهرين . امين .
 ✠ والسبح لله دائما ابدا ✠

f. 116 b شهادة القديس متاوس السليح الانجيلي الذي في اثني عشر يوما

من بابد بسلام الرب امين ✠

ولما حضر متاوس الانجيلي الى اورشليم وارض يهودا . كتب انجيله بلغة
 20 العبرانية . وخرج الى ² بريتكي وبشرهم بالمسيح وثبتهم على الامانة المستقيمة .
 ولما ان علم ان قويت ايمانهم وكل من في تلك البلاد . خرج من عندهم .
 وهو فرح مبتهج بما وهب الله له من ايمانهم . وسار في تلك البلاد من تخوم
 برينة ونادى فيهم وبشرهم بكلمة الله المحيي . وميلاده من العذري الطاهرة

¹ Cod. يعمد

² Cod. بريتكي

'رفضتم بابلون . قالوا له لانه ما يقدر يخلص هو من الهلاك الذى حل به
هو وكل الاصنام الذين فى منازلنا تكسرت كلها . كيف يقدر يخلص غيره .
وامر الملك ان يُحرقاً التلميذان ولا يُتركاً ساعة واحدة . وهاجت المدينة اصحاب
المسيح واصحاب ابلون . وللوقت صاح متاوس بصوت عالى قايلًا هكذا ايها
الاخوة ليس بواجب ان ترضوا الناس وتغضبوا الله . وفيما هو يتكلم اتى رجل 5
من دار الملك اخبره ان ابنه الوحيد قد مات . فاسرع الحضور الى منزله هو
ومن يومئذ بابلون . واما اصحاب متاوس الذين امنوا بالمسيح فوقفوا مع
التلاميذ وكانت عندهم اربع مائة نفس^١ ووعظهم متاوس ووصاهم وقال لهم تكون
f. 115a امانتكم صحيحة لتتظروا عجباً جديداً وحضر متاوس الى الموضع الذى فيه
الملك . وقال له اراك حزين القلب لموت ولدك . ادع ابلون ان يحييه لك . 10
قال له الملك من من الالهة يستطيع ان يقيم الاموات . قال له متاوس . الاله
يسوع المسيح ابن الله الحى ان انت امنت به يقيم ابنك حياً . فحلف له
الملك بايمان يعظمها . وقال له ان رايت هذا العجب من يسوع ربك وقيامه
ابني من الموت . فلست اسجد لابلون ولا لشي من جميع الاصنام . ولما
سمع متاوس قول الملك حمى بقوة روح القدس . ورفع عينيه الى السما وبسط 15
يديه ودعا هكذا قايلًا . اباركك يا رب كل اوان الذى لا يبلا . اسجد^٢ للمسكن
العالى فوق كل علو . امجدك الذى لم يشفق على ذاته بل اسلمها لاجل
خطايانا حتى انقذتنا واشركتنا فى الحق . اشكرك انت وحدك الذى تقيم
الاموات . اسلك يا ابا ربنا يسوع المسيح ضابط الكل ارسل من علوك وقوتك
العالية ان تكسر شوكة الموت تحطم كل قوته يسقط تراس الجحيم ويخسر 20
f. 115b حراسه وتفضح ضلاله^٣ وسأوسه . اسحق ابن التنين . ارسل ايدك العالية يا ربي
يسوع المسيح . واقم هذا الشاب ليومن هذا الملك وكل سكان هذه المدينة .
ولما تم متاوس صلاته . قام الى حيث الميت . وامسك يده قايلًا . لك اقول
انه باسم يسوع . المسيح تقوم سالماً . فنهض الغلام للوقت . وامسك قدمي
متاوس وقال له اسلك يا عبد الله الصالح ان تعمدنى وتشركنى فى السراير 25
ووسايله . Cod. المسكن . Cod. ووعظهم . Cod. رفضتون .

وعنده باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس . واعطاه من ذلك الخبز المقدس .
 وصلى متاوس . وارتفعت المائدة الى حيث كانت . وخرج متاوس وارميس
 وسارا الى حيث كانت ابلون واغلقا البربا . ودخلا جميعا الى بيت ارميس .
 ووعظهم متاوس بالامانة . وعمدهم جميعهم باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس .
 5 وكانت فى بيت ارميس فرحة عظيمة . وللغد حضر الملك ليدخل البربا . فوجد
 الباب مغلقا فامر ان يحضر ارميس الكاهن . ولما وقف بين يديه قال له الملك
 كيف استجريت واغلقت باب البربا . وسددت موضع ابلون الاله الكبير . قال
 له ارميس . لم استطع ابلون يخلص نفسه كيف يخلص غيره . قال له الملك .
 "ومن له استطع ان يخلص . قال له ارميس . هو يسوع المسيح ابن الله الحى
 10 خلاص النفوس . قيامة الاموات فخر الصديقين الذى ابطل كل شرور العدو
 وخداع الشيطان تحت قدميه . قال الملك لارميس . من اين لك حتى عرفت
 اسم يسوع . قال له متاوس تلميذه الذى هو اتى الي معرفته . واذا علي نوره
 f. 114 a انا وكل من فى بيتي . فلما سمع الملك منه ذلك غضب غضبا شديدا وامر
 ان يشد ارميس ومتاوس بالحبال فى ارجلهم وزحف بهم كل المدينة حتى
 15 تجرحت اجسامهم . وسال منها الدما والتصقت لحومهم فى الشوارع . وضربا
 بالعصى . وامر الملك ان يلقي فى السجن . ودخل الملك البربا ووجد كلما
 فيه من التماثيل مكسرة وابلون مكسر قطعة قطعة . فخرق ثيابه وصاح بصوت
 عظيم . وكل من معه . وامر ان يحضر ارميس ومتاوس ويحرقا بالنار . وللوقت
 كانت زلزلة عظيمة . وسقطت كل الاصنام التى فى بيوت اهل المدينة عن
 20 مراتبهم وتكسرت . وصوت يصرخ عاليا لا اله الا يسوع المسيح ابن الله الازلى .
 وصارت المدينة طائفتين طائفة واحدة لابلون واخرى ليسوع . فطائفة ابلون
 يقولون هولاي السحرة يحرقون بالنار . والذين امنوا بيسوع قالوا ما تمكثكم منهم
 f. 114 b وامر الملك ان يحضر خشب كثير ويشعل فيه النار ليحرق فيه متاوس وارميس
 وهم احيا . وحمل الذين امنوا كل اداة السلاح ومنعوا عن ارميس ومتاوس .
 25 وقالوا ما تمكثكم ان تحرقوا تلاميذ الرب الا بواجب . قال لهم الملك . لم

يستطيع Cod. ¹ممن Cod. ²

المسيح تدركنى رحمتك . واسمع طلبتي . ارسل علينا نورك ليعزى نفوسنا واشرق
 علينا جميعا رحمتك . ولما تم متاوس صلاته اشرق عليهم نور عظيم ولما راه
 f. 112b ارميس سقط على وجهه وصار فى المدينة زلزلة عظيمة من كثرة النور وبزلزلة
 الارض سقط اهلون على وجهه . وتكسر قطعة قطعة . ولم يبق من اجمع
 الصور التى فى الهيكل شيا . بل تحطمت كلها . وامسك متاوس يد ارميس 5
 واقامه . وقال له انظر الالهك لم يستطيع ان يخلص . كيف يقدر يخلص
 غيره . فقام ارميس ودخل الى موضع اهلون فوجده قد سقط وتكسر فوطاه
 برجليه وقال له اهلون لم تقدر ان تخلص . كيف تقدر تخلص غيرك . نعمما
 ما دعيت بهذا الاسم الذى هو الالهك . قال له متاوس اخرج ودع هذا الحقير
 ساقطا على وجهه . وخرج ارميس ومسك يد متاوس وقال له . ادخل معي الى 10
 منزلي وناكل خبز . قال له متاوس نحن ناكل بل قل لاهلون يصلح لنا ما
 ناكل . قال له ارميس حيث كان فى مجده وجلالته لم يعمل شيا من هذا
 وكيف لما تكسر وصار رميما تحت رجلي الناس يطونه . قال متاوس الالهى هو
 قادر ان يوجه الينا ما ناكل . قال له ارميس انا اصدقك فى كل ما تقول
 f. 113a بسبب النور الذى رايتك حل علينا . بل اريد ان انظر هذا الطعام الذى يرسله 15
 الينا . قال له متاوس . انا ابلاغك ما سالت . ورفع متاوس عينيه ويديه ودعا
 قايلما اله الخطاة التايبين ورد النفوس^١ الضالة الى معرفته مطهر النفوس والاجساد
 جميعا الكلمة الذى نزل من السما المن [الذى] نزل من السما فى البرية الصوت
 العالى على الكل . دليل الضالين الدرجة الموصلة الى العلا الطعام الذى اكله
 بنو اسراييل فى البرية فى الصوم وفى الفصح محيى النفوس والاجساد انت 20
 يا سيدي يسوع المسيح الذى اهلتنى لهذه الخدمة الروحانية ارسل علي مجدك
 وبركتك وكرامتك الى ابد الابد . عند ذلك حضرت اليهم مايدة مضية .
 وعليها ثلاثة خبزات بيض كالثلج وزق خمر . قال له متاوس ما يجوز لك ان
 تاكل من هذا الطعام حتى تشترك فى الايمان والسراير المقدسة . قال له
 f. 113b ارميس . اسرع^٢ واهلنى لقبولها فوعظه بكلام الحياة وشرع له معرفة الامانة . 25

١ Cod. يومن

٢ Cod. الغالة

٣ Cod. ووهلنى

- لمن كان طاهر الظاهر والباطن . قال له واين موضع الالهك . قال له هو في بلدي . قال له . واين بلدك . قال له متاوس هو في بلد مطهر . وشوارعه البر وطرقه الصدق . بلدي بلد البر . وسكانه لا يموتون . ليس في بلدي ظلمة . بل هو نور كله . والاهي الذي يضي لكل من فيه . وايس للموت على اهل
- 5 بلدي قدرة . بلدي كله منصوب الكراسي والطيب في وسطه كبير . الاشجار لا تفنى سكانه ليس في بلدي احد يشتهي خطية . بل كلهم ابرار . ليس عبد بل كلهم احرار . الاهي رحوم رؤوف . معطي الفقرا حتى يغنيهم . ليس في بلدي غضب . بل كلهم مصطلحين . ليس فيه وقية . بل كلهم متفقون . ليس فيه شقاق . بل كلهم متفقون . ليس فيه خديعة بل كلهم ودعا . ليس فيه صوت نحيب . بل فرح وابتهاج . فلما [سمع] ارميس ذلك قال لمتاوس كيف تقول ليس في بلدي نجس . قال له متاوس لان الاهي طاهر . قال له اريد اخرج معك الى بلدك . قال له متاوس . بلدي انت تدخله وانت ترى الاهي شارك في ايمان ابي وفي سرايره المقدسة . ولما كان اخر النهار . قال ارميس لمتاوس انتظرنى حتى امضى اسرج سراج اهلون قبل ان نمضى 'فنعشى' . قال له متاوس . انت الذى تسرج السراج لالهك . قال له ارميس . ليس السراج فقط . بل واغسله وازينه حتى يحسن . واحمله من مكان الى مكان . قال له
- 15 متاوس . الاهي هو الذى يضي لى . وكل من يخدمه مضيون بالنور في كل حين وكل من يخافه النور حايط به وكل من يمجده مشتملين بالنور . قال له ارميس انا اصير معك الى مدينتك . قال له متاوس ما نحتاج نخرج ان
- 20 انا دعوت الاهي حضر الي . وعند حضوره يضي الهيكل بالنور . قال له ارميس اريد ارى هذا العجب فرفع متاوس عينيه الى السما وقال هكذا اسلك يا ربي والاهي ضابط الكل ابا ربي والاهي يسوع المسيح ملك المجد لباس الاطهار وملك الابرار ونور العمى وضيا العالم المصباح الذى لا ينطفئ النور الذى لا يدركه الظلمة المنجل الذى يكسر كل شجرة لا ثمرة لها . النار التى تهلك
- 25 كل الالهة المصنوعة شجرة الحياة المعطى حياة لكل البشر الاهي وسيدى يسوع

وبعد ذلك يحرقوك بالنار . لا تخف ولا تضطرب ولا تقلق ولا تابس . فان الملك
يعود ويومن بى وكل سكان المدينة على يدك . والنار التى يوقدونها ليحرقوك
فيها هى تبهج لتحرق اهلون الههم . فاصبر انت وادع اسمي فاني استجيب لك
ونا معك كل حين ولست بعيد منك ومن اخوتك التلاميذ حيث يكونون .
وقال الرب هذا تجلى عنه الى السما بمجد . وقام متاوس ودخل المدينة 5
وسال اهله اين تكون البريا . قالوا له من اى بلاد انت . قال لهم انا من
مصر^{f. 110b} . قالوا له ما سبب مجيئك وما تطلب . قال لهم انظر الى الهتكم وكيف
يعلمكم . قالوا له ان الهنا لا يعلمنا شيا ولا نسمع له صوتا وما نعرف من ياكل
الضحايا التى نقدمها اليه . بل ياخذها منا قوم^١ موكلين بخدمته . فقال لهم
لستم من الكهنة . قالوا نعم بل ليس من المتقدمين بخدمة الالهة . قال لهم 10
الهتكم كلهم بمنزلة واحدة . قالوا لا . الكبير اهلون . قال لهم اهلون يحب
الاغنيا ويبغض الفقرا هذا^٢ ميزاني ليس عنده شى من الصلاح . واشتهى ان
اخاطبه واقول له كيف يحب الاغنيا ويبغض الفقرا . وكلهم يعبدونك ويجب
ان تكرمهم كلهم . فلما سمعوا كلامه صاروا فريقين وقالوا نحضر معه حتى
نسمع كلامه . ومشوا معه حتى وصلوه الهيكل . واحضروا الكاهن الذى فيه 15
قالوا له هذا حضر من مصر واخرج كلمه . ولما نظر اليه متاوس قبله القبلة
الروحانية . وهو حريص على خلاصه . ولما لصقت شفتا متاوس شفتى ارميس
الكاهن حلت يد الله عليه وقال للتلميذ . من اين انت . ومن اين اتيت .
فهمذ قبلتك وصافحتك حلت علي موهبة عظيمة فعرفنى من انت يا سيدي .
f. 111a
قال له التلميذ انا من السبط الامالح كهنة الله الحى . وفرح متاوس بالموهبة 20
التي حلت على ارميس بكلامه . وقال ارميس له اريد ان اعرف كيف وجدت
الطريق الى ان وصلت الى هذه المدينة . قال له الالهى وصلنى اليها . قال له
وكيف كان ذلك . قال امسك بيدي وواقفنى على باب المدينة . قال له اريد
انظر الالهك . قال له ان امنت به وحفظت وصيتي وصدقت بكلما اقوله لك
وايقنت انه حق تركت الالهى يكلمك لان الالهى لا ينظر لانسان نجس الا 25

^١ موكلون Cod.^٢ ميزاني Cod.

- f. 109 a فسجدوا على الارض وقالوا نبارك اسمك يا رب ونشكرك دائما امرنا اى الطريق
التي نسير اليها فامر الرب بطرس ان يخرج الى مدينة رومية . واندراوس الى
مدينة مسية . ومتاوس الى مدينة الكهنة . قال متاوس للرب ما اعرفها ولا دخلتها .
قال له الرب وانت الى الان قليل الامة سر فى هذه الطريق التي تبلفك
5 الى مدينتهم . وعند ذلك وافت سحابة فحملت بطرس واندراوس الى ان اوصلت
كل واحد الى موضعه الذى امره الرب ينادى فيه . ومشى متاوس قليلا فرفع
عينيه الى السما . وصلا وقال يا ايها الرب القدوس يسوع المسيح ربي الذى
علم ابراهيم وتمم قسمه لاسحق واقام شهادته ليعقوب . والموهبة ليوسف وحفظت
الشعب اربعين سنة فى البرية تظللهم سحابة فى النهار وتضى لهم عمود النار
10 فى الليل واهلكت اعداهم تحت اقدامهم واصعدتهم من بحر سوف . ووصلتهم
ارض الميعاد التي حلفت لابراهيم ابراهيم واسحق ويعقوب . كن موديا لى
f. 109 b فى هذه الطريق المعرفة وفى تلك الساعة اتت سحابة حملته حتى وصلت
الى مدينة الكهنة . ولما راى المدينة فرح وعزم بدخولها . فنظر امامه شابا راعى
غنم . فلقيه . قال له متاوس اعلمنى ايها الشاب الراعى كيف الطريق الى دخول
15 هذه المدينة . فقال هذه الطريق . بل لا تقدر تدخلها . وانت بهذا اللباس .
لانه ليس مثل لباس اهل بلدنا . لا ثيابك منظفة ان كنت تريد تدخلها انزع
عك هذا اللباس والبس لباس الكهنة . واحلق شعر راسك ولحيتك . وشد وسطك
وخذ فى يدك اليمنى سعة من النخل . والبس نعل خوص فى رجلك حتى
يصير لباسك مثلهم . وتدخل المدينة . فلما سمع ذلك حزن قلبه وعاد الى
20 طريقه التي جا فيها . ولم يرد ان يدخل المدينة . والشاب الذى خاطبه هو
يسوع المسيح . ولما عاد فى طريقه قليلا ومد يده وردة الى ورايه . وقال له
f. 110a متاوس الى اين تمضى . قال له من تعرفنى ومن عرفك اسمي . قال له الشاب
انا اعرفك يا متاوس عد وادخل المدينة انا يسوع الالهك . افعل ما قلت لك
ولا يحزن قلبك . فان لم تفعل ما تقدر ان تدخل المدينة . ففعل كما امره
25 يسوع ومشى معه حتى وصله الى باب المدينة . وقال له تقوا يا متاوس
تلميذى وتجلد وتصبر سيحل بك من تلك المدينة عذاب شديد وحبس طويل .

قالوا نحن نعرف هذا الاسم . قلت لهم من عرفكم به . قالوا لى اطل روحك .
 ولا تقلق الى الغداة . انت تنظر الى الذى بشرتنا به . ولما كان بالغداة حضر
 f. 108a الرب يسوع المسيح وهو راكب على سحابة مضية . وجميع قوات السما يسبحونه .
 ولما رايته من كثرة الفرحة ابتهجت بروح القدس وصحت قايلًا مجدوه ملك
 الملوك . وعلوا علوه الى كل الدهور . واقمنا ثلاثة ايام نسبحه فى البيعة . ولما 5
 تم الثلاثة ايام بارك علينا وصعد الى السما بهمد عظيم . ثم قلت لهم كيف
 استحققت هذه الكرامة . حتى يعيد السيد يسوع المسيح معكم . قالوا لى لم
 يبلغك خبر التسعة اسباط ونصف الذين ادخلهم الرب الى ارض الميعاد . نحن
 هم اذا كان نصف النهار يجى الينا جبرييل ملاك الله ويحضر معه الهامة
 والاربعة والاربعين الف الاطفال الذين قتلهم هيرودس لم يدنسوا ثيابهم فى 10
 العالم واذا سبحوا سبחנו معهم . واذا قالوا اليلويا قلنا معهم . فاما الذهب
 والفضة لم³ نشتهيها فى بلادنا لا ناكل لحم ولا نشرب نبيذ فى بلادنا . وانما
 طعامنا العسل وشرابنا لم ننظر الى وجوه نساينا بالشهوة . الولد البكر الذى
 f. 108b يولد نقدمه ضحية لله يكون يخدم هيكل طول حياته وهو فى ثلاثة سنين
 ليس شرابنا الماء الذى من ابهار محفورة بايدي الناس . ولكن الماء الذى نشربه 15
 هو من الماء الفايز من الفردوس . لم نشتمل بكسوة مصنوعة بايدي الناس .
 وانما كسوتنا من اوراق الاشجار . لم نسمع كلام الكذب فى بلادنا ولا يعرفه
 احد . ليس يتزوج انسان فى بلادنا مرتين ولا يموت ولد قبل ابيه . ولا يتكلم
 الصغير بين يدي الكبير . السباع ساكنة معنا فى بلادنا ما يضرونا ولا نضرهم .
 اذا هاجت الرياح تنسمنا منها رايحة جنة الفردوس . ليس فى بلادنا برد ولا 20
 ثلج . بل نسمة حياة . وهو معتدل . فلما سمعت منهم رغبت الى المقام فى
 بلدهم وشخصت عيني من استماع حلاوة كلامهم . فسبح الله عدد ذلك بطرس
 واندراوس . وسلاه ان يكشف لهما اى موضع يسرون اليه . وظهر لهم الرب .
 وقال لهم سلامي عليكم . يا تلاميذي الاطهار الذين انتخبتم دون كل
 الخليقة . تقووا وامنوا . انى حال معكم كل حين لا اغيب حيث تكونون . 25

¹ Cod. الملك² Cod. استحققتهم³ Cod. نشيها

ففكر الملك وقال ما اصنع . هذا هو مخالفى للتلميذ . لم اقبل كلامه . وحضر
الى القبر لياخذ من جسده خرقه من الكفن يعلقها فى حلق ولده . وهو قائل
انه يؤمن ان الله يعافيه . وظهر له تماس وقال القديس لم تؤمن بى وانا
فى الحياة يا متاوس . امنت بى وانا ميت . لكن لا تخاف الرب يتحنن عليك
5 لانه غير بخيل بعطاه . ولما فتح القبر لم يجد من جسد القديس شيا لانه
اخذ سرا الى ¹العدن فاخذ قليل تراب من الموضع . الذى كان فيه جسد
القديس وربطه فى حلق ابنه . وقال انا اؤمن ان بدعا القديس يخرج هذا
الروح النجس من ولدى وفى تلك الساعة خرج الشيطان من ولده . وامن
الملك وسجد بين يدي ارسفرس القس . وساله هو والاخوة ان يستغفروا الله
10 له . فقال القس للاخوة صلوا على الملك لكيما يقتله الله وينزل له جميع
خطاياهم ففعلوا ذلك بفرح وابتهاج على ما راوه من امانة الملك . والله محب
البشر ملك الملوك ورب الارباب اعطى متاوس الملك امانة صحيحة ورجا ثابتا .
وشاع ايمانه وصلاحه فى كل البلاد وكان مكرما لجميع الاخوة ويسبح الاب
والابن والروح القدس . وقبل تماس التلميذ ضربة الاربعة الجند باربعة حراش
15 وهكذا تم شهادته فى طريق مدينة الهند . فى ستة وعشرين يوما من شهر
بشنس . والسبح للرب يسوع المسيح مع الاب وروح القدس . امين

اعمال متاوس التلميذ التى عملها فى بلاد

الكهنة بسلام الرب امين

وكان بطرس واندراوس عند عودتهما من بلاد البربر . وقد ثبتاهما فى الامانة .
20 وعرفاهما شرايع الدين . اذ هما سائران فى الطريق لقيهما متاوس . فقبلوا بعضهما
بعضا بالقبلة الروحانية . وقال لهم من اين اتيتم . قالوا له من بلاد البربر . قال
لهم متاوس وانا ايضا اتيت من بلاد المغبوطين . عرفاه كل واحد منهم ما
ناله من الالام . قال لهما متاوس . ان المدينة التى كنت فيها الرب يسوع
المسيح كل يوم حاضر عندهم ويعيد معهم ينصب كرسيه فى وسط بيعتهم
25 بالغداة . ويعلمهم وصاياه . ولما دخلت مدينتهم وناديت فيهم وبشرتهم باسمه

¹ Cod. الحدين

- عيناي الى خلاصك . تمت الامر الذى امرتنى به . والرسالة التى ارسلتنى فيها
اوصلتها لاكون عبدا حازما يخاف اسمك . ربطت وسطي فى كل الصلاح .
وسعت خطاي فى طريق انجيل السلامة . ركبت الغدان ولم انظر الى خلف .
ليلا يكون معوجا . ازهرت الارض 'وحضر زمان الحصاد . لاخذ الاجرة . تمت
f. 106 a التعب الذى بلغنى الى الراحة . حفظت الغم الاول والثانى والثالث لانظر وجهك
واسجد لمجدك . ورذلت البشر لاسبغ من الخيرات . تمت كل مشيتك ولم
اعد الى خلف . تقدمت ليلا اكون عثرة لغيري لاخذ اكليل المجد . والاجر
السمائية . لا يقف فى طريق التنين . ولا تقوم علي بنو الحية . ولا يدنوا
الي قوات الظلمة . بل يبعدون عنى . لان لك السبح ولا يبك القدوس وروحك
المحيي . امين . ولما فرغ المغبوط من صلاته . عاد الى الشرط . وقال لهم :¹⁰
تمموا ارادة 'ملككم' . واتى اربعة من الجند متيسرين وطعنوه بالحراش . فسقط
على الارض . واسلم روحه للوقت . وبكا عليه الاخوة الذين حضروا . واحضروا
ازرا 'نظاف وثياب فاخرة' . وكفنوه وتركوه فى قبور الملوك الاوائل . واقام سرفورا
وتيس عند القبر ذلك اليوم ولم يدخلوا المدينة . وظهر لهم تماس القديس
وقال لهم هوذا انا هاهنا حي لم انتم جلوس تحرسونى . قد قبلنى ربي يسوع¹⁵
المسيح ملكي واخذت جميع المواعيد التى كنت ارجوها . قوما من هذا الموضع
f. 106 b واعلموا انكما عن قليل تخرجان من هذا العالم . فلا تتوانيا فى خلاص انفسكما
فاتم تصيران الي . واخذ متاوس الملك وحراسوس نساها وهمر طرطناي واطبنا
عذابها عذابا شديدا لعلها يرضيان ويتركان عنهما الطهارة ويعودان الى
مضاجعتها . فلم يجيبا الى ذلك . وظهر لهما القديس وقال لهما لا تنسيا كلامي²⁰
الذى قلته فان الرب يسوع المسيح يعينكما . ولما علم متاوس وحراسانوس الى
موتيهما لا يجيبانهما الى مرادهما خليا عنهما ليكونوا على مرادهما واختيارهما .
'واجتمعوا كل الاخوة وكانوا يعلمون بعضهم بعضا كل وصايا الرب . وهمر
مبتهجون بعطية الله وموهبة روح القدس 'واعترى اسيس ابن الملك شيطان
واجتمعوا Cod. ٤ نصاب Cod. ٣ ملكم Cod. ٢ وحظر Cod. ١
٥ Cod. واعتر

يخاطبه بشى بينه وبينه فتأخروا عنه . ولما بعد من المدينة مهلين سلمه الى خمسة عشر من الجند مع ولده وروسا كثير من اهل المدينة . وامرهم ان يسيروا به الى جبل عال ويقتلوه فيه . وعاد الملك الى المدينة . ولما علم الجماعة تسابقوا فى اثر القديس يطلبون خلاصه . واسرع الجند الذين كانوا 5 معه فى قتله . ووقف منهم اثنين عن يمينه . واثنين عن يساره . وبايدهم الحراب . ومد الرئيس الكبير يده عليه . وكان التلميذ يقول السر المكتوم الذى يتمر الذى للعطية العلوية ليس تمكن منى تعب الجسد . لان اربعة متسرين لهدموا هيكلى الارضي شبه الاربعة العناصر التى قوامي منها . ولما بلغ الموضوع الذى يقتل فيه قال لهم اسمعوا كلامي . عند خروجي من هذا العالم 10 لا يكون عيون قلوبكم عمى ولا اذانكم صم . امنوا بالله الذى بشرتكم به . f. 105 a وليدخل كلامه فى قلوبكم واذانكم وكونوا كل ايام حياتكم بالطهارة والحرية هى الحياة التى تقربكم الى الله . وقال لمراسوى ابن الملك انت الخادم ليسوع المسيح . اعط هولاءى الفعلة ما يستحقونه ليتمكنوني ان اصلى الى ربي وامرهم ان يفعلوا ذلك . وبسط التلميذ المبارك يديه . ودعا الله قايلا الرب رجائي 15 ومدبري ومخلصي الذى قواني وجعل قلبي متيسر لطاعته . انت الذى وهبت لى الصبر من حدائتي وكنت لى موضعا للحياة وحفظتنى من الدنس والهلاك انت الذى اعطيتنى المعرفة ليلا اتدنس بجنس النساء . وحفظت هيكلى مقدسا لك . فمي ولساني ما تودى بتسايحك على كثيرة رحمتك لى . لم ترا عيناى ان اتخذ الغنا . لانك قلت ان غنا هذا العالم خسارة . لم تتخذ ان رغبت فى 20 الفقر فى هذا العالم حتى ¹ استحققت منك ان فتحت لى مملكتك الدائمة الى اخر الدهر ولكل من يؤمن بك . تمت مشييتك ووصاياك كثرت علي المحن وصبرت التعب . وكان ذلك عندي حلو لاسمك . لانك رجائي وبك لصقت نفسي فلا يكن تعبى مجانا . واقبل طلبتى ولا تلقينى من وجهك الاغصان التى للكرامة التى زرعتها فيى لا يقلعها العدو . والوزنة التى اعطيتنى سلمتها الى 25 اصحاب الموايد وربحها صار للقنطار عشرة . تركت هذا العالم وتبعتك نظرت

¹ فعلوا Cod.

استحققت Cod.

وعلموا ان الروسا اذ قد امكنهم منه هم يهلكون القديس . فلما دخل السجن
 تقلقت ابواب السجن . وعادت مغلقة بحالها . فلما رأى الحراس مثل هذا
 صاح بعضهم لبعض . وبهتوا وبقوا متعجبين . وقالوا هذا الانسان ساحر فتح
 ابواب السجن . واراد ان يخرج كل من فيه . فلم يجد السبيل الى ذلك . ولكن
 نذهب الى الملك . ونعلمه هذا السبب . وان امراته وابنته التين حضرا اليه . 5
 وفيما كانوا يتكلمون لم يجيبهم توماس بشئ . فلما كان بالغداة تقدموا الى
 الملك . وقالوا له . يا سيدنا اخرج هذا الساحر من هذا السجن . واجعله في
 سجن غيره . فانا ليس نحرسه نحن . هذه ثانی مرة قد راينا ابواب السجن
 مفتحة . وهو الذى يفتحها وان زوجتك وابنتك كل وقت تصيرون اليه . وان
 f. 74 a الملك نظر الى الاغلاق التى على باب السجن . وخاتمه بحاله . فقال لهم 10
 انتم تكذبون . لم تصير اليه زوجتي . ولا ابنتي . وانهم حلفوا له انهما يصيران
 اليه . فجلس الملك فى موضع . وامر ان يحضر اليه القديس . وانهم عروه من
 ثيابه . وربطوا وسطه بهيذر . واقاموه بين يدي الملك . فقال له الملك انت عبد
 1 امر حر . فقال له توماس انا عبد لرب ليس لك عليه سلطان . قال له الملك لم هربت
 Cod. D.S. f. 104 a
 من بلدك وجيت الى هذا الموضع . قال له جيت هذا ارد هذه الجماعة من 15
 الضلالة . وانا انتقل من هذا العالم على يدك . قال له الملك ما امر ربك وانت
 من اى البلد . قال له تماس ربي هو رب السما والارض لا تستطيع ان تسمع اسمه
 المكتوم بل اسمه الظاهر يسوع المسيح . قال له الملك لم ارد هلاكك بل طولت
 روحي عنك وانت اكثرت فى سوء اعمالك وجعلت سحرك ظاهر فى هذه المدينة
 حتى سمع كل من فى الهند ولكنى اقتلك حتى يزول كل سحرك وينسا اسمك 20
 وسحرك من كل الكورة . قال له تماس ان علاجي يكون ثابتا بعد انصرافي
 من هذا العالم واستشار مستاوس الملك كيف يقدر ان يقتل لانه كان خائفا
 من الجمع المحيطين به لان منهم كثير من الروسا امنوا ببشارة القديس
 f. 104 b ومن اشراف المدينة وكثير من الكورة . وقام الملك واخذه الى خارج المدينة .
 ومعه كثير من الجند يحملون السلاح وباقي الجمع يظنون ان الملك يريد 25

1 حرام. Cod.

2 السو. Cod.

f. 102 b

✠ شهادة القديس تماس تلميذ الرب يسوع المسيح ✠

✠ وجهاده الذي تمه في ستة وعشرين يوم من ✠

✠ بشنس بسلام الرب امين ✠

وكان بعد ما خرج تماس التلميذ الى مدينة الهند ونادا فيهم بالايمان وبشرهم
 5 بشرايع الانجيل المقدس. وسلخ لوكيوس الرئيس جلده. واقام زمانا يحمله
 على كتفه ويطوف كل البلاد ويحمله على الاموات والاعلا وفتح الرب قلوبهم
 وامنوا وبنا لهم البيعة واقام لهم شرايع الدين وقسم لهم الاسقف والكنهنة.
 واعطاهم السراير المقدسة. وخرج من عندهم بسلام. وترايا له الرب ورد جلده
 كما كان. ومضى بعد ذلك الى مدينة ذبدكا والى¹ مقدونية. ونادا فيهم
 10 بمعرفة الله. ولما سمع الروسا اقبلوا عليه غضبا وقبضوا عليه وجعلوه في السجن.
 واتا اليه طرطناي زوجة الملك ومرجبة ابنته الى السجن. وكان مغلقا. وتبعهم
 كثير من المومنين. وانفتح لهم الباب. ونادوا التلميذ فخرج اليهم وقال لهم يا
 اخوتي واولادي واحباي عبيد المسيح وخدام الرب اسمعوا مني اليوم كلامي
 f. 103 a واخر تعليمي لكم. فاني لا انظركم في هذا العالم بعد هذا اليوم. وانا في
 15 الجسد. فقد شا الرب ان ينقلني من هذا العالم ويخرجني من هذا التعب الى
 النياح. لانه اسلم نفسه من اجلنا حتى خلصنا من عبودية الشيطان وانتخبنا
 له تلاميذ واهلنا ان ننادي باسمه في كل العالم وقد تم جهادي واوصلت
 الرسالة كما امرني وشا ان ينجيني من تعب هذا العالم ويعطيني الاجر الذي
 استحقته منه. لانه غني كثير العطايا ويعطيني موهبته مجانا. ولمن يسله. فانا
 20 عبدا ليسوع المسيح فاعل مشييته. فقد شا ما سمعتموه مني فاحذروا ان
 تركوا الشيطان شيئا يتقرب اليكم وكونوا² مستيقظين تنظرون اتيان الرب
 ليقبلكم الى مملكته. ولما قال هذا نزل النسا ودخل السجن فحزنوا وبكوا

¹ يوما. Cod.² مستيقظين. Cod.

تواخذنا بجهالتنا . فصلا التلميذ المبارك قابلا اشكرك يا سيدي يسوع المسيح
 انك لم تغفل عن طلبتي . واظهرت مجدك لهذه الجماعة الذين اجتمعوا اليك .
 فاسلك بامرك ترسل من العلو قوة سماوية تعلق هذا الكافر في الهوا منكسا
 f. 101 b لانه افترى على اسمك القديس . وبسرعة تعلق الكاهن في الهوا منكسا بحضرة
 الجماعة . ولما نظر الى قوة الله العالية وما فعلت به صاح وهو معلق انى 5
 او من بك واعترف يا يسوع المسيح بربوبيتك انك انت الاله بالحقيقة ليس
 الالهة المصنوعة بايدي الناس مستحقة ان تدعا الهة الا انت وحدك . انت
 الاله من قبل كل الدهور . وانت رب السما والارض ومن تحت الارض يسوع
 المسيح . انت اماتي وانت ملكي وانت رجائي . ولما اعترف الكاهن بهذه الامانة .
 وهو معلق منكس والجماعة تنظر اليه انزل الى الارض . وامن الجماعة وخلصوا 10
 وسالوا التلميذ ان يعيدهم باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس الاله الواحد . ولما
 نظر الى قوة اماتهم اخذهم الى الهيكل وهدم كل ما فيه من مواضع جلوس
 الاصنام وجعل الهيكل كنيسة . وقسم لهم ذلك الكاهن اسقفا وستة الاخوة
 اولاد الشيخ قسوسا وشمامسة الذين اقامهم من الاموات . وتركهم في البيعة
 f. 102 a يخدمون المكان المقدس واقام في المدينة زمانا يعلمهم الايمان وكل شرايع 15
 الدين . وكان يظهر على يديه عجائب كثيرة . وكان جلده يحمله على كتفه .
 ويطوف به كل موضع يمضي اليها . وبعد ذلك خرج من عندهم من تلك
 المدينة . وهو يسبح الله . وبعد هذا تريا له الرب واخذ جلده والزقه على
 جسده كما كان قبله وعزاه وقال له اركب على هذه السحابة الى اخوتك تبلغك
 الى اخوتك التلاميذ بسلام . انا حاضر معكم في كل موضع . لانكم الذين 20
 انتخبكم ابي لتنادوا في المسكونة بلاهوتي . وتجلا الرب عنه الى السما بمجد
 عظيم . وركب تماس السحابة كامر الرب واستقلت به الى ان اوصلته الى جبل
 المديانيين فوجد التلاميذ مجتمعين . وبولس في مجمعهم . ومريم ام الرب .
 وقبلهم القبلة الروحانية . وتذاكروا العجائب التي اجراها الله على يديهم .
 وقاموا ثمر يوما مجتمعين بعضهم مع بعض يمجدون الله الذي له السبح 25
 والمجد والكرامة الى دهر الداهرين امين ❖

1 Cod. مستحق

2 sic

3 Cod. الذي

اولادك 'وقل باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس تقوموا يا اولادي وتعودوا اجيا
كما كنتم. لئلا افعل انا فيقال انا ساحر. وفعل الشيخ كما امره التلميذ.
وحمل الجلد على اولاده. وكانت تحت اولاده في المقبرة تسعة اناس. ما قبل
بنيه. فعند ذلك قاموا كلهم وعددهم خمسة عشر نفس. وخرجوا الى الموضع
5 الذى فيه التلميذ المبارك وسجدوا له قايلين نالك يا تلميذ الرب ان تعطينا
المعمودية خاتم الحياة ولما راوا الجماعة هذه العجايب صرخوا باعلا صوتهم
قايلين حقا ليس الاله الا يسوع المسيح ابن الله الحى واحد هو الله اله تماس.
وبسرة مضى قوم منهم الى هيكل ابلون وعرفوا كاهن الهيكل جميع ما كان.
ولما سمع الكاهن اسم يسوع شق ثيابه وقال [وى] لى ان كان واحد هو من
10 التلاميذ الذين خرجوا من ارض يهودا يسبحون فى كل العالم يخدعون
الناس وكل من يسمع منهم. وهم تلاميذ لرجل ساحر. اسمه يسوع سمعنا
عنه ان بلاطس صلبه. وسرقوا هولاء جسده وساروا فى العالم يقولون انه
قام من الاموات. فقال لهم قوموا بنا جميعا نخرج اليه ونبكته ونعرفه ان
ليس قوله صحيح. وكل ما يعمل هو بالسحر. وقام الكاهن والجماعة معه
15 الى حيث تماس ووجدوه فى شارع المدينة. والجماعة مجتمعين عنده. وهو
يخرج شيطانا من رجل كان معتري به. فقال الكاهن لتماس ما تعمل فى
هذا الموضع. يا ساحر مطغى. لم يكفيك ارض يهودا وسكانها حتى اتيت الى
f. 101 a هذه المدينة. من هو يسوع. ان كان الها لم لم يخلص نفسه من القتل.
حتى سرقتم جسده وشهدتم لكل الخليقة انه قام من بين الاموات. فاعلم
20 ان اهل هذه المدينة حكما ليسوا مثل غيرهم تخدعهم. وعاد توجه الى الجماعة.
وقال لهم ياخذ كل واحد منكم بيده حجرا ويرميه على هذا الساحر.
ونقتلوه حتى لا يجد السبيل يطغى الناس بعد هذا الوقت. فخذوا ظهورهم
ليأخذوا الحجارة ويرجموا القديس. فبيست ايديهم فى الحجارة. ولم يقدر
ان يقفوا. فصاحوا كلهم بصوت واحد قايلين نسلك يا عبد الله الصالح ان
25 تسل ربك¹ يعفو عنا. ويتركنا² نقوم نقف على ارجلنا. فنحن نؤمن باللاهك. ولا

¹ Cod. وقول

² Cod. يعفوا

³ in margine

كنت يا ابي في هذه الليلة نايما فنظرت شابا حسن الوجه . ولباسه مضي مثل
 الشمس . وريح طيب يخرج من فمه . وامتلا البيت من طيبة رايحته . واكليل
 الملك على راسه . وفي يده اليمين قصبة ذهب . ولها رايته خفت منه جدا .
 وسقطت تحت قدميه كميت . ومد يده اليمين واقامنى وقال لى احفظ نفسك
 ولا تسمع ممن يشير عليك تتزوج . بل احفظ جسمك تكون طاهرا فانت تكون 5
 لى خليفة وريسا على البيعة . هذا تلميذي تماس داخل الى هذه المدينة
 f. 99b هو يهديك الى الايمان ويعطيك علامة الظفر . ويوهلك لقبول سراير المقدسة .
 اعلم انى الاله تجسدت من اجلكم ويجب عليكم ان لا تتوانوا فى خلاصكم
 وحياتكم . وعند ما قال لى هذا جعل يده اليمين على راسي وبارك علي وصعد
 الى السما بمجد عظيم حتى غاب عن عيني . فلاجل هذا يا والدي ما افط 10
 فى هذه الموهبة الذى اهلنى الله لها ليلا يغضب على ذلك الملك ويهلكنى
 لاجل خلافي له . فلما سمعت هذا القول من ولدي سكنت وقلت فى نفسي .
 لعل الاله هذه المدينة ظهر له ودعوت قوم من وجوه المدينة وعرفتهم جميع
 ما قال لى ولدي . وارسلتهم الى ابي الجارية وعرفوه كل ما سمعوه منى .
 فغضب غضبا شديدا وقال لى استخففت بمنزلي . وهونت باهنتي بهذا الكلام 15
 المحتال ودخل الى الملك ومحل بى انا وولدي عبده . قال انا سرقنا مال
 الهيكل ووجه الملك وقتل جميع اولادي وعدتهم ستة فى ساعة واحدة . وهذا
 سبب ما ترانى عليه من البكا والحزن وعلي ايضا ديون اقترضتها ودفعت الى
 الجارية وانا مطالب بها وانا افزع من بعد موت اولادي من اصحاب f. 100a
 الديون . ما اعرف جهة . ادفع لهم مالهم . فليت بقى واحدا من اولادي يعيش 20
 يعاونى على قضى ما علي من الدين . ولما سمع التلميذ منه ذلك قال لا
 تبك ايها الشيخ . قد سمعت بكاك انا تماس بلغنى الى الموضع الذى فيه
 بنوك . فسيدي يسوع المسيح يهب لهم الحياة . وسار الشيخ بين يديه الى
 الموضع الذى فيه قبورهم . وتبعهم خلق كثير يقولون ان كانت هذه الاعجوبة
 حق نحن نؤمن بالاله هذا الرجل . ولما بلغوا الموضع دفع التلميذ الجلد الذى 25
 سلخ الى الشيخ . وقال له ادخل الى القبر واحمل هذا الجلد على جميع

لوكيوس ووضع عليها جلده المملوخ وهو يقول باسم يسوع المسيح وابيه
وروح قدسه الصوت الذى نادى العازر هو الذى يقيمك وفى تلك الساعة فتحت
عينها ونظرت التلميذ واقف على راسها فقامت بسرعة وسجدت له . ولما رأى
لوكيوس هذا العجب والاية العظيمة التى ظهرت منه قام بفزع وسجد له
5 قائلا حقا لا اله الا الهك الذى تعبدك اسلك يا عبد الله الصالح . ان تغفر
لى كل ما عملته بك من السوء بجيلي . فقامه تماس لانهم امنوا كلهم .
فقال له لا تخف ان الله لا يواخذ الذين يتوبون ويعترفون بخطاياهم . وفى
تلك الساعة امن هو وكل اشراف المدينة وامر ان يحضر الخبز والكاس وصلا
واعطاهم كلهم الرايز المقدسة . وصيرهم مسيحيين ووضع عليهم اساس البرية
10 وولى عليه لوكيوس ووصاهم بجميع سنن الدين . 'ووصاهم وصايا الانجيل
واقام عندهم شهر . وهو كل يوم يعظهم من الكتب المقدسة . وقال لهم ان
كان مشيئة الرب انا اعود اليكم . فقد امرنى الرب ان اسير الى المدن التى
شرفكم . وخرج وهم يودعونهم باكيين يقولون لا تطفى عنا لانا غرس جديد
وصلى التلميذ وبارك عليهم . واعطاهم السلام وسار الى قنطورية ليشر فيها كما
15 امره الرب . ولما بلغ اليها وصار من داخل بابها لقي شيخا يركب بكاء شديدا .
مشقق الثياب سبي النظر . فقال له يا شيخ ما لى اراك بهذا الغم العظيم والى
الكثير قد اوجعت قلبي . قال له الشيخ اذهب عنى يا اخي فان مصيبتى عظيمة .
قال له التلميذ اسلك تعرفنى حالك فلعل سيدي يسوع المسموح يجرى صلاح
حالك على يدي . قال له الشيخ اسمع خبري . لى ستة اولاد خطبت الكبير
20 منهم لبننت ريس المدينة لتكون له زوجة . فلما جا حين العرس قال يا ابي
لا تهتم لى بالزيجة فانى لا اتزوج وقد رفضت هذا العالم وكل شهواته . ولما
سمعت منه هذا قلت فى قلبي لعله قد حتمت قال هذا الكلام . فقلت له ان
f. 98 b قد قرب الوقت الذى اريد اخذ زوجتك لك وتقول لى هذا . قال لى وحق
عظمة الملك الذى هو ملك الملوك يسوع المسيح ان الزمتنى ذلك خرجت الى
25 البرية ولا ترانى بعد هذا اليوم . قلت له عرفنى ما رايت . قال لى انا اعرفك .

الذى Cod. + وضع

الذى Cod.

f. 97 a تقرب الي معونتك اذكر غربتي وقلة وحدتي اهلي . لا اب ولا ام ولا اخ
 ولا قرايب لي في هذه المدينة وليس لي من يعرفني بها يسوع المسيح ابن
 الله الحي . انت معونتي انت عليك اتكالي وانت مخلصي انت ارسلتني الي
 هذه المدينة . ولم اخالف قولك يا ربي والاهي ابغضت كل شى من اجلك .
 الاب والام والقراية وكل شى لي تركت هذا كله وسمعت قولك . انت 5
 يا سيدي ارسلتني الي هذه المدينة لخلاص اهلي . فبهذا ترى ما حل
 بي فيها . فان كنت يا رب واجد علي فانا متيسر لاحتمال كل تعب ينالني
 فيها بفرح اذكر الوقت الذى ترا انت لاختوتي التلاميذ عند قيامتك من بين
 الاموات . ولم اكن معهم . ولما قالوا لي انهم نظروك . وذكرت انا قولك الذى
 قلته . استخبروا الارواح فان كثيرون سيحيون باسمي ويضلون كثير قلت لاختوتي 10
 التلاميذ ان لم ارا الرب وارا رسم المسامير في ايديه واجعل اصبعي على رسم
 الطعنة الذى في جنبه لا اومن . وظهرت لي واوريته ما طلبته منك وصحة
 قيامتك . وبكتت قلة ايماني . فان كنت يا سيدي واجد علي لاجل هذا
 فاسالك يا سيدي ان تغفر لي لانك الاله صالح رحوم وتقبل الذين يعودون
 اليك من كل قلوبهم . وفيما هو يقول ذلك ويبكى تحنن عليه الرب وظهر له 15
 فى سحابة مضية وقال له يفرح قلبك يا حبيبي تماس . وتقوى فانت الغالب
 لعدوك وكل من يقاومك . حقا اقول لك ان كل تعب وعذاب اصابك بسبب
 بنى البشر حتى خلصتهم من يدى العدو وليس مثل ساعة ظهوري لك وقبولي
 لك وجلسك عن يميني فى مملكتي . لانك سميت التووم . انت محبوب مني .
 تصبر فان اجرک كبير ومجداك عند ابي عظيم . وسيظهر عجائب كثيرة من 20
 جلدك . تقوى قلبك وتسرع تظهر امانتك المستقيمة بلاهوتي فى هذه المدينة
 التى شروقك التى تسمى قنطورية وترد اهلي الى الايمان باسمي . فقد امتلت
 كل الدنيا من موهبة ابي ورحمته للخليفة بسبب دمي المهرق لخلاص
 العالم . ولما قال الرب له هذا القول قبله ولمس جسده وعافاه من الجراح الذى
 فيه . وغاب عنه . وقام تماس صحيحا . حتى بلغ الموضع الذى فيه 4 امرأة 25

1 Cod. الطعنة

2 Cod. ملكتي

3 sic

4 Cod. امرات

ويضرب اربعة اوتاد فى الارض ويشد فيها ويمد بحضرته . وامر السلاخين ان
يسلخوا جلده . وقال له انا اعذبك ولا اتركك تموت عاجلا الا كما اريد . وبكا
اهل المدينة كلهم قايلين الويل لنا ماذا نقدر نعمل بهذا الرجل الصديق الذى
f. 96 a ابرانا من كل العلل . ان وضعنا ايدينا عليه الاله يغضب علينا وينزل علينا
5 رجزه وينزل نار من السما تحرقنا . وان لم نفعل ما امرنا هذا المنافق هو
يقتلنا . وقد كنا راينا عجا كثيرا من هذا القديس فى اليوم الذى دخل هذا
الخنزير البرى الى حقل الامراة الارملة . ولم يقدر الرجال يطردونه . وجات
الامراة وسجدت لهذا الرجل الصديق وسالته قايلة يا سيدي اعيننى . وتحسن
عليها وخرج الى حقل هذه الامراة الارملة ولا تهلك ثمارها . ولم يخرج
10 الخنزير . فنزلت نار من السما واحترقت الخنزير . ونحن نخاف من الاله جدا .
اجابهم القديس قايل قوموا تموا الامر الذى امركم به . اذا اعلم انكم مجبورين
على ارادكم من مخافة هذا الرئيس الجاهل . وامر لوكيوس ان يسلم جلده ورفع
التلميذ عيناه الى السما وصاح بصوت عال قايل يا سيدي يسوع المسيح ابن
الله الحى . اعيننى فى ساعتى هذه الشديدة . وسمعت¹ ارسانونى اصوات السلاخين
15 والجماعة الذين يكونون . ونظرت من طاق فى منزلها² فرائات التلميذ وهو يسلم
فقلقت جدا وسقطت على وجهها وماتت . وفى تلك الساعة صاح لوكيوس هذه
زوجتى قد ماتت بسببك ايها العبد السوء . ولكنى ابذل جهدي كله فيك حتى اعلم
كل اعمالك السوء الذى تعمله . فلما سمع ابو زوجة لوكيوس واخوتها حضروا .
واحاطوا بها وهم يبكون عليها صايحون يقولون الويل لنا لم تموتى بسبب
20 هذا الرجل الغريب . بل قلوبنا بك فرحة انك متت على ايمان المسيح . وامر
تلميذه المبارك . اجابهم تماس وقال لهم اسكتوا لا تبكوا ان كانت ماتت بسيدي
انا اقيمها . قال له لوكيوس لا تقول ان قد فرغ العذاب انا اعذبك كارداتي
ولا ابقى فيك ممكنا . وامر ان يجاب له خل وملح وعلج به جسد القديس .
وصاح التلميذ قايل . يا سيدي يسوع المسيح اعيننى فى هذه الشدة . فان
25 قلبي وجسدي وروحي فقد تعبوا جدا . يا سيدي يسوع المسيح الرحوم المتحنن

¹ Cod. انسانونى

² sic

له ونظر من بعيد الى زوجته هي لابسة ثياب دنية فحزن لذلك حزنا شديدا
 وظن ان سُرق كلما في منزله . ودعا احدا عبده وقال له هل حدث في
 منزلي شي . قال له لم يحدث مكروه . بل كل خير مذ غبت عنه . ودخل
 الى الحمام . ليستحم . وصار الى منزله . ودعا زوجته ارسانوني . ولما حضرت
 كلما كعادة اهل العالم . ودعاها الى مضاجعته . اجابته وهي باكية يا سيدي 5
 f. 95 a قد قلع الله من قلبي هذا الحال الردي الذي لا منفعة فيه . واليوم فهو بمشية
 الرب . اجابها بغضب شديد . ما هذا القول الذي لم اسمعه منك ولم تتغيري علي
 مذ عرفتك . الا في هذا اليوم الويل لي لا يكن سحرك العبد الغريب القادم
 الينا في هذه الايام . اجابته ارسانوني قايلة له حاشه يا سيدي مما تقول عنه . لان
 الاطبا كلهم يطلبون يطبون الاجساد . وهذا يطب الاجساد والانفس . فلا تقول 10
 فتيه كلمة سو بل اسمع انت كلامه ايضا . ولما سمع لوكيوس ذلك منها امتلى
 من غضب الشيطان . فاجابها ان كان طبيب معالجا . فليشف نفسه من العذاب
 الذي يلقاه مني . وفي تلك الساعة امر الشرط ان يحضروا اليه الدباغين الذين
 في المدينة . فاحضروهم . ودعا تماس وقال له ايها العبد السو الساحر اين
 الاعمال والصنایع التي قلت انك تعملها . اين الهياكل التي تبنيها للملك . اين 15
 القصر اين المحاريث والاكيال والموازين التي قلت انت تعملها اين صنعة
 f. 95 b الطب . وجودة علاجك . اجابه تماس قد فرغت من جميع صنایعي وتممتها .
 قال له لوكيوس تلهوا بي انا اعذبك ايها العبد السو حتى تموت . قال له تماس
 انا اصدقك الحق بلا عذاب لانك الى هذا الوقت لم تعلم وساعلمك الحق .
 الهياكل والقصور التي بنيتها هي الانفس الذين ياتوا هم القصور التي اصلحتهم 20
 للملك السمايي ليحل فيهم المحاريث هم الاناجيل المقدسة التي تقلع كل الشر
 من قلب المومنين الذين يطلبون الله من كل قلوبهم . والعلاجات الذين
 من صنعة الطب . هي السراير المقدسة التي تقلع كل الافكار والاوجاع والشهوات
 الردية من كل من يطلب الطهارة هذه هي العلاجات والصنایع التي علمني
 الله ايها . قال له لوكيوس . ايها العبد السو ما هذا الكلام . وامر به ان يقيد 25

الذي . Cod. 1

قلبها . وكل من فى بيتها امنوا بالله وكثير من اهل المدينة . ودخلت الى
مخدعها ونزعت ثيابها الفاخرة عنها وبسطت تحتها الرماد وسجدت على وجهها
شاكرة لله . وهى تقول امنت بك يا سيدي يسوع المسيح الاله هذا الرجل
الغريب الذى دخل الى منزلي وصار لى دليلا الى طريق الحياة . اسلك ايها الرب
5 الرحوم الذى لم اعرفك الا فى هذا اليوم واذا اهلتنى لمعرفتك انت يا سيدي
يسوع المسيح ابن الله الحى . اغفر لى جميع ما تقدم من ذنوبي^١ والضلالة
التي كنت فيها الى هذا اليوم من عبادتي الاوثان النجسة . الان قد رجعت
f. 94 a اليك يا سيدي يسوع المسيح انت نوري ومخلصي انت رجائي وقوتي انت
ملجائي عليك توكلت . ولما تمت صلاتها خرجت الى التلميذ . ووجهها مغير
10 من الرماد وقالت له يا عبد الله الصالح قم عمدنى باسم الاب والابن والروح
القدس الذى بهر خلصتنى . ففرح التلميذ بايمانها وقال لها ايها الامراة الصالحة
قد حلت عليك نعمة الله . اجابته قايلة ان ايمان ربك سكنت فى قلبي
وجوارحي ونفسي فشكرا الرب يسوع المسيح الذى يرد الخراف الضالة . وقام
مسرعا وعمدها هى وكل من فى منزلها بالاب والابن والروح القدس واخذ
15 خبزا نقيا وكاسا فيه خمر . وشكر وكسر واعطا الجماعة الذين تعمدوا من
جسد الرب الكريم ودمه وكان طول ليله يصلى بزيور داوود هو وجميع الاخوة
الذين تعمدوا وقدموا اليه جميع من به علة من اصناف العلل . والمعتريين
f. 94 b من الشياطين والعميان والعرج والبرص وعافا كلهم . ويخرج كل يوم فى
وسط المدينة ينادى باسم الرب يسوع المسيح ويبشر بالانجيل المقدس ويقول
20 لهم خل الاعلا يحضروا الي ابريهـر مجانا . لا اريد من احد جزا . وكانوا
ياتون الى ارسانونى زوجة الرئيس التي امنت به . وصار كل اهل المدينة نصارى
مومنين . وكان يتلوا عليهم الانجيل والانبيا ويعلمهم شرايع الدين . وبعد
ذلك عمدهم كلهم باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس . ولم يزل مقبر عندهم
فى المدينة مدة اربعة سنين . وايمانهم تقوى بالمسيح . ولوكيوس غايـب عند
25 الملك . ولما عاد الى مدينته وخرجت اليه زوجته وكل سكان المدينة مستقبليـن

وكل ما فيه . وجميع امواجه تصمت اذا سمعت صوتك . الحيات وجميع الدباب
لك تخضع لانك تعولهم . نعم يا ربي وسيدي يسوع المسيح المظهر على يدي
عجايبا وعلامات فى البلاد ليمجد اسمك . لان لك السبح الى دهر الذاهرين .
امين . وفيما التلميذ يصلى تحرك اساس البيت الذى كانت فيه .
وسقطت كل الاصنام على الارض على وجوها من مواضعها وصرخت 5
الشياطين الحالة فيها قايلين الويل لنا لان قد بطلت قوتنا ودالتنا وليس الاله
يُعبد الا يسوع المسيح ابن الله الحى . ولما رات ارسانونى ما حل بالهتها
فزعت جدا وسقطت على الارض بين يدي القديس ومد يده واقامها فامسكته
f. 93 a وسالته وقالت يا عبد الله الصالح الذى دخل الى بيتي انت انسان او انت
عبدا او انت الاله . وما هذا الاسم الذى سميت به الذى هو يسوع وعند تسميتك 10
اسمه تحرك اساس البيت وسقط على الارض . وجميع الهى التى كنت ارجوها
سقطت على وجوها . وصارت مثل الهيا . فلا تخف عنى هذه القوة التى معك .
يا عبد الله الصالح . فمن هذه الساعة قد هلكت عبادة الاوثان من بيتي . وانا
تايبة معترفة مومنة بالاهك الرب يسوع المسيح ابن الله الحى . اجاب تماس
التلميذ المبارك وقال لها . ارسانونى ان كنت امنى من كل قلبك . فاتركى 15
هذا العالم الفانى السريع الزوال واعلمى ان افتخارك بالذهب والفضة وحسن
الثياب التى تهلك . وياكلها السوس حسن الجسد فيحل وكل من هو مفتخر
بهذا يهلك سريعا وينظر بعد هذا الحسن الى وجه كيبب وعيون مغلقة ولسان
لا ينطق . فان يكون الانسان قد سار الى بيته الابدى . اطلبى الى الله يا
f. 93 b ارسانونى واتى تجدينه غير بعيد من كل من يطلبه بكل قلبه . قال النبى 20
عن الله انا اله حى وقريب منكم غير بعيد منك يا اسرائيل . فانى الاله لا
اريد موت الخاطى . حتى يرجع وتعيش نفسه . ويقول ايضا عن عودة البنين
الذين قد يعودوا الي وايقول ارجعوا الي البنين الذين خالفوا عودوا
الي اتمتع بتجدونى الذى يطلب هو يجده . والذى يدعوه هو يسمع له . ولما
سمعت ارسانونى 2 امرأة الرئيس هذا انفتح قلبها بمخافة الله فتح الله عينى 25

الذى Cod. 1

يعدوا Cod. 2

امرات Cod. 3

- f. 91 b وسار تماس مع صاحبه . وتوجه بطرس ومتميس الى طريقهم . وسال الرجل تماس عن صنعته . فقال له انا بناء وانا نجار وانا طبيب . فاما صنعة النجارة فاني اصلح الاقفزة والموازين والويبات والمحاريث التي تقلع السنط والشوك والحسك وجميع ما يحتاج الى قلعه من الارض . واما البنا فاني ابني الهياكل والقصور والدور المشرفة التي تصلح للملوك . واما الطب فاني عالج الجراحات التي فسدت في الاجسام . فلما سمع الرجل ذلك فرح وقال حقا ان مثل هذا يصلح للملك . ووصلوا بعد ايام كثيرة الى مدينة الهند . ودخل الرجل على الملك وعرفه لاجل تماس واقراه الكتاب الذي كتبه الرب بيده . ولما راه تعجب منه . وعرفه الصنائع^١ التي يحسنها تماس . فسر ذلك جدا وقال خذ هذا الرجل 10 سلمه الى^٢ لوكيوس الرئيس يدفع اليه من المال ما يشا يبنى لنا قصرا عظيما . فمضى به اليه وعرفه كل ما رسمه الملك . وسلم اليه كل ما يحتاج اليه . وسار^٣ لوكيوس بعد ذلك الى مدينة الملك ووصا زوجته ارسانوني . وقال لها هذا الرجل لا يخدم كالعبيد بل في صنعته الى ان اعود من عند الملك . وبعد مضي^٤ لوكيوس . دخل تماس الى ارسانوني وزوجته وقرا عليها انجيل 15 الرب يسوع المسيح . ونبوات الانبيا . وكان يقول لها يا ارسانوني . اراك في غير عظيم . تتعبدن لهذه الاصنام الذهب والفضة . وتقولين انه اله وليس الهة ولا ينفعك ما تفعله معهم . لانهم لا يتكلمون ولا يسمعون ولا ينظرون . وان تحركت الارض لا يقدرين يحرسون نفوسهم . بل يسقطون ويتكسرون . اسلك ان تدخل الى^٥ الهيكل الذين تسجدن بها حتى انظر قوتها . فقدمته 20 لتوربه اياها . فرفع نظره الى السما وصلا قايلا يا الله ضابط الكل ابا سيدي يسوع المسيح ولدك الحبيب . وروحك القدس . الذي اذا سمعته جميع الشياطين اضطربت انت راعي الخراف^٦ التي ضلت انت المرعى الجيد انت النور الحقيقي الذي يضي في قلوبنا . انت الذي كل الخليقة تنجوا باسمك . انت ارسلتني الى هذه البلدة ارد اليك سكانها . انت صانع كل البشر وكل الخليقة^٧ التي 25 الكل لك ساجدين خاضعون انت الذي اذا نظرت كل الارض يرتعد البحر

^١ الذي Cod.

^٢ لوكيوس Cod.

^٣ الهيكل Cod.

عبدا اشتريه يكون مثلكم. قال له بطرس نحن الثلاثة عبيد لرب واحد اسمه يسوع المسيح. وهو يحضر الى هذه المدينة. وعند حضوره من اردته منا يبيعك اياه لان مدينتنا وكل نواحيها رجال آخيار. وكان يقول ذلك والرب يسمع ما f. 90b يقوله بعضنا لبعض. وفي تلك الساعة توايا لهر الرب وكلمهم باللغة التي يعرفونها. وقال السلام يا بطرس الكريم وتوما الامين الحكيم¹ ومتياس الوديع. 5 قد عرفتكم اني لا افارقكم. بل انا حاضر معكم كل حين كما وعدت من ابي. اتقدمكم الى كل موضع تسيرون اليه. وكان صاحب ملك الهند حاضرا ولم يعرف اللغة التي كان الرب يخاطبهم بها. وبعد هذا ظهر لهر الرب مثل رجل غني وجلس على موضع في المدينة. قال بطرس للرجل صاحب الملك هذا ربنا الذي عرفناك انه يحضر انظر من تريد منا هو يبيعك اياه. قال الرجل 10 للرب السلام ايها الرجل الصالح ظاهرك يشهد لك انك رجل كريم. هل انت راضى تبيعنى واحدا من هولاي العبيد الذين لك. قال الرب من اردته من هولاي الاثنين آبيعك اياه. فاما هذا الشيخ هو مولد في ديار اباي لا ابيعه. ونظر الرجل الى تماس واعجبه. انه كان رجلا جسيما قوى النفس. فقال له f. 91a تبيعنى هذا. قال له الرب ثمنه ثلاثة ارطال ذهب. اجابه الرجل وقد اشترته 15 منك. وسلم اليه الثمن وقال له تكتب لى كتاب شراء فى وسط شارع المدينة. قال له الرب ما تحتاج الى من يكتب. انا اكتب لك خطى بيدي اعترف لك فيه ان هذا العبد الذى بعثك اياه انت يا ديامس صاحب قنطوريس ملك الهند. وتم الكتاب كما يجب وتجلا عنهم الى السما بمجد. وبعد ذلك ترايا 20 الرب لتماس وقال له تسلم ثمنك تفرقه على الفقرا والايثار والارامل. فى الموضع الذى تسير اليه بعثك بثلاثة ارطال ذهب لانك عبد الثالوث الالب والابن والروح القدس. اجاب تماس وقال له موهبتك تكون معى يا رب. ولما قال هذا الكلام لتماس غاب عنه. وشد تماس وسطه كالعبد وجا الى بطرس ومتيس وقال لهر اذكرونى فى صلواتكم وقبلونى القبلة الروحانية. فان هذا هو اخر اجتماعنا فى هذا العالم. وصافح بعضهم بعضا بالسلام وبالقبلة الروحانية وافترقوا. 25

¹ Cod. ومتيس

✠ بشارة تماس التلميذ الذى نادى بها فى ✠

✠ مدينة الهند بسلام الرب يسوع المسيح امين ✠

- وكان بعد قيامة يسوع المسيح من الموت ظهر لتلاميذه الآخيار وقال لهم
سلام ابي حال عليكم والذى اعطانى 'ما خفيته' عنكم . اجتمعوا واقسموا العالم
5 على اثنى عشر قسما ويتوجه كل واحد منكم الى قسمة . ولا تخافوا انا معكم
f. 89 b وعارف بكل ما ينالكم من الالام والاضطهاد من العالم لكن تصبروا عليهم حتى
تردوهم من 'الضلالة الى الايمان باسمي' اذكروا الالام التى نالتنى وجميع ما
عمل بى لاجل البشر . وخرج سهم تماس الى مدينة الهند . وسجد للرب وقال
لهذا خرج سهمي ان اخرج الى مدينة الهند وهم رجال قساة مثل الوحش
10 ويعسر على قبولهم استماع كلام البشرى . لكن تصحبنى يا رب الى تلك
البلدة . قال له الرب هذا بطرس مدبركم . هو يخرج معك الى تلك البلدة .
وتبسر التلاميذ ان يخرجوا كل واحد الى بلدته التى خرجت فى سهمه .
بطرس يخرج الى مدينة رومية ومداينها ومتياس الى مدينة الفرس فقال تماس
لبطرس يا ابي تقوم تسير معى انا واخي متياس حتى تبلغنا الى مدايننا .
15 فاجابهم الى ذلك وخرج معهم . وتجلى عنهم الرب صاعدا الى السما بمجد .
وكان بعد مسيرهم باربعين يوما وصلوا الى مدينة من جرى به السهم لتماس
ومتياس . فلما دخلوا الى المدينة جلسوا فى شارع المدينة مثل الغربا فترابا
f. 90 a لهم الرب يسوع المسيح مثل انسان حكيم . وقال لهم السلام عليكم يا اخوة .
وقالوا عليك السلام انت ايضا . وجلس عن يمينهم غير بعيد منهم . قال بطرس
20 يا ابي ندخل الى هذه المدينة وننادى فيها باسم الرب لانها اول مدينة وصلنا
اليها . لعل نقدر نخلص اهلها ونردوهم الى طاعة الله . لان الرب قال من 'ينادى
فى مدن كثيرة هو يخلص بشرا كثير' وهو يكون له اجرا كبير فى مملكة
السما وفيما هم جلوس وانا اليهم رجل من اصحاب قنطوريس ملك الهند . ونظر
التلاميذ جلوسا مثل الغربا . قال لهم من اين انتم ايها الاخوة قالوا له سل
25 ما احببت . قال لهم ليس الا خير لانى رايتكم قوما اخيارا جدا . وانا اطلب

يسمع قَوْلهم بل يقتله قتلة سو . ولم يقدر احد ان يرد عليه شيا . ولم يزل برتلموس يطوف فى كل النواحي وينادى فيها بشرى الانجيل . ويعظ الجماعة ويوصيهم ويعلمهم الايمان بالرب يسوع المسيح . بعد ذلك اتا الملك انسان سو وقال له انت غافل . واتى برتلموس فى كل البلاد ويرد امرك ويسب الهتك . فلما سمع غضب غضبا شديدا وارسل اثنين من وجوه عسكره ورجاله فى طلب 5 برتلموس واوصاهم اى موضع يوجد فيه تربط يده ورجلاه ويلقى فى البحر حتى لا يوجد جسده . وسار الرسل فى بعض طريقهم ووجدوا برتلموس يخرج شيطانا من رجل معترى منه من مدة طويلة ويعلم الجماعة ويوصيهم ان يؤمنوا بالرب يسوع المسيح . ولما تقدموا الرسل الى التلميذ المبارك ناداهم بالسلام وقال لهم سلام الرب عليكم يا اخوة . فوقفوا ينظرون بعضهم بغضا 10 متعجبين من دعته وحسن وده . اجابوه قائلين ان كنت تصير معنا الى حضرة الملك فهو يدعوك . وان لم ترد فما نجرك ان تحضر معنا بغير ارادتك لانا قد تحققنا ان الله حال معك فى كل احوالك . فقال التلميذ فى نفسه لما يجب ان اخالف امر الرب الذى قال انكم تقدمون الى الملوك والسلاطين Luke xxi. 12 لاجل اسمي وهذه ارادته . وانه حضر معهم الى اغريس الملك . ولما نظر اليه 15 قال له انت الذى تفتن هذه المدينة وكل كورتها وتفرق بين النسا وبين رجالهن . اجاب التلميذ القديس وقال له لست انا الذى افتن المدينة وافرق بين النسا ورجالهن بل الله الذى امنوا به بكل قلوبهم ونفوسهم هو الذى وهب لهم الطهارة . وانت يا اغريس ان قبلت منى نفسك f. 89a 20 تخلص وترث مملكة السما عوضا من هذا الملك الزايل . فلما سمع اغريس منه هذا غضب غضبا شديدا مما يقبله عليه الشيطان من افراق زوجته . وامر الشرط ان يملوا تليس شعر رمل ويجعلوا القديس فيه ويلقوه فى البحر . وفعلوا كما امرهم الملك . وكان ذلك فى اول يوم من توت . وهذه كانت وفاته وتنيح . وبعد هذا القاه الماء الى ساحل المدينة ثانى يوم واخذة قوم مومنون بالرب على يديه وكفنوه بكفن رفيع ووضعوه فى موضع جيد . والسبح للاب 25 والابن والروح القدس الى دهر الداهرين امين . والسبح لله دائما ابدا .

شهادة برتلموس

٦٥

- f. 87 a عليه . ولما دعا برتلموس اهل المدينة . وجميع كورثتها بآرك على جماعتهم كثيرا من الرجال والنساء احبوا الله واطاعوا وصاياه . ورفضوا كل اعمال الشيطان 'فى هذا' العالم الزايل واحبوا الطهارة . وانتشر ندا القديس الى كل موضع بقربه . وامن كل من سمع بشرا الانجيل بالله من كل قلوبهم 5 وكل نفوسهم . وبلغ اسم برتلموس وبشارته الى افرس الملك . ولما سمعت ايفية زوجة الملك اعتزلت من مصاحبة الملك ومن كل دنس . ولما سمع الملك ان زوجته اعتزلت منه وقبلت كلام برتلموس الذى يوصى كل 'بمعرفة الحق وبالايمان يسوع المسيح' فارسل بسرعة واحضره اليه . ولما حضر قال له الملك . انت برتلموس الساحر صاحب يسوع . اجابه التلميذ بجسارة ودالة 10 عظيمة . لست ساحرا كزعمك ايها الملك . بل كل سحر وكل عمل يعمل عند ذكر يسوع المسيح يبطل . فامر الملك ان ينحى من بين يديه . وقال لمن احضره ان يحضروا اليه زوجته . 'واعتزل برتلموس من قرب الملك يسيرا . وبسط يديه وصلى صلاة الانجيل وقال امين . عند ذلك جا اليه رجل اعور 15 لا ينظر بعينه اليمين شيا . واحدى يديه يابسة مذ ولد يساله ان يعافيه . ولما نظر التلميذ فى وجه الرجل الاعما انفتحت عينه بسرعة . وصارت كالأخرى . وقال له التلميذ اعطينى يدك لا كلمك . لتظهر قوة ربي يسوع المسيح . ويرى كل واحد ويؤمن باسمه . ولما اخرج الرجل يده من ثيابه وجدها استوت كالأخرى . فخرج من الجماعة . وهو يسبح الله ويشكره . وينادى باسم التلميذ المبارك . وسار فى جميع البلاد ينادى فيها ويعرف اهلها حسن صنع الله اليه . 20 والقوة التى خرجت على يد برتلموس القديس . وقال افرس لكبرا مملكته وجميع عبيده . ان بقى هذا التلميذ فى هذه البلاد فى الحياة هو يردنا كلنا الى ايماننا . فالجيد ان نقتله ونهلك جسده حتى لا يوجد . اجابوه قائلين كما يامر الملك لان قلوبهم كانت حزينة لا يريدون قتله . لانهم كانوا فرحين به مما ينظرون من كثرة العجايب التى يصنعها الله على يديه . قالوا 25 للملك ان كان الملك يريد هذا فينفيه من بلادنا . وكان اهل البلد حريصين على خلاصه من يديه . فغضب غضبا شديدا . وحلف بايمان عظيمة انه لا

عينيّه Cod. ٤ واعزل Cod. ٣ بمعرفته Cod. ١ وبهذا Cod. ٢

واقام ثلاثة اشهر يعظهم^١ وابرى جميع الاعلا الذين فيهم واسلمهم الى الرب
 وخرج من عندهم وهم^٢ يودعونهم بسلام قائلين . لا اله الا الله اله برتلموس .
 يسوع المسيح هو الذى ارسلك الينا حتى انقذتنا من ذنوبنا . وخرج من
 مدينة الواحات . وسار الى مدينة اندينوس لينادى فيها باسم المسيح . الذى
 له السبح والمجد الى دهر الداهرين

5

✠ شهادة القديس برتلموس تلميذ الرب ✠

✠ يسوع المسيح . وتهام شهادته فى اول ✠

✠ يوم من ترت بسلام الرب امين ✠

وكان لما مضى برتلموس تلميذ الرب الى المدن العظيمة المبنية على شاطئ
 البحر^٣ التى اهلها لا يعرفون الله . بل هم كالخراف الضالة بكثرة جهلهم . دخل
 لهم برتلموس المبارك وبشرهم بانجيل الرب . ولما دخل المدينة نادى فيها
 هكذا قايلا . اسمعوا يا جميع سكان المدينة طوبا للمساكين بالروح ان لهم
 ملك السما . طوبا للرحما . فانهم سيرحمون . طوبا للصانعى السلام فانهم يدعون
 ابنا الله . طوبا للجياع العطاش لاجل البر فهم الذين يشبعون . طوبا للذين
 يعطون المساكين لهم مملكة السما وهم يقترضون الله . طوبا لمن له زوجة
 ويكون كمن ليس له زوجة . هم الذين يرثون الارض . فعند ما سمعوا ذلك
 من القديس برتلموس فتح الله ماسك الكل قلوبهم . فقبلوا وصايا الله الذى
 يريد حياة الخاطى . وتوبته ورجوعه اليه ليغفر له . هكذا اعطا جميع اهل تلك
 المدينة قريحة قوية ونية مستقيمة . من كبيرهم الى صغيرهم . واطاعوا وامنوا
 بالله والبشرى . وكان كل كلام برتلموس حلوا في قلوبهم مثل العسل .
 والشهد فى قلب كل من يسمعه . وترك المدينة كلها وجميع كورتها عبادة
 الاوثان وامنوا بالله محب خلاص جنس ادم الذى جبل قلوبهم على حلوان
 الايمان ليخلص نفوسهم ويغفر لهم . وترك كل واحد منهم لصاحبه . كلها له

f. 86 b
Matt. v.
3-6

Ps. xix. 10

^١ Cod. يودعونهم

^٢ Cod. الذى

- f. 85a بابنه الحبيب يسوع المسيح الذى لم يتركنا رهاين فى يد عدونا الشيطان
وفدانا بدمه الكريم يسوع المسيح الزرع الطاهر الذى يثمر فى زرع الاطهار .
الذى خرج الى البرية يطلب الخروف الضال حتى رده الى المرعى الصالح .
اسلك يا سيدي يسوع المسيح ومنك اطلب لاجل هذا الانسان الذى لبعته
5 الحية لتعود الحية وتأخذ السم الذى القته فى جسر الانسان ويعيش ليمجد
اسمك فى هذه المدينة . وفيما برتلموس يصلى ظهرت الحية من الموضع
الذى هى فيه ووقفت قدام برتلموس . واجابت تكلفنى استخرج السم من
هذا الرجل واموت ويعيش هو . اجابها برتلموس . لم تدعى لتكثرى الكلام . الا
حتى تعرف [من] انت ومن هو ابوك . عند ذلك اقبلت الحية الى الرجل
10 واخرجت السم منه . حينئذ قام الرجل حيا كما كان . ولما راوا هذا العجب
سقطوا تحت رجلى القديس قايلين حقا ان الهك الاله عظيم له قدرة ان
يحمى الموتى . ووقف الرئيس الذى عاش وقال رايتم هذا العجب الذى رايت
من هذا الانسان اشتريت الاها اظن انه انسانا اشتريت سيذا كنت اقول انه
f. 85b عبدا . وعاد للتلميذ وقال له استخلفك باسم الله يسوع المسيح الالهك . من
الذى رايتته معك واقفا حتى اقمته من الموتى . استخلفك باسمه لا تردنى
15 من المسلة التى اسلك تجيبني عنها . قال له التلميذ . ان كانت مسلة جيدة
اجبتك بل عرفني ما هى . قال له الرئيس اريد ان تغلق هذا الكر . وتنقضه
لانه الموضع الذى حلت فيه بركتك وابنيه بيعة جيدة . لان هذا الموضع
الذى تمت وعشت فيه . قال له برتلموس . يكون كما قلت . ثم امر بتنظيف
20 الكر واتا بالتبن . وفرق على وجه الارض مقدار اساس البيعة . وامر باحضار
البنائين . وجميع البنا وبنيت الكنيسة بناء جيدا حتى تمت . وامر برتلموس
ان يجتمع اليه الجماعة وعمدهم باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس . واخذ
من العنب الذى كان فى الكر الذى اورق واثمر على يدي القديس
وعصره فى الكاس ودعا بخبز^١ نظيف ودعا وشكر وكسر واعطا الجماعة من
f. 86a 25 جسد الرب ودمه الزكى وقسم الرئيس الذى احياه لهم قسا . وقسم لهم شمامسة

^١ الذى Cod.

^٢ بتنظيف Cod.

^٣ نضيف Cod.

يوما دعا برتلموس الى الرب وقال يا ربي يسوع المسيح حتى متى انا مقيم
فى هذه المدينة . ولم يسمع قولي انسان واحد يمينى يا سيدي فى هذه
المدينة اليوم . ووقف وصلى بامانة ليعطى ان يظهر قوة على ايديه . وبعد
f 84 a فراغ الصلاة قال الاعما الذى يصيره يبصر لانه كان معه لا يفارقه ادخل
المدينة وقل للرئيس صاحبي يدعوا اصحابك ويخرج الى الكروم . وتبصر هذه 5
الصنعة الجديدة التى اعملها اليوم . فمضى الرجل كما امره الى المدينة . ثم
اخذ التلميذ ثلثة اصول من الكروم وحملها على القصب وساعة علقها اثمرت
ثمرة جيدة . ولما جا الرئيس مع اصدقائه وعابنوا العجب من التلميذ كل اصل
ياخذه بورق . قبل ان يتركه على القصب ويصير فيه العنب . فalcوا نفوسهم
بين يدي التلميذ وسجدوا له قايلا يا سيدنا من انت انت الاله ظهرت 10
على الارض . عرفنا من انت من الالهة لنقدم الضحية لك . ان كنت رجلا
عرفنا ما الذبيحة الذى تهواها لنقدمها اليك . اجابهم التلميذ لست مهن
تظنون انا عبد يسوع المسيح . وامر ان يقدم قصب حتى يحمل باقى
الكروم على القصب . ومضى الرئيس فقدم اليه القصب فتعلق بيده ثعبان
f 84 b عظيم كان بين القصب ولسعه . فسقط على الارض وهو فى شدة عظيمة . 15
وبكوا . قال لهم برتلموس لم تبكون . اما فى هذه المدينة طبيب ترسلون
اليه يجرى ويعالجه . واسرع احد من عبيد الرئيس وعرف امراته واحضروا
معهم الطبيب ليعالجه فوجدوه قد مات . وشقق خلانه ثيابهم . وبكوا كلهم عليه .
وكان التلميذ يعمل فى القصب . وهو 2 يصفر وقال بعض من حضر انظروا
هذا العبد السوء لم يبك على سيده . بل هو فرح جدا . وهذا كلام 20
الذى يقوله ما نعرف ما هو . قال اخرون . ليس بعبد سو قد راينا منه اعجوبة
لم تراها ابائنا ولا سمعوا بها . وكان برتلموس مجتهد على العمل . حتى فرغ
وغسل يديه وقال للذين يبيكون كفاكم ببكا ابعدوا لكيما ترون وتعابنون
مجد ربي وقوته . ففعلوا كما امرهم وتنحوا عنه . وبسط ايديه قائلا يا الله
ضابط الكل الجالس على كرسى مجده الذى خلق السما والارض وكلمها فيها 25

1 Cod. تمرته

2 Cod. يزفر

- فى قلبه . ولا يريد ان يعلموا انه تلميذ الرب . لئلا يمنعوا ان يدخلوه المدينة .
 وانه امسك الجمال وقال . باسم الرب يسوع المسيح إله الحق تقوم هذه
 الجمال حتى يعلموا هولاء الرجال من انا ولا يظنوا انى غير موافق لهم .
 وفى تلك الساعة قامت الجمال وعادت احيا كما كانت . وتعجب الرجال ولم
 5 يقولوا شيا . وركبوا عليها وساروا . ولما قربوا الى المدينة انحدر برتلموس . وشد
 وسطه وتقدم قدام مولاه ساير . ولما وصلوا بالمدينة واذا على الباب رجل
 اعما جالس نزل عليه روح الله صاح بصوت عظيم ارحمنى يا برتلموس تلميذ
 الرب يسوع المسيح . هب لى نور عيني . لانك تقدر على ذلك . ولما سمع
 برتلموس قول الاعما سكت . قال له الرجل مشتربه انت تلميذ من تلاميذ
 f. 83a 10 المسيح . ودخلت بك الى المدينة ولم اعرف بك . قال له برتلموس . لا اقول
 لك انى تلميذ المسيح حتى تنظر العجايب التى تظهر فى هذه المدينة على
 يدي . واكثر الاعما القول ارحمنى يا تلميذ المسيح هب لى نور عيني . قال
 له الذى امرك ان تتكلم هو يعطيك نور عينيك . فافتحت عينه للوقت وكثير
 تعجب الرجل ومن معه . ولما دخل ذلك الرئيس الى بيته دعا خلانه الروسا
 15 وقال لهم تعالوا انظروا هذا الغلام الذى اشتريته ويقول انه كرام بصير بخدمة
 الكروم . وقد ظهر منه عجب كبير فى الطريق . اذ كنا سايرين فى البرية
 غلطنا الطريق وهلك الجمال واقامها احيا كما كانت . ولما قربنا من باب
 المدينة جعل ذلك الاعما الذى يعرفوه جالسا على . باب المدينة يبصر .
 ما تشعرون علي ان اعمل به . يقول انه صانع مجود بصير بالكروم التى
 20 خربت حتى ترجع عامرة . قال له خلانه ان كان صانعا بصير بخدمة الكروم
 f. 83b استبقه يكون لك وتمتحن صنعته . فان كان كما قال والا انت قادرا ان
 تبجعه وتأخذ ثمنه . عند ذاك دعا جميع الفعلة الذين يخدمون كرومه . وارسل
 احضر برتلموس واقفه فى وسطهم . وقال لهم قد جعلت هذا ريسا عليكم . فكل
 ما يقول لكم اسمعوا منه . وخرج برتلموس الى كرم له يعمل فيه . وكان
 25 كل نهاره يعمل فى الكروم . ويدخل المدينة وقت المساء يقيم باقى ليله
 يعلم من يقدر عليه اربعين يوما ولم يستمع منه رجل واحد . وبعد الاربعين

من غير ان يعلم. فاذا بلغ اليها نسله ان يحملنا على جماله الى المدينة.
 فان سال عن حال حاجتنا فيها^١ قل هذا العبد الذى لى ابيعه فيها. فان
 قال لك. وما صنعت. قل. كرام^٢. وانا دخلت المدينة^٣ التى يعطينى الرب
 انطق به والذى تامرنى به افعله. قال له بطرس نعم الراى ما قلت. وعملا
 ما اتفقا عليه وتقدما الرجل فى المسور حتى وصل اليهم فقال له بطرس 5
 ايها الرجل الصالح احملنا معك على هذه الجمال الى مدينة الواحات. قال
 لهم وما حاجتكم فيها. قال له اريد الدخول اليها لايبيع هذا الغلام الذى لى.
 ولما سمع الرجل منه هذا القول فرح فرحا عظيما وعرس بالجمال. وقال له
 هذا يوم مبارك لان لى ايام كثيرة غايب عن منزلي انا ومن معي بهذه
 الجمال فى طلب غلام اشتريه. ولم اجده وقد مر الله بك علي. ثم قال 10
 لبطرس عرفنى ما صنعت. لاشترىه منك وادفع اليك الثمن. قال له بطرس. هو
 كرام الكروم الخاربة بصير لعمارتها. قال له الرجل مثل هذا اطلب لان لى كروم
 كثيرة اريد يكون ريسا فيها وتقرب الثمن بينهما ثلثين دينار. اسلمها الرجل الى
 بطرس. وسلم اليه برتلموس وقال لبطرس تسير معي الى بيتي قد اخذت منى
 الثمن وسلمت الي الغلام. بل اريد اكرمك فى منزلي. قال له بطرس. الله 15
 يحسن لك الجزا والجميل الذى تفعله معى افعله مع هذا الغلام ولا تبيعه بل
 ارفق به. فانت تحمد عاقبته جدا. ولما وجد بطرس حلوة من صاحب الجمال
 دفع الثمن الذى هو ثمن برتلموس اليه. وقال له يكون هذا معك اذا وجدت
 انسانا محتاجا ادفع اليه منه ووصاه ما يحتاجه. وسلم عليه وودعه وعاد بطرس
 وسار برتلموس مع صاحب الجمال يريد المدينة. ثم ضلوا عن الطريق وقرع 20
 كل ما معهم من الماء وتعب الجمال وتقطع منبر الجمال. وماتت فى
 الطريق. وبكا^٤ الرجل ومن معه قايلين الويل لنا ما الذى اصابنا بسبب هذا
 الغلام. لعله ليس هو غلام جيد حتى كان فى بلده. وكان اخرجه مولاه
 الى هذا البلد البعيد حيث لم ينفعه. وليس غمي بالجمال كغمي بى وبمن
 معى لانا نموت فى البرية بالعطش. وكان برتلموس يبكى فى الظاهر. ويصلى 25

^١ Cod. قول^٢ Cod. الذى^٣ Cod. الرجال

وبشرهم بمملكة السما. وقدموا اليه العميان ففتح ابصارهم . والعرج فصّحوا
 بكنية فيه. والصم يسمعون باذانهم^١ والخرس يتكلمون بقوة الرب يسوع
 المسيح الحالة فيه. والبرص تطهروا اذا رفع يده ودعا الله لاجلهم والذين
 بهم الشياطين فاخرجهم برشم الصليب. شاكر الله على ما وهبه له من
 5 هذه الموهبة الشريفة حتى انه كان يعافى جميعهم من كل الامراض. ولما
 راوا روسا المدينة ما يفعل فيلبس من العجايب التي ظهرت على يديه.
 وابرى اصناف العلل واكثر ما حل بهم انهم يرون اخوتهم واحبابهم وبنينهم
 وبناتهم واصدقاهم قد كفروا بعبادتهم ودخلوا في الايمان بالرب يسوع
 المسيح وبما يرضيهم به^٢ فيلبس. عند ذلك اجتمع الذين لهم يومنوا بما
 10 كان يبشر به واعتزلوا في موضع وتشاوروا ان يمسكوا التلميذ ويقيده
 ويقتلوه في خفي ليلا تهلك المدينة. ويكون لهم في ذلك فخر عند الملك.
 انهم لم يمكنوا رجلا غريبا يدخل مدينتهم ويفسد مذهبهم. وان غفلوا
 حتى يتم هذا. هو يرسل ويقتلهم ويخرب مدينتهم. ويقول لهم صبرتم
 لهذا الرجل الواحد حتى اصطفى هذه الجماعة. وخالفوا امري. واتفقوا
 15 جميعا على ذلك. ووضعوا ايديهم على القديس وقيده وخاطبه بكلام اقترى
 عليه في وجهه. وكان التلميذ يضحك في وجوههم ويفرح ويقول بعضهم
 لبعض انظروا كيف يضحك ويهزى بنا لعله ان يريد يطغينا ويخدعنا مثل
 الجماعة الذين تركهم رفضوا بخدمة الملك. فافرق بينهم وبين نساهم ولما
 سمع ذلك قال لهم حقا ان هذا حرصي ان يتم. ولا بد لكم تعودوا الى الله
 20 ويغفر لكم خطاياكم. ويوهلككم لمملكته التي لا تزول. اجاب اخرهم وقال
 اقتلوه فان تركناه هو يضلنا كلنا. عند ذلك حمى غضبهم عليه فامسكوه وعلقوه
 على الصليب وربطوه منكسا قابلين ليلا يتحرك جسده وعذبوه عذابا شديدا.
 ولم يزلوا ملازميه يعذبوه باشد العذاب حتى اسلم روحه على الصليب. وانزلوه
 وتشاوروا وقالوا. نشعل نار عظيمة. ونلقى فيها جسده حتى يحترق ولا يوجد.
 25 ولما اشعلوا النار ليلقوا جسده الطاهر فيها ارسل الرب يسوع المسيح الذي صبر
 هذا القديس على ذلك العذاب ملاكا فاخرج جسده الطاهر من النار امامهم

^١ Cod. والحرص^٢ Cod. انضروا^٣ Cod. فيه

فى نصف النهار من المدينة . وكل سكانها ينظرونه . وهو صاعد به الى العلو
 بابتهاج ومجد وكرامة حتى غاب عن عيونهم . وانتهى به باورشليم . واخفاه
 فى شجرة . ولما نظر كل الجماعة الى هذا العجب وذكروا كثرة العجايب
 والايات التى اجراها الله على يديه من ابراهيم اصناف العلل رفعوا اصواتهم
 كلهم النساء والرجال قائلين واحد هو الله الاله فيلبس عبد يسوع المسيح هو 5
 الله الاله السما والارض الاله العظيم العالى المبارك من السماويين والارضيين
 f. 79 b ومن كل المدينة وبلدانها جميعهم يسوع المسيح . وارسلوا قوما خائفين من
 الله الى علو الجبل . واقاموا فى البرية اياما كثيرة يطوفون . وصام اهل المدينة
 وصلوا وابتهلوا الى الله ان يرد اليهم جسد القديس . ولما راي الله حسن
 نياتهم وندمهم على ما فرط من قبح فعالهم ارسل ذلك الملاك عزهم موضع 10
 جسد التلميذ واخذوه وساروا به الى المدينة بالسبح والمجد والكرامة . وكفنه
 بثياب رفيعة وتركوه فى تابوت جيد . فكان تمام شهادة وجهاد فيلبس القديس
 فى ثمنية عشر يوما من هتور . وترك فى 1^{مرطاجنة} بسلام . والمجد ليسوع
 المسيح وابيه وروح القدس الى دهر الداهرين امين .
 15 ✠ والسبح لله دائما ابدا ✠

f. 80a بسم الاب والابن والروح القدس الاله الواحد كتاب بشرى برتلموس التلاميذ
 المبارك ونداه فى مدينة الواح بسلام الرب يسوع المسيح
 وكان لما اجتمع التلاميذ وتقاسموا مدن العالم . فكان سهر برتلموس الى
 خروج كورة الواحات لينادى فيهم باسم الرب يسوع المسيح . قال لبطرس
 رئيس الحواريين يا ابي بطرس لم ادخل الى هذه المدينة ولا اعرف لغة 20
 اهلها . اسلك ان تبقى معى الى ان توصلنى اليها وما اراده سيكون . اجاب بطرس
 قائلا لست اخرج معك وحدك الا والجماعة انا مامور من عند الرب ان اوصل
 كل واحد الى مدينته . وقام بطرس وبرتلموس وخرجا يريدان مدينة الواحات .
 وساروا فى البرية فصادفوا رجل موسرا وله عبيد ومعه عشرة جمال . ولما راه
 1^{مرطاجنة} Cod.

بطرس وبرتلموس فرحا به وسارا يلقوه . وقالوا له السلام على صاحب الجمال .
 قال لهم عليكم السلام قال له بطرس ايها الرجل الى اى بلد انت ساير بهذه
 f. 80b الجمال . قال له الرجل الى مدينة الواحات . قال له بطرس تحسن الصنيع
 اليها وتحملنا معك وتوصلنا الى المدينة . قال له صاحب الجمال وما السبب
 5 الذى 'عباك الى هناك . وما معك شئ تبعه فيها . قال له بطرس لسنا كما تبين
 وتشتري . نحن عبيد الاله صالح . اسمه يسوع انتخبنا اثنا عشر رجلا وعلمنا
 وصايا وجعل على ايدينا الشفا من كل العلل . وامرنا ان نطوف اقصى البلاد
 وننادى باسمه . ونوصى الناس ان لا يقيموا على ضلالتهم ويتوبوا اليه . ليغفر
 خطاياهم . ويوصلهم لمملكته . فلقد دعانا الى دخول المدينة لنوصل اليهم هذه
 10 الوصايا .^١ التى علمنا معلمنا ليسمعوها ويتركوا فعالهم القديمة ويتوبوا حتى
 يعيشوا الى الابد . ولما سمع الرجل هذا الكلام قال لهم ان كنتم من اصحاب
 يسوع الذى ذكرتم فما^٢ تترككم تدخلون مدينتنا لانا سمعنا انكم^٣ تضلون
 الناس وتفرقوا بين النسا وازواجهن . وتقولون ان الانسان اذا لم يعيش بالطهارة
 f. 81a والا لم يستطع ان يرى الله . وهذا قد ومى من عند خليل لى واد^٤ لى جدا .
 15 كان اذا رانى قدمت عليه يفرح بى وفى هذه المرة لم يرفع راسه يسلم
 علي مما هو عليه من الحزن . وسالته عن السبب . فعرفتني ان له عشرة ايام
 حزن منه على زوجته لان قوم منكم دخلوا الى مدينته وامروا اهلها^٥ بكل ما
 'قتلهم . وان زوجته تبعت قولهم ورفضت زوجها . وانا خائف على نفسي . ان
 اوصلكم الى مدينتي ويعلموا اهلها ما امركم به معلمكم وتسمعكم زوجتي
 20 فتؤمن بقولكم وتفترق منى . ولما سمعا منه ذلك عزمنا على الخروج وهما
 حزينين . وقال برتلموس لبطرس . ما الذى نعمله . حتى نصل الى دخول
 المدينة .^٦ اشر علي . قال له انا اشير عليك . ولكنى خائف ان ينالك فى
 ذلك تعب . فتقول بطرس اثار . الا ان هذا هو قسمك ولست افارقك بهشمة
 الرب يسوع المسيح الذى يريد خلاص كل انسان حتى اوصلك اليها . قال له
 f. 81b برتلموس . قم ايها الاب الحبيب الرب يعين وتتنكر ونشد اوساطنا ونتقدم هذا

تضلون^١ Cod. نترككم^٢ Cod. الذى^٣ Cod. عناك^٤ Cod.
 اشهر^٥ Cod. قلته^٦ Cod.

فى نصف النهار من المدينة . وكل سكانها ينظرونه . وهو صاعد به الى العلو
 بابتهاج ومجد وكرامة حتى غاب عن عيونهم . وانتهى به باورشليم . واخفاه
 فى شجرة . ولما نظر كل الجماعة الى هذا العجب وذكروا كثرة العجايب
 والايات التى اجراها الله على يديه من ابراهيم اصناف العلل رفعوا اصواتهم
 كلهم النساء والرجال قائلين واحد هو الله الاله فيلبس عبد يسوع المسيح هو 5
 الله الاله السما والارض الاله العظيم العالى المبارك من السماويين والارضيين
 f.79 b ومن كل المدينة وبلدانها جميعهم يسوع المسيح . وارسلوا قوما خائفين من
 الله الى علو الجبل . واقاموا فى البرية اياما كثيرة يطوفون . وصام اهل المدينة
 وصلوا وابتهلوا الى الله ان يرد اليهم جسد القديس . ولما راي الله حسن
 نياتهم وندمهم على ما فرط من قبس فعالهم ارسل ذلك الملاك عزهم موضع 10
 جسد التلميذ واخذوه وساروا به الى المدينة بالسبح والمجد والكرامة . وكفنه
 بثياب رفيعة وتركوه فى تابوت جيد . فكان تمام شهادة وجهاد فيلبس القديس
 فى ثمنية عشر يوما من هتوز . وترك فى 1^{مرطاجنة} بسلام . والمجد لیسوع
 المسيح وابيه وروح القدس الى دهر الداهرين امين .

١٥ ✠ والسبح لله دائما ابدا ✠

f.80a بسم الاب والابن والروح القدس الاله الواحد كتاب بشرى برتلموس التلاميذ
 المبارك ونداه فى مدينة الواح بسلام الرب يسوع المسيح
 وكان لما اجتمع التلاميذ وتقاسموا مدن العالم . فكان سهر برتلموس الى
 خروج كورة الواحات لينادى فيهم باسم الرب يسوع المسيح . قال لبطرس
 ريس الحواريين يا ابي بطرس لم ادخل الى هذه المدينة ولا اعرف لغة 20
 اهلها . اسلك ان تبقى معى الى ان توصلنى اليها وما اراده سيكون . اجاب بطرس
 قائلا لست اخرج معك وحدك الا والجماعة انا مامور من عند الرب ان اوصل
 كل واحد الى مدينته . وقام بطرس وبرتلموس وخرجا يريدان مدينة الواحات .
 وساروا فى البرية فصادفوا رجل موسرا وله عبيد ومعه عشرة جمال . ولما راه
 1^{مرطاجنة} Cod.

وبشرهم بمملكة السما. وقدموا اليه العميان ففتح ابصارهم. والعرج فصّحوا
 بكلمة فيه. والصم يسمعون باذانهم^١ والخرس يتكلمون بقوة الرب يسوع
 المسيح الحالة فيه. والبرص تطهروا اذا رفع يده ودعا الله لاجلهم والذين
 بهم الشياطين فاخرجهم برشم الصليب. شاكر الله على ما وهبه له من
 5 هذه الموهبة الشريفة حتى انه كان يعافى جميعهم من كل الامراض. ولما
 راوا روسا المدينة ما يفعل فيلبس من العجايب التي ظهرت على يديه.
 وابرى اصناف العلل واكثر ما حل بهم انهم يرون اخوتهم واحبابهم وبنيتهم
 وبناتهم واصدقاهم قد كفروا بعبادتهم ودخلوا في الايمان بالرب يسوع
 المسيح وبما يرضيهم به^٢ فيلبس. عند ذلك اجتمع الذين لم يؤمنوا بما
 10 كان يبشر به واعتزلوا في موضع وتشاؤروا ان يمسكوا التلميذ ويقيده
 ويقتلوه في خفي ليلا تهلك المدينة. ويكون لهم في ذلك فخر عند الملك.
 انهم لم يمكنوا رجلا غريبا يدخل مدينتهم ويفسد مذهبهم. وان غفلوا
 حتى يتم هذا. هو يرسل ويقتلهم ويخرب مدينتهم ويقول لهم صبرتم
 لهذا الرجل الواحد حتى اصطفى هذه الجماعة. وخالفوا امري. واتفقوا
 15 جميعا على ذلك. ووضعوا ايديهم على القديس وقيدوه وخاطبه بكلام اقترى
 عليه في وجهه. وكان التلميذ يضحك في وجوههم ويفرح ويقول بعضهم
 لبعض انظروا كيف يضحك ويهزى بنا لعله ان يريد يطفينا ويخدعنا مثل
 الجماعة الذين تركهم رفضوا بخدمة الملك. فافرق بينهم وبين نساهم ولما
 سمع ذلك قال لهم حقا ان هذا حرصي ان يتم. ولا بد لكم تعودوا الى الله
 20 ويغفر لكم خطاياكم. ويوهلكم لمملكته التي لا تزول. اجاب اخرهم وقال
 اقتلوه فان تركناه هو يضلنا كلنا. عند ذلك حمى غضبهم عليه فامسكوه وعلقوه
 على الصليب وربطوه منكسا قايلين ليلا يتحرك جسده وعذبوه عذابا شديدا.
 f. 79 a ولم يزلوا ملازميه يعذبوه باشد العذاب حتى اسلم روحه على الصليب. وانزلوه
 وتشاوروا وقالوا. نشعل نار عظيمة. ونلقى فيها جسده حتى يحترق ولا يوجد.
 25 ولما اشعلوا النار ليلقوا جسده الطاهر فيها ارسل الرب يسوع المسيح الذي صبر
 هذا القديس على ذلك العذاب ملاكا فاخرج جسده الطاهر من النار امامهم

^١ Cod. والحرص^٢ Cod. انضروا^٣ Cod. فيه

✠ شهادة التلميذ المبارك فيلبس فى ✠

✠ ثمانية عشر يوما من هثور بسلام لرب ✠

ولما دخل فيلبس الى مدينة افريقية الى اهل تلك الكورة وبشرهم بالاه جديد
لا يعرفونه اسمه يسوع المسيح. اسرعوا اليه باسرههم وسمعوا قوله. واجابوه من
هو يسوع المسيح. لم نسمع هذا الاسم الا منك. لانهم كانوا يعبدون الشيطان. 5
اجابهم فيلبس اجتمعوا الي يا جميع الرجال المباركين الذى ارى موهبة الله
الحى حالة عليهم الله ابشركم به. هو الله الحى ويعطى الحياة لكل من
يومن به. والابن الحال فى الاب. والاب فى الابن. والروح القدس المنبثق من
f. 77 b الاب الذى هو فى الاب والابن الاله واحد موحد فى الجوهر. مثلث فى
الاقانيم قبل كل زمان والى كل اوان الذى لا يُرى الذى خلق الكل 10
بحكمته. الذى زجر البحر والانهار والعيون وكل ما فيها. وهى تخضع له. هو
مكون كل ما يُرى وما لا يُرى فى البدء واخذ ترابا من الارض. وصنع منه
انسانا كشبه صورته. وسماه ادم. وهو الذى بارك عليه وجعله اب لكل الخلق
Gen. 1. 28 الناطق. وقال له انم واكثر واملا الارض من زرعك وتسلط على كل ما فيها.
قالت له الجماعة اين هو الله الذى خلق كلما تقول. قال لهم التلميذ هو 15
فى السما وعلى الارض هو حال فى كل انسان يفعل مشيئته. ولما راى
الشیطان فيلبس قد هم ان يرد الجماعة الى معرفة الله يسوع المسيح السيد
اسرع وزرع فى قلوبهم افكارا ردية. وحرك فيهم الشر. ووثبهم على التلميذ
فيلبس فقيدوه وعزموا على قتله. وان كل من وضع يده على فيلبس عميت
ابصارهم. ولما رات الجماعة صاحوا بصوت عال قايلين. واحد هو الله الاله 20
f. 78 a فيلبس. لم تقتلوا هذا التلميذ المبارك الذى به انقذنا الله من الضلالة الى
الايمان. وهكذا خلصت الجماعة فيلبس من يدي الذين ارادوا قتله. وخرج
ينادى فى جميع تلك البلاد المحيطة به ويبشر بالله الكلمة نهاره كله. ويبرى
كل من به علة حتى ان كل اهل المدينة وتخومها اجتمعوا اليه. وعلمهم

بمجد^١ واضاءت^٢ وجوهها بمجد الرب يسوع المسيح الذى ترايا لهم فى البيت.
 وخرجوا الى الجماعة. ولما راوا ضياء وجوهها سجدوا لها على الارض فباركا
 عليهم واقامهم وعلمهم وثبتهم على الايمان بالرب يسوع المسيح. وامرهم
 ان لا يعودوا الى شى من خطاياهم المتقدمة. والجماعة تتكاثر عليهما.
 5 ويباركون منهما ويتعجبون من مجد الله الحال عليهما. وصرخ رجل منهم
 معترى من شيطان بصوت عالى قائلا اسلكما يا تلميذى المسيح لا تعذباني.
 f. 76 b اخرج منه. وصرعت الروح السو الرجل على الارض وخرج منه. وامر بطرس
 وفيلبس ذلك الشيطان ان يخرج منه. ولا يعود اليه ابدا. والقى الرجل
 المعافى نفسه على ارجلها. وقبلها. ثم جمعا الجماعة الى تلك البحيرة
 10 التى كانت سحابة نار تحوط بالكهنة فى ذلك الوقت. وصارت ماء. فعمدوهم
 باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس. وقال التلميذين للجماعة. ان الله قد غفر
 لكم ذنوبكم التى عملتوها بغير معرفة. فابتدوا باعمال الخير لتكونوا اهلا لمملكة
 السما. والخيرات الدائمة. وصاحوا باعلا صوت قائلين. نشكرك يا الله الاله بطرس
 وفيلبس انك تحننت علينا. ورحمتنا. وقدس التلميذان البيعة. واجتمعت
 15 الجماعة اليها بفرح وسرور. ويسمعون كلام الله. وفيلبس يقرى عليهم من
 الناموس والانبيا. وبطرس يفسر لهم بروح الرب يسوع المسيح. ولما وعظا الجماعة
 بتعاليم الدين^٣ واوهلاهم لقبول السراير المقدسة. عند ذلك نهضا فى الصلاة
 المقدسة وتماها واعطيا الجماعة يتقدم كل منهم يقبل ذلك الجسد الكريم
 f. 77 a بامانة واعطياهم السلام واقاما عندهم ستة ايام يعلمهم وصايا الرب حتى
 20 عرفوها وقسموا لهم اسقفا وقسوسا. وشمامسة. وخرجوا من عندهم وهم يودعونهم
 ويمجدون الله متعجبين للقوات التى يفعلها باسم الرب يسوع المسيح الذى
 له المجد والكرامة مع الاب والابن والروح القدس الى دهر الداهرين
 امين ✠

^١ Cod. واضيت^٢ Cod. وجوهها^٣ Cod. ووهلاهم

بسو فعالهمز ولما قال الصنم هذا سكت. وسال الكهنة التلميذين ان يخرجوهما
من النار ولا تهلكهمز وكلما يامروهم به يفعلونه. قال لهم فيلبس ان كنتم
تتركون عبادتكم النجسة. فقولوا انا نومن بالرب يسوع المسيح ونقول باسمه
تروح عنا هذه 'سحابة النار' عند ذلك صرخوا كلهم بصوت عال قايلين: نومن
بالله الرب وبيسوع المسيح كلمته. وفى تلك الساعة ارتفعت عنهم حرارة النار. 5
وصارت مثل بحيرة ماء حلو بيضا مثل اللبن حتى تعجب التلميذان. فسألها
الجماعة ما الذى يجب عليهم ان يفعلوه حتى 'يصح ايمانهمز قال لهم
فيلبس. نامركم ان تبوا فى هذا الموضع بيعة وتعلم فيها. لان هذا الموضع
f. 75b الذى 'امنتهم فيه' فاجابوا الى امرهم. وامر ان يوتى اليه تبين كثير وقدره
على مقدار ما يكون الاساس. وامر رجالا منهم يحفروا حتى يضع الاساس. 10
ولما كان الامر وتم الفعل اتى الى باب المدينة والعمود الواقف عليها. فقال
باسم يسوع المسيح الناصرى الذى تعالا فوق السما امركما ان 'تنقلا
من هنا الى موضع البيعة التى سميت باسم الرب. وسقط الباب والعمود
الواقف بحضرة الجماعة الى موضع البناء. ولم يسمع لهم وحية ولا خرج لهما
غبار. فقالت الجماعة لا اله الا اله بطرس واندراوس وفيلبس 'عبيد يسوع 15
المسيح. وقال فيلبس للجماعة قد ابتدانا فى بنا بيت الرب واريد ان تجتمع
البنات الابكار يحملون الماء والرجال والكهول والشباب وكل اهل المدينة. كل
واحد على طاقته يعملون فى بيت الرب ولم يمتنع احد من الجماعة مما
امر به. وكان التلميذين نازلين فى بيت مروان ريس المدينة. وهما فرحين
f. 76a بالجماعة. واجابتهم الى الايمان بسرعة. وتشبه الرب يسوع المسيح بانسان بهي
المنظر. وترايا للتلاميذ وقال سلام الرب لكم ايها التلميذان المباركان. قد
نظرتما حسن ايمان اهل هذه المدينة. ولم جلستما فى البيت اخرجا اليهم
وعلماهم وصايا الاله وحياة. ولا تغفلا عنهمز فكل ما تسلانى انا معطيه لكم.
ولما قال لهما الرب يسوع المسيح المتشبه بالانسان المضى تجلا الى السما

of. John
xiv. 14

1 Cod. السحابة 2 Cod. تصح 3 Cod. امنتهم

4 Cod. تستقلا 5 Cod. عبيدى

- f. 74 a الإخواف . قالوا ان هذا الانسان هو الاله . وصرخوا بصوت واحد قايلين انت الاله ولم نعرفك . اجاب الانسان قايلًا لست الاله . انا انسان مثلكم . نطق روح القدس على فمي . بامر تلاميذه الاطهار . بل تعالوا عند التلاميذ القديسين بطرس وفيلبس فجميع ما يقولانه لكم اسمعوه واعلموه انتم تخلصون . وقاموا واتوا 5 الى عند التلميذين وقبلوا ارجلها وقالوا لهما . من انتم قال لهما فيلبس من تعبدون من الالهة . قالوا نحن نعبد تمثال بشر . قال لهما فيلبس اذهبوا اتوا به الي . ففعلوا ما امرهم . وكان من ذهب وصاح الكهنة قايلين لا تفسدوا الالهة التي تخلصكم كل حين . فان قام عليكم حرب واستغثتم بها لم تعينكم . قال لهما اهل المدينة الاخير ان نقبل قول التلاميذ الا قولكم . هذا الاله عمل 10 ايدي الناس لا تنظر ولا تسمع ولا تشم ولا تمشي . ولما اوصلوه الى التلميذين والكهنة يصيحون قايلين للتلميذين انتم تضلان الناس بسحركما تقولان عن انسان انه "الله" ولدته مريم وقد قتله بلاطس . هل نظرت الاله يموت . فاما هولاء ذهب وفضة .¹ نعبدهم ونسبهم الهة لا يبصرون ولا ينفعون . فنزل على فيلبس روح القدس وايدى الرب يسوع المسيح بقوة . ودعا وقال يا سيدي يسوع 15 المسيح بارادتك تنزل نار من السما وتحرق هولاء الكهنة السوء الاشرار ليعلموا انهم ضالين الى هذا اليوم . وفي تلك الساعة نزلت سحابة نار دايرة عليهم دون الجماعة . ومكثوا في وسط النار [باكيين] من شدة احراقه لهما . قال لهما فيلبس لما تبكون وتصرخون الم تقولون انه اذا قام عليكم حرب دعوتكم² الهتكمم خلصوكم ومدينتمكم واخذ بطرس ذلك الصنم والقاه في النار التي 20 فيه الكهنة . اجاب الذهب يا تلميذى المسيح لا تعذباني بل تحننا علي . واحكما بيني وبين هولاء الرجال الخطاة . انا من الات الارض اتخذنى هولاء الرجال وسبكونى وصنعونى هكذا كما ترون واقامونى فى الهيكل . ويذبحون البهايم ويخلطون دماها بالخمر ويخدعون الناس . ويقولون لهما انى الذى اكل تلك الذبايح . وانا لا اكل ولا اشرب . ولا اكلم احدا ولست الذى اكلمكم . 25 بل القوة الحالية عليكم هي التي توهلنى ان اكلم هولاء الجماعة . واوبخهم

¹ Cod. يعبدوهم

² Cod. ظالين

³ Cod. الهتكمم

الحق. حقا اقول لكم ان اجركم عظيم وتستصيرون الى النياح وتنسيون التعب. ولما قال لهم اعطاهم السلام وتجللا عنهم بمجد وتقوت قلوبهما وسارا في طريقهما. ولما قرب التلميذان الى المدينة تلقاهما رجل معترى من روح نجس. وصاح قايلا يا تلميذى المسيح لا امكنكما ان تدخلوا المدينة. فعلم بطرس انه روح شيطان. وفي تلك الساعة نهزه وخرج الشيطان منه وعوفى الرجل وتبع 5 التلميذين الى المدينة. وكان على راس باب المدينة عمود عال جدا. ولما بلغوا الى الباب سال بطرس الرب قايلا اسلك يا سيدي يسوع تهبط هذا الباب وهذا العمود العالى الذى فوقه الى الارض حتى تصل يدي اليه وامسكه. وفي تلك الساعة رسخ الباب فى الارض والعمود الذى كان فوقه حتى اعتدل مع وجه الارض. فامر بطرس الذى خرجت منه الروح السوء ان يصعد على راس 10 العمود ويتكلم بها يلقيه ليكون مغزعا لاهل المدينة. وصعد الرجل على العمود الذى على الباب. وقال بطرس باسم سيدي يسوع المسيح الذى به رسختم فى الارض حتى دنوتم منا تعودوا الى حيث كنتم. وفي تلك الساعة ارتفع الباب والعمود الذى فوقه حتى انتها الى علوهما. وصرخ الرجل بصوت عالى قايلا يا رجال سكان هذه المدينة اجتمعوا الى هذا الموضع الذى فيه 15 تلميذى الرب يسوع المسيح ليباركا عليكم ويدعوا ان يُغفر ذنوبكم. ولما قال هذا الرجل الواقف على العمود كان رعد وبرق. ورعب اهل المدينة وخافوا جدا ودخلوا المغاير والكهوف والجزاير والبرق يتبعهم حيث ما دخلوا حتى مات رجال كثير ونسا من اصوات الرعد. وظهور البرق والرجل يصيح تعالوا الى عندي واجتمع اليه الجماعة. وراوا التلميذين وايديهما مبسوطه يدعون الله 20 وسقطوا على وجه الارض وسجدوا لهما وهم يكون قائلين يا عبيد الله نسلكم ان ترحمونا ايها الاله الجدد الذين لا نعرفهم تحنونا علينا واعلمونا ما ارادتم. وما ضحيتكم حتى نحملها لكم ونسلكم ان تزيلوا عنا هذا الرعد وهذه المخافة. وطلب التلميذين الى الرب لاجلهم واستغفروا لهم واستقر الرعد. وزال البرق وسكت الرجل من الكلام وعاد الباب والعمود الذى فوقه كما 25 كانا حتى نزل الرجل من فوقه. ولما رات الجماعة الرجل سكت وانقضت تلك

Luke xii.
48

فتكون ديونكم مضعفة. لان من دفع اليه كثير طولب بكثير كما قال الرب.
وهو الرب يسوع المسيح يكون معكم الى الابد يقويكم ويتمم كل مرادكم
فى طاعته بلا عطفية. فاما يوحنا فمن الان ليس يكون معكم فى الجسد.
ولما سمعنا منه هذا قبلنا يديه ورجليه. ونحن نبكى بكاء مرا وتركناه فى
5 الحفير وانصرفنا الى المدينة. وعرفنا الاخوة بما جرى وخرجوا بسرعة معنا الى
ذلك الموضع. ولم نجد القديس يوحنا بل وجدنا ثيابه ومداسه. وملات الارض
الموضع والحفير الذى حفرناه لم نعرفه وعدنا الى المدينة نشكر الرب الذى
يعطى متاهل العطايا لمستحقها. الذى اكرم حبيبه يوحنا بمثل هذا الموت
f. 72 a العجيب دون كثير من التلاميذ وعلى هذا نمجد الرب لانه مستحقه وابنه
10 وروح القدس الى دهر الداهرين امين. والسيح لله دايما ابدا.

✠ كتاب بشرى فيلبس تلميذ ✠

✠ يسوع المسيح الذى بشر ابها فى مدينة ✠

✠ افريقية بسلام الرب امين ✠

كان لما اجتمع التلاميذ عند جبل الزيتون. وهم يتلون^١ بينهم وصايا الرب
15 عند ذلك تراءى لهم المخلص يسوع المسيح. وقال لهم السلام لكم يا احباي لم
جلستم. ولم تخرجوا الى العالم وتبشروهم ببشرى المملكة. ها الان اقترعوا
فيما بينكم واجعلوا العالم اثنا عشر سهما ليخرجوا يبشروا فيه. ثم اعطاهم
السلام وتجلا عنهم بمجد الى السما. واقترعوا وخرج السهر لفيلبس ان يخرج
الى كورة افريقية ولم يتوانا عن المسير بل قال يا ابي بطرس قد امر الرب
f. 72 b ان تخرج مع كل واحد منا الى بلده وانا احب ان تسير معى الى بلدتي.
20 فاجابه. ثم تسايروا جميعا فتراءى لهم الرب وقال لهما السلام لكما يا تلميذي
الخيرين تسيروا ونادوا فى كل الخليقة حتى تجتدبوهم من يد الشيطان.
حقا اقول لكم انكم اذا تعبت مع هذا حتى تردوهم من الضلالة الى معرفة
تصيروا. Cod. واحد. Cod. فيها سهر. Cod. به.

f. 70b خلّيقته ولا يضيع منها كبيراً ولا صغيراً . الذى جعل النفس الوَحْشِيَّة الخراب
انسية وديعة الذى ترايا لها وهى ميتة . وقبلها وهى متلطنخة مدنسة بدنس
الخطية . وجعلها له عروسة طاهرة بعد ان كانت مدنسة باوساخ الخطية . ومغلوبة
من الشيطان وامسكت يدها واقمتها من سقطة العدو واظفرتها بعدوها . وجعلته
ذليلاً متواضعاً تحت قدميها . الذى هو وحده طاهر وتحل فى الاطهار يسوع 5
المسيح الالهى الاسم الحلو الذى لا يمل من ذكره . فرح السموات . حافظ
الذين على الارض المخوف لمن تحت الارض ابتهاج الاخيار وحافظ المستقيمي
القلوب . الذى يقبل مستحقه بمجد وكرامة . اقبلنى انا عبدك ككلمتك وامرك
المبتدا الذى اوجبتة علي لتنجينى من تعب هذا العالم الزايل . اشكرك يا
سيدي الذى حفظتنى طاهر الى هذا الحين نقي من دنس العالم . انت الذى 10
جعلت مخالفتك واضحة فى قلبي . حتى ابعدت عنى كل شهوات الخطية .
f. 71a وبها قدرت وابطلت حركات الجسد . انت الذى ازلت مجارى الخطية من
جسدي . وجعلت نفسي باغضة لاعمال الشر الظاهر . الذى يهيج فى جسمي
حواس الخطية . الذى تقوا منى . الذى جعل طريقي مستقيمة بلا زلل
واعطينتنى الامانة المستقيمة فيك بلا شك . انت الذى كتبت في ناموسك . ولم 15
تجعل لى رغبة الى غيرك . وما هو الشئ الذى اجل او اكرم او احلا او
تشهى الا مثلك . ومن مثلك . اقبل الان ايها السيد . الذى لك اقبل يوحنا
عبدك اليك . الذى يرجوك . وقد تممت الخدمة التى اهلتنى لها وقد اتيت اليك
اتعزا وابتهج بقوتك ايها السيد . انا اعلم انك تيسر طريقي امامك بسلام الى
مباهك البهية . ولما قال يوحنا المبارك جميع هذا القول خر بوجهه على الارض 20
ساجداً وهو يقول اسجد لك يا من كل ركب تحننوا لك . وكل مجد هو
لك الاب والابن والروح القدس الى ابد الابد . ثم قال لنا يا اولادي سلام
f. 71b الرب يكون معكم اذهبوا الى المدينة . وقولوا للاخوة ان يحفظوا من كل كلامي
الذى وصيته به فلا بد لنا ان نعطي عنه الحواب . واني لم اكنم عنكم
شيئاً من مشيئة الله . وانتم المسايلون وانا برى من دمكم لم ابقى معرفة 25
ولا علماً الا وقد سمعته منى وعرفتكم اياه وعلتموه . تحذروا ليلاً تفرطوا

المسيح الذى نظم هذا الاكليل الزايل الى نظامه الدائم^١. وجميع هذه الازهار
الملونة الى زهر الطيب الذى زرع فى قلوبنا كلامه المحيى . الذى هو
وحده محسن طيب الانفس والاجساد الوديع وهذه المتوابع القلب المتحنن
محب البشر الذى هو وحده القاضى العدل الكاين كل حين ولا يحويه
5 مكان . الرب يسوع المسيح انت لكثرة رافتك ورحمتك احفظ كل من يرجوا
اسمك . انت تعرف الصنائع والتجارب التى للمضاد المغرورة فى كل مكان .
نسلك ان تبطلها بقوتك . فلما فرغ من صلاته . اخذ خبز وشكر وقال هكذا
اى بركة او اى اعتراف او اى كلام تمجيد او اى شكر او اى اسم نقوله
على قسر هذا الخبز الا اسمك . انت وحدك يسوع المسيح الاسم المخلص .
10 انت الخبز المحيى الذى نزل من السما لخلاص العالم . نباركك انت الذى
اهلتنا لطريق الحياة . نشكرك انت الكلمة الخالقة انت الدليل والباب فى
الموهبة . الملح الكثير . الجوهر . السنبلة الحياة الصديق القوة الحكيمة الملجا
الراحة النجاة . ^٢الدالية الاصل معين الحياة الذى احتمل ان يدعى بهذا الاسم
لاجل الانسان ليخلص ويكون جديدا من ظاهر سو فعله العسق . الذى سقط
15 فيه بالخطية . لان لك المجد الى ابد الابد . ولما فرغ يوحنا القديس من
قسر الخبز المبارك اخذ منه . فدنا واعطا الجماعة ودعا ايضا ان يكونوا
مستحقين له . واعطاهم السلام . وارسلهم الى منازلهم وبعد ذلك قال لتلميذه
برخورس . ان ياخذ معه اثنين من الاخوة ومعهم زنايل ومسحة . ويتبعوه .
ففعل كما امره وخبر معهم فى خفى من المدينة الى خارجها يسيرا وقال لنا
20 ^٣احفروا هاهنا وامثلنا امره . وعملنا الحفير كما امرنا . ونزع ثيابه والقاها فى
الحفير ووقف عليها وبقي لابس ثوب كتان . وبسط يده الى العلو ونظر
الى الشرق . ودعا هكذا قائلا سيدي يسوع المسيح الذى انتخبت مسكنتي
تلميذا لك مبشرا باسمك المقدس الذى ابتدأت وبشرت به على السن انبيائك
القديسين الذى وحدك كل حين تخلص الذين يشهون من كل قلوبهم
25 الخلاص . الذى هو بذاته اسلم نفسه لتعرفه كل الطبائع . الذى يهر بكل

John vi.
51

f. 70a

١ Cod. وجميع هذه الازهار ٢ الدالة Cod. ٣ احضروا Cod.

يسوع المسيح على يدي وكم عطية روحانية وكم اعلمكم بمعرفته من قبل
يسوع المسيح وكم علم وكم يزودكم معرفته وكم وصية وكم امر وكم
عزى وفضيلة منه لكثرة رحمته لكم بها راته عيونكم وسمعتوه باذانكم ولا
تكون ظاهرة في العيون والاذان الحاسية بل تكون في القلوب . تكونوا
حريصين . تتموها بالعمل لكيما تستحقوا الطوبا الذي قاله اذ يقول طوباكم 5
اذا فعلتم تقوا بالرب وكونوا فاعلين لهواه في كل حين بلا توانى . واتم
قد عرفتم التدابير الذى هو اصل السر العظيم الذى عمله الرب يسوع المسيح
f. 68 b من اجل خلاصكم وهو الذى يسالكم ايها الاخوة على لساني لكيما تكونوا
مدمنين في طاعته مخوفين منه . ولا تحزنوا روحه ولا تغضبوا ولا تتوامروا
فيه ولا تنسوه لانه يعلم سراير القلوب التى تجرى منكم وجميع الموامرات 10
وجميع خلافكم ووصاياهم . ولا تحركوا الرب الرحيم المتحنن الطويل الروح
الطاهر المطهر الذى ليس فيه دنس ولا نجس ولا غش ولا غضب . الذى هو
وحده المحبوب الحلاوة الذى لا يمل الرب الاسم الذى يفوق كل الاسماء وليس
فى هذا الاوان بل وفى كل اوان . فهو الاسم الذى يجب ان تكونوا
متمسكين به فليفرح بطاعتكم ومجلاككم المستقيمين ويسر بحياتكم التى هي 15
بالدعة والاستطاعة والاستقامة والهدو . وبيتج بحسن اعمالكم وصبركم على
الشدايد وليرضى بطهارتكم ومحبتكم له بيسوع برحمته ويقبل توبتكم . ولا
f 69 a تتوانوا فى اتباعكم وصاياهم ولو صنعتهم ربوات من الشر اذا دعيتهم بنية
طاهرة هو طويل الروح كثير الرحمة اذا عاد اليه . وان بايمانه يقبله مثل
الاعذر وان عاد ايضا وندم وقور طريقه . ولكثرة رحمة الله اذا يتحنن عليه 20
فان ادمن فى سو فعالة ويتكل على رحمة الله . فليعلم ان الله يقضيه
على ما يجده فيه من الشر ويمنعه رحمته الى الابد . هذا قولى لكم ايها
الاخوة . واسرع لتماز الامر الذى امرنى به الرب . وفيما القديس يوصى
الاخوة قام وقف وبسط ايديه الى السماء . ودعا هكذا قائلا ايها السيد يسوع

خرج بسرعة فعند ذلك بهتوا الجماعة لما نظروا واجتمعوا كلهم في موضع
 واحد . قال بعضهم لبعض: ما تروا وما فعلوا هولاء القوم . هلموا بنا
 جميعا ان نقبض عليهم ونسلمهم الى اركون المدينة ويعذبهما كشبه الناموس .
 وكان فيهم رجل يهودي اسمه مروان . قال هذا الرجل وكل من معه سحرة
 5 وهم يعرفوا كل الصنایع الردية والجيد ان يقتلهم ولا نشاور في امرهم فقالوا
 له جيد ما قلت وان مروان حرك الجماعة فلم يجيبوه الى ما قال احضرونا
 الى آوالى المدينة الذين لهم الكلمة وسلمونا اليهم فقالوا لهم الولاة ما الذى
 صنعوه من صنعة السحر . قال لهم مروان رجل من اصحاب الملك من
 مدينتهما سال عنهما . وهو الذى اعلنا بسو افعالهم * فقالوا لمروان: الرجل الذى
 10 ذكرته حضر الينا ^c وعرفنا ^d بهذا ان كان هو ^e صادق القول . واما هولاء يلقوا
 فى السجن الى ان يحضر خصمهما . وانهم ادخلونا الى السجن وقيدونا بالقيود
 وخرجوا الجماعة ^f فى كل نواحي المدينة يسالوا عن صاحب الملك . فلم
 يجدوه ^g فنادى المنادى فى المدينة كلها وخارجها ثلاثة ايام فلم يجدوه
 واحدا . اجابوا وقالوا اين الرجال الذين كانوا بالسجن ^a . اجابهم الاراكنة
 15 بالمدينة ^l قائلين ما يجب ^k علينا ان نترك هولاء القوم الغربا فى السجن ولم
 يقوم ^m . شهود ثقات ولا ⁿ خصم يكتهم . وان الاراكنة ارسلوا احضرونا واستحقوا بنا
^p وتقولوا علينا ووصوا ^q ان لا ^r نقيم فى المدينة ولا نعلم ^s شيئا مما نعلم به
 واخرجونا من المدينة موكلين بنا ^t ونفونا من كل تخومها واتتهنا الى ^u موضع
^v يقال له ميروات حيث كان يوحنا صعد من البحر واقمنا ثلاثة ايام . فخاطب
 20 الرب يسوع ^d المسيح ليوحنا فى الرويا ^w فقال ^x يوحنا هانذا يا رب . فقال له الرب
 قم فوعد الى مدينة افسس . فمن بعد ثلاثة ايام ^y انت ^z سعى ^{||} الى جزيرة وهى

f. 66 a

§ Cod. وعدى

|| Cod. اتت سعا

* Gr. Cod. Vat.
 من + ^a يحضر ^c ويعرفنا ^d om. ^e صدق ^f الى فى المدينة + ^g ونادى
ⁱ يجدوا الرجل الذى كانوا يطلبوه . وانهم عادوا الى الولاة وقالوا لهم لم نجد الرجل
 لاراكنة المدينة ^k لنا ^l نقيم عليهم + ^m شهودا ⁿ خصما ^p وهولوا
^q الا ^r بشي ^s وانفونا ^t الموضع الذى + ^u ممران ^v قال ^w تنفى

بشايد وصنوعات واصدق مخلوقه من
 القديس واما يوحنا فانه عاش في العالمين
 كثيره الجا ان ملك دومايوس اقامه
 ستة بعد قيامت الرب وصار شيخ جدا
 ولم يدرك الموت يشفق ولا شيئا اخوان
 القديس لان الرب كان يحبه جدا لطهارته
 كما هو مكتوب في انجيله انه حبيب الرب
 الرب استحق ان انكس على صدر المسيح
 ابن الله الوحيد الجالس في حقن ليه في
 السما من اجل طهارته ونقته وجمعه وبعد
 ان كتب انجيله الاله الرب يتوقف كل
 المقول والابو غالمس في الرب نظر ما
 في تيمس الجزيره الرب هي تنليه في سراسر
 الله تبارك اسمه ان يحبه من تعب هذا
 العالم الرب هو عليه من اجل اسمه وكان الطوباني
 يوحنا منتهج بالرب جدا وكان الاخوة
 الجميع يا انفس مجتمعات اليه فرحوا
 هتروين بروياه كانهم ينظرون شيئا
 يسوع

- f. 67 a لخدمة البريا الذى لاردميس العظيمة ومن بعد ما ابطل يوحنا الانجيلي ذلك البريا النجس واهله ببشارته وعمل ايات وعجايب ليس لها عدد باسم الرب يسوع المسيح وطهر لملوك الكور كلها من دنس الاوثان وانقذهم من الموت التى لا يلىس¹ وردهم الى معرفة الرب يسوع المسيح وقسم لها اساقفة كثير 5 وقسوس وشمامسة وعمل فى تلك المدينة بيع وتلك الكورة كلها بنا فيها البيع باسم الرب يسوع المسيح وكثر فيها البر وتزايد الايمان باسم الرب يسوع المسيح ومعرفته فمهر بعد ان قضاوا التلاميذ جميع سعيهم وانصرفوا من هذا العالم. اما بطرس فانه صلب فى مدينة رومية وبولص ضرب عنقه فيها ومرقص فى مدينة الاسكندرية وزحف جسده فيها وهو فى الحياة يومين قبل ان 10 يموت. وكذلك كل التلاميذ كل واحد منهم فى الكورة¹ التى تلمذ فيها وتبعوا كلهم بشدايد وصعوبات واصناف مختلفة من العذاب. واما يوحنا فانه عاش فى العالم سنين كثيرة الى ان ملك دوماتيوس اقام سبعين سنة بعد قيامة الرب وصار شيخ جدا. ولم يذق الموت بسيف ولا شيا من اصناف العذاب لان الرب كان يحبه جدا لطهارته كما هو مكتوب فى انجيله انه 15 حبيب الرب الذى استحق ان اتكا على صدر المسيح ابن الله الوحيد الجالس فى حضن ابيه فى السما من اجل طهارة نفسه وجسده. وبعد ان كتب انجيله الالهى الذى يفوق كل العقول² والابوغاليس الذى نظرها فى بتمس الجزيرة¹ التى هى متلية من سراير الله اراد الله تبارك اسمه ان ينجاه من تعب هذا العالم الذى هو عليه من اجل اسمه. وكان الطوباني يوحنا 20 مبتهج بالرب جدا. وكان الاخوة الجميع بافسس مجتمعين اليه فرحين مسرورين بروياه كانهم ينظرون سيده يسوع المسيح. وكان فى كل يوم احد والشعب مجتمعين فرحين بالروح يتلوا التسابيح والمزامير الروحانية مثل ما فى البيعة بيعة الابكار يروشلير السماوية. ابتدا يوحنا يكلم الجماعة كلام روحانى وقال لهم يا اخوتي واحباي الروحانيين شركاي فى الخدمة¹ التى 25 للميراث الذى هو ملكوت ربنا يسوع المسيح كم نظرتهم قوة صنعها الرب

¹ Cod. الذى

² sic

بك اليد وصنوعات واصناف مخلوقة
 القديس ولما يوحنا فانه عاش في العالم شبيبا
 كثره الي ان ملك دوحا يوحنا اقام شبيبا
 سنة بعد قيا من الرب وصار شيخ جدا
 ولم يدرك الموت بشيخ ولا شيئا اخر
 القديس لان الرب كان محبه جدا لطهارته
 كما هو مكتوب في انجيله انه حبيب الرب
 الذي استحق ان انكس على صدر المسيح
 ابن الله الوحيد المجالس في حقن ليد في
 السما من اجل طهارته نعمة وجوده وبعد
 ان كتب انجيله الاله الرب ينفذ كل
 المقول والابو غالم يقر الرب نظرها
 في تيمس الجزيره الذي هي تنليه في سراسر
 الله تبارك اسمه ان ينجيه من نقب هذا
 العالم الذي هو عليه من اجل اسمه وكان القوي
 يوحنا ميت هج بالرب جدا وكان الاخوه
 الجحيم يا انفس مجتمعات اليه فرحت
 مترويين بروياه كانوا ينظرون شيئا
 يسوع

تحتاج اليك وسيجري عليك^٢ محن كثيرة وتقيم فيها مدة طويلة. عند ذلك قمنا بسرعة وعدنا الى افسس فحين دخلنا سقطت البرابي التي فيها^٣ ولم^٤ يبقا فيها شئ. وهذا جميعه^٥ فعله يوحنا بافسس قبل ان ينفا والسبب فيما كان^٥ جرى عليه من اليهود والحنفا^٦ الذين كان الشيطان يوثير عليه وجميع ما ظهر منه من العجايب والنفي والاضطهاد الذي جرى عليه في^٧ بتمس الجزيرة 5 وهو مكتوب في^٨ «صحف كثيرة» جدا^٩ الذي^{١٠} اسمناه^{١١} * من اجل هذا نسبح الاب والابن والروح القدس الان وكل اوان والى دهر الداهرين امين امين

نياحة القديس يوحنا ابن زبدي الانجيلي تلميذ ربنا يسوع المسيح المتكلم على اللاهوت وانتقاله من هذا العالم وكان ذلك في جزيرة بتمس في الرابع f. 66 b يوم من طوبه سلام من الرب امين الرب يسوع المسيح يرحمنا بصلواتهما 10 المقبولة ويحرسنا امين

كان من بعد تدبير الرب المخلص لكل العالم وصعوده الى السما بمجد وخروج التلاميذ الاطهار وكل واحدا منهم الى كورة الذي خرجت في قسمه من قبل الرب. وكان قسمه الذي هو يوحنا ابن المعلم زبدي اسية. فلما دخل الى افسس وناداهم وبشرهم باسر ربنا يسوع المسيح ابن الله الحي. 15 بجهد عظيم وتعب وضيق وتعب وعجايب لا تحصى. ومن بعد صبره على المحن والتجارب^{١٢} التي اصابته من اهل ذلك الموضع لانهم كانوا اشر عباد الاوثان من دون اهل كل النواحي كما جلى الكاتب الذي من مدينة افسس الذي خبره مكتوب في كتاب الابركسيس التلاميذ حيث يفتخر بالباطل. فكان وبلا حجج اذ يقول من الذي يعلم اهل افسس هم كثيرين العناية 20

الذي Cod. 1

فيها +^٢ الاصنام +^٣ ببق^٤ وجميع هذا^٥ يجرى^٦ بتموس^٧ كتاب كبير^٨ om.^٩ يسمى^{١٠} كامادبي +^{١١}

خرج بسره فعند ذلك بهتوا الجماعة لما نظروا واجتمعوا كلهم في موضع
 واحد . قال بعضهم لبعض: ما تروا وما فعلوا هولاء القوم . هلموا بنا
 جميعا ان نقبض عليهم ونسلمهم الى اركون المدينة ويعذبهما كشبه الناموس .
 وكان فيهم رجل يهودى اسمه مروان . قال هذا الرجل وكل من معه سحرة
 5 وهم يعرفوا كل الصنایع الردية والجيد ان نقتلهم ولا نشاور في امرهم فقالوا
 له جيد ما قلت وان مروان حرك الجماعة فلم يجيبوه الى ما قال احضرونا
 الى آوالى المدينة الذين لهم الكلمة وسلمونا اليهم فقالوا لهم الولاة ما الذى
 صنعوه من صنعة السحر . قال لهم مروان رجل من اصحاب الملك من
 مدينتهما سال عنهما . وهو الذى اعلنا بسو افعالهم * فقالوا لمروان * الرجل الذى
 10 ذكرته حضر الينا ^٥ وعرفنا ^٤ بهذا ان كان هو ^٤ صادق القول . واما هولاء يلقوا
 في السجن الى ان يحضر خصمهما . وانهم ادخلونا الى السجن وقيدونا بالقيود
 وخرجوا الجماعة ^٢ في كل نواحي المدينة يسالوا عن صاحب الملك . فلم
 يجدوه ^٤ فنادى المنادى في المدينة كلها وخارجها ثلثة ايام فلم يجدوه
 واحدا . اجابوا وقالوا اين الرجال الذين كانوا بالسجن ^١ . اجابهم الاراكنة
 15 بالمدينة قائلين ما يجب ^٢ علينا ان نترك هولاء القوم الغربا في السجن ولم
 يقوم ^٣ شهود ثقات ولا ^٥ خصم يكتهم وان الاراكنة ارسلوا احضرونا واستحقوا بنا
^٢ وتقولوا علينا ووصوا ^٩ ان لا ^٩ نقير في المدينة ولا نعلم ^٢ شيئا مما نعلم به
 واخرجونا من المدينة موكلين بنا ^٤ ونفونا من كل تخومها وانتبهنا الى ^٢ موضع
^٢ يقال له ميروا حيث كان يوحنا سعد من البحر واقمنا ثلثة ايام . فخاطب
 20 الرب يسوع ^٤ المسيح ليوحنا في الرويا ^٣ فقال ^٤ يوحنا هانذا يا رب . فقال له الرب
 قم واعد الى مدينة افسس . فمن بعد ثلثة ايام ^٣ انت ^٣ سعى ^٣ الى جزيرة وهي

f. 66 a

§ Cod. وعدى

|| Cod. سعا

من + ^١ ^١ يحضر ^٢ ويعرفنا ^٣ om. ^٤ صدق ^٢ الى في المدينة + ^٤ ونادى
 يجدوا الرجل الذى كانوا يطلبوه . وانهم عادوا الى الولاة وقالوا لهم لم نجد الرجل
 اراكنة المدينة ^٢ لنا ^١ نقير عليهم + ^٣ شهودا ^٥ خصما ^٢ وهولوا
^٩ الا ^٢ بشي ^٤ وانفونا ^٢ الموضع الذى + ^٥ مرمران ^٣ قال ^٣ تنفى

* Guidi,
 Cod. Ara
 Vat. 694

- المدينة فلم يجداه ولم يعرفا له .خبر وخافا ان يعودوا الى ديسقريديس لانه كان مقدم للبلد فقعدا في حزن شديد وبعد ذلك ظهر لهما الشيطان بذلك الزى وقال لهما يا احباي لم اتم متواسين واعلماه بما جرى وان ديسقريديس جعلهما من ايديهما فان كنت تحضر معنا قدرنا على احدهما 'منهم' وانه تمشى معهم وهو باكى حزينا جدا . واجتمع جمعا عظيم . فقال لهما القول الاول الذي 5 f. 64 a
- قالوا للرجلين فغضبوا جدا على يوحنا لان كان اكثرهم يهود واتوا الى بيت ديسقريديس . وقالت له الجماعة انت باوالى المدينة وما يجب ان تاوى السحرة فى منزلك . فاما ان تسلمهم الينا والا احرقنا بيتك ونهبنا جميع مالك وقتلناك انت وولدك واحذناهم من غير اختيارك . وشاع الخبر فى المدينة واجتمع الناس الى بيت ديسقريديس يطلبوا يوحنا وتلميذه . فلما راى يوحنا كثرة الشعب 10
- والجماعة الذين كانوا حضروا قال له ديسقريديس نحن ليس نهتم بما تقول انت تتفق على مالك ونحن فما نشق على اجسادنا الا نحن قد اعلنا معلنا ان نحمل صليبنا وتبعه . فقال ديسقريديس ليوحنا هوذا بيتي يحرق ومالي يُنهب وانا وولدي نُقتل من دونك . قال له يوحنا لا انت ولا مالك ولا ولدك ولا تسقط من روسكم
- شعرة . سلمنا الى الرجال الذين فى منازلكم حتى تنظروا قوة الله وان ديسقريديس 15 f. 64 b
- سلمنا اليهم وسمنا الى بربا اردميس . فلما قرب يوحنا الى البربا قال للرجال الذين امسكوه يا اهل افسس ما هذا البربا . قالوا له هذه بربا اردميس . قال لهما يوحنا . نقف هاهنا ساعة يسيرة وانهم وقفوا كما قال يوحنا . ورفع نظره الى السما وقال يا سيدي يسوع المسيح بقوتك تسقط هذه البربا ولا يموت واحدا من الجماعة . وبسرعة كان قوله وسقط البربا . وقال يوحنا للشيطان الحال فى 20
- البربا لك اقول ايها الشيطان النجس . اجابه ما هو وما هو الذى تريد . قال له يوحنا كم² لك من سنة حال فى هذه البربا . قال له الشيطان تسعة واربعين سنة . قال له يوحنا انت الذى قمت على اصحاب الملك . قال له الشيطان نعم انا هو . قال له يوحنا انا امرك باسم سيدي يسوع المسيح
- الناصرى ان تخرج من هذه المدينة ولا تعود اليها مرة اخرى . وان الشيطان 25 f. 65 a

1 Cod. منه

2 Cod. لكرم

هذا البلد سحرًا قالوا له نعم انا اخاف ان يهربوا من هذا الموضع 'بسحرهم ولكن انا اسالكم اذا قبضتبا عليهما اجعلوهما فى موضع مخفى لا يعلم بهما احد وتقتلاهما سرا . وناخذ هذا المال . قالا ² له الجيد لك اذا اقبضناهما ان ناخذهما معك الى بلدك . قال لهما اقتلوها وما اسف على عودتي الى بلدي 5 ولا اجتمع مع اهلي . وانهما توافقا معه على قتلها سرا . واخذوا المال وعلم القديس يوحنا بالروح بما يريد الشيطان يفعل . قال لى يا ولدي ابرخورس قوى نفسك وتجلد على ما يحل عليك لان الشيطان الذى هو حال فى هيكل اردميس قد قام علينا اضطهاد عظيم قد اقام علينا رجلين من وجوه f. 63 a العسكر وقد تكلم فينا عندهم بكلام قبيح وقد كشف لى الالهى يسوع المسيح ما قاله الشيطان لهما . فقوى قلبك ولا تخف . وفيما يوحنا يقول لى هذا الكلام واذا اذاك الرجلين قد حضروا وامسكونا . ولم يكن ديسقوريدس حاضر فى تلك الساعة . وكان يوحنا قال لهما [لما] تمسكنا وما ديننا . قالا له من اجل السحر . قال لهما يوحنا ومن الذى يشهد علينا بهذا . قالا له نحن نعلم ونحن نجعلك فى السجن حتى يحضر خصمك . قال لهما يوحنا ليس 15 تستطيعان ان تظلماني اذا لم يحضر معكما ³ بيته عادله . وانهما لطما يوحنا وقبضانا ومضيا بنا الى السجن . وانهما عزلا بنا الى موضع خال فى خراب ليس احد فيه من السكان ليقتلانا كما توافقان مع الشيطان وان زمنا اسرعت الى ديسقوريدس واعلمته بما جرى علينا . فلما سمع مثل هذا قام مسرعا وطلبنا حتى وجدنا . وخلصنا من ايديهم فكلمهم بكلام صعب وقال لهما f. 63 b 20 ما يجوز لكما ان يوجيا القضية على قوما ابريا وليس خصمهما حاضر مستكتموهما وانكما ادخلتموهما الى موضع خراب وليس جلس الوالى الا ليقتلوها سرا . هذا هولاء الرجلين فى منزلي حتى يحضر خصمهما ويحكم عليهما كما يامر الناموس . فقال الرجلين لبعضهما بعض الجيد ان يحضر خصمهما ويحكم عليهما كما يحكم الناموس ويقوى على بعضهما ويلزمهما الواجب وانهما سارا 25 عنا وغابا الى الموضع الذى كان فيه الشيطان مقيم . فلم يجداه وطافا كل

¹ Cod. بسحرهم² Cod. لهما³ Cf. Corân, Sura II. v. 282

كتب وجلس في موضع مشهور وبكا . وفيما هو يبكي اذ عبر عليه رجلين
 من تباع الملك فلما راوه في تلك المنزلة تقدموا اليه وسلموا عليه وقالوا له
 ايها الصاحب ما الذي يبكيك وانه اورا هم الكتب الذي خيل لهم بها وليس
 هي كتب بل هي من صنعة الشيطان فقالوا ما هي هذه وما الذي فيها وما
 السبب في مكاتبتك ومن لطمك وانه اكثر النحيب والبكا . وقال لهم انني 5
 f. 62a في شدة عظيمة وما لي استطاعة الى الحياة فان كان لكم قدرة ان تنصفاني
 أعرفكمما حالي . وانها قالوا نحن نقدر فقال لهم احلفا لي باردemis العظير انه
 بالموت والحياة تبذلا نفوسكم دوني وانا اعرفكم حالي . وانها حلفا له انها يكونوا
 معه في كل احواله وانه عمل لها في الكتب التخيل الرقعة الاولى هكذا
 عمل ايضا خيل لهم اكياس كثيرة مملوءة دنانير . وقال لها اني معطيكم هذا 10
 المال جزا لتعبدكم معي . وانها قالوا له اشرح لنا قضيتك ونحن نكفيك . وانه
 قال انا المسكين من مدينة قيسارية التي هي من كورة فلسطين انا
 حاجب في البلاط سلم لي ساحرين من اورشليم اسم الواحد يوحنا والاخر
 ابرخورس فاني سلمتهم وجعلتهم في السجن وفي اليوم الرابع سالوا اراكنة
 المدينة عنهما واحضروهما وصح لها قبح افعالهما فعظم ذلك عليهما وامروني 15
 ان اردهما الى السجن حتى يجتمعوا الاراكنة يقضى عليهما بها يستحقاه من
 الموت . فلما مضيت بهما كما امروني اتركهما في السجن انفلتا من يدي
 وتنجا . فلما اعلمت حالهما للوالي حنا علي وقال لي اذهب يا مسكين واطلبهما
 f. 62b فان ادركتهما والا فاعلم انك تموت باشر الموت . وقال لي اذ لم تجدهما لا تعود
 الي وتطوف البلاد . وانه احضرهما في ذلك هذا المال وقال لها هذا المال 20
 جعلته زاد لطريقي وقد عرفت من جماعة الناس انها في هذه المدينة وكذلك
 قصدت اليها وانه كان يبكي ويقول ان روحي وولدي ومنزلي خلعت عنهم
 وهانذا انا تايه في البلاد الغربية وانا ارغب اليكم يا احباي ان تتحنوا
 على غريتي . قالوا هولايك . اصحاب الملك لا تحزن يا صاحب قال في

1 Cod. باشرها موتة

2 Cod. + الي

3 Cod. وهذا

كلاموات وعادوا الباقي ساجدين ليوحنا قايلين له نسالك ان تقمير هولاي
الاموات ونحن نقوم نامن بالاهك. فاجابه يوحنا وقال لهم يا اهل افسس
اتمر قساة القلوب انا اعلم ان قاموا الاموات ليس تامنوا بالله الحي لقساوة
قلوبكم فانها مثل قلب فرعون وان يوحنا رفع نظره الى السما وقال ايها الحال
5 في الاب كل حين سيدي يسوع المسيح. ابن الله الحي بقوتك يقوموا هولاي
الاموات ليامنوا باسمك. وفي تلك الساعة كانت ضجة عظيمة في الارض وزلزلة
وقامت تلك الاموات المائتين رجل. والقوا وجوههم على الارض ساجدين ليوحنا
قايلين له ما تامرنا به ايها الرجل الصالح وانه وعظهم شرايع الدين وعمدهم
باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس الاله الواحد. وبعد ذلك كنا في بعض الايام
10 جلوس في موضع مشهور في المدينة اجتمعوا به الجماعة. اتت امراة وسجدت
ليوحنا قايلة يا عبد الله الصالح ان لي ولد وحيد اعتراه شيطان نجس من
ثمانية ايام وهو ملقا في البيت معذب من ذلك الشيطان موجع جدا. وانا
اسالك واطلب اليك ان تتحنن على ولدي وتعافيه. وانا وابوه نومن بالاهك
وان يوحنا قام وديسقريديس ودخلا الى بيت الامراة ونظر الى ولدها وهو
15 ملقى على السرير ولا يتكلم. وان امه سجدت على قدمي القديس يوحنا
وقالت له انا استحلفك بالله الحي الذي تعبدته تتحنن على ولدي. وان يوحنا
امسك بيده اليمين وقال له باسم سيدي يسوع المسيح المبارك ايها الغلام قم
عند ذلك قام الغلام وهو صحيح وسبح الله. وان يوحنا وعظهم وعمدهم باسم
الاب والابن والروح القدس الاله الواحد. وان اليهود وثبوا على يوحنا مثل
20 الكلاب الضارية يريدون قتله وان ديسقريديس خلصه من يديهم وخرجنا من
ذلك الموضع واتتهينا الى موضع يسما سعة المدينة. وكان في ذلك الموضع
رجل ملقا منذ اثني عشر سنة ليس يستطيع الوقوف على رجله فلما نظر
الى يوحنا صاح بصوت عال قايل ارحمني يا تلميذ الرب يسوع المسيح وان
يوحنا لما راى امانة ذلك الرجل قال له باسم يسوع المسيح قم فعند ذلك قام
25 الرجل بسرعة من وقته يسبح الله وان الشيطان الحال في ارميس لما راى
مثل هذه الاية الذي يعملها يوحنا تشبه برجل من خواص الملك ومعه

f. 61 a

f. 61 b

لصراى واهل بيتي. اجابه يوحنا وقال له لست احتاج الى ما لك لا انا ولا
الاهي. بل كلما رفضناه وتبعنا الالهنا وكلمه كلام كثير من الكتب القديسة.
وان ديسقريدس سجد للقديس يوحنا وقال له يا عبد الله الصالح تحنن
علينا وعمدنا بسر الاب والابن والروح القدس. قال له يوحنا. احضر كل من
فى منزلك الي. واعظمهم واعلمهم جميع شرايع الدين واعمدهم بسر الاب والابن 5
والروح القدس اله واحد [ويقبلون] عربون الحياة. بعد ذلك اتت زمنة وبهدها
كتاب يوحنا الذى كتبه ان يوحنا عبدا لها والقت نفسها بين يديه وتحت
قدميه وهى باكية نادمة وهى تقول اسالك يا عبد الله الصالح ان تعطينى
f. 60a علامة دين المسيح وتسلم منى كتاب خطيتي. وان يوحنا اخذ منها الكتاب
فقطعه وعمدها بسر الاب والابن والروح القدس. ومن بعد ذلك خرج يوحنا من 10
بيت ديسقريدس وعاد الى الحمام واخرج منها ذلك الروح النجس الذى كان
يخنق الناس. وعاد الى بيت ديسقريدس. وكان قد اجتمع اليها خلق كثير
لما دخلنا الى البيت افترقت الجماعة. ووضع لنا ديسقريدس مائدة. وشكرنا
الرب المسيح وتناولنا الطعام واقمنا ذلك اليوم فى ذلك الموضع الى غد
اليوم الثانى. واهل المدينة عيدوا عيداً عظيماً لالههم الذى يُدعى اردميس. 15
وان يوحنا حضر الى ذلك الموضع ووقف مقابل الصنم الذى يُدعى اردميس.
وكان قد حضر اهل كل افسس وكانوا لابسين افاخر ثياب يوم العيد. وكان
يلبسها وهو يخدم فى متوقد الحمام. فلما راوه الكفار قدموه بالحجارة فصيب
الصنم حتى تكسر. اجابه القديس يوحنا التلميذ قايلاً ايها الرجال اهل
مدينة افسس ما انتم هكذا تعبدوا الشياطين النجسة وتتركوا الله صانع كل 20
f. 60b الخليفة وان الله [اكبر] من رجل. وكان تمسك[هم] غصبة عن يوحنا. فقال لهم
هذا الاهكم قد تكسر من كثرة الحجارة التى رميتونى بها. فان كنتم يريدون
وتريدوا تنظروا قوة الله افهموا وتيقظوا وكونوا سريعى القبول لما ان تنظروه.
وان يوحنا وقف وصلا ودعى هكذا وقال. يا سيدي يسوع المسيح اجعل مخافتك
فى قلوب هولاي القوم لكيما يعلموا انه ليس اله غيرك. وفى تلك الساعة 25
سمعوا صوتاً ينادى على الارض. فلما فرغ الصوت سقط مايتى رجل وصاروا

الله الذي اذا امتنى به كنتى من امته. اجابت زمنة بخوف ورعدة وقالت
يا عبد الله الصالح. اغفر لى كلما فعلته بك من الشر والشتيمة والكذب.
قال لها يوحنا. اومنى بالاب والابن وروح القدس وهذا كله مغفورا لك.
قالت له يا عبد الله الصالح انا اومن بكل ما سمعته منك. وان واحد من
5 غلمان ديسقريديس اسرع اعلمه بموت ولده. وان يوحنا احياء وان الجمع
محيطين به. ولما سمع ديسقريديس ان ولده مات سقط على الارض مفتر عليه
f. 59a وصار كال ميت وعاد الغلام الى الحمام [الى] دميس ويوحنا وهو يعظ زمنة وقالت
له الويل لى يا سيدي دميس ان سيدي ديسقريديس ابوك مات. وان دميس لما
سمع ان ابوه مات خرج من عند يوحنا^١ الى الموضع الذي كان فيه ابوه
10 فاصاب ابوه ملقا على الارض ميت. فعاد الى يوحنا وقال له يا عبد الله الصالح
انت الذي احييتى بعد الموت وهانذا لما سمع بى ابي انى مت قد مات هو
ايضاً وانا اسالك ان تحنن عليه هو ايضاً. اجابه يوحنا وقال له. لا تخاف ليس
موت ابيك موت. بل هو حياة ومضى معه يوحنا الى الموضع الذي فيه ملقى
وتبعهم زمنة وجماعة كثيرة جداً ولما قرب اليه امسك يده وقال ديسقريديس
15 بسر الاب والابن والروح الاله الواحد قمر اقف على رجلك. وفى تلك الساعة
قام وهو صحيح وليس به شي من الفساد وتعجبوا كلهم من القوات
والعجايب^٢ التى عملها يوحنا فمن بين الجماعة من كان يقول انه ساحر ومنهم
من كان يقول ان ساحر^٣ لا يحيي ميت. فاما ديسقريديس لما سكنت حواسه
لقى نفسه تحت قدمي يوحنا وقال له انت ابن الله الذي احييت ولدي
20 وحييتنى انا ايضاً قال له يوحنا انا لست كما تظن انا عبد الله وتلميذا
f. 59b انت وولدك لم تحيوا غير بقوة يسوع المسيح ابن الله الحي وان ديسقريديس
عاد وسجد له وقال له امرنى كما افعل لكيما احيى. قال له امن باسر الاب والابن
والروح القدس الاله الواحد واعتمد وانت^٤ تاخذ حياة الدهر. قال له ديسقريديس
ها انا بين ايديك وجميع اهل بيتي وامر بما تريد. وان ديسقريديس ادخل
25 يوحنا الى بيته واوراه جميع ما له وقال له تسلم هذا كله واجعلنى انا

^١ Cod. يعيظ

^٢ Cod. من

^٣ Cod. الذى

^٤ Cod. ما

^٥ Cod. لى

^٦ Cod. ياخذ

اصنع واى وجه لى ارفعه فى وجه ديسقوريدس واعرفه بموت ولده بل هو
ايضاً اذ سمع ان ولده الحبيب مات هو يموت ايضاً من الحسرة. وكانت
تغوث بالصنم الذى فى 'البربا' يا 'اردميس اعيننى واحبى دميس سيدي. نحن
نعلم جميع اهل افسس انك مدبر العالم ولم تزل تطلع شعر راسها من ثلاثة
ساعات الى تسع ساعات وهى تبكى بخرفة. واجتمع بذلك جمع عظيم منهم 5
من كان يحزن لموت الغلام ومنهم من كان يتعجب لزمنة. وما هى عليه
من البكاء والنحيب. وخرج يوحنا من موضع الوقيد. قال 'لى يا ولدي
برخورس. ما هذا الصراخ. الذى فى هذه المدينة من هذه الامراة. فلما راته
زمنة وهو يكلمنى اسرعت وامسكته وقالت ايها الرجل الساحر المفسد لاجل
سحرك بعد عنى الاهي ولا يسمع لى. ولطمت يوحنا قايلة ايها العبد السوء 10
f. 58a انما اتيت لترانى وفرحت بما اصاب سيدي. فلما سمع يوحنا قول زمنة دخل
الحمام ووقف على راس الغلام الميت متعجباً مما حل به. وجزع الروح السو
واخرجه من الغلام ورسم على وجهه رسم الصليب. وامسك يديه واقامه
واخرجه من الحمام وهو حى بين يدي تلك الجماعة. وقال لزمنة اخذى
سيدك وهو صحيح سالم. ليس به شى من الفساد. هوذا هو حى بقوة سيدي 15
يسوع المسيح. ولما رات زمنة ما كان بهتت وتخلط عليها عقلها. اصابها رعدة
ومخافة. هى وكل اهل البلد 'الذين حضروا ونظروا الاية التى عملها. ولم
تستطع زمنة ان ترفع وجهها فى وجه يوحنا من الحيا والخوف. كانت
تقول الويل لى ما اصنع بهذا الرجل الذى فعلت به كل هذه الافعال
القبحة ليس هو لى بعبد. 'والذى كذبت عليه. واشد ما على اللطم والضرب 20
f. 58b الذى ضربته. وكانت حزينة جداً تريد الموت اكثر من الحياة. ولما نظر
يوحنا وجهها. وما حل بها من الغم و[ال]حيا والندم امسك يدها ورسم فى وجهها
رسم الصليب المقدس الكريم باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس الاله الواحد.
فسكتت عند ذلك حواسها واقت نفسها بين يدي القديس وقالت اسالك ان
تغفر لى وتعرفنى من انت. لعل انت الله او ابن الله قدرت تفعل مثل 25
هذا الفعل. قال يوحنا لست الله ولا ابن الله كما تظنين. بل تلميذ ابن

الذى Cod. ٤ له Cod. ٥ ديدرميس Cod. ٦ Sahidice nepne ١

عليهم كتاب العبودية. باعترافهما. ^٥وعلم يوحنا ^٦بالروح ^٧كلما همت به وقال: يا ولدي ^٨برخورس هذه الامراة تريد ^٩ان تعترف لها انا عبيدها. فيا ولدي لا يحزن قلبك من ذلك. بل ^{١٠}يفرح جداً وتجيها الى ما تريد. فمن مثل هذا الفعل: ربنا يسوع المسيح ^{١١}قادر ان يعرفها من نحن وقبل ان يفرغ يوحنا من وصيته ^{١٢}لى اقبلت ازمنة. * بتجبر عظيم وامسكت يوحنا وقالت له ايها العبد السو لم اذا اقبلت مولاتك لا تسرع فى لقائها وتسجد لها على الارض. الست عبيدي ايها العبد الابق ولكمه. وقالت له اخبرنى. قال لها يوحنا اليس قد قلت لك. انا عبيدك انا الوقاد وبرخورس البلان. واعادت القول. فقولا لى. انتما عبيد من. قال لها هذه المرة الثالثة قد اعترفت انا جميعا عبيدك. فقدمتنا الى ^{١٣}هيكل المدينة. الى ثلاثة شهور. وكتبت علينا كتاب العبودية. ^{١٤}وكان فى تلك الحمام قوة شيطانية ^{١٥}سكنتها ^{١٦}من اول ما بُنيت. لان الصانع حين ^{١٧}طرحوا الاساس ^{١٨}حفروا فى وسطه ورموا ^{١٩}صبية ^{٢٠}حبيبة. ^{٢١}وردموا عليها. وبنوا حجارة الاساس. فلهذا السبب سكنتها القوة الشيطانية ^{٢٢}وفى كل سنة يخلق الشيطان فى تلك الحمام ^{٢٣}نفسا ^{٢٤}ثلاثة دفعات. ^{٢٥}وكان ديسقوريدس ^{٢٦}صاحب الحمام ^{٢٧}قبين ^{٢٨}الايام ^{٢٩}التي ^{٣٠}يجرى فيها هذا. وكان له ولد جميل جداً حسن الوجه. اسمه ^{٣١}دميس وكان عمره ^{٣٢}ثمان عشر سنة. ^{٣٣}وكان ابوه يمنعه ^{٣٤}من دخول الحمام فى اليوم الذى ^{٣٥}يجرى فيه ^{٣٦}هذا الفعل ^{٣٧}الذى يفعله ^{٣٨}الشيطان. وبعد ^{٣٩}ان اقمنا فى تلك الحمام ^{٤٠}ثلاثة شهور ^{٤١}حضر ولد ديسقوريدس الى الحمام وحده ليستحم ودخلت فيها ^{٤٢}على العادة لخدمته. وانه سبقنى الى الدخول فامسكه ذلك الشيطان وخنقه وقتله. فلما علم عبيده. خرجوا صارخين قائلين. الويل لنا ان سيدنا قد مات. فلما سمعت زمنة شقت ثيابها وتفتت شعر راسها. وقالت الويل لها هى الشقية. ما

الذى Cod. ^١ديمس Cod. ^٢

^٣عليها ^٤وان يوحنا علم ^٥جميع ما اعتزمت عليه فقال لى اعلم ^٦om. ^٧ان ^٨ان نقر ^٩مثل هذا ^{١٠}تفرح ^{١١}وثق ان هذا هو ^{١٢}ا زمنة ^{١٣}قد ^{١٤}منذ ^{١٥}حفروا ^{١٦}طرحوا فيه ^{١٧}وهي فى الحياة ^{١٨}ودموا ^{١٩}ولهذا ^{٢٠}نفس حية ^{٢١}ثلاثة ^{٢٢}وان ديسقوريدس ^{٢٣}كان يعرف ^{٢٤}تلك ^{٢٥}مثل ^{٢٦}ثمانية ^{٢٧}كان يمنعه ابوه ^{٢٨}من

الى العمل الذى امرتنى دمنة. وبالغداة اتت زمنة الى يوحنا وقالت له: ان
احتجت الى كسوة اعطيتك. ولاكن جود عملك. اجابها يوحنا الذى تدفعيه
لى هو يكفينى والعمل فانا اجوده. قالت له لمر الجماعة يلوموك. انك ما
تجود خدمتك. قال لها هذه الصنعة انا دخيل فيها. وهو ابتدا عملي فيها.
فلذلك انا قليل المعرفة بها فاذا تقدمت تستعلمين انى صانع جيد. لان اول 5
كل شى صعب. فلما سمعت ذلك. عادت الى منزلها. وتشبه الشيطان الباغض
لكل خير من البدى تشخص بدمنة. وترايا ليوحنا وقال له لمر لا تجود صنعتك
يا جاهل عاجز قد افسدت العمل. وما اطيع ان احتملك. جود عملك
ووقيدك والا القيتك فيه. ولا ترا هذا الضو اهدأ لانك لست مستحق للحياة.
f. 56a ولست اريد ارى رويتك. اخرج يا مختال وخذ صاحبك وعد الى مدينتك 10
الذى خرجت منها لشر فعالك. وان الشيطان مسك القضيب الحديد الذى
يغلب به الناس بغضب ليضرب يوحنا. وقال له انا اقتلك اخرج من هاهنا. لا
اريد ان تخدمنى شيا. اخرج. ولما علم يوحنا بالروح انه الشيطان. دعا باسم
الاب والابن وروح القدس وفى تلك الساعة هرب الشيطان من بين يديه
وفر. وفى الغد لقيت^١ يوحنا زمنة وقالت له ان تكلم معى رجل عليك^٢ كثيرة 15
انك غير مهتم بصنعتك وتعمل علل حتى اخلى عنك ولست تقدر على ذلك
وان هممت لا اخليك وفى جسمك عضو صحيح. وفى كلما كانت تخاطبه
لا يرد عليها جوابا. ولما رات صبره ودعته ظنت انه عاجز وكانت تكلمه بكل
كلام بشيع وترمى التراب فى وجهه. وتقول له: انت عبدي الست معترفا
بذلك قل لى. قال لها يوحنا نعم نحن عبيدك انا الوقاد وبرخورس البلان 20
f. 56b * وكان لدمنة^٣ الملعونة خليل من عدول القاضى^٤. فصارت اليه وقالت له: ان^٥
لى^٦ عبدان خلفهما^٧ لى ابي^٨. ولهما مدة طويلة هاربين عنى. وفى هذا الوقت
عادوا علي^٩. وهما معترفان لى بالعبودية. واريد تكتب لى كتاب^{١٠} اعبوديتهما. قال
لها ذلك العدل. ان اعترفا^{١١} انهما عبيدك^{١٢} اشهدى عليهم ثلاثة شهود عدول. وتكتبى

^١ ليس Cod.

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| لهم ^١ | اباي ^٥ | عبدان ^٤ | انى ^٣ | وانها اتت ^٦ | om. ^٨ | * Guidi, Cod. Vat. Arab. 694 |
| اشهدي ^{١٠} | لك + ^{١١} | اعبوديتهما ^{١٢} | وانا اريد ان ^{١٣} | عادا الي ^{١٤} | | |

وفيما هو يقول هذا اذ اقبلت اليها امراة شديدة لباس هي كانت قيمة الحمام مرة عقيم لم تلد ولدا قط ملية الجسر مثل البغلة العظيمة [مدلة بقوتها وكانت تضرب] الفعلة الذين يخدمون الحمام بيدها ولا تمكنهم ان يستريحوا ساعة واحدة. يقول عنها انها كانت تخرج^١ للحرب. وتقاتل وترمي الحجارة بيدها. وهي مفتخرة بفعلها. وتظن انها حكيمة. وكانت تزين تسبي الناظرين اليها. ولما راتنا جلوسا. ولباسنا لباس دني. تفكرت في نفسها. وعلمت انا غربا. عملت ان تصيرنا نخدم الحمام. وقالت ليوحنا. من اين انت ايها الانسان. قال لها انا من بلد بعيد. فقالت ايضا انت من اى البلاد. وما دينك. فقال لها انا نصراني قالت له [تجى] تكون وقادا تقد الحمام. وانا ادفع اليك اجرتك وموتك. قال لها نعم وعادت الي وقالت ما تكون. قال يوحنا هو اخي قالت انا احتاج الى الاخر يكون بلان. واحضر بنا جميع الى الحمام. واقام يوحنا وقادا وانا بلان واعطتنا ثلثة ارطال خبز في كل يوم. واقمنا اربعة ايام ولم يوجد يوحنا الوحيد. فامسكته وطرحته على الارض. وضربته ضربا شديدا بلا رحمة وكانت تقول له ايها العبد السو الهارب من بلده لا تستحق الحياة. اذ علمت انك لا تصلح لهذا العمل. لم دخلت فيه. ولكنى اريك عبادتك. انما اتيت الى هاهنا [لتخدع] دمنة. التى خبرها الى مدينة رومية. لا تقدر تخلص من يدي لانك عبدي اذ تاكل وتشرب بنشاط. ووقت العمل انت كسلان. ازل عنك هذا الطبع السوء وتسير بخدمة دمنة لخدمة جيدة. ولما سمعت هذا الخطاب الردى تخاطب به يوحنا ولما رايت من ضربها اياه حزنت حزنا شديدا. قال لى يوحنا لها رانى حزينا. يا ولدي برخوورس لم شككت. اما تعلم انا غرقنا فى البحر جميعا واقمت انا فى غمق البحر اربعين يوما وبرحمة الله خلصت. وانت حزنت من جهة لطمة واحدة من امراة جاهلة ويسير من غضبها. امض الى عملك الذى وكلت به واعمل بنشاط. ربنا يسوع المسيح لطم وتفل فى وجهه وصلب. ونحن خليقته اشترانا بدمه وانه تشبه بنا ما خلا الخطية وقد ابتدا وعلمنا هذا كله. انه سيجرا علينا ولكن صبرنا نكتسب انفسنا. ولما سمعت منه الجماعة هذا القول مضيت

f. 54 b

f. 55 a

f. 55 b

^١ E Cod. Bodl. Or. 541, f. 31 b, l. 3 ^٢ Cod. الحرب ^٣ Cod. دمنة

كلهم قال الروسا فكيف سلم كل من كان في المركب الا صاحبك حقاً
انه مثل ما قال هولاي انكم سحرة سحرتم المركب ولم تدعوا احد يعلم
وانت فقد وقعت وصاحبك قد اخذ جميع ما في المركب على ما توافقتما
عليه حقا انكما عمال الشر وفي اعناقكما دما عظيما . واما صاحبك فقد
ابتلعه البحر وانت فقد حل بك شرّ فعالك من بعد سلامتك من البحر الساعة 5
تهلك في هذه المدينة وخوفوني وتقولوا علي وقالوا اعرنا اين صاحبك عند
ذلك بكيت بكاء شديدا وقلت قد عرفتم اني تلميذ للرب يسوع المسيح خرج
f. 53 b قسم معلمي ان يخرج الى نواحي اسية . ولما ركبنا السفينة كلنا حل بنا
اعلمنا اياه قبل كونه واعلمني ان اقصد الى مدينة الفس . وانتظره هناك عدة
ايام فان تمت الايام . ولم ياتي الي رجعت الى بلدي . وليس معلمي ساحر 10
ولا انا ايضاً بل نحن نصارى مشهورين بالثقة . وكان قد حضر رسول من
انطاكية . من خواص الملك . اسمه سلوقس لتحمل مال الخراج . فلما سمع
منى ذلك امر الروسا ان يطلقوا سبيلي ففعلوا كما امرهم وسرت مدة اربعين
يوما الى ان بلغت الى اسية . واتتهيت الى ارض واسعة على شاطئ البحر
اسمها مرمروان . وجلست على ركن مشرف على البحر لاستريح من الشدة 15
والغمر ونمت يسيراً وفتحت عيني ورايت في البحر موج عظيما متداركا .
والقا يوحنا منه . فلما رايته قمت مسرعاً لامسك يده واعاونه على الخلاص .
ولم ايقن انه يوحنا . فلما دنوت منه سبقني للصعود . ولما رايته فرحت فرحا عظيما
f. 54 a وعانقته وبكىنا جميعنا وشكرنا الله على ما وهب من اجتماعنا بعد اياس .
فلما استراح قليلاً ورجع اليه عقله عرف بعضنا بعضا ما جرى علينا . وعرفني 20
انه اقام اربعين يوما واربعين ليلة في لجج البحر وعرفته ما جرى علي
وقمنا جميعاً الى ان انتهينا الى اخر تلك الارض الذي تدعا مرمروان .
وسالنا طعاما فاعطينا خبزا وماء فاكلنا وقويت قلوبنا وسرنا في الطريق
الى الفس . ولما دخلنا الى المدينة . جلسنا موضعا يسمى مدبر اردميس .
في اول المدينة . وكان في الموضع حمام لريس المدينة . واسمه ديسقرديس 25
فقال لي يوحنا يا ولدي . لا تعرف احد من هذه المدينة من نحن ولا
فيما حضرنا اليها حتى ياذن الله بالفرج . ونجد السبيل ان نظهر ونبشر فيها

- f. 52a برخورس فى هذا البحر شدة عظيمة تلقى علي وستعذب نفسي. فاما الموت
او الحياة فليكشف لى الرب. فان خلصت يا ولدي من شدة البحر اذهب الى
اسية. وامضى الى مدينة الفس. وامكث فيها شهرين. فان اتيتك بعد الشهرين
فنحن تتر خدمتنا. وان جازت ولم اتي اليك. فارجع الى اورشليم الى
5 يعقوب اخا الرب. والذي يقول لك افعل. وكان هذا الكلام الذى يقوله يوحنا
فى عشر ساعات من نهار ذلك اليوم. عند ذلك تحركت ارياح عظيمة فى
البحر وقلق المركب جداً وهم بالفرق واقمنا كذلك الى ثالث ساعة من
الليل وعطب المركب وتعلق كل انسان بعود من المركب. ونشتت معه
وعجج البحر عجيها عظيما وتكاثر فيه الموج وكثر قوة الماء وتجمعت المياه
10 على المركب وتبذر خشبه وجميع ما كان فيه. الله الذى ينظر كل شى
ويدبر خليقته مثل الراعى الذى يسير غرافه هكذا سلم كل واحد بالعود
المعلق به مثل نهر يفيض ماء ويرجع الى موضعه ومع ستة ساعات من النهار
f. 52b وطرحتنا الامواج الى سلوكية على خمسة عشر فرسخ الى ميناء من تخوم
انطاكية. وعدة من سلم من المركب ستة واربعين رجلا. فلما استقر بنا
15 على شاطئ البحر لم نقدر نكلم بعضنا بعضا من قلة الطعام والفزع والتعب.
ولبثنا مطاريح على وجه الارض من ستة ساعات الى تسعة ساعات. فلما
تراجعت اليها ارواحنا قاموا علي² الذين غرقوا فى السفينه قايلين لى كل كلام
قبيح. ان الرجل الذى تبعك ساحرا ولذلك عمل عملة السحر. وغرق المركب.
واخذ كلما فيه وهرب فاما ان تسلمه اليها. والا دفعناك الى والى المدينة ليقتلك.
20 لان قد حضر كل من كان فى المركب الا صاحبك وحده. وتغضب اهل
المدينة علي وصدقوا قولهم والقونى فى السجن. وفى اليوم الثالث اخرجت
الى موضع عظيم حيث جلس رووسا المدينة. وقابلونى بكل قبح. وقالوا لى
f. 53a من اين انت ومن اى ملة وما صنعتك. وما اسمك الذى تُدعا به. عرفنا
الحق قبل ان نعذبك. قلت لهم انا نصرانى من ارض يهودا واسمى
25 برخورس وغرقت مثل هذه الجماعة فى البحر وهانذا حاضراً مثل هولاء

¹ Cod. deleted غلوة +

² Cod. الذى

لهم بطرس تعلمون ايها الاخوة . لما اوصانا الرب يسوع المسيح وامرنا ان نعلم
 الامر الايمان ونعتمدهم باسم الاب والابن وروح القدس اله واحد وبعد ان
 ارسل علينا روح القدس لم نسل عما وصانا به معلمنا . واكثر غمنا انتقال امه
 f. 51a من هذا العالم وهي امنا كلنا وام جميع المومنين . هلموا الان يا اخوتي
 الاحبا بموهبة الثالث . ان نبليغ الوصايا¹ التي امرنا بها معلمنا الى جميع الامر⁵
 اذكروا قوله الذى قال انا موجهكم مثل الخراف بين الذياب . كونوا متحذرين
 مثل الحيات ووديعين مثل الحمام . لانكم تعلمون انه اذا اراد الانسان ان يقتل
 الحية . تسلم اليه كل جسدها وتحرس راسها . هكذا نحن يا احباي نسلم
 اجسادنا الى الموت ونحرس الراس الذى هو المسيح . والامانة المستقيمة به .
 وكذلك الحمام اذا اخذ اربابها اولادها . ما تحقد عليهم . قد علمتم ان الرب¹⁰
 قال ان كانوا طردوني فسيطردونكم وان نالكم فى العالم احزان . ولكن الذى
 يحزنونكم من اجله هو حال معكم . اجاب يعقوب اخي الرب قايلنا نعم يا
 ابانا بطرس اهتمامك بهذا الحال . اجابه بطرس قايلنا ان سهمك هو هذا ان
 تقيم فى هذه المدينة ولا تفارقها وطرحوا السهم ايضا وان سهر يوحنا ان
 f. 51b يخرج الى اسية لينادى فيها . وكان ذلك عسيرا عليه جدا . فخر ثلاثة دفعات¹⁵
 متتابعة وسجد ودموعه تنحدر على الارض . وسجد التلاميذ معه فامسكه بطرس
 واقامه . وقال له نحن ننظرك كل حين كالأب وبصبرك تشبه فلما فعلت
 مثل هذا الفعل وسجست قلوبنا كلنا . اجاب يوحنا بدموع وقال . يا ابي بطرس
 انا قد اخطأت فى هذه الساعة . لاني لا بد ان يلقاني شدايد عظيمة فى
 البحر . ولكن صلوا من اجلي يا اخوتي الاحبا . ليغفر الله لى . ونهض جماعة²⁰
 التلاميذ فى تلك الساعة . وسالوا يعقوب اخا الرب ان يصلى عليهم . ولما فعل
 ذلك . قبلوا بعضهم بعضا بالقبلة الروحانية . واعطا كل واحد تلميذ من التلاميذ
 الصغار الاثنين وسبعين وان سهمي جرا ان اتبع معلمي يوحنا . وخرجنا من
 اورشليم وبلغنا يافا . واقمنا عند "الشاطى" ثلاثة ايام . وركبنا فى مركب اتا
 من مصر موسى حموه اوصل حمولته الى يافا . واراد الخروج الى المغرب²⁵
 وركبنا المركب وجلسنا فى موضع . وابتدى يوحنا يبكى وقال لى يا ولدي

الذى Cod. ¹

فقبلوها بفرح . لكي يكونوا الى فرحا دايم وفخر في نعيم الرب الدائم . هوذا الرب قد اهلككم لكل سبط . ان تكون منكم هذا به . وتكون ثماركم وكرومكم وحقولكم واغنامكم تكون للرب . اجابته الجماعة . وقالوا نحن ممثلين لجميع ما تأمرنا به . قد امننا بالاله من كل قلوبنا الكبير منا والصغير . وهكذا قدم كل

5 سبط من يكون جميع قناياه للبيعة . ولما سمع هيروودس كلما هم عليه من
 Cod. D.S. f. 50 a
 الايمان . والقرايين الى كنائسهم كثر تعجبه . وعرف من انسان سو ان تلميذ يسوع المسيح وصل اليهم وعلمهم ان لا يعطوا هدية لملوك الارض ولا خراج لنيرون الملك . ولا لهيرودس الوالي . الا يودوها ليسوع المسيح الرب . ملك السما والارض . ولما سمع الملك مثل هذا امر ان يحضر اليه يعقوب التلميذ . فلما
 10 راه قال له . انت من اى امة ولمن تومن يا ايها الانسان الذى اوجبت عليه الموت افعاله . اجابه التلميذ المبارك قايلا انا اومن برب النصارى يسوع المسيح ابن الله الحى الذى هو سيد كل من فى السما وعلى الارض . وارواحهم بيده . وانت يا هيروودس ونيرون الملك ارواحكم بيده . وهو المسلط على ملككم . فلما سمع هذا غضب غضبا شديدا على يعقوب التلميذ القديس .
 15 وقال له لا اصبر عليك ان ترد علي جوابا اخر . لان نيرون الملك وهيروودس كان يبلغهما عن يعقوب التلميذ انه يزدرى بهما ويسب اوثانهما . وقام بسرعة وضرب القديس بسيف على منكبيه . وفى تلك الساعة اسلم روحه . وهكذا
 f. 50 b
 تم القديس يعقوب بن زبدي شهادته بسبعة وعشرين يوما من برمودة فقبر فى نبطا التى تسما روينة . صلاته تحفظنا الى الدهر امين . والسبح لله دايما ابدا

✠ مجاز القديس يوحنا ابن زبدي الانجيلي ✠

20

✠ وانتقاله من هذا العالم الى الرب كتبه ✠

✠ القديس يريخوروس بسبب القديس استافانوس ✠

✠ ويسر الشماسة واول الشهداء احد السبع ✠

✠ سعاد القديس القسوس الثلاثة من لندة الى القديس ✠

✠ يسلم الرب امين ✠

25

وكان بعد صعود يسوع المسيح الى السما اجتمع التلاميذ الى الجسمانية . قال

✠ شهادة يعقوب ابن زبدي تلميذ يسوع ✠
 ✠ المسيح الذي كانت في سبعة وعشرين ✠
 ✠ يوما من برمودة بسلام الرب امين ✠

فلما خرج يعقوب ابن زبدي تلميذ يسوع المسيح الى الاثني عشر سبط
 المغرقة . وبشرهم باسم الرب يسوع المسيح الاله الحقيقي . ولم يكن معبود 5
 للاسباط كلها اله واحد . بل لكل سبط صنم قد اتخذه لهم^١ الاله ولكل صنم . منهم
 طغيان قد اضلهم به . وكانوا من تحت ولاية هيرودس يودوا اليه خدمة على
 جهة مختلفة . وكان ماله الذي يصير اليه من جتهير مال كثير حتى عظم f. 49 a
 سلطانه وكثرت مملكته . وكان حين قدم يعقوب ينادي في كل سبط بلغتهم
 لان الرب الههم معرفه جميع اللغات ليس لغات الالسن فقط بل لغات الطير 10
 والحيوان والدياب والوحش . اذا نطقت بلغاتها . عرف التلميذ ما يقولون . بتأييد
 روح القدس^٢ له . ونادى فيهم يعقوب وامرهم ان يتركوا قبح افعالهم . ويؤمنوا
 بالله الاب وبابنه الوحيد يسوع المسيح وبروح القدس المحيي لكل الخليقة . الذي
 كل ارواحهم بيده . هو يدين الاحياء والاموات . ويقول لهم لا تودوا اموالكم
 كلها للملوك الارضيين بل اعطوا المساكين منها لخلص انفسكم . وفي تلك 15
 الساعة سكنتهم موهبة روح القدس ورسخت مخافته في قلوبهم . وشاع الخبر في
 جميع تخومهم . وكلام يعقوب التلميذ امنوا به وثبتوا في ايمان الرب يسوع
 المسيح مالك السما والارض . الذي لا يرفض طالبيه . ويعودوا اليه بنية صادقة
 وتركوا كل ما كانوا يعبدونه وافعاله الرديئة التي كانوا يفعلونها . واقبلوا الى
 الرب بنية صادقة . وقبلوا كلام يعقوب الذي بشرهم به ✠ وان يعقوب الفهم 20
 جدا لسرعة قبولهم بشراه . وتركهم ما كانوا عليه من الطغيان^٣ والضلالة ✠
 واسرع وبنا لهم البيع في كل تخومهم . لما رأى حسن ايمانهم . وانه عمدهم
 باسم الثالوث المقدس ✠ وفرحوا وابتهجوا . ووصاهم بشرايع الانجيل ✠ وسنن
 الدين ✠ وقال لهم اسمعوا ايها الاولاد المباركين الذين عادوا من^٤ الضلالة الى f. 38 a
 معرفة الحق ✠ الذين اصطفاهم الرب واهلهم لقبول تناول جسده الطاهر ودمه 25
 الزكي . هوذا اودى اليكم حقوق الله الذي اودعنا . وامرنا باداها الى الامر ✠

والضلالة Cod. ٤ قبلوهم Cod. ٣ لهم Cod. ٢ اظلمهم Cod. ١

الضلالة Cod. ٥

f. 47 b التلميذين منزلها وردت ولدها الى والده تؤكد عليه في حضورهم. ولما صاراً
داخل بيت الرئيس سقطت اصنامهم. كانت له في بيته في تلك الساعة. ولما
راى الرئيس وزوجته هذا العجب. قويت ايمانهم وقدموا لهما مالا جزيلا الى
التلميذين وقالوا لهما اقبلا منا هذا الهال وفرقاه على المساكين. قال له يعقوب
5 فرقه انت بيدك. وفعل كما امره يعقوب. ووضع الهائدة لهما. واكلا وكان
اسر الرئيس تاوفلوس. وسالهما ان يعمدوا له زوجته واولاده. ولما راى التلميذين
قوة ايمانهم اعطوه وصايا الحياة وعمداه وزوجته واولاده باسر الاب والابن
والروح القدس الاله الواحد وكل من في منزله. وعدتهم ثلثين نفسا. وبعد
هذا قال يعقوب لبطرس قم بنا يا ابي نخرج من هنا ونطوف بقية المدن
10 وننذر سكانها وننادى فيهم بشري الانجيل فلعلمهم يقبلون ويتوبون. فخرجوا
الى وسط المدينة الى موضع مشهور يجلس فيه روسا البلدة. وابتدوا ان يعلموا
الجماعة الوصايا الروحانية. وشهدوا لهم بالامر الرب وبقيامته وصعوده الى السما
15 واثباته الثاني لبيدين الاحيا والاموات. وسمعت الجماعة قولهم. وتعجبوا من
حلاوة كلامهم ولما ان راى بقية روسا المدينة صاحبهم قد امن قدموا سجدوا
تحت اقدام التلميذين. وقالوا لهما. نسلكما يا عباد الله الصالحين ان تعطونا
موهبة الله التي اعطيتموها لصاحبنا. ولما شاع الخبر في المدينة ان كل الروسا
امنوا بشارة التلميذين صرخوا كلهم قائلين بصوت عالى نسلكم يا تلميذى
المسيح ان توهلانا لموهبة المسيح. واعطينا علامة الايمان. فلما نظروا قوة
ايمانهم قالوا لهم من كان امن بالحقيقة فليتبعنا وتقدما قدام الجماعة الى ان
20 وصلا الى نهر عظيم وسط المدينة. وصلوا وبعد الصلاة وعظاهم وعرفاهم شرايع الرب.
وعمداهم باسر الاب والابن والروح القدس. ولما قبلوا المعمودية فرحوا فرحا
عظيما² وابتهجوا جدا. وامرأهم ان يبنوا الكنيسة. واقاموا معهم الى ان قويت
ايمانهم³ وقسموا لهم كهنة. واعطاهم من السراير المقدسة. وكان يعقوب يقرى
f. 48 b لهم التوراة والانبيا. وبطرس يفسر باللغة التي يعرفونها. واقاما عندهم ايام
25 كثيرة حتى قويت ايمانهم. وقسموا لهما اسقفا وجميع خدام الهيكل وخرجوا من
عندهم بسبحان الله الموحد بالجواهر المثلث بالاقانير. الذي له يحق التسبيح
والمجد والكرامة والسجود الى دهر الداهرين امين. والسبح لله دائما ابدا

¹ Cod. اباتيانه ² Cod. قبلا ³ Cod. وبتهجوا

باخبارهم: ان خرج من اورشليم اثني عشر رجلا تلاميذ لرجل صالح اسمه يسوع .
 هذا هو الذي سموا اسمه . وامروا الرووسا ان يجعلوا الحبال في اعناقهم ويسحب
 بهم كل المدينة ولما هموا الشرط بالقا الحبال في اعناقها يبست ايديهما f. 46 b
 وقعدوا على ارجلهم واتهروهم الرووسا قايلين . لم تمثلوا ما امرناكم به .
 قالوا لهم: لا نستطيع تتحرك . وقد صرنا مثل الحجارة . قال لهم الرووسا لم 5
 نقل لكم انهم سحرة . قال التلميذان لسنا سحرة . بل عبيد لرب صالح . وسال
 الرجال الذين يبست ايديهم التلميذان قايلين . يا عبيد الله ارحمنا . قالا
 لهم امرنا الله ان لا نجازي الشر بالشر . بل الخير بدل الشر . وتقدموا الى
 الرجال قايلين باسم يسوع المسيح الذي نحن تلميذه . وننادى باسمه نامركم
 وبالايمان . تعودوا كما كنتم اصحا . وفي تلك الساعة نهض الشرط اصحا . 10
 كما كانوا وسجدوا لهما صايحين . ليس الاله الا يسوع المسيح . رب هولاي
 الرجال الصالحين . ولما رات الجماعة اعادوا الصوت كقول الشرط واحدا هو
 الله الذي بشر به هذان المباركان . وان الرووسا لم يؤمنوا . لان قلوبهم
 قاسية . ومنهم رئيس له ولد ورجلاه يابسة لا يستطيع ان يمشي . قال الرئيس
 انا احضر ولدي اليهما فان كان لهما قدرة يجعلان ابني صحيحا مثل كل 15
 الناس انا اومن بالاهما . وامر احد عبيده ان يحضروا ولده اليهما واسرع
 وتركه بين يدي التلميذان فقاما فرشوا ايديهم وصلبا قايلين ربنا يسوع f. 47 a
 المسيح قيامة الانفس والاجساد الراعي الصالح الذي يرد كل نفس سالحة .
 نسلك ايها الرب القريب الاجابة ان تسمع لعبيدك . لانك وعدت ان لا تفارقنا .
 ليظهر مجدك في هذه الساعة في هذه المدينة . ليعلموا انك الله لا اله غيرك . 20
 ولما تم التلميذان الصلاة قال يعقوب للصبي المقعد باسم يسوع المسيح الناصري
 الذي انادى باسمه . قم امشي مثل كل الناس . عند ذلك نهض وقام صحيحا
 ومشى . ولما ان رات الجماعة هذا العجب الذي كان من التلميذان صرخوا
 قايلين واحد هو الله الاله هذين الرجلين . وسجد الرئيس ابو الغلام تحت
 قدمي التلميذين قايلين لهما اسلكما ان تحضرا الى منزلي ان تاكلا خبزا ووجه 25
 الى زوجته مع ولده الذي عوفى . ولما رات زوجته ولدها يمشي صرخت
 قايلة واحد هو الله الاله هذين الرجلين الذي عافى ولدي . وصرخت في حضور

له Cod. 1

نَهْظ Cod. 2

جميل الوجه فرح بقلوبهم متبسم في وجوههم وقال لهم تعالوا الي ايها الفعلة
 الصالحين انا معلمكم ومقويكم وموفيكم اجركم. اعلّموا يا تلاميذي ان جميع
 تعبكم في هذا العالم لا يكون مثل ساعة واحدة من النجاة الذي يكون في
 مملكة السما فانار اعين قلوبهم وترايا لهم جميع الصديقين¹ الذين تنجحوا من
 5 ادم الى يوحنا. وهم يضيون بلباس بهي وقربوا لهم وقبلوهم القبله الروحانية.
 "وغابوا عنهم بسلام. ولما راى التلاميذ هذه الرويا الروحانية تقوت قلوبهم
 وابتهجوا وجثوا على الارض وسجدوا قائلين. نشكرك يا ربنا وسيدنا يسوع
 المسيح على حسن صنيعك الى مسكنتنا. واقامهم الرب واعطاهم السلام. وقال
 ليعقوب تقوا وتمم خدمتك بقلب صحيح ونادى في المسكونة باسم الرب الذين
 10 هم صورته ومثاله. ولك في ذلك اجر عظيم. وقام التلاميذ ووجوههم مضية مثل
 الشمس وتجلى عنهم الرب الى السما بمجد عظيم. فقال بطرس ليعقوب يجب
 علينا ان نجتهد في سيرنا لنرد جميع الخراف الضالة من ال اسرائيل. اذ قد
 صح لنا مثل هذا² الاجر الجزيل. فسارا جميعا. فلما قربا من المدينة واذا
 على الطريق برجل اعمى يطعم الخبز. فلما علم بقدم التلميذين جا بنعمة
 15 الله ونادا بصوت عال وقال يا تلميذي المسيح اهبا لى نور على عيناى. قال
 يعقوب لبطرس ارحمه يا ابي لا يصير ورائنا. قال له بطرس انت المعطى
 الشافى في هذه المدينة. قال يعقوب بارك علي يا ابي. قال له بطرس الرب
 يسوع المسيح يجعل شفاه على يدك. فنادى يعقوب الاعمى وقال له ان انفتحت
 عيناك وقوى نظرك³ تؤمن بالرب يسوع المسيح المصلوب. قال له الاعما او من
 20 به امانة صحيحة. قال له يعقوب باسم يسوع المسيح الذى امنت به الله
 الحقيقى تفتح عيناك وتنظر نظرا تاما. وكان ذلك كقوله. ولما راى الجماعة
 صارخون يمجّدوا الله. وامن منهم طائفة. ومنهم من قال هولاي سحرة.
 ومضوا الى رروسا المدينة. وعرفوهم ما شاهدوا وامروا الرووسا باحضارهم. ولما
 وقفوا بين يديهم سألهم احدهم. من اى بلدة انتم. ومن اين انتم. وما تريدان.
 25 اجابه بطرس قائلا نحن عبيد لرب صالح اسمه يسوع المسيح. ولما سمعوا
 الرووسا اسم يسوع حرقوا ثيابهم وصرخوا باصوات عالية وقالوا ايها الرجال سكّان
 هذه المدينة تحرزوا من هولاي القوم فانهم سحرة. انا اياما كثيرة لم سمعنا

¹ Cod. الذى ² Cod. وغانو ³ Cod. الامر ⁴ Cod. يؤمن

مصلب. ويلقوا عليه الحجارة. ولما القوا اندراوس في السجن كان يصلي بضجر
ويسال الرب ان يرسل النار من السما ويحرق تلك المدن الثلاث كالمره الاولى
f. 44 b لاجل الضرب والقوات^١ التي صنعوا به. عند ذلك ظهر له الرب في السجن
وقال له. السلام عليك يا اندراوس تلميذي الحبيب. لا تضجر قد تمت
سعيك. ووصلت رسالتك. وهذا هو الموضع الذي تتم فيه شهادتك. وترث^٥
مملكة السما مع الابرار الذين ارضوني. ولما سمع اندراوس فرح وابتهج وقام
باقي ليلته يسبح الله. ولما كان في الغد خرج من السجن وعلقوه على
الصليب ورجموه حتى قضى. واخذوه قوم مومنين وتركوا جسده في قبر.
وهذا هو تمام شهادته في اربعة ايام من شهر كيهك والسبح للاب والابن
والروح القدس الى دهر الداهرين امين. والسبح لله دايما ابدا.
10 هذا الكتاب المبارك وقفا موبدا وحسبا مخلدا على دير ستنا السيدة سيده انبا بشاي
المعروف بالابهات السريان ولا^٢ لاحدا سلطان من قبل الرب سبحانه ان يخرج
من الدير بوجه من وجوه التلاف ومن بعد ان اخرجها يكون نصيبه مع يهودي
مسلم سيده وكتب لله باذن ابونا المطران ريمس الدير المذكور والسبح لله
دايما ابدا
15

✠ اخبار يعقوب بن زبدي اخي يوحنا الانجيلي ✠

f. 45 a

✠ ونداه بانجيل الرب يسوع المسيح في مدينة الهند ✠

كان لما اقسر التلاميذ مدن العالم وعرفوا احد منهم سهمه المعطا من الرب
سبحوا اسمه جدا. وكان سهم يعقوب مدينة اندية ويوحنا اخيه مدينة اسية.
فقال يعقوب لبطرس يا ابي بطرس اخرج معي الى ان توصلني الى مدينتي.
20 فقال له بطرس ليس وحدك بل كلكم اوصلكم الى مدنكم كما امرني الرب.
وتوجه بطرس ويعقوب الى تلك البلدة. يتلون في طرقهم تسابيح الله ويغبطون
انفسهم بما اعلمهم الرب من جزيل ثوابهم في مملكة السما. ويقولون انه يجب
علينا ان لا يلحقنا تواني. ولا كسل بل نسرع ونحرس في السعي في البشري
والندى في العالم حتى نستحق المواعيد الابدية. هذا قول بطرس ويعقوب
25 يقويان بعضهما بعضا في الجهاد وفيما يتكلموا كذلك اذ تراهما لهما الرب كشاب

^١ الذي Cod.

^٢ sic

Cod. 81
Fonds
Arabe
f. 28 b

مدينتنا وكنا نقول بجهالة عقولنا انك الذى تفتن مدينتنا وقد تيقنا الان انك
انت الذى تخلصنا من العدو وتشفع فينا الى الرب ليغفر خطايانا . ونحن
الان ايها الاب القديس نحن غير مفارقيك * ونحن نرغب اليك ان تجعلنا
من تلاميذك * وان اندراوس بارك عليهم وارسلهم الى بيوتهم بسلام * واوصاهم
5 ان يعلموا كل احد بالايمان بالرب يسوع المسيح * وخرجوا من عنده وهم
يسبحون الله . وساروا فى جميع اسواق المدينة وشوارعها . وهم يتلوا تسابيح
الله . وتركوا التلميذ المبارك اندراوس * فلما سمعوا جماعة الاشرار الذين
كانوا ارسلوهم بذلك بهتوا جدا . وتوامروا فيما بينهم وقالوا نقوم باجمعنا الى
الموضع الذى فيه اندراوس ونحرقه بالنار حتى * لا يعود الى مدينتنا . ويسمع
10 بنا كل احدا * ويخافونا كل من امن به . وخرجوا الى الموضع الذى فيه *
واحاطوا به . وقالوا له . نحن نحرقك وانت حتى . فلما راي التلميذ انه
مجددين فى فعل الشر . نظر اليهم وكلمهم بكلام السلامة . وقال لهم .
ايها الرجال المخالفين لا تتموا ما قد عزمتم عليه من الشر الذى علمكم
اباه الشيطان * فارجعوا الى الله . فان لم تقبلوا منى . والا سالت الله
15 فى النار الذى عزمتم ان تحرقوني بها يرسل من السما نار من عنده تحرقكم
ومدينتكم . تعلموا ان ليس الاله قادر فى السما والارض الا يسوع المسيح ربى .
فافتروا على الرب يسوع المسيح وعلى التلميذ المقدس . فلما سمع افتراهم
غضب غضبا شديدا ورفع يده الى السما ودعا قايلا يا ربى والاهى يسوع المسيح
اسمع دعائى وارسل نارا من السما تحرق هولاء الاشرار الذين افتروا على اسمك
20 القديس . وقبل ان يفرغ من الدعاء نزل نارا من السما واحرقت تلك الجماعة
الاشرار وشاع القديس فى كل المدينة وكورتها لاجل الاعجوبة التى خرجت
على يديه . ولم ينتهوا بقية الاشرار بل ايتهموا الشر ايضا . وقالوا ان بقى هذا
فى مدينتنا يهلكنا بسحره . وشر ما علينا من فعله انه يفرق بيننا وبين ناسنا .
ارسلوا اليه بخدعة بكلام لين حتى حضر فى موضعهم واجتمعوا عليه وضربوه
25 ضربا شديدا وطافوا به المدينة وهو عريان والقوه فى السجن حتى يشاوروا
عليه كيف يقتلوه . وعادة تلك البلاد كل من ارادوا قتله يعلقوه على عود

¹ Cod. العدو

² Cod. فافترو

³ Cod. الذى

وقرب انصرافه من هذا العالم ولما دخل تلك المدن ناداهم بصوت عالى هكذا
 لمن لم يترك ابا او اما وبنيا وبناتا واخوة^١ واخوات . وزوجة وفضة وذهبا . وكسوة
 وكنز . ومالا وحقولا وكلما فى هذا العالم ويتبعنى ليس هو بى ياهل . ويامر
 هنا بذلك ان يؤمنوا باسم الرب يسوع المسيح بالامانة المستقيمة ويرغبوا اليه
 اكثر على ذلك مما يقدم ذكره لمن لم يعمل هذا فليس يستحق لمملكة 5
 السما وليس له الحياة الابدية . واهل تلك البلاد قوم اشرار جدا قليلى الامانة f. 42 b
 والديانة . فلما سمعوا اندراوس يقول مثل هذا غضبوا عليه غضبا شديدا . ومواقع
 كثيرة وكانوا يسمعون من العجايب التى يفعلها باسم الرب يسوع المسيح
 وكلمن يسله يشفى معه ويعطيه الشفا مجانا . وشاع اسمه فى تلك
 الكورة كثيرا من الناس وقربهم الى الله الذى يقبل كل من ياتى اليه 10
 من كل قلبه . عند ذلك دخل فى قلب اهل تلك المدينة التى نادى فيها
 اندراوس بمعرفة الله . واجتمعوا بعضهم مع بعض وتشاوروا على التلميذ . وقال
 الرووسا بعضهم لبعض تعالوا نجتمع وتتفق على قتلة هذا المطفى الذى افسد
 ديننا . واتانا باسم الاله جديد الذى لم نعرف اسمه لا نحن ولا ابائنا . قال
 احدهم نخرج اليه ونسله ويخرج من بلادنا ليلا يقع فيها خلف لان كثير 15
 من المدينة امنوا بقوله وان عجلنا وعملنا شيا بارادتنا كان شيا لهلاك سكان
 المدينة وارسلوا اليه قوم ثقات من ذوى حسب شريف ومضوا اليه بفرح وكان f. 43 a
 ذلك بارادة الله ان يؤمن الرسل ايضا الموجهين اليه . ولما دخلوا الى التلميذ
 ابتداهم وقال سلام الرب معكم . اجابوه سلامك يكون معنا وتكلموا بكلام
 السلام . قال لهم التلميذ اجلسوا ايها الاخوة الصالحين الذين دعاهم الرب الصالح 20
 الى مدينة المقدسة . اجابوه قائلين . اغفر لنا يا عبد الله الصالح الذى وجدنا
 فيه معرفة الله ايها الصديق الذى امرنا فيه بالشر الذى زرعه الشيطان فى
 قلبنا ايها الرجل الزكى الذى يشبه الحمل الذى يلاعب الذى يخضع
 لتلذذى يريد قتله حقا انا مذ راينا شخصك بعد عنا كل افكار الشر وتجددت
 قلوبنا بمخافة الله الا انا امرنا عليك الشر وحضرنا اليك . نسلك تخرج من 25

¹ Cod. وحوث

Cod. 8r
Fonds
Arabe
f. 28 b

مدينتنا وكنا نقول بجهالة عقولنا انك الذى تفتن مدينتنا وقد تيقنا الان انك انت الذى تخلصنا من العدو وتشفع فينا الى الرب ليغفر خطايانا . ونحن الان ايها الاب القديس نحن غير مفارقيك . ونحن نرغب اليك ان تجعلنا من تلاميذك . وان اندراوس بارك عليهم وارسلهم الى بيوتهم بسلام . واوصاهم 5 ان يعلموا كل احد بالايمان بالرب يسوع المسيح . وخرجوا من عنده وهم يسبحون الله . وساروا فى جميع اسواق المدينة وشوارعها . وهم يتلوا تسابيح الله . وتركوا التلميذ المبارك اندراوس . فلما سمعوا جماعة الاشرار الذين كانوا ارسلوهم بذلك بهتوا جدا . وتوامروا فيما بينهم وقالوا نقوم باجمعنا الى الموضع الذى فيه اندراوس ونحرقه بالنار حتى لا يعود الى مدينتنا . ويسمع 10 بنا كل احدا . ويخافونا كل من امن به . وخرجوا الى الموضع الذى فيه . واحاطوا به . وقالوا له . نحن نحرقك وانت حتى . فلما راي التلميذ انهز مجدين فى فعل الشر . نظر اليهم وكلمهم بكلام السلامة . وقال لهم . ايها الرجال المخالفين لا تتموا ما قد عزمتم عليه من الشر الذى علمكم اباه الشيطان . فارجعوا الى الله . فان لم تقبلوا منى . والا سالت الله 15 فى النار الذى عزمتم ان تحرقوني بها يرسل من السما نار من عنده تحرقكم ومدينتكم لتعلموا ان ليس الاله قادر فى السما والارض الا يسوع المسيح ربي . فافتروا على الرب يسوع المسيح وعلى التلميذ المقدس . فلما سمع اقتراهم غضب غضبا شديدا ورفع يده الى السما ودعا قائلا يا ربي والاهي يسوع المسيح اسمع دعائي وارسل نارا من السما تحرق هولاي الاشرار الذين افتروا على اسمك 20 القديس . وقبل ان يفرغ من الدعاء نزل نارا من السما واحرقت تلك الجماعة الاشرار وشاع القديس فى كل المدينة وكورتها لاجل الاعجوبة التى خرجت على يديه . ولم ينتهوا بقية الاشرار بل ايتمروا الشر ايضا . وقالوا ان بقى هذا فى مدينتنا يهلكنا بسحره . واشر ما علينا من فعله انه يفرق بيننا وبين ناسنا . ارسلوا اليه بخدعة بكلام لين حتى حضر فى موضعهم واجتمعوا عليه وضربوه 25 ضربا شديدا وطافوا به المدينة وهو عريان والقوه فى السجن حتى يشاوروا عليه كيف يقتلوه . وعادة تلك البلاد كل من ارادوا قتله يعلقوه على عود

¹ Cod. العدو

² Cod. فافتروا

³ Cod. الذى

وقرب انصرافه من هذا العالم: ولما دخل تلك المدن ناداهم بصوت عالى هكذا
 لمن لم يترك ابا او اما وبنيا وبناتا واخوة^١ واخوات . وزوجة وفضة وذهبا . وكسوة
 وكنز . ومالا وحقولا وكلما فى هذا العالم ويتبعنى ليس هو بى ياهل . ويامر
 هنا بذلك ان يؤمنوا باسم الرب يسوع المسيح بالامانة المستقيمة ويرغبوا اليه
 اكثر على ذلك مما يقدم ذكره لمن لم يعمل هذا فليس يستحق لمملكة 5
 السما وليس له الحياة الابدية . واهل تلك البلاد قوم اشرار جدا قليلي الامانة f. 42 b
 والديانة . فلما سمعوا اندراوس يقول مثل هذا غضبوا عليه غضبا شديدا . ومواضع
 كثيرة وكانوا يسمعون من العجايب التى يفعلها باسم الرب يسوع المسيح
 وكلمن يسله يشفى معه ويعطيه الشفا مجانا . وشاع اسمه فى تلك
 الكورة كثيرا من الناس . وقربهم الى الله الذى يقبل كل من ياتى اليه 10
 من كل قلبه . عند ذلك دخل فى قلب اهل تلك المدينة التى نادى فيها
 اندراوس بمعرفة الله . واجتمعوا بعضهم مع بعض وتشاوروا على التلميذ . وقال
 الرووسا بعضهم لبعض تعالوا نجتمع وتتفق على قتلة هذا المطفى الذى افسد
 ديننا . واتانا باسم الاله جديد الذى لم نعرف اسمه لا نحن ولا ابائنا . قال
 احدهم نخرج اليه ونسله ويخرج من بلادنا ليلا يقع فيها خلف لان كثير 15
 من المدينة امنوا بقوله وان عجلنا وعملنا شيا بارادتنا كان شيا لهلاك سكان
 المدينة وارسلوا اليه قوم ثقات من ذوى حسب شريف ومضوا اليه بفرح وكان f. 43 a
 ذلك بارادة الله ان يؤمن الرسل ايضا الموجهين اليه . ولما دخلوا الى التلميذ
 ابتداهم وقال سلام الرب معكم . اجابوه سلامك يكون معنا وتكلموا بكلام
 السلام . قال لهم التلميذ اجلسوا ايها الاخوة الصالحين الذين دعاهم الرب الصالح 20
 الى مدينة المقدسة . اجابوه قائلين . اغفر لنا يا عبد الله الصالح الذى وجدنا
 فيه معرفة الله ايها الصديق الذى امرنا فيه بالشر الذى زرعه الشيطان فى
 قلبنا ايها الرجل الزكى الذى يشبه الحمل الذى يلاعب . الذى يخضع
 لتلكى يريد قتله حقا انا مذ راينا شخصك بعد عنا كل افكار الشر وتجددت
 قلوبنا بمخافة الله الا انا امرنا عليك الشر وحضرنا اليك . نسلك تخرج من 25

¹ Cod. وحثوت

شهادة اندراوس

٢٣

التاطرن عمود . فلما بلغوا اليه . قام اندراوس وضربه برجله . وفى تلك الساعة
انفتح العمود . ونبع منه ماء حلوا . ووقف التلاميذ فى وسط الماء وعمد الجماعة
باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس . ولما اعتمدوا الجماعة سال راس الكلب
اندراس . وقال له ايها الاب الصالح تحل رحمتك على هؤلاء الذين ماتوا لى
5 يحيوا ويعتمدوا ويفرحوا مع اخوتهم . وليعلموا ان القدرة للرب يعطى الحياة
للأموات . وقام اندراوس ودعا ونادى صوت من السما عال اخر سياتون لراس
الكلب الحبيب ان اعطى له الموهبة ان تحيهم لانهم ماتوا من خوفك وعلى
يديك تجرى حياتهم . واعتمدوا مع اهل المدينة . وان التلاميذ عملوا قوات
كثيرة وعجايب باسم الرب العميان فتحوا اعينهم والعوج مشوا والصم سمعوا
10 والخرس تكلموا والسايطان اخرجوا . ولم يبق فى المدينة كلها احد به علة
الا عوفى باسم الرب يسوع المسيح . وبعد ذلك بنا لهم كنائس وقسم لهم
اسقف وقسوس وشمامسة . وجميع خدم الهيكل عملوها . وعلموهم الانجيل
المقدس وجميع طقوس البيعة المقدسة . وقدموا السراير الطاهرة . وتمموا عليها
الصلوات واعطوا الجماعة من القربان والسراير المقدسة . وكان فرحا كثير فى
15 تلك المدينة لاستحقاقهم بهجة المعمودية وتناولهم من السراير المقدسة التى
هى جسد الرب ودمه الكريم . وثبتوهم على الامانة المقدسة باسم الرب يسوع
المسيح . وخرجوا من عندهم . وهم يسبحون الله الذى له المجد الى دهر
الداهرين امين

Cod. 81
Fonds
Arabe

f. 26a

شهادة اندراوس التلميذ المبارك

فى ربيعة اياماً من شهيك بسلام الرب

20

فكان لما سار اندراوس الى مدينة اكنيس ومدينة ارجانيوس . ومدينة سفرس
المدن المخالفين الاشرار التى هى مجاورة لبعضها البعض . وهى كانت مضافة
الى سهم . الذى ينادى فيه ببشرى الانجيل . وهى اخر المدن الذى سار اليها .

الذى Cod. 1

Cod.
Deyr
Suriani
f. 42a

طلب له موضعا يختفى ويخرجوا من المدينة. فارسل الرب نار عظيم احاطت
 بالمدينة فلم يقدر احد منهم يهرب منها. واجتمعوا الوالى والروسا وتقدموا الى
 التلاميذ وهم بخوف ورعدة ليكون قايلين نحن نومن. ونعرف انه ليس الاله f. 40a
 فى السما. ولا على الارض الا الالهكم الرب يسوع المسيح نسلكم ان تتحننوا
 علينا وتنقلونا من هذا الموت الذى قد احاط بنا من الجهتين من النار. ومن 5
 مخافة راس الكلب. وتحنن عليهم التلاميذ. وطلبوا الى الرب يسوع المسيح
 ان يرفع عنهم النار. وقال برتلموس للوالى. اجمع اليها اهل المدينة الرجال
 والنسا. وليحضروا اليها كلها فى بيوتهم من الاصنام ليعلموا انه ليسوا الهة.
 بل مصنوعين بايدي الناس. حجارة ليس انفس بهم. وامر الوالى الجماعة بذلك.
 واحضروها وقاموا التلاميذ. وصلوا وضربوا ارجلهم الارض قايلين. الله الذى فى 10
 ذلك الزمان امر الارض انفتحت وبلعت داثان وابيرون وكل مجعهم المخالف
 باسمك تنفتح الارض فى هذه الساعة وتبتلع هذه الاصنام وتحذرهم الى الجحيم
 بمشهد من هذه الجماعة. وكان ذلك بسرعة. ورفع الوالى والجماعة من النسا f. 40b
 والرجال اصواتهم وقالوا واحد هو الله الاله النصارى يسوع المسيح. قال لهم
 التلاميذ نحضر جميعنا الى التاطرن وتأخذوا تمام الايمان فى ذلك. وسال 15
 الوالى والجماعة التلاميذ. وقالوا يا سادتنا اغفرو لنا. لانا لا نقدر ان نبلغ الى
 ذلك الموضع من مخافة وجه الكلب ليلا ياكلنا كما اكل الوحوش. قال لهم
 برتلموس لا تخافوا بل اتبعونا. ستنظروا مجد الله وعجايب عظيمة فى هذه
 المدينة اليوم. فتبعهم الى التاطرن جمع عظيم. وتقدم التلاميذ وجعلوا ايديهم
 على الرجل الذى مثل راس الكلب. وقالوا له باسم يسوع المسيح تترك عنك طبع 20
 الوحش. وتعد الى طبع الناس كفاك يا ولدي تهتم الخدمة¹ التى ارسلت
 فيها. وفى تلك الساعة عاد كما كان وديعا كالخروف واتى وسجد للتلاميذ.
 ولما نظروا الجماعة والوالى هذه الاعجوبة اخذوا فى ايديهم اغصان الزيتون
 وسجدوا للتلاميذ. وقالوا لهم. تحل علينا بركتكم. وتعمدونا. قال لهم التلاميذ f. 41a
 اطيعوا ارواحكم. قد حلت عليكم موهبة الله. وكان فى وسط المدينة عند 25

الذى Cod. 1

- المدينة يستريحون وسبقهم الشيطان الى المدينة وتشبه برجل ذى يسار من وجه المدينة. وتقدم الى الوالى ومعه جميع رووسا الشعب. وقال له ان الرجال الذى كنت رجمتهم خارج المدينة قد حضروا ايضا يريدون الدخول. وان علمت الاهتنا بقدمهم هي تخرج من مدينتنا وتسمع الامر ويقوموا علينا 5 يسونا نحن واولادنا. ولما سمع الوالى هذا. امر ان يخلق ابواب المدينة كلها. وجعل عليها الحراس ولما هم التلاميذ يدخلوا المدينة قال لهم وجه الكلب استروا وجهي قبل ان ادخل المدينة ليلا ينظروني الناس فهربوا منى. وستروا وجهه. وقام اندراوس وصلا قايل يا رب اسمع دعائي وقرب الى باب المدينة. وقال باسم الرب يسوع المسيح الذى كسر ابواب النحاس. وحطم f. 39 a
- 10 المتارس الحديد. تنفتح هذه المدينة بسرعة. ولما قال هذا سقطت ابواب المدينة. ودخلوا التلاميذ. ومعهم راس الكلب. واسرع حراس الابواب وعرفوا الوالى ما جرى وكل اهل المدينة. ولما سمعوا ذلك اضطربوا جدا. وتسارعوا كلهم حملوا اداة الحرب. من له سيف ومن له رمح. كل انسان على ما يقدر. وخرجوا فى لقا التلاميذ ليقتلوهم. وامر الوالى ان يقدموا التلاميذ فى 15 وسط الجماعة ويحضروا اليهم وحوشا ضارية ليطلق عليهم سبعة اسود وثلاثة اشبال ولبوة كما ولدت ونمرين. وامسكوا اعوان الملك اندراوس ليقتلوه السباع. ولما راي وجه الكلب ما هموا به. قال لاندراوس امرنى يا عبد الصالح ان اكشف وجهي. قال له اندراوس. كل ما امرك افعل. وصلا راس الكلب قايل f. 39 b
- هكذا. اسلك يا ربي يسوع المسيح الذى رددتنى من قساوة القلب الى الدعة. 20 واهلتنى ان اصحب تلاميذك. اسلك ان ترد الي طبعي الاول حتى تنظرنى هذه الجماعة وايدنى بقوتك حتى يعلموا انه لا اله غيرك. وفى تلك الساعة عاد الى طبعه الاول الذى كان فيه. وغضب جدا وامتلا غضبا. وكشف وجهه ونظر الى الجماعة بغضب عظيم. ووثب على كل السباع فى وسط الجماعة. وابتدى يقتلهم ويمزق جلودهم وياكل لحومهم. ولما راي اهل المدينة 25 رعبوا جدا واضطربوا وتهاربوا وطلبوا الخروج من المدينة من شدة ضغط الجماعة بعضهم لبعض مات منهم ستمائة رجل وثلاثة روسا. وباقي من سلم

f. 37 b ومضى الى حيث التلاميذ. وهو فرح مبتهج بمعرفة الامانة المستقيمة. وكان منظره فرح جدا طوله اربعة اذرع وجهه مثل وجه الكلب العظيم وعينيه مثل مصابيح النار الموقدة. واضراسه مثل 'اضراس الخنزير البري' واسنانه مثل اسنان السبع. واطفار رجليه مثل منجل معوج. واطفار يديه مثل اطفار السبع. وشخصه 5 كله مغزج مرعب. ولما استيقظ التلاميذ من نومهم وقلوبهم مغمومة. لاجل تلك المدينة وقلة ايمان اهلها وفيما هم جلوس اذا شرق عليهم راس الكلب. ولما نظره الاسكندرس تلميذ اندراوس مقبلا اليهم صار كالبيت من خوفه وظن التلاميذ انه روح سو اعتراه فرشموا عليه باسم الرب وصلبوا على وجهه. وبعد ذلك نظر اندراوس الى راس الكلب فرعب جدا من منظره. وشار الى برتلموس 10 بيده. ولما راه برتلموس هربا جميعا وتركوا التلميذين تحت الصخرة رؤس والا سكندرس. وجا راس الكلب ووجد التلاميذ كالاموات من مخافته وامسك ايديهما وقال لا تخافا يا اباي الروحانيين. فقلع الله خوفه من قلوبهما. وارسل عليهم قوة روح القدس. ولم يخافوا من منظره. وسجد لهما راس الكلب وسالهما ان يدعوا اباهما. ليعرفاهما كلما امره به الرب يسوع المسيح. وسعيا في 15 طلب اندراوس وبرتلموس. فلما وجدوها قالوا لهما. الرجل يدعوكما الذي وجهه اكرب اليكما. واتيا التلميذان حيث راس الكلب. ولم يستطيعا النظر الى شخصه لانه كان مخوفا جدا. ولما راهما راس الكلب سجد لهما على الارض. وقال لهما لا تخافا من منظري يا عبيد الله العلي. الاهكم ارسلني اليكم لاسير معكم الى كل موضع تريدون. واطيعكم في كل ما تامرني به. وعجبوا التلاميذ من 20 راس الكلب. قال له اندراوس بارك عليك الرب يا ولدي انا اومن انه سيكون لنا عزا كبير بك بل عرفنا اسمك. قال راس الكلب اسمي مسوخ. قال له اندراوس حقا ان في اسمك سر مكتوم. وهو حلو وهو كريم. ولكن من اليوم يكون اسمك مسيحي. وصلوا وخرجوا من تلك المدينة. ووجه الرب ملاكه 25 دليلا بين يديهم وفي ثالث يوم وصلوا الى مدينة بربرس. وجلسوا خارج

1 Cod. واطراسه

2 Cod. اطراس

المدينة التي اهلها ياكلون الناس . يطلب رجلا ياكله . واقام يومه ذلك كله
 لم يجد شيئا ياكله .^١ وترايا له ملاك الرب قايلًا له اعينك ايها الرجل الذي
 وجهه كوجه الكلب . هوذا تجد رجلين ومعهم تلميذين وهم جلوس تحت هذه
 الصخرة فاذا بلغت اليهم لا ينالهم منك مكروه لانهم عبيد الله ليلا يغضب عليك
 5 الالههم . ويقسمك نصفين . فلما سمع الرجل الذي هو شبه راس الكلب مثل
 هذا الكلام رعب جدا واجاب قايلًا للملاك من انت لست اعرفك . ولا اعرف
 الرب . بل عرفني من الله الرب الذي تكلمني عنه . اجابه الملاك قايلًا هو
 الذي خلق السما والارض . هو الله بالحقيقة . هذه السما مظلة فوق راسك .
 والارض انت تطاها . وهو^٢ خالقهم والشمس والقمر والكواكب . والبحر وكلها فيه .
 10 الوحش والطير وكل البهايم والدباب وهو خلقها كلها . وله القدرة ان ياخذ
 جميع ارواحهم كلهم . اجابه راس الكلب قايلًا اريد منه اية لكيما اومن بكليها .
 سمعت منك . وفي تلك الساعة نزل من السما نار واحاطت براس الكلب . ولم
 يقدر ان يخرج منها . وكان قايمًا في وسطها لا يمكنه الخروج . وخاف جدا
 وصرخ بصوت عالي قايلًا ايها الاله الذي لم اعرفه خلصني من هذه الشدة
 15 التي انا فيها . وانا اومن بك . اجابه الملاك وقال له ان خلصك الله من
 شدة هذه النار . تتبع تلاميذه الى كل موضع يسيروا اليه . وتسمع منهم كلها
 يقولون لك . اجاب راس الكلب وقال له يا سيدي لست مثل كل الناس . لان
 20 منظري غير منظر كل الناس . ولا اعرف كلامهم وان مشيت معهم كيف
 يقدرين على طعامي . وان جعت اين اجد رجالا اكلها . انا ارجع اليهم
 25 واكلهم . فما قد عرفتكم حالي ليلا اسي اليهم فيغضب علي الالههم قال له
 الملاك . الله يعطيك طبع الناس ويقلع منك طبع الوحش . وفي تلك الساعة مد
 الملاك يده . واخرج راس الكلب من النار ورشم عليه رشم الصليب . ودعا باسم
 الاب والابن والروح القدس . وعند ذلك خرج منه طبع الوحش وصار وديعا
 كالخروف . وقال له الملاك . قم واذهب نحو هذا الجبل ستجد اربعة رجال جلوسا
 25 تحت ظل الصخرة اتبعهم ولا ينالهم منك^٣ مكروه . لان الرب الذي ارسلك

^١ Cod. ترايا^٢ Cod. خلقكم^٣ Cod. مكروها

ما لي علم قدوة ثم ابراهيم عليه السلام في العمل والعدل والقدرة عليها
 ويربطون الجبال ويحيطون في شوارع المدينة ويلتقون
 في البحر بعد ذلك مفيد من الخلق ولما اتفقوا اخذهم
 الملك مستلجنا الى اهل افسس افسسهم ونقطعت
 ايديهم من الارتفاع وسقطت على الارض فكان حزن
 كثير وبكى كثير عظيم في المدينة نزل اليوم فقال
 فقالوا الى الجماعة ما تريدون فعل بهؤلاء الرجال
 قد رايتهم ما عملناهم ولم نعد ان نعملهم شيئا من المروءة
 قالوا له الجماعة ثم ان يخرجوا جميعا ونسبهم لعنف
 تجيبوا اسواتنا ونخرجوا من مدينتنا ففعلوا بالامانة
 الجماعة فتقدم هو وهم الى التلاميذ وقال لهم
 ايها الاخوة المباركين ما اردتم من المال فغناه لكم
 واخرجوا من مدينتنا لعل اهلنا يعودوا اليانا قال لهم
 تفعلوا كل مدينتنا نهلك اجابهم التلاميذ
 لا حاجة لنا الى ذهب ولا فضة فغضب الجماعة واخرجوا
 التلاميذ خارج المدينة وهم بالحجارة وتركوهم
 مطرحين في الاموات عند المذبح لم يرتفع

- والجماعة ضجوا وعلت اصواتهم: قال لهم ما تريدون ان اصنع بهم: قالوا اله
تنشرهم بالمناشير او تلقىهم فى طنجير نحاس حتى تذوب اجسادهم وتلقىهم فى
البحر. فامر الوالى باعادة القديسين واوثقوهم فى العجل الخشب وقلبوها عليهم:
"واتوا بالمنشار الكبير لينشروهم. فحين هموا بالنشر يبت ايديهم ولم يستطيعوا
حركة فصرخوا قائلين وى لنا حل بنا ما لا طاقة لنا به. قال الوالى للجماعة: فماذا 5
f. 35b تريدون افعل بهم. ما لى عليهم قدرة. ثم امر ان تنصب العجل ويحمل القديسين
عليها ويربط بالحبال ويسحب بهم فى شوارع المدينة. ويلقوا فى البحر بعد ذلك.
مقيدين على العجل. ولما ابتغوا خدام الملك مسك الحبال انحلت اجسادهم
وتقطعت ايديهم من المرافق وسقطت على الارض. فكان حزن كثير وبكاء كبير
عظيم فى المدينة: ذلك اليوم. فقال الوالى للجماعة ما تريدون افعل بهؤلاء¹⁰
الرجال قد رايتهم ما عملنا بهم: ولم نقدر ان نعمل بهم شيا من المكروه. قالت
له الجماعة: قم انت نجى⁴ واجمعنا ونسلمهم لعلمهم يجيبوا سوانا ويخرجوا من
مدينتنا. ففعل الوالى ما سالوه الجماعة. فتقدم هو وهم الى التلاميذ وقال لهم:
ايها الاخوة المباركين ما اردتم من المال دفعناه لكم واخرجوا من مدينتنا.
لعل الهتنا يعودوا الينا. فان لم تفعلوا كل مدينتنا تهلك. اجابهم التلاميذ لا 15
حاجة لنا الى ذهب ولا فضة. فغضب الجماعة واخرجوا التلاميذ خارج المدينة.
ورموهم بالحجارة وتركوهم⁵ مطروحين كالاموات. عند ذلك ظهر لهم الرب يسوع
f. 36a وقال قوموا يا تلاميذي القديسين اصبروا ولا تخافوا لان فى هذه المدينة
اضطراب كبير بسببكم. بل اخرجوا الى هذه البرية انا حال معكم لا تخافوا
انا موجه اليكم برجل وجهه مثل وجه الكلب وشخصه مخوف جدا. خذوه 20
معكم الى المدينة. وبعد ما اوصاهم الرب هذه الوصية. تجلا عنهم صاعدا الى
السماء بمجد. وخرج التلاميذ الى البرية حزانا لان المدينة لم تؤمن ولم
يلبثوا الا قليل يستريحون. وناموا فرفعهم ملاك الرب واوصلهم الى المدينة التى
اهلها ياكلون الناس. وتركهم تحت⁶ صخرة الجبل ومضى عنهم. ولما استيقظوا
تعجبوا: ومجدوا الله. وفيما هم يتكلمون تحت الجبل. اذا رجل قد خرج من 25

١ لهم Cod. ٢ واتو Cod. ٣ نزل Cod. ٤ واجمعنا Cod.

٥ الشجرة Cod. ٦ مطروحين Cod.

مكانهم ونطقت الشياطين الحالة فيهم على^١ افواههم يا اهل المدينة ان لم
تمسكوا هولاي الرجال وتحرقوا^٢ اجسادهم بالنار . الا نحن نخرج من هذه
المدينة . لا تسمعوا من كلام هولاي الخالفين الذين يسجون المسكونة . وان
خرجنا عنكم المدينة تخرب فلا تقبلوا قولهم ولما سمعوا الجماعة ذلك من
5 الشياطين غضبوا جدا واخذوا الحجارة ورموها للتلاميذ . وامر الوالي ان يقيدوا
التلاميذ بسلاسل من حديد وعلقوا على الخشب ليحرقونهم بالنار بين يدي
اصنامهم . وللوقت نزل ملاك الرب وخلصهم من ايديهم وحلهم من السلاسل .
4b وعادت الشياطين القول ليس هكذا يجب ان يحرقوا بل يلقوا في الاتون حتى
يحرقوا . ففعلوا بهم كما امرت الشياطين . هبط ملاك الرب الى الاتون . وخلصهم
10 من الحريق . وكانت الجماعة تصرخ صراخ عظيما وهم حذاه . اخرج ملاك
الرب التلاميذ واقفهم في وسط الجماعة . وهم لا ينظرونهم وتكلموا ووبخوهم
وافتروا على الشياطين التي فيها . فقال الوالي للجماعة . ما نضع بهولاي الرجال .
ها ثلاث مرات احرقهم بالنار . ولم تاكلهم ولا ضربهم شيا . هوذا هم قد يغيبوا
عنا لا نجدهم نبلغ فيهم مرادنا . اجاب اندراوس هوذا نحن قيام في وسطكم
15 اما تقهرونا او نقهركم بقوة ربنا . اجاب الوالي وقال لا يجب ان نفسد ناموس
الالهة . ثم امسكهم القايد وجميع العسكر وقدموهم الى مجلس الحكم وكانت
الجماعة ترجمهم جدا . وغضب اندراوس بالروح واراد ان يلعن المدينة وكل
من فيها ان يهبطوا الى الجحيم لقلة ايمانهم لكنه صبر وذكر وصية الرب الذي
قال لا تجازيهم بقلة ايمانهم . وامر الوالي الجماعة ان تسكت . فقال للتلاميذ
20 ما هذه الافعال السمجة^٣ التي تضلون الناس بها . انا اسلم جلودكم والقيكم
الى السباع الضارية لتاكلكم اجابه اندراوس . لاي سبب تصنع بنا هذا . قال له
الوالي . لانكم دخلتم مدينتنا ولما راكم الهتنا خرجت عنها . اجابه اندراوس
ليس الهتم الهة كما تظنون بل مصنوعة بايدي الناس . لا اله الا الاب
والابن والروح القدس . فلما سمعت الجماعة هذا القول . قالوا للوالي . اما تقتل
25 هولاي الرجال . والا نحن نقتلك وجميع اهل بيتك . ولما راي الوالي الروسا

^١ Cod. افواهها

^٢ Cod. اجسادهم

^٣ Cod. الذين

او رفض بهم الكهنة فغضبوا يريدون يخرجون عن المدينة لكن نعرف الوالى
 بسرعة امرهم. واذا هم يتكلمون اقبل اغليون الملك راكباً. ومعه جميع جنده.
 وجلس على منبره. واستغاث الجماعة اليه. فزجرهم ظاناً انه الامر جرى فى
 الهيكل. فقالوا له ارفع نظرك لشطر الالهة يريدون ان يخرجون عن المدينة.
 فسأل عن ذلك. لئلا تكون الكهنة قصروا فى خدمتهم فان خرجوا من مدينتنا 5
 سيظفر بنا اعداؤنا ويقتلوننا. ولا يكون لنا معيناً فامر الوالى باحضار الكهنة وان
 يحضروا الالهة فلبسوا فاخر ثيابهم وحملوا الاربعة اصنام واحضروها الى التاطرن
 والبوق بين يديهم حتى اجلسوهم على مراتبهم. ولما راتهم الجماعة رفعوا
 اصواتهم بمجدوهم وكان فى يوم عيدهم ولما راوا التلاميذ كان الجمع الذى
 فى المدينة. قد حضروا الى التاطرين هبطوا من ذلك اليوم من العلو 10
 f. 33 b ولما نظرهم الجماعة امسكوهم واحضروهم الى الوالى فسألهم الوالى من اين انتم
 ايها الرجال. اجابه اندراوس نحن تلاميذ لرب صالح اسمه يسوع. قال بعض
 الجماعة هولاء الاثنى عشر السحرة الذين يسيرون فى المدن ويفرقون بين
 النسا وازواجهن. ابعدهم عنا لئلا يسحرونا. ويفرقون بيننا وبين نساينا واولادنا.
 قال الوالى للجماعة تصبروا علي ولا تقلقوا حتى امتحنهم بالمسلة. وقال 15
 للتلاميذ ان كان الاهكم هو الاله بالحقيقة. فاعل ما يريد. اعملوا اية
 بين يدي او اعجوبة حتى اعلم صدق قولكم وتقدم اندراوس الى حيث
 الاصنام وامر الجمع بالسكوت. فسكتوا ونادوا بصوت عال للاصنام هل اتمر الهة
 كما تظن بكم هذه الجماعة. اجابوه اصوات عالية منها قابلة لسنا الهة بل
 مغشوشة مصنوعة بايدي الناس يخدعون بنا. اجابهم هكذا يقول الرب يسوع 20
 المسيح ابن الله الحى ملك كل الملوك ارتفعوا على هذا المنظر الى
 f. 34 n ان امركم ان تهبطوا الى الجحيم ولوقت ارتفعت فقال اندراوس للجماعة
 ان كانوا الهة ولهم قدرة فيسمعوا من كهنتهم ويعودوا ويستقروا فى اماكنهم
 فلما رات الجماعة ذلك بهتوا جداً. فقال الوالى للكهنة ادعوا الهتنا يعودوا
 يستقروا فى اماكنهم فاكثروا الكهنة الطلبة لالهتهم لينزلوا فلم يتحركوا من 25
 ونادوا Cod. عجوبة Cod. يكن Cod.

- هذه الامراة التى بها الشيطان . ثم واشفيتها باسم الرب . اجابه انت مشفيتها . قال
 له ثم اضع يدك علي وبارك علي وامثل ما تامرنى . قال له اندراوس الرب
 الاسمر الحلو الذى يتم به كل البركات يبارك علينا جميع . وقام برتلوس ودنا
 من الامراة وقال للروح السو باسم الرب يسوع المسيح اخرج من هذه الامراة
 5 واهبط الى عمق البحر الى اليوم الذى يحكم الله عليك وابيك الشيطان ولا
 تعد اليها ابدا . وللوقت عوفيت الامراة وقامت وسجدت للتلاميذ هي وزوجها .
 وكل اهل بيتها قائلين لا اله الا انت يا يسوع المسيح بن الله الحي
 الازلى رب السما والارض . وبارك عليهم التلاميذ وسالتهم الامراة ان كنت وجدت
 عندكم نعمة احضروا معى الى المدينة واستريحوا فى بيت عبدكم وارسلت
 10 عبيدها يقدموها ليصلحوا المنزل . ثم قال الرب انا ايضا اعمل قوة باسم الاهكم
 ثم قال باسم يسوع المسيح يحملنى الريح انا واندراوس وبرتلوس وتلاميذهما
 وتوصلنا الى حيث يبتغون . وللوقت صار للتلاميذ اجنحة مضية ووصلوا الى
 مدينة بربرس وسيدنا يسوع المسيح يقدمهم ولم يعلموا انه الرب ووقفوا على
 f. 32 a علو التاطرن الذى للمدينة حيث يجتمع الجمع . وكان ذلك اليوم عيد الصنم
 15 الذى يعبده اهل المدينة . وهم مجتمعين ياكلون ويشربون ويفرحون . ولما
 راوا الجماعة التلاميذ قياماً على التاطرين عجبوا جداً . ولم يكن حضر اغليون
 الوالى . ولكن الجماعة كانت تنتظره . فقال اندراوس عرفنى من انت وامانتك
 التى فعلت بها هذا . فتبسم الرب وقال له لم قلوبكم ثقيلة . افتحوا اعينكم واعرفوا
 انى . وظهر لهم بالمنظر الذى يعرفونه . وقال لهم تقووا وتشجعوا يا تلاميذي
 20 المقدسين انا حال معكم حيث تكونوا انا امرت الحوت ان يتلعلكم واتم
 نيام ولم تعلموا حتى وصلكم ساحل مدينة بربرس تصبروا واطيلوا ارواحكم
 على شعب عظيم فى هذه المدينة وكلهم لا يؤمنون عاجلاً . الا بايات كثيرة
 تكون منكم . واعطاهم السلام وتجلأ صاعداً الى السما بمجد عظيم . واذا التلاميذ
 قيام على علو التاطرن وكل الجمع ينظرون ويقولون كيف هولاء الى هذا
 f. 32 b 25 العلو العظيم فمنهم من قال هولاء الهة هذه المدينة يريدون يصنعوا عجبوبة

عجوبة Cod. 4 الوالى Cod. + passim الناطرين Cod. 5 sic 6

- لبرتلموس اى شكر واى تسبيح يوديه لسانى للرب الكريم الصانع بى هذا الصنيع العظيم واتى بى فى هذه المدينة البعيدة فى ليلة واحدة وجمع بينى وبينك اسير الى مدينة بربرس والبس لنادى فيها بشرى الانجيل. ثم حضر الرب من السفينه فسالوا ما التعدي بهر الى ساحل مقدونية لان امراة الرئيس جمعت
- f. 31 a اليها فقرا المدينة واهل الحاجه لتعطيهم صدقة. وبينما هى بينهم اعتراها روج 5 شير جمعت ورجعت كل من فى بيتها بالحجارة. فضبطها الرئيس فجعلها فى مكان حصين. وارسلنا الى هذه المدينة الى برتلموس تلميذ الرب ليحضر ويخرج الشيطان منها. قال الرب لاندراوس. كل انسان يخلى عنه ما فى هذا العالم ويتبع الرب يسوع ويصير له تلميذا هو يخرج الشياطين مثلكم. قال له
- اندراوس. من حق انه هكذا. وان قال لهذا الجبل انتقل لا تتقل قال الرب 10 Mark xl. 23 فاذا رفضت هذا العالم بكل ما فيه. وحملت صليبي هل اقدر ان اخرج هذا الشيطان من هذه الامراة. قال له اندراوس. لم تحل عليك روح القدس المتلمذة بل تبيع هذا المركب وتفرق ثمنه على الفقرا. والارامل والايتام وتتبعنا [الى] كل مكان نمضى اليه. انت تعمل كل ما نعمل. قال الرب مجيباً قوموا ندعوا باسم يسوع ليعمل كل واحد منا قوته. فوقف اندراوس وبسط يديه 15 ودعا هكذا قايلًا باسم الرب يسوع المسيح انقلنى ايها البحر وكلمن معى هنا.
- f. 31 b واوصلنا الى ساحل مقدونية. ففاض ماء البحر فى تلك الساعة وبلغ حيث هم ودار حولهم وهم فى وسطه مثل مركب وبلغهم الساحل. فقالوا الجماعة لاندراوس حقاً انك عبدا لرب صالح. وسجد له الرسل وقالوا لا اله الا 20 الالهك. وقام برتلموس صلا هكذا قايلًا بقوله يا ربى والاهي يسوع المسيح ارسل ملاكك الصالح الى دار الرئيس بمقدونية. ويخرج الشيطان من الامراة ويوصلها اليها قبل ان نبلغ المدينة. فنزل ميخائيل فى تلك الساعة من السما ودخل بيت الرئيس واخذ الامراة وزوجها واهل بيتها واتا بهر الى البحر حيث التلاميذ والرب. ولما نظر الشيطان الرب يسوع اراد ان يصرخ ويعرف الجماعة. فنهز وامره الا ينطق بذلك بل يخرج من الامراة. قال برتلموس لاندراوس 25

مدينة غارينوس. وقد ضاقت روحي. فقال هكذا. لست يا رب الذي ترايت
 لى وامرتنى ان اسير الى مدينة غارينوس. وقال لتلميذه تعودا الى المدينة
 حتى ياذن لنا الرب بالمسير ويوجه الينا مركبا يحملنا. قالا له 'يكن كما
 يريد. وفيما هو يكلمهما نظر رؤف احد تلميذه. واذا بسفينة قد اقبلت
 5 فى وسط البحر. فقال لاندراوس معلمه. ففرح بذلك فرحا شديدا. واقاموا
 جميعاً استقبلوها. ولما بلغت الساحل. سالوا صاحب السفينة اين تريد. وان الرب
 صنع لهم سفينة روحانية وفيها نواتية وريس المركب قبل ان يصل اليهم وقام
 اندراوس واستقبل المركب ونادى ريسه سلام الرب معك ايها الصالح ريس السفينة.
 f. 30a اجابه الرب يسوع المسيح المتشبه بريس المركب عليك سلام الرب ايها الاخ
 10 الحبيب. قال له اندراوس الى أى بلدة تسير. اجابه الرجل الذى هو سيدنا
 يسوع المسيح بمشيئة الله [الى] مدينة البربر. قال له اندراوس. ايها الرجل الصالح
 لا تكن 'ضللت فى البحر. هذه مدينة البربر انت حاضرها. اجابه ليست
 مدينة البربر. هذه هى مدينة غارينوس. وهذا ثالث يوم مذ وصلتها. وفيما هم
 يكرروا الخطاب انا رجال من مقدونية قاصدين مدينة غارينوس متوجهين الى
 15 برتلوس ليحضر معهم ليخرج شيطانا اعترى زوجة ملك مقدونية فنظروا الرب
 واندراوس على شاطئ البحر. فقال ما هذه المدينة. اجابه الرجال. هذه هى
 مدينة غارينوس. اجابه ما سبب حضوركم اليها. قالوا ريس المدينة ارسلنا الى
 برتلوس ليحضر معنا الى مقدونية يخرج شيطانا اعترى زوجته. فكثرت تعجب
 اندراوس. ودخل الرجال المدينة ولم يلبثوا الا قليلاً حتى اتوا ومعهم برتلوس.
 f. 30b 20 ولما بلغ برتلوس والرجال السفينة وراوا المخلص جالساً فيها. ظنوا انه الذى
 يعدى بالناس الى مقدونية. اجابه قايلاً نحن نريد المسير الى كورة بربر.
 لكن ابلغوا الرجال الجلوس تحت الشجرة لعلهم اصحاب المعديّة. فمضى
 برتلوس الى الشجرة فرأى اندراوس وتلميذه جالسين. ولما راه اندراوس اسرع
 لقيه وقبله وقال له من اين انت. وما هذه المدينة. قال له برتلوس هذه
 25 مدينة غارينوس التى خرجت فى قسبي انادى فيها. فعجب اندراوس جداً وقال

١ Cod. يحن

٢ Cod. ظلمت

٣ Cod. غارينوس

قوات كثيرة . وعجايب سيومن خلق كثير على يديكم . ولما تم الرب قوله
 f. 28 b لبرتلموس اعطاه السلام وصعد الى السما بمجد . وتوجه برتلموس الى المدينة
 التي امره الرب بالمسير اليها . وترايا الرب لاندراوس في نصف الليل في البلدة
 التي كان فيها . وامره ان يسير الى بلدة غارينوس الى برتلموس ويسيروا الى
 مدينة بربرس . وينادوا فيهم بشري الانجيل الذي اودعتم اياه ليتركوا سو 5
 فعالهم وعبادتهم الاوثان ويتوبوا ليروا الحياة الدائمة واياك ان تقلق عليهم بل
 اكثر الاناة واستعمل طول الروح . اذكر اني معلمك وربك وانت تعرف جميع
 ما نالني من الالام من اليهود . ولم اجازيهم بما صنعوا الي . بل اطلت روحي
 عليهم ليخلصوا من خطاياهم فلا تخف يا صفيي الان ولا تضيق روحك تصبر
 حتى تردهم من الضلالة الى الايمان بكثرة صبركم عليهم انا مرسل اليكم رجلا 10
 مخوف النظر مثل وجه الكلب . وبمخافته يومنون وبقولكم هو يكون يتبعكم
 ويكون لكم تلميذا كل ايام بشارتكم فاذا امن اهل بربرس اخبروه معكم
 f. 29 a الى مدينة البتس وهم ايضا يومنون لكثرة العجايب والجرايح التي تكون منكم
 ولما تم الرب وصيته لاندراوس صعد الى السما بمجد . وللغد قام اندراوس
 وتلميذه روفس والاسكندرس خرجوا من تلك المدينة التي كانوا فيها يريدون 15
 المسير الى مدينة غارينوس . الى برتلموس ليمضوا جميعاً الى مدينة بربرس
 والبتس لينادوا فيها ببشري الانجيل المقدس كما امر الرب . ولما بلغوا الى
 البحر لم يجدوا مركبا يحملهم فقلق اندراوس وضجر جداً . واقاموا على
 شاطئ البحر ثلاثة ساعات من النهار . فقال اندراوس لتلميذه . قوما يا اخوتي
 نبسط ايدينا الى الله . ونسله يتيسر طريقنا . فانا اومن انه لا يخلينا . وقاموا 20
 جميعاً وصلوا صلاة بالعبرانية . فلما تموا الصلاة جلسوا على شاطئ البحر تحت
 شجرة . وغشاهم النوم فناموا فاذا الله بحوت كبير صعد من البحر وفتح فاه
 وبلع اندراوس وتلميذه وهم نيام ولم يعلموا واقاموا في جوفه ثلاثة ايام
 f. 29 b وثلاثة ليال . وسار بهم بمشية الله والقاهر خارج مينا مدينة غارينوس مسيرة
 اربعين يوما الى ان وصل . واستيقظوا ولم يعلموا بذلك . وقال اندراوس 25
 لتلميذه يا اخوتي الى متى نحن مقيمين . ولم يتيسر لنا مركب يودينا الى

الملك لاجل رسله الذين امنوا . فتقوى قلوبكم باسمي وتعلمون اني معكم وحال
فيكمز فبارك اندراوس على الجماعة قايلاً يثبتكم الرب في الامانة المستقيمة انتم
وبنيكمز وبناكمز الى الغاية القصيا امين ✧ اجابته الجماعة اذهب بسلام ولا تطل
الغيبة عنا لانا قد سمعنا الصوت مناديك ان سيأتي على هذه المدينة اضطهاد
f. 27 b من الملك لاجل رسله الذين امنوا . وقوا اندراوس قلوبهم وقال لا تخافوا
الرب الذي امتتم به قوى وله قدرة يمنع عنكمز ولما قال هذا خرج من عندهم
بسلام ✧ والسبح لله دائماً ابدا ✧

اعمال التلميذين اندراوس وبرتلموس ✧

التي عملوها في مدينة بربرس ✧

بعد عودتهم من بلاد الواحات ✧

10

بسلام الرب يسوع المسيح امين ✧

بعد قيامة سيدنا يسوع المسيح من بين الاموات ولم يزل ملكا على السما
والارض ترايا لبرتلموس في مدينة الامر في نواحي ماقطران . التي هي مدينة
غارينوس . وقال له السلام لك يا برتلموس والحب والغلبة في كل موضع تحل
15 فيه . لا تخف لان الذي يعمل يستحق الاجرة ويجمع اليه الحياة الابدية . انتم
الحصادون التقات الذين يحصدون حقل ربهم واذا خرجتم من هذا الاوان
اخذتم كراكم . قم يا صفيي برتلموس . سر الى مدينة البربر نادى فيهم
f. 28 a بالانجيل وتعلم طريق الخلاص ليتركوا اعمالهم السيية وعبادة الاوثان ويتوبوا
ليروا الحياة الابدية . هانذا مبتدى بها ياتي عليك في تلك المدينة قبل
20 ان تدخلها يحرق جسدك ثلث مرات بالنار تُصلب مرات كثيرة يُنشر جسدك
بالمناشير تُطرح للوحوش لتاكلك . تُربط رجلاك بحجر وتُطرح في البحر اياك ان
تخاف . ولكن تقوى انت الغالب لا يقدر احد عليك . تصبر يا صفيي واذكر
ما عمله بي شعب اليهود تلك الافعال السيية التي عملوها بي وانا معلق على
الصليب . ولم اواجههم لاني رب رحوم اغفر خطايا الذين يعودون الي فاقبل
25 توبتهم هانذا موجه لك اندراوس يوصلك الى تلك المدينة وتستظهر منكم

اندراس^١ تسكت وتمكن ان تتكلم الا ان تقول لهؤلاء الجماعة من انت
اجابه قايلاً انا واحد من المائتي الملاك الذي ارسلوا لينظروا الارض فلما
نظرناها اسجسناها خالفنا ولم نعد الى مرسلنا واسمي ماجانا اجابه جرحك
كبير وحزنك وفضيحتك تعود عليك ويكون افتخارك هلاكاً لك باسر الرب يسوع
المسيح تهرب الى الجحيم ولا تعين الى الابد ومن تلك الساعة لم يرى 5
f. 26 b له شخص . وقال روفس الوالى لاندراوس . تامرنى ان افرق جميع ما لى على
الفقرا وذوى الحاجة واحضر جميع ما له الى اندراوس وفرقه كما قال وبلغ
الخبر الى الملك ان روفس الوالى فرق ما له على الفقرا ورفض بالولاية ولا
ينظر بين احد من اهل المدينة . ولا يحكم بينهم الا انه يقول ليتنى اقدر احكم
على نفسي مما جهلت ولما راي سلوكيس وزير الملك ان الملك يريد هلاكه 10
[و]قتله فساله التوقف عنه وقال له ان كان قد صار مع الرجل الصالح الذى من
عبيد الله الصانع الجرايح من مدن العبرانيين فما تقدر عليه ولكن اكتب اليه
ان كان زاهداً^٢ للدين فيسلم جميع ما له يكون فى خزانة الملك وكتب الكتب
فارسلت الى روفس الوالى . ولم يوجد فى منزله وارشدت الرسل حيث هو عند
اندراس الذى هو يعلم تعليماً جديداً غير تعليم الروم فحضروا الى شارع 15
المدينة فوجدوا اندراوس وروفس وهو يخرج شيطان من رجل معتري به سبعين
f. 27 a سنة ولما راي رسل الملك الاعجوبة امنوا بالله وسلموا الكتب الى روفس وقراها .
ولما سمع ان جميع ما له يوخذ الى خزانة الملك ضحك اندراوس وقال
لروفس حزن قلبك لان الملك ياخذ جميع ما لك اجابه روفس انت تعرف
كيف قلبي وانى لا افارقك وكل موضع تسير اليه ما لى حاجة الى الاشيا 20
الهالكة . من الهلاك جمعت اليه مصيرها قال له اندراوس كل المياه ترجع الى
البحر ولا تمتلى وكلما للبطن يذهب الى التراب وفيما اندراوس يخاطب
روفس نداء صوت يامره ان يسرح الجماعة ويسير الى المدينة التى مقابله
يعرفه ان له فيها شعباً عظيماً وخدمة شريفة جليلة وبعد ذلك تعود الى
تلك المدينة وكشف له ان سوف يكون له فيها تعب واضطهاد عظيم من 25

Eccles. i. 7
Matt. xv.
17
Mark vii.
19

^١ تكون Cod.

^٢ الدين Cod.

ما يقوله ولدك لو انه غريب قال مثل هذا لم تومن لكنه ابنك. اجاب رؤف
 اندراوس اسلك ايها الرجل الصالح ان تاخذ جميع ما لى تفرقه على المساكين
 واهل الحاجة. فقال له اندراوس قم خذ تلميذي هذا الى بيتك ليشفى زوجتك.
 وفعل فيليمين كامر اندراوس. وحضر الى منزله هو وفيليمين فوجد زوجته واقفة
 5 ساهية مثل صنم. ويدها ماسكة بشعر اسود. وهو يفر من ايديها. وهى لا تخليه.
 وامسك يدها اليمنى. فأتى بها الى حيث اندراوس وهى ماسكة الاسود بيدها
 اليسرى. فحين نظرت الجماعة الاسود اضطربوا جداً وصرخوا وصاروا مثل قطع
 f. 25 b ضان دخل الديب فى وسطها. فقال لهم اندراوس لا تخافوا بل تقدموا الي
 وتقوى قلوبكم حتى نعلم من هو. واندراوس امرها بتخليته ورشم فى وجهها رشم
 10 الصليب. وحمل يده على راسها وقال باسم يسوع الناصرى الذى اناذى اسمه
 تسكن حواسك ويرجع عقلك. فهدت وجلست بين يدى التلميذ. فعاد التلميذ
 الى الاسود. وقال له ما اسمك والسبب الذى هذه الامراة تعلقت بك. قال له
 الاسود. انا اصدقك. اذا كان غلام قوي يسكن مع ملك ضعيف ويحضر معه
 الحرب فالغلام القوى الظافر بالحرب لا يسير الظفر اليه بل الى الملك. هكذا
 15 انا لى قوة عظيمة فى وسط الشياطين. وهانذا حصلت فى بيتك. فقال له
 اندراوس. ما الذى اقول من جهتك ايها الخبيث وطبعك السو لان قد حضر
 وقت الصلاة بل تكون معلقاً خارج المدينة الى الغد. وابتدى اندراوس فى
 الصلاة وتمها واعطا المومنين من السراير القدسية. وارسلهم بسلام. ولما كان
 الغد آجتمعت الجماعة وحضر اندراوس ونادا الاسود قايلاً اعينك ايها الاسود
 f. 26 a 20 النجس الخبيث الروح المظلم اكشف حالك لهذه الجماعة لينظروك كلهم. اجابه
 الاسود ما انت الذى تدبني ولا الفاعل بى هذا. بل هى سو فعالي لانى
 ضيعت مجدي واهلكت كرامتي. قال له اندراوس ايها النجس المظلم هل
 كانت لك كرامة. قال له انت تقول انى اسود مظلم الست تعرف طبيعتي
 من اين هى وانما اردتلك ان تورى هذه الجماعة من انا. الويل لى ما
 25 الذى يخلصنى مما انا فيه. وابتدى ينادى باسمى [ال]قوات من العلو. قال له

ايدها Cod. 1

قالت له ستين سنة، قال لها اندراوس اذ قد سمعت قول فيليمين تلميذي
 f. 24 a المخرجي الى البرية وتكوني محللة معتوقة من خدم اهل العالم. لا يكون لاحد
 من الناس عليك سبيل. وخرجت الى البرية كما امرها ونادا اندراوس الميت
 قايلاً باسر يسوع المسيح الذي ارسلنا الى العالم ننادي باسمه المقدس. فمر
 حياً. وفي تلك الساعة قام الميت وسجد بين يدي اندراوس. فقامه وقال له . 5
 او من بالله يا ولدي. فاجابه قد امنت. واسلك يا ابي اندراوس ان تاذن
 لي ان اقول ما رايت. قال له تكلم فقال الغلام لابيه. يا ابي لو انك اعطيت
 نصف ما تملك للايتام وللارامل وللفقراء لم تودى بعض ما يلزمك لموهبة الله
 التي حلت عليك. لان الذي تعطيه لاهل الحاجة تعطيه عن نفسك. اعلم يا
 ابي في تلك الساعة التي قامت علي والدتي وقتلتني كان لنا في ذلك خيرة 10
 عظيمة لاني اقبل الي الناس لهم اجنحة مثل النور واخذوا نفسي 'الي' موضع
 f. 24 b يسمى الجحيم ونظرت الى بيت عظيم يُبنى بالكبريت والزفت وعدد البنانيين
 ثلاثين ومعهم مصابيح عظام موقدة ينادون بامرهم بالبنا الى متى نبني هذا
 البيت. امرنا ان نشعله بهذه المصابيح. قال لهم هل تحرقوه قبل ان يتر بناه.
 لان الى الوقت الذي يموت صاحبه. عند ذلك تحرقوه. قال الملاك الموكل 15
 بنفسي. نظرت هولاء. قلت له نعمز وسالته لمن يُبنى هذا البيت. ولم يُبنى
 بالكبريت والزفت. فقال لي هذه خطايا ابيك الذي يفعلها. تبنا الى وقت يموت.
 يلقونه فيه. فلما سمعت ذلك لاجلك بكيت جداً وقلت الويل لي كيف يعلم
 ابي به مثل هذا. وفيما انا ابكي. قال لي الذي يمشي معي لا تبك. واذا خاطب
 اقبل بانسان ذو شبية. ويتبعه مائة رجل. ويتبعه صبي عمره اثني عشر سنة 20
 حسن المنظر جداً. وخاطب صاحب البنانيين بكلام لا اعرفه. فامر عند ذلك ان
 يهدم البيت. وانه امر الملاك الذي يمشي معي حتى اخرجني الى موضع
 واسع جداً وجا انسان اخر في يده قصبة ذهب من ثلاثة الوان. ووضع اساس
 f. 25 a بيت كبير باسمك مرتفع في كل حايط منه مائة قصبة الاقصى وعرضه وطوله
 كذلك. فقال له الملاك. تم الهاية قصبة اجابه صاحب البنا ليس يتر الساعة لان 25
 القمح لم يحصل في المخزن واذا حصل تمناه. قال اندراوس لروفس اسمع

الشیطان ان روفس قد امن دعا جنوده وقال لهم ان روفس قد امن وهو صاحبنا وجميع المدينة قد كفروا بنا . فانا امرکم ان يذهب احدکم الى بيت روفس فيمسك زوجته تصير کما مجنونة لا عقل لها . ويكلفها ان تقوم الى اولاده تقتلهم . وفي تلك الساعة فعل الشيطان ما امره به ابليس ومضى الى بيت الوالى وجعل زوجته مجنونة وكلفها الى ان قتلت اولادها . ولما علم عبيدها ما فعلت تجمعوا وامسكوها وجعلوها فى موضع حصين وارسلوا الى سيدهم واعلموه حالها . وقتلها اولادها . فقال الوالى لمن حوله لو ان البيت وقع عليهم ومات كل من فى الدار لم افارق هذا الغلام وان روفس الوالى عاد الى فيليمين . وقال له . يا سيدي ما تسمع ما يقول هذا الرسول . انا اسلك 10 ان تجى معى الى دارى وان لم تجى لم امضى . اجابه فيليمين نفرغ مما نحن فيه هنا وبعد ذلك نمضى الى البيت . ودعا فيليمين الحمامة وقال لها امضى الى بيت روفس وقولى لمن فى داره لا تعملوا فى دارى شيئاً حتى احضر . فمضت الحمامة واوصلت الرسالة . فلما سمع الجماعة الحمامة تتكلم عجبوا جداً . وسال فيليمين الوالى ان يرسل يحضر اهل المدينة حتى يقيم الميـت . وارسل 15 الوالى جنده اتوا بالجماعة . ولما حضروا ساروا جميعاً الى موضع الميت ووجدوا اندراوس داخلاً الى المدينة . قال له فيليمين . تعال يا معلمي لتقيم الميت . قال له اندراوس . حقاً انك الذى تقيمه . وانا فيليمين الى حيث الميت وجثا على ركبتيه . وسال هكذا الرب . استمع لى يا رب الالهنا الراعى الصالح . الذى لم تتركنا رهينة فى يد العدو . بل انقذنا بدمه الزكى . استمع لى انا عبدك اسل 20 من كثرة رحمتك فاستمع دعائى . وليقم هذا الميت بقوة اسمك . ثم رفع راسه وقام وصرخ بصوت عالى . باسم يسوع المسيح الناصرى تقوم ايها الميت . وبسرعة قام الميت ولما نظرت الجماعة الميت قام حياً ازداد ايمانهم صحة بالرب يسوع المسيح . واعلبر فيليمين اندراوس حال زوجة الوالى وفعلها ببنيه . وسار كل من حضر مع اندراوس وفيليمين الى منزل روفس . وتبعهم الارامل والايتام يرجون 25 انهم يعطوا صدقة . ولما سار اندراوس الى بيت الوالى وجد ولده وحوله جمع كبير يكون عليه والحمامة قايلة عند راسه . فقال اندراوس للحمامة كم عمركى

f. 23 a

f. 23 b

قال لهم فيليمين ما استطيع ان اخالف معلمي بل اذهب واقببه كامر معلمي
اجلسوا مكانكم فان سمعتم اني تقتلت ارسلوا الى معلمي يحضر يقيمى انا
والميت . ودخل فيليمين الى المدينة وجا الى حيث الوالى وصرخ قايلاً يا
روفس توليت هذه المدينة لتخربها اين اهل المدينة لم يتلقوك بعد عند دخولك
اليها . وسمع الوالى قوله امر جنده ان يمسكوه ويعلق فى موضع العذاب وقال 5
لهم لعل هذا الذى قتل الميت لذلك لم يغفل عنه دمه . وامسكه الجند ونصبوه
فى موضع العذاب . وان فيليمين اجاب يا روفس الوالى لم تعذبنى . وانا طفل
f. 22 a لم اخطا ولا وجبت علي القضية انا شبه ابينا ادم حيث كان فى الفردوس قبل
ان تخريج حوا من ضلعه اين معلمي اندراوس لينظر تلميذه ما يفعل به
ليس فى قلبك رحمة ايها الوالى وانت تنظرنى انى طفل . ليس لك ولدا 10
لتحنوا علي فكما انت تحب ابنك ابى انا ايضاً يحبنى . وصرف وجهه الى
الجند وقال لهم فما فيكم رحوم يتحنن علي ويذهب لد الى معلمي اندراوس
ويعلمه ان تلميذه قد نصب للعذاب . ولما سمع الجند هذا بكوا من حلاوة
كلامه . قال ايضاً اما فى هذه المدينة طائر . ارسله الى لد الى معلمي اندراوس .
ياتى الي انظره قبل الميت . ولما قال هذا اجتمعت اليه طيور كثيرة وكلموه 15
كما كلموا نوح قديماً وقالوا له هوذا نحن من اردت منا ارسل فقدم اليه
عصفورا صغيرا وقال انا اخف جسر من هولاء انا اذهب واجى بمعلمك اليك
قال له فيليمين انت زانٍ لا تسرع العودة ان لقيت واحدة من جنسك فعدت
f. 22 b معها ولم تسرع العودة . فقام الغراب فقال له انا اذهب . قال له فيليمين المرة
الاولى التى ارسلت لم تعد بالخبر الى نوح مرسلك فما ارسلك . ودعا الحمامة 20
وقال لها ايها الجنس الكريم الذى سماها الله بالدعة دون جميع الطير الذى
اتيتم بالبشارة الى نوح وهو فى السفينة فى زمان الطوفان وبارك عليها الصديق .
امضى الى لد الى معلمي اندراوس وتقول له ياتى ينظر تلميذه فيليمين قد
نُصب للعذاب . فاجابه الحمامة قايلة تقوى هوذا اندراوس قد حضر وهو يسمع
كلامك . ولما سمع روفس قام بسرعة وحل فيليمين بيديه من العذاب . وقال له 25
حقاً لو ان فى هذه المدينة عشرة قتلا تركت الطلب لهم لاجلك . فلما علم

وقال للمؤمنين من منكم ان يريد الرب فلياتي الي ويستحمر بيدي. فأتت الجماعة وعمدهم كلهم باسم الاب والابن والروح القدس الاله الواحد . وعدد الذين اعتمدوا اربع الف واربع مائة نفس . وعمد الخمسين كاهنا ايضاً . بعد هذا اتا الشيطان الى المدينة . [و]وجد صبيين يلعبان احدهما ولد يوحنا قس 5 المدينة والاخر ولد رجل من اشراف المدينة . وفيما هما يلعبان . ضرب ولد يوحنا الصبي الاخر ضربة سقط من ساعته ميتاً وان اباه امسك يوحنا . وقال له سلم الي ولدك اقتله . كما قتل ولدي . والا سلمتك الي روفس الوالي ليقتلك عوضاً من ولدي الذي قتله ولدك . فبكى يوحنا بكاء عظيماً بمحضر من [فى] الجماعة . فقالت له الجماعة . لو انك تطالب باموال اديناها عنك انت تطالب بنفسك . قال لهم يوحنا . ما اريد منكم ذهباً ولا فضة بل ان يضمن احدكم وجهي 10 حتى امضى الى اندراوس فى لد يحضر يقيمه من الموتى فضمنته الجماعة لابي الصبي الى ان يمضى الى لد الى اندراوس رسول يسوع المسيح حتى يجى ويحيى له ولده . فاجابهم الى قولهم وجلس يندب ولده وسار يوحنا الى اندراوس فوجده يعمد الجماعة وخر وسجد له وقال ارحم كبر سني ولا تدعنى اموت . فاقامه اندراوس وقال له اتق بالله ولا تخف قل لى كلما اصابك فعرفه قضيته . فاجابه اندراوس لست اقدر احضر معك فى هذه الساعة لاجل هذه الجماعة الذين اعمدهم بل خذ معك فيليمين وهو يقيم الميـت . فارسل معه فيليمين يقيمه من بين الاموات . وخرجا يريدان المدينة واذا هما سايـران تشبه الشيطان برجل شيخ وجا الى والى المدينة وصرخ اليه قايلاً يا روفس انت 20 جالس والمدينة القتلا فى شوارعها مطرحين . قم واطلب القاتل والا فهانذا ماضى الى الملك اعرفه ذلك . فلما سمع روفس هذا الكلام قام بغضب كبير وامر ان يسرج له مركوبه وركب وهو غضبان جداً . ولما سمع اهل المدينة بذلك لم يبقا فيها احد الا الميـت . وقدم يوحنا وفيليمين من عند اندراوس ووجدوا الجماعة خارج المدينة وقالوا ليوحنا بعد علينا حضورك وخفنا وهوذا الوالي 25 قد سبها المدينة . فبكى يوحنا قايلاً الويل ما اصنع الميـت لم يدفن . اجابه فيليمين لا تبك انا اذهب واقيمه . قالت له الجماعة لا تدخل المدينة لئلا يقتلك الوالي

f. 21 a

f. 21 b

سمع كهنة الحنفا صوت الجمع قالوا بعضهم لبعض: ما الذى فى هذه المدينة اليوم: قالوا لهم تلميذ يسوع المسيح فى كنيسة النصارى يعلمهم ويامرهم f. 19 b ان يرفضوا الالهة ولا يحضروا الهيكل فدخلوا سيوفهم وحضروا الى البيعة ليسمعوا ان كانوا يسبون الهتهم فيقتلوه: ولما سمعوا حلاوة صوت فيليمون وهو يقرأ قايلاً هكذا ان الهة الامم ذهب وفضة صنعة ايدي الناس: لها اعين 5 لا تبصر واذان لا تسمع وانا لا تشم لها ارجل ولا تمشى لها افواه ولا تنطق ويشبه لها الذين يسجدون لها: فلما سمع الكهنة مثل هذا من قول فيليمون وحلاوة صوته بكوا ودخلوا الى البيعة: وقبلوا قدمى فيليمون: ولما نظرهم الجماعة قالوا لاندراوس يا ابانا هولاي من كهنة الهيكل: فاشار اندراوس الى الجماعة ان يسكتوا حتى تنقضى التسبيحة لانهم خافوا منهم جداً لها راوا معهم 10 السيوف وسكتوا حتى انقضت التسبيحة وقام اندراوس ابتهاداً وكان يصلى عليهم: ولما تم صلاته قال لكهنة الهيكل اجلسوا . ولما جلسوا قال يا اولادي الذين اعتنقت بهم الذين سوف الدهر كيف اتيتهم الى هذه البيعة اليوم: f. 20 a لانكم كل يوم يعبرون بكم النصارى: ضمتم ثيابكم ليلا تلمسوا ثيابهم.

اجابوه جماعة الكهنة قائلين يا ابانا اندراوس نحن نعلمك الحق انا لما سمعنا 15 انك دخلت الى هذه المدينة لتعلم وسمعنا اصوات الجمع سالنا ما الذى فى كنيسة النصارى اليوم: فعرفنا انك اتيت اليها: واتفقنا بعضنا مع بعض نحن خمسون رجلاً: واتينا كما ترانا لنسمع هل تفترون على الهتنا لنقتل كل من فى البيعة: وها نحن قد حضرنا كما ترانا . ولما سمعنا حلاوة صوت هذا الغلام حنت قلوبنا اليه ودخلنا اليك ونحن نسلك ايها التلميذ ان تعطينا 20 اليوم ما اعطيت هذه الجماعة حتى نستحق القرب من الالهك فنحن مبشرون ان لا نفارق هذا الغلام: فلما علم اندراوس ذلك قبل راس فيليمون قايلاً حقاً انك الذى قال روح القدس من سببك من البدى ان الصوت الحلو يجتمع اليه الجماعات: حقاً الذى تستحق ان تدعا مخلص النفوس كما ان الرب بدل f. 20 b اسمانا وجعل لنا اخرى هكذا انت ايضاً ولما نظر الجماعة اندراوس يرحمونه 25 امرهم ان ينتهوا الى موضع متسع فساروا الى شاطئ البحر: اجاب اندراوس

بسم الله الخالق الحي الناطق

◦ ندا اندراوس التلميذ المغبوط ◦

◦ تلميذ يسوع المسيح ونداء الذي ◦

◦ شان في مدن الكرد⁷ ولد بسلام ◦

الرب امين

5

ولما خرج التلاميذ الى العالم ينادون بالبشرى لمملكة السما تراء لهم الرب
وكلمهم قايلا 'هكذا السلام لكم يا اخوتي واحبابي وارثي المملكة. اعلّموا اني
لست افارقكم اقولكم وعاد الى متيس امره ان يسير الى مدينة الذين ياكلون
الناس. واندراوس اخيه يمر الى لد لينادي فيها هو وتلميذه فيلن ابن فيلبس.
10 فان لي فيها شعباً عظيماً قد اخترتهم فاجاب التلاميذ قائلين تكن معنا
يا رب في كل موضع تامرنا ان نسير اليه. واعطاهم الرب السلام وصعد الى
السما. وهم ينظرونه. عند⁸ ذلك سار بطرس الى الموضع⁹ الذي امره الرب.
وان متياس سال اندراوس ان يخلي معه تلميذه روفس⁷ والاسكندروس ليسيروا
معه الى طنطران فاما اندراوس وفيليمون فانهما سارا الى لد. وان فيليمون
15 كان له صوت شجي ما مثله. وكان قد تعلم الحكم بتأييد روح القدس
التي حلت عليه. وليس في التلاميذ احد يتقدمه في الحكمة الا بطرس
ويوحنا. وكان التلاميذ اذا اجتمعوا يختارون هذين الاثنين ليقوموا يقرأوا
التساويح لسمعوا حلاوة اصواتهم وان اندراوس سار الى لد. هو وفيليمون لان
نصف المدينة كانوا قد امنوا على يد⁸ بطرس. وبقي النصف الاخر بلا ايمان
20 وان اندراوس اتا الى البيعة التي للنصارى بلد. وخرجوا اليه وتلقوه. وبايديهم
اغصان الاشجار بفرح ودخل البيعة وجلس على الاسقفية. وامر فيليمون ان
يصعد على⁹ الانبل. ويقول تسبيحة الليلوا والجماعة بعده يعيدون القول. ولما

¹ Cod. *passim* التلميذ ² Cod. *passim* تلميذ ³ Cod. *passim* واد

⁴ Cod. *passim* هكذا ⁵ Cod. *passim* ذلك ⁶ Cod. *passim* الذي

⁷ Cod. *passim* ولاسكندروس ⁸ Cf. Acts ix. 35 ⁹ = ἀμβων = منبر. Ethiop. *manbar*

نبذ من كتاب اعمال الرسل
وهو من الكتب غير القانونية

THE MYTHOLOGICAL ACTS
OF THE APOSTLES

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ERRATUM.

Page 181, margin, *for* Ex. xvi. 23 *read* Ex. xvi. 33

~~THE MYTHOLOGICAL ACTS OF THE APOSTLES~~

HORAE SEMITICAE No. IV

D

**THE MYTHOLOGICAL ACTS
OF THE APOSTLES**

TRANSLATED FROM AN ARABIC MS. IN THE CONVENT OF
DEYR-ES-SURIANI, EGYPT, AND FROM MSS. IN THE CONVENT
OF ST CATHERINE ON MOUNT SINAI AND IN THE VATICAN LIBRARY

WITH A TRANSLATION OF THE PALIMPSEST FRAGMENTS
OF THE ACTS OF JUDAS THOMAS FROM COD. SIN. SYR. 30

BY

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INTRODUCTION.

THE manuscript from which I have taken most of these stories was found by Mrs Gibson and myself in the Coptic Convent of Deyr-es-Suriani, or St Mary Deipara, in the Wady Natrôn, Egypt, the monastery from which, fifty years ago, a great treasure of Syriac MSS. was conveyed to the British Museum by Messrs Tattam and Pacho. We photographed it almost completely during our first visit to the Convent in 1901, but as some of our films came to grief in the process of development, we returned in the spring of 1902, and by accepting the kind hospitality of the Egyptian Salt and Natron Company at Bir Hooker, we were enabled once more to pitch our tent outside the gate of the Convent, and by making use of a dark room kindly lent to us by the monks, to change our film-cells several times, and fill up most of the gaps of our series in the space of a single day.

From Egypt, in 1902, we proceeded for the fifth time to Mount Sinai, and there, in the Convent of St Catherine, I copied, and we together photographed, four of the stories in Cod. Sin. Arab. 539, from which Mrs Gibson had already drawn some of the texts edited by her in *Studia Sinaitica*, No. V.

When these photographs had been developed by us in Cambridge, I was disappointed to find that there were still several pages more which I had not secured. Four of these, ff. 41^b, 43^b, 49^b and 103^b, and some few lines elsewhere, I filled up very easily from two MSS. in the Bibliothèque Nationale, Paris, Fonds Arabe 75 and 81. But I found, to my great chagrin, that owing to a mistake I had totally neglected to take the last seven extant pages of the Deyr-es-Suriani MS. Without their text my list of apocryphal stories would have been incomplete; and I therefore applied to the distinguished Arabist, Professor Ignazio Guidi of Rome, to ascertain for me if an Arabic text of the Martyrdom of St James the Just exists in the Vatican Library. He replied by sending me a copy of the legend from the Roman Codex 694, and at the same time he offered to furnish me with the Martyrdom of St Paul, from the same MS. These will be found on pp. 122—126 and 182—189 of No. III.

I then thought of searching in several parcels of unused photographs, taken by my sister Mrs Gibson during our second visit to Sinai in 1893, and laid aside because she deemed their texts, or rather the photographs of them, imperfect. A little re-arrangement, in one case with the help of Tischendorf's Greek text, in another through a careful study of the little strips of neighbouring pages which so often intrude into the results of amateur photography—an eye-sore to the professional, but a joy to the puzzled editor—I found myself in possession of the Martyrdoms of SS. Peter and Paul from Cod. Sin. Arab. 405; and of a story which Mrs Gibson had already entitled a *خبر* of the same Apostles, without indicating from which manuscript she had taken it. The fact of there being only twelve lines in each page negatives the idea that it belongs to Codd. Sin. Arab. 405, 475, or 553, and in these, moreover, Mrs Gibson has called the story either a *قصة* or a *سيرة*, I presume from their respective titles. The only other books mentioned in her "Catalogue of the Arabic MSS. in the Convent of St Catherine¹," which contain a *خبر* of Peter and Paul are those numbered 441 and O respectively. O is described on pp. 130, 131 at the end of the book, and is apparently a manuscript which had lost its label before the catalogue was made. We shall run but a slight risk of mistake if we attribute the tale on pp. 150—161 to that source. Two of its pages are unfortunately missing; and the efforts which I have made to obtain these from the Sinai Convent have been unsuccessful.

Description of the several Manuscripts.

I. The Deyr-es-Suriani MS. is a paper one, imperfect at the end. It has therefore no visible date; but the script has been pronounced by Professors Guidi, E. G. Browne, and Seybold to be undoubtedly of the 14th century, and therefore within a hundred years of the period when the Coptic legends of the Apostles were translated into Arabic. The facsimiles given in No. III. will enable my readers to perceive the resemblance between its script and that of the Vatican Codex 694. Its likeness to that of the Paris Codex 75 is equally strong.

It contains 148 leaves, divided into 14 quires of 10 leaves each, with the exception of the first quire, which has only 8 leaves, and is of a much later period as regards both paper and script. Another restoration has been made in the middle of the volume which embraces ff. 59—68, and therefore

¹ *Studia Sinaitica*, No. III.

the greater part of the story of St John. The leaves measure $23\frac{1}{2}$ by 16 centimetres, and contain each about 17 lines. Their edges have been carefully mended with strips of paper pasted over the margins. These prevented us from ascertaining whether there are any quire-marks; and they also occasionally hide half a line of the text. In such cases the lacunae have been supplied from the Paris MSS. 75 and 81. On f. 1^b there is a table of contents written in a sprawling hand of a much later period. Ff. 2^a—19^b contain a legend of St Peter so nearly similar to the one already published by Mrs Gibson in *Studia Sinaitica*, No. V. that I have not thought proper to include it in my volume. F. 148^b, where the Martyrdom of St James ends, contains also the beginning of the story of St Mark. I have followed the sequence, taking that story from the Sinai Codex 539.

The legends of James, son of Alphæus, and of Simon have also been published by Mrs Gibson in *Studia Sinaitica*, No. V. from Cod. Sin. Arab. 539. But as I was unwilling to make my own series imperfect through their omission, I have given a collation of Mrs Gibson's text along with that of the Suriani MS. I have done the same with a text of the story of Thaddeus, which I found in both MSS. All we know about the history of this manuscript is contained in the colophon at the foot of f. 44^b. This tells us that it was written in Deyr-es-Suriani in the Monastery of Our Lady.

The rubrics which occur in the unpublished part are :

- f. 2 a بعون الهه ابتدى اكتب سير الحواريون الاطهار
 ونداهم وشهادتهم ندا القديس بطرس راس
 التلاميذ صلاته تكون معنا امين
- f. 13 a ✠ هذه شهادة بطرس السليم رئيس ✠
 ✠ تلاميذ سيدنا يسوع المسيح بمدينة ✠
 ✠ رومية كان تمامها فى خمسة ايام من ✠
 ✠ ابيب صلاته تكون معنا امين ✠
- f. 143 b شهادة يعقوب الصديق اخى الرب التلميذ المبارك
 الذى تمها فى ثمانية عشر يوما من ابيب بسلام الرب امين
- f. 147 a شهادة مرقس الانجيلى بالاسكندرية فى
 ثلثين سنة لالام الرب المخلص بسلام الرب امين

II. *Cod. Sin. Arab. 535*, from which I have taken the stories of Saint Mark and Saint Luke, with a version of the legend of Saint John, similar to that published in Syriac by Dr Wright, has been already described by Mrs Gibson in her 'Catalogue of the Arabic MSS. in the Convent of St Catherine.' It is a paper manuscript of the sixteenth century, containing 277 leaves, each having 17 lines and measuring 20 centimetres by 13. Many of its pages bear Syriac numerals; and I observe that these differ from those which we have given them by one figure only. Mrs Gibson has quite correctly ascertained the date of the manuscript to be A.D. 1575. The writing is cramped and difficult to read.

III. *Cod. Vat. Arab. 634*, from which Dr Gieseli has supplied me with the *Martyrdom of St James the Just* and of *St Paul*, is a paper manuscript of the fourteenth century, containing 161 leaves. It measures 16 centimetres by 12, each page having 15 lines of writing. The original numeration of the leaves is in Coptic-Arabic cyphers. The script of ff. 1—30, which include the *Martyrdom of Paul*, is larger than that of the rest of the manuscript. A description of it will be found in *Mai, Script. Vat. Novae Collectio*, Vol. IV. p. 378.

IV. *Cod. Sin. Arab. 405*, from which I have taken the *Martyrdom of St Paul and St Peter*, has also been described in Mrs Gibson's catalogue. It is an uninked paper MS. probably of a late period, containing 236 leaves, each measuring 33 centimetres by 21, with 21 lines to the page. The script is very clear, but as the texts which I have given from it were found by me amongst my sister's photographs only after our last visit to Sinai, I am unable to give any further details about the manuscript.

V. The same may be said of the Sinai manuscript marked O, from which I have taken the *ꝤꝤ*. It is paper, is imperfect at the beginning, and contains 224 leaves. From the script, if Mrs Gibson's photographs indeed belong to O, we judge that it belongs to some period between the twelfth and the fifteenth century.

VI. *Cod. Paris. Fonds Arabe 81* is a paper MS. of 241 leaves, measuring 22 cm. by 15. It has 11, 12 or 13 lines on each page. Its script, which is that of the sixteenth century, is punctuated by red stops. I have used it to make good the loss of my Suriani photographs, ff. 41^b, 43^b, 45^b.

VII. *Cod. Paris. Fonds Arabe 75*, from which I have filled in the lacuna of f. 103^b, is a paper MS. of 125 leaves, measuring each 22 cm. by 15. It has 15 lines on the page. It is assigned to the fourteenth




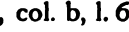

¹ *Apocryphal Acts of the Apostles*, pp. 4—72.

century, and its script bears a strong resemblance to that of the Suriani MS.

VIII. Cod. Sin. Syr. 30, from which I have copied thirty-seven pages of the Acts of Judas Thomas in Syriac, is too well known to need any further description than that which I have already published¹. I need only recapitulate. John the Stylite of Beth Mari Qanôn, [in] Ma'arrath Meşrîn the city Kûrab [or Kaukab] of Antioch, in the year A.D. 778, turned a fourth century Syriac manuscript of the Four Gospels into a palimpsest by writing above its sacred text a collection of biographies of Holy Women. As the Gospel manuscript did not suffice for his purpose, he made use of portions torn from other MSS. one of these being the Acts of Judas Thomas, which furnished him with twenty leaves—forty pages. Eight of these pages, viz. ff. 146^a, 146^b, 159^a, 166^b, 167^a, 168^b, 169^a, 170^a, have been already partly deciphered from my photographs by Mr Burkitt, and published in *Studia Sinaitica*, No. IX. The text of these will be found almost complete in my Appendix. Three pages only, out of the forty extant, have wholly baffled my efforts. It must be well understood that wherever Mr Burkitt says (*Studia Sinaitica*, No. IX. pp. 35—39): *S* illegible, he is referring only to my photographs, and not to the manuscript.

The interest of these fragments lies, as Mr Burkitt has already pointed out, in the fact that they furnish us with a text at least four hundred years earlier than any hitherto known: and I trust that by placing the variants in Dr Wright's text, which is from a MS. of the tenth century, on the same page as the Sinai one, I shall enable scholars to see at a glance on what principles the process of amplification and of would-be improvement proceeded.

As a just tribute to the memory of a great scholar and an esteemed friend, I have indicated by a star those words in which the ancient text agrees with a conjecture of Dr Wright's, whilst he was editing the later one. These have come to light without the slightest design on my part, for I made no use of his marginal notes while I was copying from the palimpsest.

It is worth noticing that the reading  in f. 164 a, col. a, l. 12 was originally in Dr Wright's MS.; and so were  l. 3;  in f. 157 a, col. b, l. 6;  in f. 141 b, col. a, l. 14; and  in f. 169 a, col. b, l. 1.

¹ See *The Four Gospels in Syriac*, transcribed from the Sinaitic Palimpsest. By Robert L. Bensly, J. Rendel Harris and F. Crawford Burkitt. Introduction, p. xvi.

Value of the Apocryphal Acts of the Apostles.

The Apocryphal Acts of the Apostles in their original Greek form have been edited and examined by many competent scholars, such as Lipsius, Thilo, Tischendorf, Zahn, etc., in their Syriac version by Dr William Wright, and in their Ethiopic version by Malan and Budge, but in Coptic and Arabic we have had until now only a few fragments due to the zeal and diligence of Zoëga, Mingarelli, Guidi, von Lemm, and Carl Schmidt. The subject is a fascinating one, where the legends do not attempt to cover the same ground as that already occupied by the canonical narrative of St Luke; partly because we are not without the hope that some grains of historical fact may be detected amongst a mass of fanciful adventures; and partly because we have here specimens of the kind of history that might have appeared in the New Testament, if that priceless little library of books had come to us from a purely human source.

The great labour of investigation being thus for the most part spared to me, I cannot do better than prefix to my own remarks a few quotations from the writings of some of the great scholars whom I have already named.

Dr Guidi says: "Probably in the fifth or sixth century some Greek texts containing apocryphal Acts of the Apostles were translated into Coptic. Afterwards imitations and local legends, of Egyptian origin, were added to them. More texts of these Acts were gradually formed, not in the Sahidic dialect alone, but one also in the sub-Sahidic or Middle Egyptian dialect. When the Coptic language had died, a translation was made into the language which was then generally understood in Egypt, that is, into the Arabic; and this was occasioned by that ecclesiastical and literary movement which may be observed in the thirteenth century, in the Patriarchate of Alexandria. The Ethiopic translation was made from the Arabic in its turn. The book now forms a systematically arranged whole; it comprehends the Apostles and the Evangelists, and of each it relates separately the Preaching and the Martyrdom. It has served also as a source for later works, like the Synaxaria, etc. We have therefore a special group of Apocryphal Acts belonging exclusively to the Alexandrian Patriarchate, in its own three languages, Coptic, Arabic, and Ethiopic, a group whose Coptic texts, being the most ancient, are incomparably the most important and most deserving of being generally known¹."

Of those legends which have been imitated from the Greek rather than translated by Coptic authors Dr Guidi mentions specially the Acts of St Philip, those of St Andrew and St Bartholomew, and those of Judas Thaddeus.

¹ *Gli Atti apocrifi degli Apostoli*, page 14.

Lipsius says: "As early as the second century numerous legendary reports concerning the fates of the Apostles were in circulation, in part, at least, of a very romantic character....Not a few of such narratives owe their origin simply to an endeavour to satisfy the pious curiosity or taste for the marvellous in members of the primitive church; while others subverted the local interests of particular towns or districts which claimed to have derived their Christianity from the missionary activity of one of the Apostles, or their line of bishops from one immediately ordained by him. It likewise not infrequently happened that party spirit, theological or ecclesiastical, would take advantage of a pious credulity to further its own ends by manipulating the older legends, or inventing others entirely new, after a carefully preconceived form and pattern. And so almost every fresh editor of such narratives, using that freedom which all antiquity was wont to allow itself in dealing with literary monuments, would recast the materials which lay before him, excluding whatever might not suit his theological point of view—dogmatic statements, for example, speeches, prayers, etc., for which he would substitute other formulæ of his own composition; and further expanding or abridging after his own pleasure, as the immediate object which he had in view might dictate. Only with the simply miraculous parts of the narrative was the case different. These passed unaltered and unquestioned from one hand to another.....

"Although therefore these fables originated for the most part in heretical quarters, we find them at a later period among the cherished possessions of ordinary Catholics; acquaintance with them being perpetually renewed, or their memory preserved in Catholic Christendom, partly by the festal homilies of eminent fathers, and partly by religious poetry and works of sacred art.....

"From all this it is clear that any comprehensive critical examination of the apocryphal Acts of the Apostles will have great difficulties to contend with¹."

We find the titles of some of these legends, together with those of the *Protevangelium Jacobi* and *Transitus Mariæ* included in the Roman *Index Librorum Prohibitorum*, sometimes ascribed to Pope Gelasius (A.D. 494) or to Hormisdas (514) but more probably of the 8th century, and especially

Actus nomine Andreæ apostoli;

Actus nomine Thomæ apostoli libri decem;

Actus nomine Philippi apostoli, apocryphi;

and

Libri omnes quos fecit Leucius discipulus diaboli².

"In the second century" (I quote from Lipsius), "there were not only numerous apocryphal legends of the Apostles in circulation, but also many written statements, which are still preserved in a more or less revised condition; Ebionistic κηρύγματα and περίοδοι are to be found in the extensive Pseudo-Clementine literature....But the histories of the Apostles which arose in Gnostic circles have a much greater importance for Church History. Gnostic Acts of Peter and Paul were certainly,

¹ Smith and Wace's *Dictionary of Christian Biography*, vol. 1. pp. 18, 19.

² See Rev. W. E. Scudamore in Smith and Wace's *Dictionary of Christian Antiquities*, vol. 11. pp. 1721, 1722.

Gnostic Acts of John were probably, read in the second century. From the fourth century we meet with distinct traces of a collection of *περίοδοι τῶν ἀποστόλων* widely diffused in Gnostic and Manichæan circles, which probably had the same compass from the beginning, as Photius (bibl. cod. 114) expressly testifies to us. According to him, it comprehended the Acts of Peter, John, Andrew, Thomas, and Paul. This collection, which is attributed to Leucius Charinus, is considered to be a heretical fabrication, by the unanimous decree of the Church teachers....

But "the use, which Church writers like Clement of Alexandria, and the author of the so-called second letter of the Roman Clement, make of some Apocryphal Gospels, as, for example, of the *εὐαγγέλιον κατ' Αἰγυπτίους*, establishes a fact important for the history of the second century, viz., that there was a time when the Gnostic Docetism and Modalism were not yet excluded from the Church, and in which also the products of Gnostic literature were used in Church circles.

"Therefore these Apocryphal Acts of the Apostles claim a place as noteworthy documents of Christian antiquity. But not only are they of importance for the history of dogmas and sects, but also for the history of the Canon, for that of ritual and of ecclesiastical use¹.

"Recent investigations have shown, that some genuine recollections have been preserved in a great portion of these Apocryphal histories of the Apostles. These refer, with a few exceptions, not to the Apostolic legends themselves, but to their setting, to the pre-supposed secular historical background, to the geographical and ethnographical scenery, sometimes also to local forms of heathen worship...."

"Attempts to derive profit in any comprehensive way from these legends for the history of the Apostles and of the Apostolic age, have until now almost always proved futile²."

But heretical fancies are not the only forces which have influenced the composition of these Acts. Paganism has been as hard to kill as the Lernean Hydra; and its re-appearance in a baptized world may frequently be detected. The Stoic philosophy, taking advantage of some of our Lord's sayings which are recorded in the Gospel, and isolating them from the rest of New Testament teaching, perpetuated itself in those ultra-ascetic practices which we find emphasized on ff. 81 a, 95 a, 106 b of our manuscript. It is not the Ephesian Artemis alone who has lent her virgin attendants, her perpetual maidenhood, her power of bestowing fertility upon the fields of her worshippers, and of healing their diseases, her candles, her gilded crown and brocaded mantle³ to the humble Galilean maiden whose real and immortal glory no such tinsel can adorn; but as Dr Rendel Harris has lately shewn us, the Heavenly Twins, Castor and Pollux, have been made to transfer their power and their attributes to Judas Thomas, and to his Divine Master⁴. The parallels which Dr Harris has shewn to exist

¹ *Die apocryphen Apostelgeschichten und Apostellegenden*, vol. 1. pp. 2—5.

² *Ibid.* pp. 10, 11.

³ See Cod. Sin. Arab. 539 f. 98 a.

⁴ *The Dioscuri in Christian Literature*, pp. 20—41.

between the legend of the heathen Twins and that of Judas Thomas, such as that of both practising the craft of carpentry and architecture, their being drivers or tamers of wild asses, and having India assigned to them as their sphere of operations, will apply equally well to the legend which has come to us from the Greek through a Coptic version and to that which is supposed to have a Syriac origin. The hypothesis of a Pagan source for this story will account more readily than any other for the monstrous figment that Judas Thomas was the "Twin of the Christ." And quite possibly Dr Harris may be right in thinking that all endeavours to verify the names of localities and of persons which are found in some of these legends will only lead to disappointment: their true origin being in the unhistorical regions of myth and romance.

These stories have long borne the title of Apocryphal Acts. But the adjective "mythological" surely gives us a more correct idea of their character. For the Apocrypha of the Old Testament bear some sort of relation both to the Hebrew canonical books and to historic fact, whereas in these legends the Apostles of Him Who never wrought a miracle merely for effect are degraded to the level of the heathen wizards for whom we are so frequently told that they were mistaken. And there is a family likeness in the doings of them all. They are represented as adepts in the art of causing people to be suspended in the air, of making the earth swallow up their enemies, and of restoring the dead to life. Some of these ideas are borrowed from Old Testament History, and some from the Gospels; but only one legend, the Preaching of Matthew, has the faintest touch of that convincing simplicity and congruity with the conditions of actual human life which we find in the Lucan "Acts of the Apostles."

NOTES ON THE ARABIC TEXT.

We may safely assume that all the tales contained in the Deyr-es-Suriani MS. are translated from the Coptic. We judge this from the occurrence of the Coptic names of the months, and of the Egyptian word for temple *هيرا*, pl. *هراي*, which, as Dr Guidi has pointed out, is a corruption of the Sahidic *π'ερε*. The letter *ه* in the MS. and the *ه* distinctive of feminine words, are written without their diacritical points, but I have generally supplied these in the printed text, as the reader might otherwise have found it perplexing to distinguish the one from *ه* and the other from the pronominal suffix *ه*. I have also supplied dots to final *ي* when it is a possessive pronoun. The vowel points are for the most part clearly and

Deyr-es-Suriani MS.

correctly written ; but considerations of economy have prevented me from reproducing them in print.

Owing to the loss of three photographic negatives, I have had to fill in the text of f. 41 b in the *اعمال اندراوس وبرتلموس*, f. 43 b in the *شهادة اندراوس* and f. 49 b in the *شهادة يعقوب ابن زبدى* from the Paris Codex, Fonds Arabe 81, and of f. 103 b in the *شهادة تياس* from Fonds Arabe 75.

In f. 45 b and elsewhere the final Alif in the 3rd person plural masculine of the preterite verb is frequently omitted.

In f. 54 a I am indebted to Mr A. Cowley of the Bodleian Library, Oxford, for restoring a line at the foot of the page which my camera had failed to include. The words supplied by him are taken from f. 31^b of Cod. Bodl. Or. 541, a very late manuscript.

The word which I have printed *مدبر* on p. 34, l. 24, is from Fonds Arabe 81. It is *مدنة* in the Suriani text, and does not exist in the Bodleian one. I could not have edited *مدينة* without making nonsense, as any one will perceive who attempts to translate the passage. Dr Budge renders the word "Fort" in his translation from the Ethiopic. It had evidently given trouble to more than one Arab scribe, seeing that some have made it quite unintelligible.

The name which I have translated Domna in the story of John is in the Suriani MS. sometimes written *زمنة*, sometimes *دمنه*. I have adopted the latter, because it is the form used in the Roman Codex 694. This will be seen from the fragment edited by Professor Guidi in *Gli Atti apocrifi degli Apostoli*, p. 10, l. 1.

The later quire which has been inserted in the story of John, ff. 59^a—68^b, presents many difficulties to an editor, owing to inaccuracies of spelling, which I have corrected without drawing attention separately to them. It will suffice to say that *ت* is generally written *ة* and *vice versa*, that words and sentences are frequently repeated, and that there is no punctuation except what I have introduced.

In f. 66 a (l. 6 of p. 41) a word has been omitted by the scribe. In Cod. Arab. Vat. 694 this word is *كامادبى* and in Fonds Arabe 81 it is *كامادبا*. In Dr Budge's translation from the Ethiopic it is "Kāmādagt."

The name *اردميس* is so frequently treated as that of a male divinity in these legends that in f. 67 a, l. 1, we are pleased to find it furnished with a feminine adjective. The mistake of making this goddess masculine is very difficult to account for on the theory of the stories being originally Greek. We suspect that the passages where it occurs have been manipulated by ignorant Egyptians.

In f. 68 a (p. ٤٨, ll. 3, 4) I have ventured to treat the phrase beginning **ولا تكون ظاهرة في العيون والاذان الحاسية** not as a direct negative, but as an example of the Semitic idiom to which attention has been drawn in the *Expository Times*, vol. xi. pp. 429, 439 etc., by Dr F. Hommel in connection with Jeremiah vii. 22 and Luke xiv. 12; also, I may add, John vi. 27. Here the introduction of the word "only" after "not" materially alters the sense; but I think that it gives the meaning of the supposed speaker.

In f. 72 b (page ٥٢, l. 1) there is the uncommon word **تستصرون** which I have failed to find elsewhere. It is very distinct in my photograph.

In f. 74 a (p. ٥٣, l. 6) we have **نحن نعبد تمثال بشر**, "we worship the statue of a man." Here the Arabic which lies behind Dr Budge's Ethiopic text must have had **تمثال نسر**, "the statue of an eagle."

In f. 101 a (p. ٧٧, l. 19) the phrase **انه قام** is twice repeated. This points to the conclusion that the scribe of the manuscript was copying an earlier one and was not translating from another language. There is a similar repetition at the foot of f. 115 b and the top of f. 116 a of **وقال له تقوا يا متاوس المبارك وتشدد امانتك**. The word **سمع** having been dropped in f. 111 b (p. ٨٧, l. 10) is additional evidence of the fact.

In ff. 119 b, 120 a, **مارتمريم** and **لعنهم الله** in Cod. Sin. Arab. 539 are in a later hand.

In f. 120 a the scribe of Cod. Sin. Arab. 539 has not understood the Coptic month **امشير** (ⲙⲉⲩⲩⲣ) and therefore he has turned it into **شهر** **تشير الاول**.

In f. 122 a the name of the bishop appointed by Simon is given in the Suriani text as **مرسلس** and in the Sinai one as **قرنيليوس**.

In f. 122 b it is stated that Simon's martyrdom took place **في تسعة من** **ابيب**, while the Sinai MS. has **في عشرة ايام من شهر ايار**.

In f. 126 b the readings of the Suriani text are not so good as those of the later Sinai ones marked v, w, and z.

In f. 127 a (p. 106, l. 6) the word **علمنا** is written above the line. This is an indication that the text of the Suriani MS. was copied from an older one.

In f. 133 a the name **بعل زبول** for **بعلزبوب** is quaint and appropriate.

At the beginning of f. 140 a two lines which I have failed to include in my photograph of the Suriani MS. have been kindly supplied to me by my friend M. Léon Dorez, of the Bibliothèque Nationale, Paris, from Fonds Arabe 81. From the same source I copied a missing line at the end of 140 b.

The Sinai Arabic MS. 539 has a script which is very difficult to

Sin. Arab.
539.

decipher, being cramped and too often devoid of diacritical points. I copied the stories of St Mark and St Luke and the variants in that of Thaddæus from the manuscript itself. But for the story of St John I have had to depend on photographs, some of which were very far from being successful, and it is not too much to say that the text of this tale has cost me more labour than that of all the other tales together. I regret that a few lines are at present beyond my power to recall.

This legend of St John has certainly come to us through the Syriac. It is only what we should expect, from the fact of our already possessing the Syriac version edited by Dr Wright. But we also find in it Syriac words for which the translator has not given us an Arabic equivalent. Such are *ملوا* on f. 99 a and *تعية* on f. 106 b.

In f. 99 a *الاحزان* is evidently a mistake for *الاحرار*, because the Syriac version has *ܕܢܐܚܪܐܢ*.

In f. 99 a (p. 131, l. 15) several words have evidently been dropped by the scribe; the Syriac equivalent for them being *ܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܪܝܢܐ* (Wright, p. 100, l. 8).

The blanks and defects in ff. 101 a, 102 a, 103 a, 104 a and 105 a are due to imperfections in my photographs.

خبر The *خبر* of Peter and Paul is, as I have already said, very imperfect. I have been unable to find another MS. which contains it.

In the last line of f. 10^b we find the Syriac word *ܡܫܟܐ*, *ܢܫܐ* which I have ventured to translate "cup."

Another Syriacism occurs in the last word of f. 15^a, the last line of f. 19^b, and elsewhere. I have found a difficulty in deciding whether to translate *ܪܘܡܐ* and *ܪܘܡܐ* as "Romans" or as the Palestinian Syriac word *ܪܘܡܐ*, which is used in Matthew viii. 9, xxvi. 57 and other passages (see Schwally's *Idioticon*, p. 88).

Sin. Arab.
405.

In Cod. Sin. Arab. 405, p. 19, the Vizier of Agrippa is called *انارخوس*. I can only conjecture that this is a corruption of the Greek word *ναύαρχος*. Marcus Vipsanius Agrippa was appointed to the command of the Roman fleet in 32 B.C.¹ He was one of the most distinguished and important men of the age of Augustus; and quite possibly one of his sons or nephews may have held a similar position.

In Cod. Vat. Arab. 694, *ܕ*, *ܐ*, and *ܙ* are always written without dots; and Dr Guidi has preferred to leave them so, excepting in the case of *الدى* and of words *نظر* and other words where the meaning might have been misunderstood.

¹ Smith's *Dictionary of Greek and Roman Biography*, vol. 1. p. 79.

NOTES ON THE ENGLISH TRANSLATION.

The Preaching of Andrew.

It is satisfactory that the Arabic text agrees with the Ethiopic one in placing Andrew's missionary activity among the Kurds¹. But it differs from it in sending both Andrew and Philemon to 𐤀, which a reference in f. 19 a to Peter's activity plainly shows to be Lydda in the plain of Sharon, as against the Ledyā or Lydia of the Ethiopic version².

We meet with Rufus and Alexander again in the story of Saint Matthias f. 134 a. Tintarān is 𐌲𐌹𐌲𐌲𐌹𐌸 in Dr Budge's Ethiopic text.

Rufus the Governor is Rōḵōs or Raukas in the Ethiopic.

The name of the negro in f. 26 a is Māgānā. In the Ethiopic it is Makār.

Both Eusebius (*H. E.* III. 25) and Epiphanius (*Haer.* lib. II. tom. I, xlviii. 1; lxi. 1; lxiii. 2) inform us that the *Acta Andreae* is the work of heretics. As such it was condemned in the *Decretum Gelasii*.

This legend is not the same as the *Acta Andreae* edited by Tischendorf (*Acta Apost. Apoc.* pp. 105—131).

The Acts of Andrew and Bartholomew.

The city in which these two disciples together preached bears in the Ethiopic version the name of Bārtōs. This is evidently a corruption of Parthos, which is found in Coptic manuscripts³. I have resisted the temptation to assimilate the Arabic name, which is always either Barbaros, or El-Barbar, to this.

We again meet with the name El-Barbar, as the city where Andrew preached, in the Acts of Matthew, f. 107 b, and in the Preaching of Saint Matthias, ff. 130 a, 139 b, of the Suriani MS. Here the Ethiopic version has "the country of the Greeks⁴," and Tischendorf's Greek text has in the first place ἐν τῇ χώρᾳ, ἣ ἦν διδάσκων ὁ Ἀνδρέας, and in the second εἰς τὴν χώραν τῶν βαρβάρων. Dr Guidi tells us that the cities of El-Barbar are mentioned by Abū-l-Barakāt ibn Kabar (MS. Vat. Arab. 106) as one of the places in which Andrew preached⁵.

¹ Malan's text has *Acradis*, p. 99.

² Budge, *Contendings of the Apostles*, vol. II. p. 163.

³ Lipsius, *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. II. part 2, p. 76.

⁴ Budge, *Contendings of the Apostles*, vol. II. pp. 269, 287.

⁵ *Acti apocriph*, p. 7.

The country of the Oases is rendered in the Ethiopic version by "the city (or country) of Sewá which is called 'Alwáh." This is identified by Dr Budge with the Oasis of Siwah, or of Jupiter Ammon, in the Libyan desert not far from Asyût¹. Máctarân is evidently the same as the Ethiopic Maḳātrân and Ghâryanûs as 'Azrëyânos.

It is difficult to explain how the city of El-Betas has become Mēḵôs.

We find the name of Macedonia in both Arabic and Ethiopic, and if the name Bártôs be a corruption of Parthos, we can only wonder at the wide range of Bartholomew's travels—from the Libyan desert to Parthia, and thence to Macedonia. But if El-Barbar be the true name, it may possibly apply to Thrace, whose inhabitants were still at that period notorious for their ferocity.

Either Parthia or Thrace would be in harmony with the statement at the beginning of the Ethiopic version of St Andrew's martyrdom, that he continued to travel about in the country of 'Askátyá (Scythia).

In the Martyrdom of St Andrew the name Aknîs bears a very distant resemblance to 'Askátyá². Behind Argânqûs or Argyânôs we are told by Lipsius to find Achaia³. The Safras of the Arabic version and the Sûḵes or Sakos of the Ethiopic one mean the same place, but we cannot identify it.

The Story of James the Son of Zebedee.

In the story of James, son of Zebedee, we have a gleam of historical truth in the statement that the lot of John his brother was Asia, although the dense cloud of human ignorance through which it comes to us has distorted the province into a city. After preaching and founding a Church in the "city of India" James is evidently confounded with his namesake, the Lord's brother, and author of the canonical Epistle, for he goes out to the scattered Twelve Tribes, who all still remain under the dominion of Herod. He is put to death by that potentate, in accordance with the narrative in Acts xii. 2. Herod Agrippa I died in A.D. 44, and Nero did not succeed to the imperial throne till A.D. 54, so the linking of their names together in this legend is a glaring anachronism. The Arabic version says that the Apostle was buried in Niqta, which is called Ravina; the Ethiopic in Kôṭ, of Mâmrëkê = Marmorica. Niqta and Kôṭ may have something in common, but no successful attempt has been made to identify any of these places. We should have thought that James's burial-place was to be looked for near Jerusalem.

¹ *Ibid.* p. 183.

² Malan, *Asacatia*, p. 113.

³ *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. I. pp. 621, 622.

It is worthy of remark that this legend contains no mention of the beautiful story told by Clement of Alexandria in a lost book, the 7th of his *Hypotyposes*, and recorded by Eusebius (*H. E.* II. 9); according to which the accuser of James was so moved by witnessing his confession that he declared his belief in Christianity, and after receiving the Apostle's kiss was beheaded along with him. In this case verily truth is more romantic than fiction.

Malan's translation from the Ethiopic gives Antioch as the scene of James's preaching, Bagte and Marke as the place of his burial. In Bagte we recognize our Arabic Niqta, in Marke Dr Budge's Māmṛēkē.

The Travels of John the Son of Zebedee.

The Greek of this story will be found in Zahn's *Acta Joannis*, pp. 3—44. It is said to have been written by Prochorus, one of the seven deacons whose election by the multitude of the disciples and ordination by the Apostles is recorded in Acts vi. 5. Dr Budge's Ethiopic version says that he was of the family of St Stephen, the Arabic versions that he wrote it "because of St Stephen¹." As Stephen died before St John was established in Ephesus, this may mean that Prochorus had become aware, through the early death of his colleague, that all the disciples were not to remain until the second coming of our Lord; and so for the benefit of posterity he recorded in a written document the narrative of his experiences with St John. The discrepancy betwixt the Arabic and the Ethiopic in this passage shows the kind of alteration to which these legends have been subjected in the process of translation from one language into another.

We learn from Lipsius² that the Greek text of these *πράξεις Ἰωάννου* was first published by Michael Neander in an Appendix to Martin Luther's small Catechism, with a Latin translation by Sebastian Castalio (Basel, 1567, pp. 526—663). Two fragments in the Coptic version were published by Mingarelli in 1785. Thilo, Tischendorf, and Usener have all worked at the Greek text, and critical editions of it have been published by the Archimandrite Amphilochius, Zahn, and Bonnet.

The text of the Ethiopic version has been published by Dr Budge (1901), the translation of it into English by Malan (1871) and Budge (1901).

This legend is fundamentally different from the Leucian "History of

¹ Malan, "Companion of St Stephen."

² *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. 1. pp. 355 ff.

St John at Ephesus," whose Syriac version was published by Dr Wright in 1871, the corresponding Arabic and English of which will be found on pp. 134—141 of No. III. and pp. 157—171. Yet they have several features in common. Both begin with an address of Peter to the assembled Apostles; both narrate the arrival of Saint John at Ephesus, and how he became a servant to the keeper of a bath-house. But in one story this keeper is a man, in the other a redoubtable woman. In both a young man is slain and then restored to life. But here the resemblance ends. The tale of the youth Damis has nothing in common with that of the youth Menelaus, nor is the story of the blazing oil in the least like that of the weeping devil. The Decease of Saint John which follows is substantially the same in both texts, and this makes us hope that underneath both there may be a substratum of truth. In the narrative attributed to Prochorus, Lipsius points out that the dislike of John to go to Asia (f. 51 b) when commanded by the Lord to do so was a stereotyped Gnostic idea, appearing also in the Acts of Thomas (f. 89 a), in those of Andrew and Matthias (f. 130 a), and in the Syriac version of the Acts of Philip (Wright, vol. II. p. 69).

This story contains some of those incidental allusions to heathen customs which give to these legends their abiding value. The story of the living girl in f. 57 a, who had been buried beneath the foundation-stone of Dioscorides' bath-house, has lately received a remarkable confirmation from the exploration at Ta'annek in Palestine conducted by Professor Sellin. Here not only under temples and public buildings, but under the foundations of ten private houses, human skeletons were discovered; silent witnesses to the iniquity of their own Canaanite and perhaps early Israelite countrymen. And at Gezer, Mr Stewart Macalister has found unmistakeable relics of foundation-sacrifices in the skeletons of five adults and of at least ten children—all Amorite.

That this horrible practice was once widely prevalent amongst heathen nations we have abundant proof through the researches of scholars and missionaries. In a treatise by P. Sartori in the *Zeitschrift für Ethnologie* (xxx. 1898, pp. 5—19), we learn that the name "Dahomey" springs from the story of Tacudonu, King of Foy, in the 17th century, having buried his benefactor, King Da, of Canna, alive under a new palace, whose name was extended over the surrounding district, and that there the custom still prevails.

In Siam, quite lately, human victims were buried under the new gates of cities. At Tavoy in Tenasserim about the middle of the nineteenth

century a criminal was placed under every post of a gate and his spirit was expected to become a protecting demon. In Mandalay, in Rangoon, in Cambodia, in Shanghai¹, in Alaska¹, and in Japan, the unholy rite has been recently observed. At Sialkot in the Punjab and Suram in Georgia the only son of a widow had to be sacrificed for the stability of a fortress. Even in Calcutta, so late as 1800, a report was spread that the Government intended to slay a number of human beings during the construction of a new harbour. Persian tradition speaks of a town-wall in which a layer of bricks was made to alternate with a layer of corpses. And the petrified body of the Blessed slave Geronimo, built into the concrete of the city-walls in the sixteenth century, may still be seen at Algiers.

Crossing the Atlantic, we find that the temple of Chibchos in Sagamozo (Colombia) stood upon people who had been buried alive, and a palace in Bogota upon the corpses of girls.

The custom was, and perhaps is still, widely prevalent in New Zealand and the islands of the Pacific. Mr John Jackson saw at Rewa in the Fiji group, when a house was being built for the chief's son, slaves who were made to jump into the holes prepared for the foundation-posts. Earth was then heaped over them, and the posts fixed above. Sometimes these posts were held in the arms of these buried men.

Traces of the custom have been observed in the history of ancient Rome and of Carthage. When Seleucus Nicator founded the city of Antioch on the Orontes, a maiden was slain in the centre of the river by the high-priest, and was supposed to become the Fortune of the city. Alexander the Great offered another when he founded Alexandria. A virgin named Gregoria was sacrificed by Augustus for Ancyra; another named Antigone by Tiberius for the theatre at Antioch; and another named Calliope for the restored city itself after the great earthquake².

Traces of the same rite have been observed at Copenhagen, at the cloister of Maulbronn in Würtemberg, the Castle of Liebenstein in Thuringia¹, Scutari in Asia Minor¹, the Bridge Gate of Bremen¹, the Cathedral of Strassburg, a castle at Novgorod, a bridge at Visegrad in Bosnia, and one over the Struma in Bulgaria, at Mostar in Herzegovina, at Arta in Epirus, the Monastery of Curtea de Argis, in Wallachia¹, and in the tower of Cetinje in Montenegro. At Winneburg, on the Moselle,

¹ See H. Clay Trumbull, *The Threshold Covenant*, pp. 45—52.

² See Lasaulx, *The Sacrifices of the Greeks and Romans*, p. 247.



the ancient seat of the Metternichs, the architect's daughter lies beneath the foundation-stone.

The classical example in Scotland is the burial of the living Oran, by St Columba, while the monastery at Iona was being built¹.

In 1841 the people of Halle believed that a child would be immured in the new Elizabeth bridge, and those of Göltzschtal near Reichenbach thought that this had really been done in the case of a railway bridge. For a curious recent illustration from Asia Minor, I am informed by Dr Rendel Harris that, after the laying of the foundation-stone of a new Protestant Church near Harpoot by the American missionaries, the native workmen sacrificed a lamb in the trench, and placed its head in the foundation-stone. We have there the first stage of the abandonment of the human sacrifice by the substitution of an animal; a later stage will be the placing of ransom money in the stone, a custom which prevails at the present time.

Lipsius considers that the prayer of John whilst breaking the bread reported on f. 69 b is unmistakeably Docetic. "Who permitteth Himself to be called by that name," points to the doctrine that the union of the Godhead with the manhood of Jesus was only a temporary arrangement for the benefit of man². And there is a Gnostic idea in the disappearance of John's body f. 71 b (Cod. Sin. Arab. 539, ff. 109 a, 109 b).

Zahn places the first written form of this story quite 400 years after the death of John³, but considers that it arose certainly before A.D. 160, and probably before A.D. 140⁴, and that a material gain for our historical knowledge may be won by a rigid separation of what can be proved in it and what is only imaginary. "Romance," he says, "has laid hold of the forms of the Apostles at a time when reliable information about them was still abundant; at a time also when romance would find acceptance with their contemporaries only by a close alliance with unforgotten historical facts⁵."

He considers the Liturgy of the Lord's Supper in f. 69 b as of equal antiquity with the oldest prayer of the Church and the oldest sermon⁶.

¹ *This is a most curious tale. The devil threw down the walls of the chapel as fast as they were being built. Columba, having been told in a vision that the only way to prevent this was to bury a human victim, accepted the voluntary offer of his disciple Oran to be the sacrifice. Oran was accordingly buried, but Columba's conscience would not let him sleep. Oran was resuscitated, and forthwith proceeded to describe his experiences in such a manner that it was evident he had been in the wrong place. The monks were therefore glad to silence him by putting him again beneath the sod.*

² *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. i. p. 535.

³ *Acta Joannis, Einleitung*, p. ii.

⁴ *Ibid.* p. cxlviii.

⁵ *Ibid.* p. ii.

⁶ *Ibid.* p. cl.

The Preaching and Martyrdom of Philip.

This story has no resemblance to that in Tischendorf's Greek text (*Acta Apost. Apoc.* p. 75 sqq.), nor to the *Acta Philippi* published by Bonnet, nor to the Syriac text of Dr Wright. It contains no local names, neither in the Arabic nor in the Ethiopic version, except those of Africa, the scene of his labours¹, and Martagena or Cartagena as the place of his burial.

If these localities point to a correct tradition, the legends which place his ministry in Hierapolis of Phrygia probably refer to Philip the Deacon-evangelist, father of the four virgins which did prophesy (cf. Acts vi. 5; xxi. 8, 9).

But we must not overlook the one noteworthy coincidence with which Dr Wright's Syriac text furnishes us. There we are told that Philip went and preached in the city of Carthagena, which is in Azotus. Dr Wright says that though the name is written ~~Carthage~~ *Carthage*, yet *Carthage* is intended, and not *Cartagena* in Spain. Azotus is evidently an echo of Acts viii. 40, and the geographical muddle has arisen from the Apostle Philip and the Deacon-evangelist being treated as one and the same person.

The Preaching and Martyrdom of Saint Bartholomew.

Several nations and several localities, Phrygia, Lycaonia, Parthia, Media, Persia, Armenia, India, claim the honour of having been evangelized by St Bartholomew. Some legends connect his missionary activity with that of Matthew, and some with that of Andrew. This one, which has come to us through the Coptic, assigns to Peter the credit of having been Bartholomew's guide, and leads him in the very opposite direction, to the West instead of to the East, to the Oases of the African desert, till at last he is martyred by being put into a hair sack and thrown into the sea. Our Arabic text gives no name to the place where this occurred; Dr Budge's Ethiopic text gives Nîendôs or Naidas.

Tischendorf's Greek text of the Martyrdom agrees with our Arabic one in a very few particulars. The name of the king 'Ασπρήγης is not very like Agrippus. The unbelieving Greeks do the work attributed to the wicked man in f. 88 a. In both texts the saint is thrown into the sea: and the Greek gives the island of Lipari as the place to which the sea bore his remains. This surely harmonizes better geographically with our legend than with any other.

¹ The Ethiopic text translated by Malan gives the city of Assakia as the scene of Philip's labours, but Afrikia as the place of his martyrdom.

It is also worthy of note that these Acts of Bartholomew fall into line with the preceding Acts of Philip, by making the two friends wander forth in the same direction. The *Passio Bartholomaei* published by Bonnet is quite a different legend.

The Preaching and Martyrdom of Saint Thomas.

The story of Thomas in this cycle of legends has many points of resemblance to that of Bartholomew. Both are sold into slavery, the one by Saint Peter, the other by our Lord Himself. Both are skilled workmen, the one as a vine-dresser, the other as an architect and carpenter. One story has evidently borrowed something from the other, but it would be difficult to apportion their mutual indebtedness.

The appearance of our Lord and His speech to Thomas in f. 97 b contains the remarkable allusion which is more fully developed in the Syriac Acts of Judas Thomas, as edited by Dr Wright: "For thou art called the Twin." This points to the strange tradition that Thomas, the doubting disciple, bore that cognomen (Tauma—the Twin) because he was a twin-brother of the Christ, Judas being his proper name. By far the most satisfactory way of accounting for the origin of this idea is the theory put forth by Dr Rendel Harris in *The Dioscuri in Christian Literature*, that we have here a recrudescence of Paganism; that wherever the cult of the heavenly Twins, Castor and Pollux, had prevailed, a pair of Christian saints came to take their place in a system of baptized Paganism: and so at Edessa, in Macedonia, in Parthia, in Media, in India, and wherever the feet of the Apostle Judas Thomas are supposed to have gone, one need not try to verify either statements or personal names in the light of true history, for the whole legend is a myth and nothing else.

The Syriac form of the story, the full text of which has been edited by Dr Wright, and of which fragments from the Sinai Syriac MS. No. 30 will be found in the appendix to No. III., contains many points of resemblance to our Arabic text, but also many differences of detail. Both narratives begin with the division of the world amongst the Apostles; both make Thomas travel to India and recount how he was sold as a slave; both make him a mason and a carpenter (a strong point of resemblance to the Dioscuri); both make him build a spiritual instead of a material palace.

But there is nothing in the Egyptian story about the ass that spake, nor about the black snake, nor about the demon which dwelt in the woman, nor about the team of wild asses.

The Syriac story, on the other hand, makes no mention of Thomas's flayed-off skin.

Towards the close of the Martyrdom we find a few further resemblances. Mastâus or Matthâûs, the king in our text, is evidently identical with Mazdai of the Syriac one; Têrtia and Tartanâi, Şîfûr and Sirfûr must have a common origin. In both the saint is taken up to a high mountain and stabbed by several soldiers at once, his last words to them being nearly the same. And he was buried by the brethren in the grave of the ancient kings. Judas reappears after his death in both stories with the same message, and casts a devil out of the king's son. The king is in consequence converted, and so both stories end.

Why they should begin and finish in the same manner, and yet be so unlike in the main course of their narrative, is a question which I shall not attempt to solve.

The Indian legend identifies Thomas with Judas the brother of our Lord¹ (Matt. xiii. 55). For my own theory that he may have been the twin-brother of James the Just see *The Expository Times* for June, 1903.

The legend translated by Malan is the same as this one, but in the passage which corresponds to f. 91 a our Lord directs the purchaser of Thomas, whose name is not given, to dress him as a guardsman of Cantacoros, king of India². Lucius becomes Vecius, and Arsânûni Arsenia, and the city of Cantôria Quantaria. Zabadka becomes Actabodi in Macedonia; Margita Marna; Masâsawi Maiturnos; Matthâûs, Mastius; Hersânûs Ziraios; Tartanâi Tartabania; Atbaniâ Athona. To Malan's legend a portion from the Syriac Acts of Judas Thomas is appended, pp. 206—214.

In f. 102 a, "Mary, the Lord's Mother," becomes "Mary who gave birth to God," in one form of the Ethiopic version—a natural progression in her cult³.

The Greek text published by Thilo does not correspond with this text, but with Dr Wright's Syriac one to the end of the Sixth Act.

The Acts of Matthew.

The Arabic text of this story corresponds to the Ethiopic version published by Budge in the *Contendings of the Apostles*, and to Malan's translation. But while both place the Apostle's activity in the country of

¹ Lipsius, *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. I. p. 227.

² Malan's *Conflicts of the Holy Apostles*, p. 190.

³ Budge, vol. II. p. 345; Malan, "Mary who gave birth to our Lord," p. 205.

the Kahenat, or priests, the Ethiopic states that Peter and Andrew met with him on their return from Greece¹, and the Arabic "from the country of El-Barbar." The text of the Suriani manuscript is thus in harmony with itself (see ff. 28 a, 130a). The name of the city from which Matthew came is in the Ethiopic Pěřākōmnōs, *i.e.* Prokumenos. In the Arabic it is "the country of the Blessed."

There is a confusion in the manuscripts between the names of Matthew and Matthias, but the task of separating them is not a difficult one. This legend of Matthew, so far as I can judge, has more beauty both of a moral and a literary kind than any of the other mythological Acts.

The Martyrdom of Saint Matthew.

Lipsius considers that there is no connection between the story of the Acts and the story of the Martyrdom, because in the latter the scene is transferred from the city of Kahenat to Parthia².

He also thinks that the Egyptian tale of this Martyrdom strengthens a tradition that the Apostle preached in Parthia. That his body was given for food to the fowls of heaven, f. 118 b, was quite according to the custom of the country of Zoroaster. In f. 116 b (as in ff. 48 b, 77 a) we have an indication that both the Arabic and the Ethiopic version were made after the council of Chalcedon (A.D. 451), for the translator could not refrain from explaining that the two natures in the God-man were not confounded³.

An epitome of this legend of the Acts and Martyrdom of Matthew will be found in the Synaxarium of the Coptic Church (ed. Wüstenfeld, p. 65), for the 12th of Bābeh (Phaōphi).

The Martyrdom of James the Son of Halfai.

This James is in all the legends confounded with James the Lord's brother, so that it is impossible to know whether any trustworthy tradition concerning him exists. The Egyptian story presents us with another element of confusion by stating that he was brought before the Emperor Claudius, though he was immediately afterwards buried beside the temple in Jerusalem⁴.

In this story, and in that of Simon, which follows it, I have adopted Mrs Gibson's translation so far as the variants will allow me.

¹ Malan, "Syria."

² *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. II. part II. p. 117.

⁴ Malan, "within the Church at Jerusalem."

³ *Ibid.* p. 129.

The Preaching and Martyrdom of Simon the Son of Cleophas.

There is a still greater confusion in the traditions relating to Simon. He is said by some to be identical with Simon Zelotes, by others to be a nephew of Joseph, but not an Apostle. Our text, like the Ethiopic one, calls him also Jude, and Nathanael the Zealot.

By some he is said to have preached on the shores of the Black Sea, by some in Babylonia and Persia, by some in Egypt and North Africa, and by some in Britain¹. Our text makes him succeed James the Just as Bishop of Jerusalem. He is put to death in Jerusalem by the express order of the Emperor Trajan, ff. 123 a, 123 b. The Suriani MS. states that the martyrdom of Simon took place "on the ninth of Abib" (July), the Sinai MS. on "the tenth day of the month of Ayyâr" (May). The Bishop appointed by Simon is Marcellus in the Suriani MS. f. 122 a, Cornelius in the Sinai one. We cannot attempt to unravel so many tangled threads. This story is the same as that of St Simeon, translated from the Ethiopic by Malan.

The Preaching of Thaddeus.

Tradition links Simon and Thaddeus together in their missionary activity, and these legends in particular give to both the additional name of Judas, identifying them with Jude, one of our Lord's brothers. They assign to Thaddeus the regions of Syria and Mesopotamia; and though they say nothing about Abgar, king of Edessa, they are not in any discrepancy with the Syriac tradition concerning him. There is a local tradition which would place the death of Thaddeus at Ararat in Armenia. The *Acta Thaddaei* edited by Lipsius and by Tischendorf are a totally different legend, but the Conflict of St Judas (Thaddeus) translated by Malan is the same (pp. 221—229).

The incidents of Peter making the old man's field to sprout, of the woman being suspended in the air, and of the camel passing through the needle's eye, will be found in the *Acta Petri et Andreae* published by Bonnet². There the deeds of Thaddeus are attributed to Andrew.

The saying of our Lord reported in ff. 125 a, 127 b, which gives the negative form of Matt. vii. 12, is a Western reading found in Codex Bezae, Acts xv. 29. It is attributed to Hillel in the Talmud of Babylonia, tractate Sabbath f. 31 a; and will be found in Tobit iv. 15.

¹ Lipsius, *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. II. part II. p. 143.

² Lipsius, *Acta Apost. Apoc.* vol. II. part I. pp. 117—127.

The Preaching and Martyrdom of Saint Matthias.

This is the same story as that of the Greek text published by Tischendorf, pp. 132—166, and the Syriac one by Dr Wright in *Apocryphal Acts of the Apostles*, pp. ٣٥—٥٥. Dr. Wright calls the Apostle Mār Matthew, and Lipsius is of opinion that all the legends whose texts we have printed ff. 107 b—119 a and ff. 129 a—139 b sqq. refer to Matthew the publican, and that no special tradition about Matthias has ever existed in the Greek Church¹. He may be right; but the remark at the beginning of the Martyrdom, f. 140 a, which was probably unknown to Dr Wright, has led me in this story to prefer the name Matthias. The references to Andrew in both stories, ff. 107 b, 130 a—139 b, certainly lead to the inference that both relate to the same person; and if I am mistaken in considering 'Matthias' as the evangelist of the City of the Cannibals I can only plead that the evidence about him is very conflicting, and that both Tischendorf and Malan have adopted the name of Matthias in this legend.

The Greek text edited by Tischendorf and by Lipsius is substantially the same as the Egyptian one, though it differs in some of its details. It does not mention the name of the city in which Andrew was preaching when he was summoned to help Matthias. Malan's translation from the Ethiopic gives to this the name of "Syria," and Budge's gives "Greece."

The Ethiopic version has "He placed a few loaves of bread upon the grass and the grass became bread²," an amplification of the simple statement in f. 132 a.

Tischendorf's Greek text has Ἀμαήλ for the name of the devil whom Andrew rebuked (f. 136 a). If this be a truncated form of Samil, and be derived from a Semitic word (Syriac ܣܡܝܠ), it would seem as if the Greek text were not the earliest form of this legend.

Dr Rendel Harris suggests that it may be Sammael, the well-known evil angel of the Jews.

In the same text and also in Bonnet's we find Μύρνη as the name of the cannibal city³, and Malan's translation has Ba'alatsaby (pp. 147, 149).

The scene of Matthias's martyrdom is Damascus in the Ethiopic text, and the place of his death is Pelwōn⁴ in the Ethiopic and Malāwān in the Arabic. Both are very difficult to identify.

¹ *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. II. part ii. pp. 136, 259.

² Budge, *Translation*, p. 274.

³ Tisch., p. 169. Lipsius, *Acta Apost. Aboc.* vol. II. part i. p. 220.

⁴ Malan, "Phalaon."

The Preaching and Martyrdom of James the Just.

All these legends agree with the Canonical Acts in placing the scene of James's ministry in Jerusalem. The most interesting feature in this story is the account of his relation to the Lady Mary in f. 150 a. There he is described as the youngest of the four sons of Joseph by a first wife. We should have imagined from Matthew xiii. 55 that he was the eldest.

These legends are the same as those translated from the Ethiopic by Malan. There Theopiste, wife of the Prefect, becomes Piobsata, wife of the Judge Aumanus (f. 149 a).

The Martyrdom of Saint Mark.

This legend appears to have more historical fact behind it than any of the others. We are disposed to believe that the lot of St Mark did come out unto Egypt, but we find it strange that the story makes no mention of the saint's travels in Cyprus with Paul and Barnabas (Acts xiii. 5—13) nor of his sojourn in Rome (Col. iv. 10). Nor does it explain from which of the three cities which have been identified with Babylon, Peter sent his salutations to the strangers scattered about in Asia Minor (1 Peter v. 13). We are thankful for the crumbs of confirmation offered to us by Eusebius (*H. E.* II. 15, 16). Anianus, who is mentioned in f. 202 b, is the traditional successor of Mark as Bishop of Alexandria (*H. E.* II. 24).

Dr Chase thinks that the description of Mark's person in f. 204 a is partly borrowed from that of Paul in the *History of Thecla*¹. The Arabic coincides with this less than the Greek does.

Malan's translation says that Mark was the first to preach the Gospel in the cities of the land of Egypt, Zalonias, Markia, Tamurcke and Barke². The men of Barke send him in a boat to Alexandria, where the incident of the cobbler occurred.

As Mark is said to have been martyred under Tiberius (f. 204 b), who died in March A.D. 37, the period of this wonderful activity cannot have exceeded four years, and this would include his visits to Cyprus and to Rome.

The quotation from 1 Cor. iii. 19 in f. 202 b is much more correct in the Arabic version than in the Ethiopic. There we read: "The wisdom of the world is that which is with the word of God³."

¹ Hastings' *Dictionary of the Bible*, vol. III. p. 248.

² Malan, p. 181.

³ Budge, *Translation*, p. 312.

The Martyrdom of Saint Luke.

Lipsius tells us that this legend of St Luke is quite peculiar to the Arabic Synaxarium of the Coptic Church, and to the Ethiopic "Conflicts of the Apostles," which, as we have already seen, were translated from the original Greek, not directly, but through the Coptic and Arabic. According to that text, Luke, in prospect of death, gave his writings for safe custody to an old fisherman named Silas¹. It might be possible to read the word Silâûs into the Arabic text of f. 206 a, but my own conviction is that it is Theophilâûs. The fac-simile of the page, which I have given on p. 131 of No. III. will enable scholars to judge of this point for themselves. The Theophilus of the canonical Gospel and Acts was evidently not a fisherman, but a man of distinction, who was entitled to be addressed as *κρίτιστε*. If the word Thabilâûs were written in Arabic without its diacritical points, the Ethiopic translator might easily read Silâûs, and then drop the last long vowel.

Lipsius thinks that the passage where, in the Ethiopic version, Titus is said to be of the city of Galilâ, and Luke of the country of Dalmatia², is simply an amazing misreading of 2 Tim. iv. 10. But this remark cannot apply to the Arabic text, for in f. 204 b of our MS. Luke is said to be from the city of Antioch, and this agrees with the statement of Eusebius (*H. E.* III. 4), *Λουκᾶς δὲ τὸ μὲν γένος ὦν τῶν ἀπ' Ἀντιοχείας*, and brings a ray of historical truth into the legend.

The reading of Codex Bezae in Acts xi. 28 *συνεστραμμένων δὲ ἡμῶν*, *revertentibus autem nobis*, is supposed to confirm indirectly the statement of Eusebius. The *Praefatio Lucae* given in Wordsworth-White's *Vulgate*, p. 269, and ascribed by Harnack to the 3rd century, says: "*Lucas Syrus natione Antiochensis arte medicus discipulus apostolorum*," etc. The same authority states that Luke died in Bithynia, not in Rome, as our legend has it.

The Story of John the Son of Zebedee.

Our Arabic text is probably a translation of the Syriac version of this story, which has been edited by Dr Wright³, and is attributed to Leucius Charinus. Lipsius considers it less valuable than some of the other legends concerning John. Tradition says that Eusebius of Caesarea was the translator of it from Greek into Syriac, and it claims for itself that he found it in the archives of the godless Emperor Nero (f. 98 a).

¹ See Budge, vol. II. p. 141. Malan, pp. 60, 63.

² Budge, p. 137.

³ Wright's *Translation*, pp. 2—60.

Lipsius places the date of its composition between the first half of the fifth century and the beginning of the sixth. The Syriac version contains traces of the Nicene Creed which are less distinct in the Arabic, such as "Light of light"; "the Son of God, Who was eternally with His Father"; "the Spirit of holiness, Who proceeded from the Father." The baptism of children, described in the Syriac¹ but wanting in the Arabic, was not yet customary in the East at the close of the fourth century. The anointing with oil before baptism (ff. 104 a, 104 b) is in accordance with a Catholic form of the rite used since the fourth century². The Lord's Supper is not called the "Body of God" in the Arabic version, as it is in Dr Wright's text. These things, together with the greater conciseness of the Arabic, suggest that our text is translated from a Syriac MS. older than Add. MS. 17,192 of the British Museum, or even than the sixth century St Petersburg MS. used by Dr Wright.

Lipsius considers that the tale must have been composed before the hut of St John (or the little church on its site), which stood on a hill to the east of the city above the temple of Artemis at Ephesus³, was replaced by the magnificent church of Justinian (A.D. 527—565).

The use of the dung of animals for the stove of the bath-house (f. 98 b) corresponds with the habits of the peasants in Thessaly and Macedonia, as we have ourselves observed them. In inland districts where neither coal nor wood can be procured bread is still baked over a very insanitary kind of fuel.

The incident of the fire which flashed from the four limbs of John's cross (f. 101 b) and the description of John's means of living are considered by Lipsius to be quite in accordance with Gnostic ideas⁴.

Lipsius thinks that the story of John writing his Gospel in a single night, f. 106 a (the Syriac version says "in one hour"), cannot be ascribed to Gnostic influence, but must have sprung from a desire to emphasize the opinion that the Gospel of John is an amplification of the first three Gospels⁵. He also considers that the tradition of John living to the age of 120 years is merely an imitation of the story of Moses (Deut. xxxiv. 7).

In f. 104 b the number of those whom John baptized in one day is given as 39,005 souls: less by 200 than that in the Syriac version⁶.

¹ Wright's *Translation*, p. 42.

² Lipsius, *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. 1. p. 434.

³ Wright's *Translation*, pp. 37, 44.

⁴ This was the *μαρτύριον* of St John, mentioned in the Acts of the Councils of Ephesus, A.D. 431, 449.

⁵ *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. 1. p. 437.

⁶ *Ibid.* p. 440.

⁷ Wright, p. 65, l. 12.

The Death of St John.

Lipsius considers that this story is a Gnostic one, but that it has been revised by the hand of more than one orthodox Catholic¹. Perhaps it is from this latter source that we have the description of a Eucharist celebrated in one kind only (D. S. f. 69 b).

Zahn thinks that the *περίοδοι*, which form the basis of this legend, must be ascribed to the second century, before A.D. 160, perhaps about A.D. 130. The common possession and use of these Acts among Catholics and Gnostics shew that these writings (*i.e.* the Leucian Acts of John, Andrew, and Thomas) are an heirloom from the time when both these parties were still existing in the bosom of the mother Church.

Lipsius remarks that notwithstanding the fall of the temple of Artemis, reported in ff. 64 b, 110 b, it remained standing long after the time of John, and was finally destroyed by the Goths in A.D. 262².

The litany or hymn in f. 104 a, which was sung or said on the occasion of the Governor's baptism, is especially interesting as a record of some early form of that service.

Lipsius finds Gnostic doctrine in the idea expressed distinctly in the Greek³ and in the Syriac version, that our Lord is said to have revealed Himself even among the beasts. But in our Arabic text of f. 108 a this may be taken metaphorically, as about men who had the nature of brutes.

Zahn and Fabricius⁴ call attention to the fact that the name Byrrhus (Berus or Verus in Greek), f. 107 b, is identical with the name of an Ephesian deacon mentioned in the Epistles of Ignatius⁵, who accompanied the writer on a journey through Asia Minor. "No sensible person," says Zahn, "would take this man and the deacon who helped to dig the grave of the Apostle John in the year A.D. 100 for two separate persons." He thinks it impossible that Leucius Charinus, the presumed author of the legend of Prochorus, should have borrowed from Ignatius, or *vice versa*. We have therefore here an undesigned coincidence. Zahn finds a difficulty in believing that Byrrhus should have been a young deacon in A.D. 100, and in A.D. 138, when perhaps about seventy years old, should not have

¹ *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. I. p. 355.

² *Ibid.* p. 519.

³ Zahn, *Acta Joannis*, p. 246. Bonnet, vol. II. part i. p. 211.

⁴ Zahn, *Acta Joannis*, p. CLII; Fabricius, II. 584.

⁵ Ignatius, *Ephes.* II.; *Philad.* XI.; *Smyrn.* XII.

been advanced to the dignity of presbyter. The difficulty will disappear if we recollect that the diaconate was not originally instituted as a step to the presbyterate, but for a totally different and distinct service (cf. Acts vi. 1—6). It is easy to create these difficulties by reading into the New Testament narrative the ideas of a period subsequent to that in which it was written¹.

Zahn considers that these Ephesian legends of the Apostle John, originating as they did before A.D. 160, may perhaps have given a mortal blow to the "Eusebian myth" of a presbyter John, who is supposed to have shared in the authorship of the Fourth Gospel. If such an one had existed, side by side with the great Apostle, Leucius, the author of this legend, who probably lived in the second century, could not have failed to mention him².

The Greek of this story from f. 106 b almost to the end of f. 108 b will be found in Zahn (*Acta Joannis*, pp. 238—249) and in Bonnet (Lipsius, *Acta Apost. Apoc.* vol. II. part i. pp. 203—215).

In f. 108 b the reference to John having been blind for two years is clearly an imitation of the story of St Paul (Acts ix. 9—18).

The Story of Peter and Paul.

This legend has so little resemblance to the others that I have hesitated about the propriety of printing it along with them. It seems to belong to the series of the Thousand and One Nights rather than to that of the Acts of the Apostles, even when mythological. We search in vain for any Emperor of Rome who was named Bar'amûs, but the prefect of the Praetorians, Burrhus Afranius, who with Seneca had charge of the education of Nero, is no doubt the person indicated. Perhaps Gnostic doctrine appears on f. 3 b. There we are told that our Lord, after His resurrection, told the divine secrets to His Apostles, before sending them to preach about His kingdom. This seems to correspond with the "esoteric theology of which the popular creed of multitudes of deities, with its whole ritual of sacrifice and worship, was but the exoteric form³." The idea was further developed by the Jewish Kabbalists in the tenth century, being by them applied to a secret "system of theosophy which claims to have been transmitted unin-

¹ See *Life of Bishop Westcott*, vol. I. p. 139.

² Zahn, *Acta Joannis*, p. CLIV.

³ King, *The Gnostics and their Remains*, p. 5.

terrapturedly by the mouths of patriarchs and prophets ever since the creation of man¹."

Possibly the phrase does not refer to Gnostic teaching, but rather to the doctrine embodied in a decree of the Council of Trent (Sess. IV. *De Canon. Script.*). "It teaches that the truth of Christ is contained partly in the Bible, partly in unwritten tradition received by the Apostles from Christ or from the Holy Ghost, and entrusted by them to the Church; and that Scripture and tradition (the latter of course only when proved Apostolic) are to be revered alike²."

If the number of bishops said on f. 24 a to have been ordained by the Apostles in Rome were intended to rule the Church in that city the statement would be in the highest degree remarkable, as shewing the antiquity of the legend. But we suspect that the statement refers to the Catholic Church of the world.

The Martyrdom of Peter and Paul.

This story is virtually the same as the *Passio sanctorum Petri et Pauli* attributed to Linus and published by Lipsius and Bonnet. From the beginning of p. 8 almost to the end it is like the *Acta Petri et Pauli* published by Thilo.

The first mention of Simon Magus will be found in Acts viii. 9, 10, where we are told that the people of Samaria believed him to be "the great power of God." There seems to be some historical truth in the legend that he preached also in Rome, though Justin Martyr³ was mistaken when he told of a statue which was erected to him there, on an island in the river, between the two bridges, bearing a Latin inscription, "*Simōni Deo Sancto*." The statue was discovered in A.D. 1574 and it is to a Sabine deity.

Justin tells us that a woman named Helena was his companion, that she at first stood upon a roof (in Tyre of Phoenicia), and that she was called the "first Thought" (τὴν πρώτην Ἐννοίαν).

Irenaeus tells us that both Simon and Helena were honoured with incense, sacrifices, and libations.

The rites of their worship were too impure to be described, and are perhaps alluded to in 2 Tim. iii. 6, 7, 13⁴.

¹ Ginsburg, *Encyclopædia Britannica*, vol. XIII. p. 811.

² *Catholic Dictionary*, p. 885.

³ Justin, *Apologia* I. 59, 77, *Dialogus cum Tryphone* 214, *Apologia* II. 98; Irenaeus, *Dissertatio* I. 96—104.

⁴ Eusebius, *H. E.* II. 13; Epiphanius, *Haer.* lib. I. tom. 2, xxi.

Lipsius¹ says :

"The statements that Simon was honoured as the *πρῶτος θεός*, and his companion Helena as the *πρώτη ἔννοια*, are easily understood to be characteristic features of a Gnostic system, whose agent Simon was considered to be in the time of Justin. In this system Simon appears as the representative of the Gnostic idea of salvation, certainly not as the Eternal God enthroned in hidden silence, but as His highest Power, or most perfect Revelation, as the "Existing" (*ὁ ἵστωρ*), who shall exist, that is, as the Imperishable, remaining changeless in a perishing world (Clem. *Hom.* II. 24; *Recogn.* II. 11). At his side stands the Universal Mother, whom he has allowed to proceed from him as his highest thought, who is also called Wisdom (*Σοφία*), Lady Ruler, Holy Spirit and Prunikos, but who usually receives the name of *ἔννοια*. She plays the same part in this system as the *Σοφία* or *Ἀχαμώθ* does in the Ophitic or Valentinian Gnosis. She sinks from the highest heaven to the lower regions, where she gives birth to angels and powers, the most remarkable amongst them being the Demiurgus and the Lawgiver of the Jews. Being detained by the might of these world-ruling angels, she is prevented from returning to her father's kingdom, but after many sufferings and vicissitudes of fortune she is delivered by the *ἵστωρ*. He descends from the highest heaven for her salvation, becomes apparently man, allows himself to be apparently crucified, and redeems the souls who had been imprisoned with *ἔννοια*, those whose origin was in heaven, by the communication of the true Gnosis."

The legend of Simon Magus's teaching in Rome, of his conflict with Peter, and of his pretending that he would rise again on the third day, is to be found in the *Philosophumena* of Hippolytus, VI. 20 (Miller's edition).

Lipsius considers that the martyrdom of Peter and Paul which has come down to us under the name of Linus shows many remains of Gnostic teaching, although it has been revised in a Catholic sense. Chief of these is a long speech made by Peter as he is approaching the cross on which he was to suffer, but this does not occur at all in our Arabic version².

The existing text of these Acts cannot be traced to a period earlier than the fifth century. But Cyril of Jerusalem, who died A.D. 386, Sulpicius Severus, who died A.D. 425, in his *Chronica* (II. 28), and Asterios of Amaseia, who preached a sermon about A.D. 400, all relate incidents, such as that of Simon's fall, which can have been taken from no other source³.

Lipsius considers that the following passages are interpolations: the conversion of Livia and Agrippina, p. 4; Agrippa's suggestion that Paul

¹ *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. II. part I. p. 35.

² *Ibid.* p. 258.

³ *Ibid.* pp. 331, 332.

should die a less cruel death than Peter, p. 19; and the embassy from Jerusalem, p. 21¹.

The reversed crucifixion of Peter is mentioned by Origen in *Genes.* vol. III. It belongs equally to the Catholic and the Gnostic tradition.

Lipsius thinks that the emphasis laid upon the fraternal unity and complete harmony between the two Apostles, together with the quarrels and discussions between the Jewish Christians and the Gentile ones, place us in the atmosphere of the second century².

The account which Paul gives of his own teaching on pp. 12, 13, is certainly quite Apostolic. Peter's explanation on p. 16 strongly resembles the beginning of the Nicene Creed, or rather of an earlier one reported by Irenaeus (*Haer.* I. 10. 1).

Lipsius³ considers it a mark of high antiquity that the name "Christians" occurs only once in this story; the terms "believers," "those who believed," "the pious" or "devout people" being used to designate them.

He also calls attention⁴ to the fact that the name Claudius is given as that of the Emperor to whom the report of Pilate about the crucifixion of our Lord was sent (p. 7). It ought of course to be Tiberius. This story is first mentioned by Tertullian (*Apolog.* 21).

The Church of San Paolo fuori le mura stands near the second milestone on the Via Ostiensis, and the Liber Pontificalis of the year A.D. 530 says that the body of Paul was buried near the place where he was decapitated⁵. But tradition points likewise to the Church and Abbey delle Tre Fontane (ad aquas Salvias), which are two kilometres further out on the same road.

The Church of San Pietro in Montorio on the Janiculum disputes with the great Basilica on the Vatican the honour of standing upon the site of Peter's martyrdom. St Jerome mentions that Peter was buried on the Vatican; no place named Naumachia has been found there. The traditional spot where Simon fell is on the Via Sacra, near the Church of SS. Cosma e Damiano⁶.

The Martyrdom of Peter.

This legend is the same as that published in Arabic by Mrs Gibson, in *Studia Sinaitica*, No. V. pp. 51—11, 52—59, under the title of *The*

¹ *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. II. part i. pp. 334, 335.

² *Ibid.* p. 356.

³ *Ibid.* p. 399.

⁴ *Ibid.* p. 352.

⁵ *Ibid.* p. 365.

⁶ *Ibid.* p. 417.

Preaching of Peter. The difference between the two texts is too great to make a collation of one with the other either possible or desirable. Mrs Gibson's text is from the Sinai Arabic MS. 445, which is dated A.D. 799, and is therefore probably much older than that from Sin. Arab. 405. The conversation between the Christ and Peter is considerably shorter in the more ancient text; the father of the leprous girl who finds Peter is a rich man, not a gate keeper; Peter's meeting with his fellow-disciples, Thomas, Andrew and John, is not mentioned; the address of the Emperor's son to Peter is given more fully; and the youth reports that he has seen the aged Apostle standing before the Throne in Heaven.

The Martyrdom of Paul.

This story, as Lipsius remarks¹, contains traces of Gnostic doctrine. The Apostle's last prayer being in the Hebrew language, the milk that issued from his neck, the wonderful light and the sweet scent which were diffused around it (in the Latin text), and his reappearances before Nero after death, point in this direction.

It is also attributed to Linus. The Latin text published by Lipsius and Bonnet² is the same, with considerable differences.

The story of Patricius falling from a window is evidently an imitation of that of Eutychus as told in Acts xx. 9—12. The statement that Titus was from Dalmatia is a mere echo of 2 Tim. iv. 10. Lipsius thinks that the alarm expressed by the citizens lest the armies of Rome should be weakened by the Emperor's wholesale executions, with the frequent references to Roman law, and to military habits, point to the author of this legend being a Roman³.

Patricius is called Patroclus in the Latin version.

The lacuna at the end of f. 14 b is evidently only that of a few lines.

The Syriac Acts of Judas Thomas.

In reading the text of a palimpsest, it is often impossible to see the seyyame points on a plural word, or the dot over the pronominal suffix ܐܝܢ which marks the feminine. I have not ventured to insert these where I did not see them, but in translating I have always assumed that they exist where they are required by the context.

¹ *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. II. part i. p. 270.

² *Acta Apost. Apoc.* vol. I. pp. 23—44.

³ *Apostelgeschichten*, vol. II. part i. p. 283.

On f. 158 b, col. a, l. 22, p. 190, Dr Rendel Harris proposes the following reconstruction :

| col. b | col. a |
|------------------|-------------------|
| ṣḥṣṣṣ ṣḥ ṣḥṣ ṣḥṣ | ṣḥṣ ṣḥṣṣṣ |
| ṣḥṣṣṣ ṣḥṣṣṣ | ṣḥṣṣṣ ṣḥṣṣṣ ṣḥṣṣṣ |
| ṣḥ . . ṣḥṣ ṣḥṣ | ṣḥṣṣṣ ṣḥṣṣṣ |
| ṣḥ | ṣḥṣ ṣḥṣṣṣ |
| ṣḥṣṣ ṣḥ ṣḥ | ṣḥṣ ṣḥṣṣṣ |
| ṣḥṣ ṣḥ ṣḥṣ | |
| ṣḥṣ ṣḥ ṣḥṣ | |
| ṣḥṣṣṣ | |

In f. 161 b, col. a, l. 18, p. 197, the last word ought probably to be ṣḥṣṣṣ. But ṣḥṣṣṣ is distinctly the reading of the manuscript. In a transcript from a Berlin MS. of the Sachau collection now in the Cambridge University Library the reading of this passage is :

ṣḥ ṣḥṣṣṣ ṣḥṣ ṣḥṣṣṣ ṣḥṣṣṣ ṣḥṣṣṣ

In f. 167 b, col. b, l. 2, p. 200, the words ṣḥṣṣṣ have evidently been dropped through *homœoteleuton*, and this points to our MS. being the copy of an older one.

On f. 167 a, col. a, l. 20, p. 201, ṣḥ is probably a misspelling of ṣḥṣ.

In f. 164 b, col. a, l. 5, p. 202, the word ṣḥṣṣṣ was guessed by Dr Wright, for he translates "(we are commanded to do)" Vol. II. p. 219, l. 25. In line 6 of the same column I am somewhat doubtful about ṣḥṣṣ. The three final letters may be seen in my photograph, but there is a possibility that the word ought to be ṣḥṣṣ. Dr Nestle suggests ṣḥṣṣṣ and this would make excellent sense, but the last letters are distinctly ṣḥ, no room being left for a ṣ. ṣḥṣṣ in col. b, l. 5, is also his conjecture, ṣḥṣ, "mother," in the preceding line, referring to Eve. But my photograph is here, like the sense of the passage, very obscure.

In f. 157 b, col. a, ll. 5, 6, p. 204, I read ṣḥṣṣṣ, although it is unusual to find a word thus divided between two lines.

On f. 169 a, col. b, l. 11, p. 211, Dr Wright says (Vol. II. p. 270) that

perhaps something has been omitted. The "something" is probably **ܠܡܥܢ**, which is supplied by our text.

We observe that an adverb such as **ܕܡܠܚܐ** in the later text sometimes takes the place of an adjective (**ܠܡܥܢ**) in the earlier one (see f. 157 b, col. b, l. 13, p. 204 and f. 154 a, col. a, l. 23, p. 212). We notice also that the later text is better furnished with those connecting particles which make a sentence dependent on its predecessor. Several instances of this will be found in f. 146 b, col. a and in the first lines of col. b, p. 220. The earlier style seems to me to be more in accordance with Semitic usage.

In f. 146 a, p. 221, my translation differs somewhat from Mr Burkitt's. But I have to thank him for reading **ܠܡܥܢܐ**, col. b, l. 3, from my photograph.

On f. 159 b, col. a, ll. 7, 8, p. 211, we find a form which has caused some difficulty to the transcribers of the Old Syriac Gospels from the same manuscript. Here it is **ܕܝܢܐ ܕܝܢܐ**. On f. 146 b, col. a, ll. 18, 19, p. 220, we have **ܠܠ ܕܝܢܐ**. And in Mark xiv. 14 **ܕܡܢ ܕܝܢܐ ܕܝܢܐ**, Luke xiv. 21 **ܕܡܢ ܕܝܢܐ ܕܝܢܐ ܕܝܢܐ**. We ought therefore probably to regard it rather as an archaism, than as a mistake in grammar. The correct form **ܕܡܢ ܕܝܢܐ** appears in Luke xiii. 25.

On f. 159 a, col. a, l. 3, p. 211, Mr Burkitt translates **ܕܝܢܐ ܠܡܥܢ** "this, (who) is freed." This is certainly better grammar than Dr Wright's "this, who setteth free." But it is not better sense; so I have adhered to the latter rendering.

The variants between our text and Dr Wright's have been caused chiefly by a process of amplification in the case of the latter. But in f. 141 b, col. a, l. 5, p. 208, I think that the word **ܠܡܥܢ** makes **ܕܡܢ ܕܝܢܐ** refer to the possessions which the forsaker of earthly things shall find now, in this life, and not to other sayings of Judas. Also on f. 150 a, at the foot of col. b, p. 209, the absence of the word **ܕܝܢܐ** points to a communion in one kind, such as we find also described in the Death of John (Cod. Deyr-es-Suriani f. 69 b). **ܕܝܢܐ** is omitted also at this place in the Cambridge transcript, though found in Dr Wright's text. The cup, however, is restored to the laity on fol. 168 b, col. a, l. 10, p. 228.

We notice also the addition of the words **ܕܡܢ ܕܝܢܐ** "mingled" to Dr Wright's text in the same passage (Wright, p. 222, l. 6). We can hardly argue from the omission of this detail in the older manuscript that the custom of mixing water with the wine is not an ancient one, for it is mentioned by Justin (*Apol.* I. 65, 67) as customary in his day.

It will be interesting to compare these fragments with Dr Bonnet's new edition of the Greek Acts of Thomas.

Are the Acts Gnostic?

In an important and interesting work lately published, *Die alten Petrusakten*, Dr Carl Schmidt, in agreement with Dr Harnack, contests the opinion of Lipsius, Zahn, and James, that these Apocryphal Acts sprang from a Gnostic source. There is, he says, absolutely no trace in them of any teaching about a dual God, or that the God of the Old Testament is not also the God of the New. No Gnostic would have represented Simon Magus, the founder of his sect, as a magician, a cheat and a malefactor (cf. Sin. Arab. 405, p. 18). Dr Schmidt considers that the legends arose in the bosom of the Catholic Church, probably in the reign of Septimius Severus¹, about the beginning of the third century, at a time when Gnostic views, in a hazy form, were widely held, and had not yet taken a shape definite enough to provoke the hostility and condemnation of orthodox Church councils. The proof of this lies in the fact that events related in the legends, especially those connected with the martyrdoms, have now a secure place in the Roman calendar. The name of Leucius Charinus is a fictitious one; perhaps adopted because a disciple of the Apostle John really bore it; perhaps for the sake of its resemblance to Lucas, the author of the Canonical Acts. The Acts of John is the only one of these legends which can certainly be traced to his pen; the Acts of Peter is a more or less conscious imitation of it; but as the Acts of Andrew, Thomas and Paul (the last of which Dr Zahn has proved to be free from any taint of heresy) came to be included with these two in one volume, the name of Leucius was transferred, through successive transcriptions, to the whole book. The legends arose to satisfy a perfectly legitimate craving of third century Christians, and their condemnation in the eighth century became necessary because of the frequent appeals to their authority which were made by various schools of heretics. The only really Gnostic portion of them is the Hymn which has been inserted in the Syriac Acts of Thomas and is not extant in the fragments from Syr. Sin. 30. Dr Schmidt gives to these legends the very suitable title of "Wahrheit und Dichtung."

¹ *Die alten Petrusakten*, p. 102.

Conclusion.

I have endeavoured to give in Index II. a list of those passages which shew how far the authors of these legends were acquainted with the canonical books of Scripture, and this surely bears witness to the wide diffusion of the sacred writings at the time when they came into existence. The list is, I fear, not an exhaustive one, but a glance at the number of passages cited intensifies our wonder that they should be mingled with incidents so grotesque as those narrated on ff. 36—39 of the Deyr-es-Suriani MS. and f. 25^b of Sin. Arab. O. This Index does not include the Syriac fragments of the Acts of Thomas.

We are also surprised to find very little allusion to the mother of our Lord, and none at all to any intercession having been addressed to her, except a manifest interpolation in the Sinai Arabic Codex 539.

I have, in conclusion, to express my gratitude to Professor Seybold of Tübingen, and to my sister, Mrs Margaret Dunlop Gibson, who have both revised my Arabic proofs; to Dr Nestle, of Maulbronn, who has read my Syriac ones; to Dr Rendel Harris, for several valuable suggestions; to Professor Ignazio Guidi, of Rome, for supplying me with two excerpts from the Vatican Arabic Codex 694; also to M. Léon Dorez, of the Bibliothèque Nationale, Paris, and to Mr Cowley of the Bodleian Library, Oxford, for helping me to fill up lacunae.

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THE PREACHING OF ANDREW THE BLESSED DISCIPLE
AMONGST THE CITIES OF THE KURDS.

*In the name of God, the Creator, the Living, the Speaking. The Preaching f. 18 b
of Andrew the Blessed Disciple—disciple of Jesus the Christ, which took place
in the cities of the Kurds, and at Lydda. In the peace of the Lord. Amen!*

And when the disciples went out into the world to preach the Gospel of the Kingdom of Heaven, the Lord appeared unto them, and spake unto them, saying thus: "Peace be unto you, O my brethren, and my beloved! heirs of the Kingdom. Know that I will never separate myself from you, I will strengthen you." And He turned to Matthias and commanded him to go to the city of the Cannibals; and Andrew his brother was to pass to Lydda to preach in it, he and his disciple Philemon, the son of Philip; "for I have many people in it whom I have chosen."

And the disciples replied, saying, "Be Thou with us, O Lord! in every place whither Thou hast commanded us to go."

And the Lord gave them [the salutation of] peace, and ascended to Heaven whilst they were looking at Him. Thereafter Peter went to the place which the Lord had commanded him [to go to]. And Matthias asked Andrew if he would allow his disciple Rufus and Alexander to go with him to Tintarān. But Andrew and Philemon went f. 19 a to Lydda. Now Philemon had a melodious voice, there was none like it, and he had learned wisdom by the strength of the Holy Spirit which rested upon him; and there was not one among the disciples superior to him in wisdom, except Peter and John.

And when the disciples were gathered together, they chose these two men to stand and recite the praises [of God] that [men] might hear the sweetness of their voices. And Andrew went to Lydda, he and Philemon; for one half of the city had believed through the instrumentality of Peter¹, and the other half remained unbelievers. And Andrew

¹ Cf. Acts ix. 35.

came to the church of the Nazarenes which was in Lydda; and they went out to meet him with branches of trees in their hands, rejoicing; and he went into the church and sat down on the Bishop's chair; and he commanded Philemon to mount into the pulpit, and recite the hymn Alleluia, and the congregation repeated it after him.

And when the priests of the heathen heard the voice of the multitude, they said one to the other, "What is going on in the city to-day?" [The people] answered them, "A disciple of Jesus the Christ is in the church of the Nazarenes, teaching them and commanding them to reject the gods, f. 19b and not to appear in the temple." And they took their swords and appeared in the church that they might listen, [so that] if they [the Christians] should insult their gods they might kill them. And they heard the sweetness of Philemon's voice reading and saying thus: "The gods of the nations are gold and silver, the work of men's hands. Having eyes, they see not; and ears, they hear not; and noses, they smell not; and feet, they walk not. They have mouths, and they speak not; and like unto them are they who worship them." Ps. cxv. 4-8

And when the priests heard things like this in the speech of Philemon, and the sweetness of his voice, they wept and went into the church: and they embraced Philemon's feet. And when the congregation saw them, they said unto Andrew, "O our father! these are some of the temple-priests." And Andrew made a sign to the congregation to be silent until they had finished the praises, for they were greatly afraid of them, when they saw that they had swords; and they were silent till the song of praise was finished.

And Andrew rose first and prayed for them. And when he had concluded his prayer he said to the temple-priests, "Sit down." And when Gal. iv. 19 they were seated, he said: "O my children! whom I would embrace, whom I would have begotten [again], how have ye come to-day into this church? f. 20a Every day, when the Nazarenes pass you, ye draw away your garments lest ye should touch theirs." The company of the priests answered him, saying, "O our father Andrew! we will tell thee the truth. When we heard that thou wert come into this city to teach, and we listened to the voices of the multitude, we asked what was going on in the church of the Nazarenes to-day. And they told us that thou wert come to it; and we agreed one with the other, fifty thousand men of us: and we went as thou hast seen us to hear if they would insult our gods; that we might kill every man in the church. And now we have been present as thou seest us. And when we heard the sweetness of this youth's voice, our hearts

were turned towards him, and we came unto thee. We ask thee, O disciple! that thou wouldst give us to-day what thou hast given to this congregation: that we may be worthy to approach thy God; and we shall be glad if we are not separated from this youth."

And when Andrew knew this he kissed the head of Philemon, saying, "Truly thou art he about whom the Holy Spirit spake aforetime, that a sweet voice shall gather the multitude to it[self]. Truly it is meet that thou shouldest be called a saviour of souls. As the Lord hath changed our names and made others for us, so is it with thee also." f. 20b

And when Andrew saw the congregation, they thronged him, [and] he commanded them to go to a wide place, and they went to the sea-shore. Andrew answered and said to the believers, "Whoso amongst you desireth [to please] God, let him come and be bathed by my hand." And the multitude came, and he baptized them all in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, the One God. And the number of those who were baptized was four thousand and four hundred souls. And he baptized the fifty priests also.

After this Satan came to the town [and] found two young men playing. One of them was the son of John, sheikh of the city, and the other was the son of a nobleman of the city. And whilst they were playing, the young man, the son of John, struck the other a blow, [and] he straightway fell down dead. And his father laid hold of John and said unto him, "Deliver to me thy child that I may slay him as he slew my child. And if not, I will deliver thee up to Rufus the Governor, that he may kill thee in the stead of my son whom thy son hath slain."

And John wept with a great weeping in the presence of the crowd, and the crowd said unto him: "If money is desired of thee, we would pay it for thee, but it is thy life that is required." John said unto them: "I desire not gold, from you, nor silver, but that one of you should give a pledge for f. 21a my presence until I go to Andrew in Lydda, that he may appear and raise him from the dead."

And the multitude gave a pledge to the father of the young man until John should go to Lydda to Andrew the Apostle of Jesus the Christ, so that he might come and make his son alive for him. And he replied to their speech, and sat down and mourned for his son. And John went to Andrew and found him baptizing the multitude. And he fell down and did obeisance unto him and said, "Have pity on my great age, and let me not die." And Andrew raised him up and said unto him: "Fear God, and be not afraid, tell me all that hath befallen thee." And he told

him his misfortune. And Andrew replied to him: "I cannot go with thee at this time, because of this multitude which I am baptizing; but take Philemon with thee, and he will raise the dead man." And he sent Philemon with him that he might raise him from amongst the dead. And the two went out towards the city. And as they were journeying, Satan took the likeness of an old man, and went to the Governor of the city, and cried unto him, saying: "O Rufus! art thou sitting, and murdered people are thrown down in the streets of the city? Rise, and seek the murderer; and if not, lo! I appeal and go to the king, and will tell him of it."

And when Rufus heard this speech, he arose in great wrath and commanded them to saddle his horse, and he rode, being very angry.

f. 21 b And when the people of the city heard this, not one of them remained in it, save the dead man. Then John and Philemon approached, [coming] from Andrew, and they found the multitude outside of the city. And they said unto John, "Thou hast been long in coming, and we were afraid, and lo! the Governor has made captive the city."

And John wept, saying, "Alas! what shall I do? the dead one is not buried." Philemon replied: "Weep not, I will go and raise him." The multitude said unto him: "Do not go into the city, that the Governor slay thee not." Philemon said unto them: "I am not able to oppose my master; nay, I will go and I will raise him up; as my teacher commanded. Sit ye down in your places, and if ye hear that I have been killed, send to my master, that he may appear and raise me up, me and the dead man."

And Philemon entered the city, and went to [the place] where the Governor was, and cried, saying, "O Rufus! thou dost rule this city to lay it waste. Where are the people of the city? they did not meet thee at thy entrance into it." And the Governor heard his speech, and [he commanded] his soldiers to lay hold of him and hang him in the place of punishment. And he said unto them, "Perhaps this is he who hath slain the dead man, and therefore his blood will not leave him alone." And the soldiers laid hold of him, and set him up in the place of punishment. And Philemon replied: "O Rufus the Governor!

f. 22 a do not torture me, for I am an infant, I have not sinned, and I do not deserve a condemnation. I am like our father Adam, when he was in Paradise, before Eve came out of his side. Where is my master Andrew? that he may see what is being done to his disciple. Is there no pity in thy heart, O thou Governor! when thou seest that I am an infant? Hast

thou no child? that ye may have mercy on me? and as thou lovest thy son, so doth my father love me."

And he turned his face towards the soldiers, and said unto them: "Is there no merciful man amongst you, to have pity on me, and to go to Lydda, to my master Andrew, and tell him that his disciple has been set up for torture?"

And when the soldiers heard this, they wept because of the sweetness of his speech. He said also: "Is there no bird in this city which I could send to Lydda to my master Andrew? that he may come and that I may see him before I die." And when he had said this, many birds assembled about him and they talked to him as they did to Noah of old. And they said unto him: "Here we are, which of us dost thou wish to send?" And a little sparrow came near him and said, "I am lighter in body than these, I will go, and will bring thy master to thee." Philemon said unto him: "Thou art a fornicator, thou wilt not hasten [thy] return, for if thou meet a hen of thy kind thou wilt stop with her, and wilt not hasten [thy] return." And the raven arose and said unto him: "I will go." Philemon f. 22 b said unto him: "The first time that thou wast sent thou didst not return with thy report to Noah who had sent thee, and I shall not send thee."

And he called the dove, and said unto her, "O [thou of] honourable race! whom God hath called gentle beyond all other birds, who didst come with the news to Noah when he was in the ship, at the time of the Flood, and the Just One blessed her, go to Lydda, to my master Andrew and say unto him: 'Come and see thy disciple Philemon, for he is set up for torture.'" And the dove answered him, saying, "Be strong, lo! Andrew will come; he is here, and he will hear thy speech."

And when Rufus heard it, he arose in haste and loosed Philemon with his own hands from the torture and said unto him: "Truly if there were ten murdered men in this city I would leave off enquiring about them for thy sake." And when Satan knew that Rufus had believed, he summoned his hosts, and said unto them: "Rufus has believed, and he is our friend, and all the city disbelieve in us. And I command you that one of you shall go to the house of Rufus, and shall lay hold of his wife that she may become like a mad woman, with no sense in her: and incite her to attack her children, and kill them." And straightway Satan did what Iblis had commanded, and went to the house of the Governor, and made his wife mad and incited her to kill her children." f. 23 a

And when her servants knew what she had done, they came together and laid hold of her, and put her into a strong place, and they sent to

their master and told him of her state, and of the murder of her children. And the Governor said unto those who were about him: "If the house had fallen upon them and all who were in the court were dead, I would not forsake this boy." And Rufus the Governor returned to Philemon, and said unto him: "O my lord! hast thou not heard what this messenger saith? I ask thee to go with me to my abode, and if thou wilt not go I will not go." Philemon replied to him: "Let us finish what we are doing here, and after that we will go to the house."

And Philemon called the dove, and said unto her: "Go to the house of Rufus, and say to those in his abode: 'Do nothing in my house, till I am present.'" And the dove went, and brought the message. And when the crowd heard the dove speaking, they wondered greatly.

And Philemon asked the Governor to send and bring the people of the city, that he might raise the dead man. And the Governor sent his soldiers to bring the multitude. And when they had approached, they went together to the place of the dead man. And they found Andrew within the city. Philemon said unto him: "Come, O my master! that thou mayest raise the dead." Andrew said unto him: "Truly it is thou who shalt raise him."

f. 23 b And Philemon went to where the dead man was, and knelt upon his knees, and entreated the Lord thus:

"Hearken unto me, O Lord our God! the Good Shepherd, who will not leave us as a pledge in the hand of the Enemy, but has delivered us by His pure blood. Hearken unto me, I am thy servant, I ask from the abundance of Thy mercy that my prayer may be heard; and that this dead man may arise in the power of Thy name." Then he lifted up his head, and stood, and cried with a loud voice: "In the name of Jesus the Christ, the Nazarene, arise, O dead man!" And straightway the dead man arose.

And when the crowd saw the dead man standing alive their faith in the Lord Jesus the Christ increased greatly. And Philemon told Andrew the state of the Governor's wife and her deed to his children. And everyone who was present went with Andrew and Philemon to the dwelling of Rufus: and the widows and the orphans followed them, hoping that they would receive alms. And when Andrew went to the Governor's house, he found his son, and round him a great company weeping for him; and the dove standing at his head. And Andrew said unto the dove, "What age art thou?" She said unto him, "Sixty years." Andrew said unto her, "Since thou hast hearkened to the voice of Philemon my disciple,

go out into the desert, and thou shalt be allowed to go free from the f. 24 a service of the people of the world ; no man amongst men shall have power over thee." And she went out into the desert as he had commanded her.

And Andrew called the dead man, saying : " In the name of Jesus the Christ who has sent us into the world to preach in His holy name ; arise, live." And straightway the dead man arose, and did obeisance before Andrew. And he raised him up, and said unto him : " Believe in God, O my son ! " And he replied, " I have believed : and I ask thee, O my father Andrew ! if thou wilt allow me to tell what I have seen ? "

He said unto him, " Speak." And the boy said unto his father, " O my father ! if thou wouldest give the half of what thou possessest to the orphans and to the widows and the poor. Wilt thou not repay something of what is fitting for the gift of God which abides with thee ? For what thou hast given to the needy, thou hast given it for thyself. Know, O father ! in the hour when my mother rose up against me and slew me there was a great good in it for us. For people came to me who had wings like the eagles ; and they took my soul to a place which is called Gehenna. And I looked at a large house being built with sulphur and pitch. And the number of the builders was thirty ; and they had great f. 24 b burning lamps. And [some people] called out commanding them about the building. ' How long shall we build this house ? We are commanded to set it on fire with these lamps.' He said unto them : ' Will ye burn it before its building is finished ? for by the time that its owner dies then you shall burn it.' Said the angel who had charge of my soul, ' Hast thou seen these things ? ' I said unto him, ' Yea,' and I asked him for whom this house was built, and why it was built with sulphur and pitch. And he said unto me, ' These are the sins of thy father which he hath committed ; and it will be built until the time when he shall die. They will toss him into it.'

" And when I heard these things about thee, I wept sore and I said : ' Woe is me ! how shall I let my father know the like of this ? ' And while I was weeping, he who was walking with me said unto me, ' Weep not.' And when he had spoken, he approached with an aged man, and a hundred men followed him, and a young man¹ whose age was twelve years, very beautiful in appearance, and he conversed with the master of the builders in a speech which I did not understand. And thereafter he commanded that the house should be pulled down ;

¹ Cod. + followed him.

and he commanded the angel who was walking with me to bring me out to a very wide place. And another man came with a golden reed in
f. 25 a his hand of three colours, and he laid the foundations of a large house in thy name, the height of each of its walls was a hundred reeds at the further end; and its breadth and its length the same.

"And the angel said unto him: 'Are the hundred reeds finished?'" The master of the building replied: 'It is not yet finished; for the wheat has not come into the storehouse, and when it arrives we will finish it.'

Said Andrew to Rufus, "Hear what thy child says; for if a stranger had spoken like this, thou wouldst not have believed it; but he is thy son." Rufus replied: "Andrew, I ask thee, O thou true man, that thou wouldst take all that belongs to me, and divide it amongst the poor and the needy." And Andrew said unto him: "Arise, take this my disciple to thy house, that he may cure thy wife."

And Philemon did as Andrew had commanded, and he [Rufus] went to his dwelling, he and Philemon. And he found his wife standing, passive as a statue, her hand holding a black man by the hair; and he was running away from her hands, and she would not let him go. And he took hold of her right hand, and came with her to where Andrew was; she holding the black man with her left hand. And when the multitude saw the black man they were greatly agitated, and they cried out and became like a flock of sheep when the wolf has come into their midst.

f. 25 b And Andrew said unto them: "Fear not, come near to me and let your hearts be strong until we learn who he is." And Andrew commanded [her] to let him go, and made the sign of the cross in her face. And he laid his hand upon her head, and said: "In the name of Jesus the Nazarene, Whose name I preach, let thy senses be silent, and let thy reason return." And she became quiet and sat down before the disciple. And the disciple turned to the negro, and said unto him: "What is thy name? and [what] is the reason that this woman hath clung to thee?" The negro said unto him: "I will be true with thee. When a strong youth dwelleth with a weak king and he maketh war with him, and the strong youth is victorious in the war, the victory belongeth not to him, but to the king. Thus I have great power amongst the devils, and behold, I sojourn in thy house."

And Andrew said unto him: "What shall I say about thee, O thou unclean one? and thy wicked character? for the time of prayer is come. But thou shalt be hung up outside the city to-morrow." And Andrew

began his prayer, and finished it; and gave of the holy mysteries to the believers. And he sent them away in peace.

And when the morrow was come, the multitude were assembled. And Andrew was present, and called to the negro, saying: "I will expose thee, O thou foul unclean negro! thou unjust spirit, I will reveal thy state to this f. 26a multitude that they may all see thee." The negro answered him: "Thou art not he who shall judge me, or do this thing to me. Yet my deeds are evil, for I have lost my glory, and have ruined my honour." Andrew said unto him: "O unclean one! unjust one! hadst thou any honour?" He said unto him: "Thou sayest that I am black, unjust. Dost thou not know my nature, whence it is? and if it be thy will to show this multitude who I am, woe is me! what will save me from this [plight] in which I am?" And he began to call on the names of the powers in the height. Andrew said unto him: "Be quiet, and refrain from speaking, except thou sayest to this multitude who thou art." He replied saying: "I am one of the two hundred angels who were sent to see the earth. And when we had seen it, we disturbed it, we rebelled; and we did not return to Him who had sent us. And my name is Māgānā." He answered him: "Thy wound is great, and thy grief, and thy shame shall return upon thee. And thine arrogance shall be thy ruin. In the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ, flee to Gehenna, and do not show thyself again for ever." And from that hour no person has ever seen him.

And Rufus the Governor said unto Andrew: "Dost thou command f. 26b me to distribute all my property to the poor and needy?" And he brought all his goods to Andrew and he distributed it as he had said. And the news reached the king that Rufus the Governor had distributed his property amongst the poor, and had resigned his office, and he doth not oversee any of the citizens nor judge between them, but saith "Would that I could judge mine own self! for what I have done ignorantly." And when Seleucus, the vizier of the king, saw that the king desired his ruin and to kill him, he entreated him to desist from it. And he said unto him: "If he hath gone with the good man who is one of the servants of God, who worketh miracles, [who is] from the cities of the Hebrews, thou canst do nothing against him. But write to him that if he be a devotee of this faith, he shall deliver up all his goods that they may be in the king's treasury." And he wrote letters and they were sent to Rufus the Governor; and he was not found in his dwelling; and messengers were sent to where he was with Andrew, who was teaching a new learning, not the learning of the Romans. And they appeared in the street of the city; and they found

Andrew and Rufus; and he was casting a devil out of a man who had
 l 27 a been possessed by it for seventy years. And when the envoys of the king
 saw the wonder, they believed in God and they delivered up the letters to
 Rufus, and he read them.

And when he heard that all his goods were taken to the king's
 treasury, Andrew laughed and said to Rufus: "Is thy heart sad because
 the king is taking all thy property?" Rufus answered him: "Thou
 knowest how my heart is, and that I will not separate from thee, to
 whatsoever place thou mayest go. What need have I of the things
 that perish? From destruction they are gathered; [and] unto it is their
 return." Andrew said unto him: "All the waters return unto the sea,
 Mt. xv. 17 and it is not filled, and everything [which is put] into the stomach goeth
 Mk. vii. 19 to the dust."

And while Andrew was conversing with Rufus, a voice called him,
 commanding him to dismiss the assembly, and to go into the city
 which was before him; knowing that in it there was a great community
 for him, and a noble and glorious service. And afterwards he returned
 to this city; and it was revealed to him that there would be toil in it for
 him, and great persecution from the king; because of the messengers
 who had believed: "and let your hearts be strengthened by My name, and
 you shall learn that I am with you, and dwell within you."

And Andrew blessed the multitude, saying: "May the Lord make
 you firm in the right faith, you and your sons and your daughters to the
 l 27 b uttermost end, Amen." The multitude answered, "Go in peace; but do
 not prolong [thine absence] from us; for we have heard the voice calling
 thee that great persecution from the king shall come upon this city,
 because of the messengers who have believed." And Andrew strengthened
 their hearts and said: "Fear not; the Lord, in Whom ye have believed,
 is strong, and He hath power to keep it from you." And when he had
 said this he went forth away from them in peace.

Praise be to God, always and for ever.

THE ACTS OF ANDREW AND BARTHOLOMEW.

The Acts of the Disciples Andrew and Bartholomew, which they did in the city of Barbaros, after their return from the country of the Oases; in the peace of the Lord Jesus the Christ. Amen.

After the Resurrection of our Lord Jesus the Christ from amongst the dead—He not ceasing to be King over the heaven and the earth—He appeared unto Bartholomew in the city of the Gentiles, in the regions of Māctarān, which is the city of Ghāryanūs. And He said unto him; "Peace be unto thee, O Bartholomew, and love, and victory, in every place where thou shalt dwell. Fear not; for he who worketh is worthy of reward, and layeth up for himself everlasting life. Ye are the trusty reapers who reap the field of their Lord; and when ye go out of this period of time, ye shall receive your wages. Arise, O my chosen Bartholomew! go to the city of El-Barbar. Preach the Gospel in it; and thou shalt teach the way of salvation; that they may leave off their wicked works and the service of idols; and repent, that they may inherit everlasting life. Behold, I will tell thee beforehand what shall come upon thee in this city. Before thou shalt enter it thy body shall be burnt with fire three times. Thou shalt be crucified many times; thy body shall be sawn asunder with saws; thou shalt be thrown to the wild beasts that they may eat thee. Thy feet shall be tied with stones, and thou shalt be thrown into the sea. But take heed lest thou fear; rather be strong; thou art the conqueror; no one can prevail over thee. Be patient, O my chosen one! and remember what the tribe of the Jews did unto Me; these wicked things which they did unto Me, when I was hanging upon the Cross. And I did not recompense them, for I am a merciful Lord. I forgive the sins of those who return unto Me; and I will accept their repentance. Behold, I will direct Andrew towards thee; he shall bring thee to this city; and many mighty deeds and wonders shall be shown by you; and many people shall believe by means of you." And when the Lord had finished His speech to Bartholomew, He gave him [the salutation of] peace, and ascended to Heaven in glory. And Bartholomew turned towards the city unto which the Lord had commanded him to go. f. 28a

And the Lord appeared unto Andrew at midnight in the town where he was; and commanded him to go to the town of Ghāryanūs to Bartholomew, and they should go to the city of Barbaros and preach in f. 28b

it the tidings of the Gospel "which I have given them, that they may leave off the evil of their deeds and their worship of idols, and repent, so that they may inherit everlasting life. And beware lest thou be alarmed by them, but increase [thy] patience, and use long-suffering. Remember that I am thy Master and thy Lord—thou knowest all the pains that came upon Me from the Jews; and I did not requite them for what they did unto Me, but I was long-suffering with them, that they might be saved from their sins. And fear not now, O my child, and let not thy spirit be oppressed; be patient, until thou shalt have turned them from error to faith by the greatness of thy patience with them. But I will send you a man fearful in appearance like the face of a dog. And through fear of him they will believe; and through your speech he will follow you, and will become your disciple all the days of your preaching the Gospel. And when the people of Barbaros have believed, take him out with you to the city of El Betas, and they also shall believe through the number of the
 f. 29a wonders and the mighty deeds which shall take place through you." And when the Lord had finished His commandments to Andrew He ascended into Heaven in glory.

And on the morrow Andrew arose, and his two disciples Rufus and Alexander; [and] they went out of the city in which they were, desiring to go to the city of Ghâryanûs, to Bartholomew, that they might go together to the city of Barbaros, and El Betas, that they might preach in them the good tidings of the Holy Gospel, as the Lord had commanded. And when they arrived at the sea, they did not find a boat to convey them. And Andrew was greatly alarmed and anxious; and they stood on the shore of the sea for three hours of the day. And Andrew said unto his disciples, "Arise, O my brethren, let us stretch out our hands unto God, and entreat him to make our way easy. For I believe that He will not forsake us." And they stood together and prayed a prayer in Hebrew; and when they had finished the prayer, they sat down on the shore of the sea beneath a tree, and sleep overcame them, and they slept. And God permitted a large fish to come up out of the sea; and it opened its mouth and swallowed Andrew and his two disciples, whilst they were asleep: and they were not aware of it. And they remained in its inside for three days and three nights, and it journeyed with them by the will of God and threw them out outside the harbour of the city of Ghâryanûs, at a distance of
 f. 29b forty days' journey before it arrived [there] and they awoke and were not aware of it. And Andrew said unto his two disciples, "O my brethren! how long shall we remain, and no boat come towards us to convey us

to the city of Ghâryanûs? and my spirit is oppressed." And he spake thus: "Was it not thou, O Lord! Who didst appear unto me and didst command me to journey to the city of Ghâryanûs?" And he said unto his two disciples, "Return to the city until the Lord permit us to go, and direct a boat towards us that will carry us." They said unto him: "Let it be as He willeth." And while he was talking with them, Rufus, one of the two disciples, looked, and lo! a ship approached in the midst of the sea. And he told it to Andrew his master. And he rejoiced at it with great joy. And they all arose to welcome it. And when it reached the shore, they asked the owner of the ship, "Where dost thou wish [to go?]" But the Lord had made for them a spiritual ship: and in it there were sailors and a captain of the boat, before it came unto them. And Andrew arose and welcomed the boat, and gave a greeting of peace to the captain: "The Lord be with thee, O thou good captain of the ship!" The Lord Jesus the Christ, who was like the captain of the boat, replied unto him: "On thee be the peace of the Lord, O thou beloved brother!"

f. 30a

Andrew said unto him: "To what town art thou going?" The man, who was our Lord Jesus the Christ, replied unto him: "By the will of God, to the city of El-Barbar." Andrew said unto him: "O thou good man, hast thou not lost thy way in the sea? this is the city of El-Barbar, thou art in it." He replied unto him: "This is not the city of El-Barbar: this is the city of Ghâryanûs, and this is the third day since I arrived at it."

And while they were continuing the conversation men came from Macedonia, seeking [to go to] the city of Ghâryanûs, directed to Bartholomew, that he might go with them and cast out a devil with which the wife of the King of Macedonia was possessed. And they saw the Lord and Andrew on the shore of the sea. And he said: "What is this city?" The men replied unto him: "This is the city of Ghâryanûs." He replied unto them: "What is the reason of your presence in it?" They said: "The chief of the city hath sent us to Bartholomew, that he may go with us to Macedonia [and] cast out a devil by which his wife is possessed." And the astonishment of Andrew increased; and the men went into the city, and they remained only for a little, until they came, and Bartholomew with them. And when Bartholomew and the men arrived at the ship and saw the Saviour sitting in it, they thought that it was he who conveyed people over to Macedonia. He [Jesus] replied unto them, saying: "We want to go to the district of Barbaros, but go ye to those men who are sitting under the tree, perhaps they are the ferry-men." And Bartholomew went to the tree; and he saw Andrew and his two disciples sitting. And

f. 30b

when Andrew saw him, he hastened to meet him; and he kissed him and said unto him: "Whence comest thou? and what city is this?" Bartholomew said unto him: "This is the city of Ghâryanûs, which came out as my lot that I should preach in it." And Andrew was greatly astonished, and said unto Bartholomew: "What thanks and what praise shall my tongue pay to the noble Lord, who hath done this great deed unto me, and hath brought me to this far-off city in one night; and hath brought me and thee together that I might go to the city of Barbaros and El Betas, that we may preach in them the good news of the Gospel." Then the Lord came from the ship, and they asked what would be their fare to the coast of Macedonia, because the wife of the chief had assembled to herself the poor and needy of the city to give them alms; and whilst she

f. 31 a was among them, a wicked spirit took possession of her; and she brought together and stoned with stones every one who was in her house. "And the chief laid hold of her and put her into a strong place; and he hath sent us to this city, to Bartholomew, a disciple of the Lord, that he may come and cast the devil out of her." The Lord said unto Andrew: "Every man who forsaketh what is in this world, and followeth the Lord Jesus and becometh His disciple, he shall cast out devils like you." Andrew said unto him: "Truly it is so, and if he saith to this mountain

Mark xi. 23 'Be removed,' it shall indeed be removed."

The Lord said: "And if I renounce this world with all that is in it, and carry my cross, shall I be able to cast out this devil from this woman?" Andrew said unto him: "The Holy Ghost the Teacher, hath not rested upon thee; but sell this boat, and distribute its price among the poor, and the widows, and the orphans, and follow us to any place whither we are going. Thou shalt do whatsoever we do." The Lord said in answer: "Arise, and let us entreat in the name of Jesus that each one of us may do his miracle."

And Andrew stood and stretched out his hands, and prayed thus: saying, "In the name of our Lord Jesus the Christ, transport me, O thou

f. 31 b sea, and every one who is with me here, and make us reach the coast of Macedonia." And straightway the water of the sea overflowed; and it came to where they were, and it circled round them, they being in the midst of it like a boat, and it made them reach the shore. And the multitude said unto Andrew: "Truly thou art servant to a good Lord." And the envoys did obeisance unto him, and they said: "There is no God but thy God."

And Bartholomew arose [and] prayed thus, saying in his speech:

"O my Lord and my God, Jesus the Christ! send Thy good angel to the abode of the chief in Macedonia; and may he cast the devil out of the woman and bring her to us before we arrive at the city." And Michael came down from heaven at that moment, and entered the chief's house. And he took the woman and her husband and the people of her household, and came with them to the sea, where the disciples and the Lord were. And when the devil saw the Lord Jesus, he wished to cry out, and let the crowd know; but [the Lord] rebuked him and commanded him not to speak about that, but to come out of the woman.

Bartholomew said unto Andrew, "This woman in whom there is a devil, rise thou, and cure her in the name of the Lord." He replied unto him: "Do thou cure her." He said unto him: "Arise, lay thy hand upon me, and bless me, and I will do according to what thou hast commanded me." f. 32 a
Andrew said unto him: "The Lord, that sweet name in which all blessings are completed, bless us all together."

And Bartholomew arose and drew nigh to the woman, and he said unto the bad spirit: "In the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ: come out of this woman, and get thee down into the depths of the sea until the day when the Lord shall pass judgment upon thee and thy father Satan, and do not return to her for ever." And immediately the woman was made whole and she arose and did obeisance to the disciples, she and her husband, and all her household, saying: "There is no God but Thee, O Jesus the Christ, the Son of the Living, the Eternal God, Lord of Heaven and earth." And the disciples blessed them, and the woman asked them: "If I have found grace with you, come with me to the city, and rest in the house of your servant." And she sent on her servants before her to arrange the dwelling.

Then the Lord said: "I also will do a miracle in the name of your God." Then He said: "In the name of Jesus the Christ, let the wind carry me and Andrew, and Bartholomew, and their disciples, and make us reach [the place] whither they desire [to go]." And straightway the disciples received shining wings, and they arrived at the city of Barbaros.

And our Lord Jesus the Christ went before them; and they knew f. 32 b
not that it was the Lord. And they halted upon the top of the theatre which belonged to the city where the crowd was assembled. And that day was the festival of the idol which the people of the city worshipped; and they were all together eating and drinking and rejoicing.

And when the crowd saw the disciples standing upon the theatre they were greatly amazed. And Gallion the Governor was not present;

but the people were waiting for him. And Andrew said: "Tell me who thou art, and [what is] thy faith by which thou hast said this." And the Lord smiled and said unto him: "Were not your hearts heavy¹? Open your eyes, and know that I am He." And He appeared unto them with the countenance which they knew. And He said unto them: "Be strong and brave, O my holy disciples! I will dwell with you wheresoever ye are. I commanded the whale to snatch you away whilst you were asleep; and ye did not know it until it made you arrive at the coast of the city of Barbaros. Be ye patient and long-suffering with the great people which is in this city, for they will not all believe quickly, but by many signs which shall be [done] by you." And He gave them [the greeting of] peace, and revealed Himself, going up to Heaven in great glory.

And lo! the disciples were standing on the top of the theatre, and all the crowd gazing at them and saying:

- f. 33 a "How are these people at such a great height?" And some of them said: "These are the gods of this city; they wish to do wonderful things. Or the priests have neglected them, and they are angry, and wish to go out of the city; but let us tell the Governor speedily about their affair." And behold! whilst they were talking, Gallion, the king, drew nigh, riding, and all his army with him. And he sat down upon his seat; and the crowd appealed to him. And he rebuked them, thinking that the thing had taken place in the temple. And they said unto him: "Lift up thine eyes² in the direction of the gods; they wish to go forth from the city. Inquire about this, lest the priests have diminished their service. And if they go out of our city our foes will conquer us, and slay us, and there will be none to help us."

And the Governor commanded the priests to be brought, and that the gods should be present. And they put on their finest raiment. And they carried the four idols, and brought them to the theatre; and their trumpets in their hands, till they had seated them according to their rank. And when the crowd saw them they lifted up their voices, and gave them glory: and it was on the day of their festival. And when the disciples saw that the crowd which was in the city had gone into the theatre they came down on that day from the height.

- f. 33 b And when the multitude saw them they laid hold of them, and brought them into the presence of the Governor. And the Governor asked them, "Who are ye? O ye men!" Andrew answered him: "We are disciples

¹ Luke xxiv. 32. This is the reading of the Old Syriac version; and of the Sahidic.

² Literally "thy sight."

of a good Lord ; his name is Jesus." Some of the multitude said : " These are the twelve wizards who journey among the cities, and separate women from their husbands. Put them away from us, lest they should bewitch us, and separate us from our wives and our children."

The Governor said to the crowd : " Be patient, and I will go up ; and do not make a disturbance until I have proved them with questions." And he said unto the disciples : " If your God be God in truth, doing what He will, do a sign or a miracle before me, that I may know the truth of your speech."

And Andrew went near to where the idols were ; and he commanded the crowd to be silent. And they held their peace. And he cried with a loud voice to the idols : " Are ye gods ? as this multitude thinks about you ?"

Loud voices from them replied unto him, saying : " We are no gods, but false things, the work of men's hands, they deceive by means of us." He replied to them : " Thus saith the Lord Jesus the Christ, the Son of the Living God, King of all kings, Go up to the top of this theatre until I command you to come down to Gehenna." And immediately they went up.

And Andrew said unto the multitude : " If they were gods and if they f. 34 a had power, and hearkened to their priests, they would return and remain in their places." And when the multitude saw that, they were greatly ashamed ; and the Governor said unto the priests : " Call on your gods, that they may return and remain in their places." And the priests multiplied their entreaties to their gods that they should come down ; but they moved not from their places. And the devils who dwelt in them spake by their mouths : " O people of the city ! if ye lay not hold of these men and burn their bodies with fire, we will go out from this city. Hearken not unto the speech of these seditious men, who have turned the world upside down. And if we go forth from amongst you, the city will be laid waste. And do not receive their words."

And when the multitude had heard that from the devils, they were very angry, and they took stones and stoned the disciples. And the Governor commanded that they should bind the disciples with chains of iron, and they hung them upon the gallows¹ to burn them in the fire in the presence of their idols. And straightway an angel of the Lord came down and rescued them from their hands, and loosed them from the chains. And the devils returned the speech : " Not thus is it fitting

¹ Literally " wood."

f. 34 b that they should be burnt ; but cast them into the furnace until they be consumed." And they did unto them as the devils had commanded. The angel of the Lord came down to the furnace and rescued them from the burning. And the multitude cried out with a mighty cry, and they were standing opposite him, [and] the angel of the Lord brought out the disciples and set them in the midst of the multitude, without their seeing them. And they talked and rebuked them and derided the devils who were in them. And the Governor said unto the multitude : "What shall we do with these men? Lo! three times he hath burnt them with fire; and it hath not consumed them nor hath it hurt them at all. Behold! they are going far from us; we shall not find them to accomplish our will with them."

Andrew replied : "Lo! we are standing in your midst; either overcome us, or we shall overcome you, by the power of our Lord."

The Governor answered and said : "It is not meet for us to corrupt this law of the gods." Then the commandant and all the soldiers laid hold of them and took them before the tribunal of justice¹ and the multitude threw many stones at them. And Andrew waxed wroth in spirit, and would fain have cursed the city and all who were within it that they should go down to hell for their little faith; but he was patient and remembered the commandment of the Lord, which He spake : "Do not requite them for their little faith." And the Governor commanded the multitude to
f. 35 a be silent. And he said unto the disciples : "What hateful deeds are these with which ye lead the people astray? I will strip off your skins, and will throw you to the ravening wild beasts, that they may eat you."

Andrew replied unto him : "For what cause wilt thou do this unto us?" The Governor said unto him : "Because ye have come into our city, and when our gods saw you, they went forth out of it."

Andrew replied unto him : "Your gods are no gods, as ye suppose, but are made by men's hands. There is no God but the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost." And when the multitude heard this speech, they said unto the Governor : "Either thou shalt slay these men, or if not, we shall slay thee and all thy household."

And when the Governor saw the chief men and the multitude shouting, and their voices getting louder, he said unto them : "What do ye wish me to do with them?" They said unto him : "Thou shalt saw them with saws, or cast them into a copper furnace till their bodies melt, and thou shalt throw them into the sea."

¹ Or "Court of Session."

And the Governor commanded that the holy ones should return, and they fastened them to a wooden wheel, and turned it round upon them. And they brought the large saw that they might saw them asunder. And while they were busy sawing, their hands were withered and they could not move them: and they screamed, saying: "Woe unto us! we have no strength for it."

The Governor said unto the multitude: "What do ye wish me to do with them? I have no power over them."

Then he commanded the wheels to be set up, and the holy men to f. 35 b be laid upon them and tied with ropes and dragged with them in the streets of the city; and afterwards be thrown into the sea, being bound to the wheels. And when the servants of the king wanted to take hold of the ropes, their bodies were dislocated and their hands were cut off from their elbows, and fell upon the ground. And there was great grief and much sore weeping in the city. And on that day the Governor said unto the multitude: "What do ye wish me to do with these men? Ye have seen what we have done with them; and we can do nothing with them in the way of ill-treatment."

The multitude said unto him: "Arise thou: [and] we will go together and ask them if they will consent to our request and will go forth out of our city."

And the Governor did what the multitude had asked him, he and they [both] drew nigh to the disciples, and he said unto them: "O ye blessed brethren, what money do ye wish that we should pay you, and go ye out of our city; so that our gods may return unto us? And if ye will not do it, all our city will perish."

The disciples replied unto them: "We have no need of gold nor of silver."

And the multitude were wroth, and drove the disciples outside of the city. And they pelted them with stones and left them thrown down like dead men.

Then did the Lord Jesus appear unto them and said: "Arise, O my f. 36 a holy disciples! be patient and fear not, for in this city there is a great tumult because of you; but go ye out to this desert, I am abiding with you, fear ye not, I will direct a man towards you whose face is like the face of a dog, and whose appearance is frightful exceedingly. Take him with you to the city."

And after the Lord had given them this commandment He departed from them, going up to heaven in glory.

And the disciples went out to the desert, grieving because the city

did not believe ; and they stayed only a little while to rest ; and they slept ; and the angel of the Lord lifted them up and brought them to the city whose people were cannibals, and left them beneath a rock of the mountain, and departed from them. And when they awoke, they were astonished, and glorified God. And whilst they were talking beneath the mountains, behold ! a man had come out of the city whose people were cannibals, seeking a man whom he might eat. And he had remained all that day without finding anything to eat. And the angel of the Lord appeared unto him, saying unto him : " Help, O thou man whose face is like the face of a dog. Lo ! thou shalt find two men, and two disciples with them, and they are sitting beneath this rock. And when thou shalt have reached them, let nothing unpleasant from thee come to them ; for they are the servants of God ; lest their God be wroth with thee and
f. 36 b cut thee in twain." And when the man, who was like a Dog's Head, heard speech like this, he trembled exceedingly, and replied, saying to the angel : " Who art thou ? I know thee not ; and I know not the Lord ; but tell me who is God the Lord, of whom thou speakest unto me."

The angel replied unto him, saying : " He it is Who created the heaven and the earth, He is God of a truth. This heaven is a tabernacle above thy head, and thou treadest on the earth, and He created them, and the sun, and the moon, and the stars, and the sea, and all that is therein ; the wild beasts, and the birds, and all the cattle, and the fowls, He created them all. And He hath power to take [away] the breaths of them all." Dog's Head replied to him, saying : " I desire a sign from Him, that I may believe all that I have heard from thee."

And straightway fire came down from heaven and surrounded Dog's Head, and he could not get out of it. And he stood in the midst of it, escape being impossible ; and he feared greatly. And he cried with a loud voice, saying : " O thou God whom I have not known ! save me from this affliction in which I am, and I will believe in Thee." The angel answered, and said unto him : " If God save thee from this affliction of fire, wilt thou follow His disciples to every place whither they shall journey, and wilt thou hearken unto all that they shall say unto thee ?" Dog's Head replied and
f. 37 a said unto him : " O my lord, I am not like most men ; for my appearance is not like the appearance of most people ; and I know not their talk. And if I were to walk with them, what could they do about my food ? And if I were hungry, where shall I find men to eat ? I should turn round upon them and eat them. Lo ! I have made known my state unto thee, lest I should do them evil, and their God should be angry with me."

The angel said unto him: "God will give unto thee the nature of man, and will strip from thee the nature of the wild beast." And immediately the angel stretched out his hand, and pulled Dog's Head out of the fire, and signed him with the sign of the cross, and called on the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost. And then the nature of the wild beast went out of him, and he became gentle as a lamb. And the angel said: "Arise, go near to this mountain; thou wilt find four men sitting beneath the shadow of a rock, follow them; and let no unpleasant thing from thee come near them. For it is the Lord, Who hath sent thee to work miracles in every place whither they shall go." And the angel departed from him.

And Dog's Head arose, and went to where the disciples were, rejoicing and glad, in the knowledge of the right faith. And his appearance was f. 37 b fearful exceedingly; his height was four cubits; his face was like the face of a large dog, and his eyes like lamps of burning fire, and his back teeth like the tusks of the wild boar; and his [front] teeth like the teeth of a lion; and the nails of his feet like a curved scythe; and the nails of his hands like the claws of a lion, and his whole appearance frightful, terrifying.

And when the disciples awoke from their sleep, with hearts sorrowful because of this city and the little faith of its people, whilst they were sitting, behold! Dog's Head arose upon them. And when Alexander, the disciple of Andrew, perceived him coming nigh to him, he became like a dead man from fear of him. And the disciples thought that he was possessed with a bad spirit, and they made a sign upon him in the name of the Lord, and traced a cross over his face. And after that Andrew looked at Dog's Head, and trembled greatly at his appearance, and he motioned to Bartholomew with his hand. And when Bartholomew saw him they ran away together, and left the two disciples under the cliff¹, Rufus and Alexander.

And Dog's Head came, and found the disciples like dead men from fear of him. And he took hold of the hands of both, and said: "Fear f. 38 a not, O my spiritual fathers!" And God took away the fear of him from their hearts, and sent upon them the power of the Holy Ghost, and they were not afraid of his appearance. And Dog's Head did obeisance to them, and begged them to call their fathers; that they might tell them all that the Lord Jesus the Christ had commanded him. And they sought eagerly for Andrew and Bartholomew. And when they had

¹ Or "rock."

found them, they said unto them : "The man whose face hath made you sorrowful is calling you." And the two disciples came [to the place] where Dog's Head was. And they were not able to look at his person, for he was very fearful. And when Dog's Head saw them, he did obeisance to them, down to the ground ; and he said unto them : " Fear not my appearance, O servants of the Most High God ! Your God hath sent me to you, that I may go with you to every place that you desire. And I will obey you in whatsoever ye command me. And the disciples marvelled at Dog's Head. Andrew said unto him : " May the Lord bless thee, O my child ! I believe that we shall have a great consolation in thee ; but tell us thy name."

f. 38 b Dog's Head said : " My name is ' Bewitched.' " Andrew said unto him : " Truly a secret is hidden in thy name. And it is sweet and it is honourable, but from this day thy name shall be ' Christian.' "

And they prayed and went forth out of that city. And the Lord sent His angel as a guide along with them¹. And on the third day they arrived at the city of Barbaros. And they sat down outside the city to rest. And Satan got to the city before them, and he was in the likeness of a rich man of the city, and he went into the presence of the Governor, and with him were all the chief men of the tribe. And he said unto him : " The men whom ye have driven out of the city with stones have appeared again, seeking to enter it. And if our gods were to know of their approach they would go forth out of our city. And the nations will hear, and will rise up against us and take us captive, we and our children."

And when the Governor heard this he commanded all the gates of the city to be shut, and he placed guards over them. And when the disciples sought to enter into the city, Dog's Face said unto them : " Cover up my face before I go into the city, lest the people see me and flee from me." And they covered his face.

And Andrew arose and prayed, saying : " O Lord ! hearken unto my
f. 39 a supplication. And he drew nigh unto the gate of the city and said : " In the
1a. xlv. 2 name of the Lord Jesus the Christ, Who hath broken the gates of brass, and cut in pieces the bars of iron, let this city be speedily opened." And when he had said this, the gates of the city fell, and the disciples entered, Dog's Head being with them. And the gate-keepers hastened to tell the Governor and all the people of the city what had happened. And when they heard it they were perturbed exceedingly. And they all hastened, bearing the weapons of war—he who had a sword, and he who had a

¹ Literally " between their hands."

spear, each man according to his ability. And they went out to meet the disciples that they might slay them. And the Governor commanded them to lead the disciples forward into the midst of the crowd, and to bring wild beasts of prey against them, so that they might let loose seven lions and three lion-whelps, and a lioness which was bringing forth young, and two tigers, against them. And the guards of the king seized Andrew that the wild beasts might kill him. And when Dog's Face saw what they were going to do unto him, he said unto Andrew: "Command me 'O good servant!' to uncover my face." Andrew said unto him: "Whatsoever I command thee, do." And Dog's Head prayed, saying thus: "I entreat thee, O my Lord Jesus the Christ! Who didst turn me from hardness of heart into meekness, and didst make me meet f. 39 b to be the companion of Thy disciples, I entreat Thee that thou wouldst restore to me my original nature, so that this crowd may see me: and strengthen me by Thy power, that they may know that there is no God beside Thee." And straightway he returned to his original nature which was in him; and he waxed exceeding wroth, and was filled with rage, and he uncovered his face, and looked upon the crowd with great anger. And he sprang upon all the lions [that were] amongst the multitude, and began to slay them; and tore their hides, and ate their flesh. And when the people of the city saw this they trembled greatly, and were disturbed and fled, and sought to get out of the city. Because of the violent pressure of the crowd one against the other six hundred men and three noblemen died. And of the remainder, he who was safe sought for a place to hide himself; and they went out of the city. And the Lord sent a great fire [which] surrounded the city; and not one of them could flee from it.

And the Governor and the chiefs assembled, and drew nigh unto the disciples, weeping in fear and trembling, saying: "We believe and we f. 40 a know that there is no God in heaven nor on earth, save your God, the Lord Jesus the Christ. We entreat you to have compassion on us, and deliver us from this death which surroundeth us from two sides, from the fire, and from the dread of Dog's Head." And the disciples took pity on them, and besought the Lord Jesus the Christ that He might take the fire from off them. And Bartholomew said unto the Governor: "Assemble the people of the town unto us, men and women. And let them bring to us whatsoever idols are in their houses; that they may know that they are no gods, but are made by men's hands; stones, there are no souls in them." And the Governor commanded the multitude about that, and they brought them. And the disciples arose and prayed, and their

feet smote the earth, saying: "O God! Who at that time didst command the earth, [and] it opened and swallowed up Dathan and Abiram and all their host who withstood Thy Name, let the earth open at this hour, and may these idols be swallowed up; and bring them down to
f 40b Gehenna, whilst this multitude are witnessing it." And that came to pass speedily. And the Governor, and the crowd of women and men lifted up their voices and said: "There is one God, the God of the Nazarenes, Jesus the Christ."

The disciples said unto them: "Let us go together to the theatre; and ye shall receive the completion of faith therein." And the Governor and the multitude entreated the disciples and said: "O our lords! forgive us, for we cannot reach that place for fear of Dog's Face; lest he should eat us, as he ate the wild beasts." Bartholomew said unto them: "Fear ye not; but follow us; ye shall see the glory of God and great wonders in this city to-day." And a great crowd followed them to the theatre; and the disciples went first, and laid their hands on the man who was like a dog's head, and they said unto him: "In the name of Jesus the Christ, let the nature of wild beasts leave thee, and return to the nature of man. It is enough for thee, O my child! thou hast completed the service in which thou wast sent." And in that hour he returned to be like what
f 41a thing they took in their hands branches of olive, and did obeisance to the disciples. And they said unto them: "Let your blessing abide on us; and baptize us." The disciples said unto them: "Possess ye your souls in patience; the gift of God hath remained upon you."

And there was a pillar in the midst of the city, beside the theatre. And when they reached it Andrew arose and smote it with his foot. And straightway the pillar was opened and sweet water gushed from it. And the disciples stood in the midst of the water, and baptized the multitude in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost. And when the multitude had been baptized, Dog's Head entreated Andrew and said unto him: "O thou good father! let thy mercy lighten upon those who have died, that they may live, and be baptized, and may rejoice with their brethren. And that they may know that the Lord hath power to give life unto the dead."

And Andrew arose and made supplication. And another loud voice called from heaven: "At length it shall come unto the beloved Dog's Head: that I shall give unto him the gift of giving them life, for they died through

fear of thee; and by thy hands shall their life come." And they were baptized along with the people of the city; and the disciples did many miracles [and] wonders in the name of the Lord. The blind opened their eyes; the lame walked; the deaf heard; the dumb spake; the devils were cast out. And in all the city there remained not one who had a disease who was not cured in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And after these things he built them churches; and ordained for them a bishop, and presbyters and deacons. And he made them all the servants of the temple, and taught them the Holy Gospel and all the rites of the Holy Church. And they offered up the pure Mysteries, and finished the prayers about them; and gave the multitude the offering and the Holy Mysteries. And there was great joy in this city at their being held worthy of the joy of baptism and of receiving the Holy Mysteries, which are the Body of the Lord and His precious Blood. And they confirmed them in the holy faith in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And they went out from amongst them, praising God; to Whom be glory for ever and ever. Amen.

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f. 26 a

THE MARTYRDOM OF ST ANDREW.

The Martyrdom of Andrew, the Blessed Disciple, on the fourth day of Khoiak, in the peace of the Lord.

cf. Luke
xiv. 26
xiv. 33

And it came to pass that Andrew had journeyed to the city of Aknîs, and the city of Argányûs, and the city of Safras, the rebellious and wicked cities which were neighbours one to the other; and they were united in his lot wherein he was to preach the good news of the Gospel. And these were the last of the cities to which he journeyed. And his departure from this world drew near. And when he entered these cities he preached to them with a loud voice, thus: "Whoso forsaketh not father or mother, and sons, and daughters, and brothers, and sisters, and wife, and silver, and gold, and raiment, and treasures, and goods, and fields, and everything in this world, and followeth not after Me, is not worthy of Me." And he commanded them about it, that they should believe in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ with the right faith. And they begged him earnestly for more about it; (because) he had mentioned before that he who did not do it would have no right
f. 42b to the kingdom of heaven, and would not have everlasting life.

And the people of this country were a very wicked folk, and they had little religious faith. And when they heard Andrew speak in this way, they were wroth against him with a great wrath. And (in) many places they heard of the wonders which he did in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ; and everyone who asked him was cured by him, and he bestowed the cure without price. And many of the people spread his name abroad in that region; and he brought them near unto God, Who receiveth everyone that cometh unto Him with all his heart.

Then it entered into the heart of the people of this city in which Andrew was preaching about the knowledge of God to assemble themselves and take counsel together about the disciple. And the magistrates said unto each other: "Come, let us unite and agree concerning the killing of this deceiver, who hath corrupted our religion and

hath come to us in the name of a new god, whose name we know not, neither we nor our fathers."

One of them said: "Let us go out to him and entreat him to go out of our country that no discord may happen; for many (men) of the city have believed by his speech; and if we do not make haste and do something by our own will, there will be some ruin to the inhabitants of the city." And they sent trusty folk to him of those who f. 43 a were of noble race. And they went to him joyfully. And this was by the will of God, that the envoys also who had gone to him might believe. And when they had entered into (where) the disciple (was), he began and said: "The peace of the Lord be with you." They replied unto him: "May thy peace be with us." And they spoke in words of peace. The disciple said unto them: "Sit ye down, O ye good brethren, whom the good Lord hath called to the Holy City." They replied unto him, saying: "Forgive us, O servant of the good God, in whom we have found the knowledge of God. O thou just one! about whom we took counsel for the evil, which Satan had sown in our heart. O thou innocent man! who art like a lamb playing and submissive to him who is seeking to kill it. Truly we, since we have seen thy person, every thought of evil is put far from us; and thou hast made our hearts new by the fear of God. Have we not commanded evil concerning thee, and brought it upon thee? We have come to entreat thee to go out of our city; and we have said in the ignorance of our minds that thou art he who didst trouble our city. But now we Cod. 81
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f. 28 b know certainly that thou art he who shall save us from the enemy, and shalt intercede for us with the Lord, that He may forgive our sins. And now, O holy father! we will not separate ourselves from thee, and we desire thee to make us thy disciples. And Andrew blessed them, and sent them to their houses in peace, and exhorted each of them to learn the faith of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And they went away from him praising God; and they went about in all the market-places of the city, and in its streets, reciting the praises of God. And they left the blessed Apostle Andrew.

And when the company of evil men who had sent them on that business heard these things, they were greatly perplexed. And they took counsel about it amongst themselves: and they said, "Let us go together to the place where Andrew is, and let us burn him alive in the fire; so that he may not return to our city, and everyone who hath believed in him may hear of us and be afraid of us. And they went out to the place where he was, and they surrounded him and said unto him, "We will burn thee f. 29 a alive." And when the disciple saw that they were endeavouring to do

evil, he looked at them, and spake to them in words of peace; and said unto them: "O ye rebellious men! do not fulfil the evil which ye have determined, which Satan its father hath taught you. And return unto God.

D. S. And if ye will not receive [this] from me, I have entreated God about the fire
f. 44^a in which ye have purposed to burn me, and He will send fire from heaven from Himself to burn you and your city; that ye may know that there is no God who is mighty in heaven and earth, save Jesus the Christ my Lord." And they reviled the Lord Jesus the Christ, and the holy disciple. And when he heard their reviling he was wroth with a fierce wrath, and he lifted up his hand towards heaven and made supplication, saying: "O my Lord and my God, Jesus the Christ! hearken unto my supplication, and send fire from heaven to burn these wicked people who have reviled Thy holy name." And before he had finished his supplication fire fell from heaven and burnt up this wicked multitude. And the saint became known in all the town and its district because of the wonder which had come forth from his hands. And the rest of the wicked never ceased, but they plotted evil again. And they said: "If this man remains in our city he will ruin us with his sorcery, and there is worse in store for us from his doing, for he will separate us from our wives." They sent treacherously to him with soft speech until he came into their midst; and they gathered themselves together against him and beat him with heavy blows. And they went round about the city with him, he being naked, and cast him into prison until they had taken counsel against him how they should kill him. And the custom of this city was, that whomsoever they wished to slay they hanged him on a piece of wood in the form of a cross, and threw stones at him.

And when they had thrown Andrew into prison he arose and prayed earnestly; and entreated the Lord that He would send fire from heaven
f. 44^b and burn these three cities as (He did) the first time, because of the beating and the acts of violence which they had done to him. Then the Lord appeared unto him in the prison and said unto him: "Peace be unto thee, O Andrew! My beloved disciple; be not anxious, for thou hast finished thy course, and hast attained to thine apostleship. And this is the place in which thou shalt complete thy testimony, and shalt inherit the kingdom of heaven with the just ones who have pleased Me."

And when Andrew heard it he rejoiced and was glad; and he remained for the rest of the night praising God. And when it was the morrow he went forth out of the prison; and they hanged him upon the cross, and stoned him till there was an end of him. And believing folk took him

and left his body in a grave. And this was the completion of his testimony on the fourth day of the month of Khoiak; and praise be to the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, for ever and ever. Amen.

(Colophon.) And praise be to God ever and always. This blessed book is the enduring perpetual guarded inheritance of the Monastery of Our Lady, the Lady whose lord is Anba Bishai, and is known as the Syrian Fathers. And no man shall have power from the Lord—praise be to Him! to take it out of the Monastery on any pretence or by way of loss. And after he shall have taken it out his lot shall be with Judas, the betrayer of his Lord. And it was written for God's sake by permission of our Father the Metropolitan Abbot of the Monastery above mentioned. And praise be to God always and for ever.

THE STORY OF ST JAMES.

f. 45 a *The story of James the son of Zebedee, brother of John the Evangelist, and his preaching of the Gospel of the Lord Jesus the Christ in the city of India.*

It came to pass when the disciples divided the cities of the world, and each of them knew his lot given to him by the Lord, they praised His name greatly. And the lot of James was the city of India; and (of) John his brother the city of Asia. And James said unto Peter, "O my father Peter! go forth with me until thou hast brought me to my city." And Peter said unto him, "Not thee alone, but all of you will I bring to your cities, as the Lord hath commanded me." And Peter and James went towards this country; reciting on their way the praises of God, and rejoicing their souls with what the Lord had taught them about the abundance of their reward in the kingdom of heaven. And they said: "It is meet that no sloth should overtake us and no laziness, but let us hasten and be watchful in zeal for proclaiming the Gospel and preaching in the world, so that we may be worthy of the everlasting promises." These words did Peter and James speak strengthening one another in effort; and whilst they were talking in this way, the Lord appeared unto them like a young man of fair face, rejoicing in their conversation, smiling in their faces. And He said unto them: "Come unto Me, O ye good labourers! I am your

f. 45 b Master, and Strengtheners, and the Payer of your reward. Know, O My disciples, that all your toil in this world will not be like a single hour of the rest which will be in the kingdom of heaven." And He enlightened the eyes of their hearts; and shewed them all the just men who have gone to their rest from Adam to John, and they were shining in glittering raiment. And they drew nigh to them and embraced them with a spiritual kiss, and departed from them in peace.

And when the disciples had seen this spiritual vision their hearts were strengthened, and they were glad, and fell to the earth and worshipped, saying: "We thank Thee, O our Lord and our Master, Jesus the Christ! for the beauty of Thy work to us poor men." And the Lord made them rise,

and gave them (the greeting of) peace. And He said unto James, "Be strong and finish thy service with a (true¹) heart, and preach in the world in the name of the Lord, to those who are His image and likeness. And in this thou shalt have a great reward."

And the disciples arose, with faces shining like the sun, and the Lord disappeared from them into heaven with great glory. And Peter said unto James, "It is meet that we should be diligent in our journey so as to bring back all the lost sheep of the race of Israel, for this great reward is certain to be ours." And they journeyed together. And as they drew nigh to the city, behold! there was a blind man on the path eating bread. And when he knew that the disciples were approaching, he went, by the grace of God, and cried with a loud voice and said: "O servants of the Christ! give me light on my eyes." James said unto Peter: "Take pity on him, f. 46 a O my father! that he may not cry behind us." Peter said unto him: "It is thou who shalt give healing in this city." James said: "Bless me, O my father!" Peter said unto him: "The Lord Jesus the Christ will effect his cure by thy hand." And James called the blind man and said unto him: "If thine eyes be opened, and thy sight established, wilt thou believe in the Lord Jesus the Christ, the Crucified?" The blind man said unto him: "I believe in Him with a true faith." James said unto him: "In the name of Jesus the Christ, in whom thou hast believed, the true God, let thine eyes be opened, and do thou see with full sight."

And this happened as he had said. And when the multitude saw it, they cried out and gave glory to God. And a company of them believed. But some of them said: "These are wizards." And they went to the magistrates of the city, and told them what they had witnessed; and the magistrates commanded them (the disciples) to be brought. And when they stood before them, one of them asked them, "From what country are ye? whence are ye? and what do ye want?"

Peter answered him, saying: "We are the servants of a good Lord, whose name is Jesus the Christ." And when the magistrates heard the name of Jesus, they rent their garments, and cried out with loud voices and said: "O ye men! ye inhabitants of this city! beware of these folk, for they are wizards. For many days we have heard no news of them. Twelve men went forth from Jerusalem, disciples of a good man whose name was Jesus; this was the name they called him."

And the magistrates commanded that they should put ropes on their f. 46 b necks, and drag them through all the city. And when the guards were

¹ A word seems to have been dropped from the MS.

about to throw the ropes on their necks, their hands withered, and they stood still on their feet. And the magistrates chided them, saying: "Ye have not fulfilled what we commanded you." They said unto them: "We cannot move, and we have become like stones." The magistrates said unto them: "Did we not tell you that they are wizards?" The disciples said: "We are not wizards; but servants of a good Lord." And the men whose hands were withered entreated the disciples, saying: "O servants of God! have compassion on us." They said unto them: "God hath commanded us that we should not requite evil with evil, but good instead of evil." And they drew nigh unto the men, saying: "In the name of Jesus the Christ, Whose disciples we are, and Whose name we preach, we command you by faith that ye return to what ye were, whole." And straightway the guards rose up whole, as they had been, and did obeisance to them, crying out: "There is no God but Jesus the Christ, the Lord of these good men."

And when the multitude saw it they returned the cry like the speech of the guards, "There is one God, Whom these two blessed men proclaim." And the magistrates did not believe; for their hearts were hard. And there was a magistrate among them who had a son, and his feet were withered; he could not walk. The magistrate said: "I will bring my son to them, and if they have power to make his feet whole like (those of) all men, I will believe in their God."

And he commanded one of his servants to bring his son to them.
 f. 47 a And he hastened and left him in the presence of the disciples. And they both arose, and stretched out their hands, and prayed, saying: "Our Lord Jesus the Christ, Resurrection of souls and of bodies, the Good Shepherd Who restoreth every good soul, we entreat Thee, O Thou Lord Who art near with an answer, that Thou wouldest hearken unto Thy servants, for Thou hast promised that Thou wilt not separate Thyself from us; to shew Thy glory at this hour in this city; that they may know that Thou art God; there is no God beside Thee¹."

And when the two disciples had finished the prayer, James said unto the lame boy: "In the name of Jesus the Christ, the Nazarene, in Whose name I preach, rise, walk like all men."

Then he sprang up and stood, whole, and walked. And when the multitude saw this wonder which had been (done) by the disciples, they cried out, saying: "God is one, the God of these two men." And the magistrate, the father of the boy, did obeisance at the feet of the

¹ Literally "between the hands of."

THE MARTYRDOM OF JAMES.

The Martyrdom of James the son of Zebedee, the disciple of Jesus the Christ, which took place on the twenty-seventh day of Pharmouthi, in the peace of the Lord. Amen.

And when James the son of Zebedee, the disciple of Jesus the Christ, went out to the scattered Twelve Tribes, and preached the Gospel to them in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ, the True God, all the tribes did not worship the One God; but each tribe of them had chosen a god, and each of their idols had a false teaching which led them astray. And they were under the dominion of Herod; they paid him service in different ways; and the property which came to him from these sources was very great, until his authority increased and his kingdom became larger. And it came f. 49a to pass that when James drew nigh and preached to every tribe in its own language, because the Lord inspired them with the knowledge of all languages; not only the tongues of man, but the tongues of the birds and the beasts, and the creeping things, and the wild beasts; when they chattered in their own language, the disciple knew what they were saying by the help of the Holy Ghost. And James preached amongst them and commanded them to leave off their ugly deeds, and believe in God the Father, and His Only Son Jesus the Christ; and in the Holy Ghost, Who giveth life to every creature; in Whose hand are all their spirits; He will judge the quick and the dead. And he said unto them: "Give not all your goods unto earthly kings; but give some of them to the poor, for the salvation of your souls." And immediately the gift of the Holy Spirit dwelt in them, and the fear (of God) was firmly fixed in their hearts. And the news spread in all their borders; and they believed in the word of James the disciple; and were confirmed in the faith of the Lord Jesus the Christ, King of the heaven and the earth; Who doth not refuse those who seek Him and turn to Him with a sincere conscience. And they renounced all they had worshipped; and their wicked deeds which they had done. And they approached the Lord with a sincere mind; and received the word of James which he preached unto them. And James taught them much because of the quickness with which they received his preaching and forsook the false doctrine in which they were, and the error. And he made haste and built them churches in all their borders, when he saw the beauty of their faith. And he baptized them in the name of the Holy Trinity. And they were glad and rejoiced. And

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f. 37 b
l. 7

1 31a He commanded them the precepts of the Gospel : and the laws of religion ;
 and said unto them : " Hearken, O ye blessed children ! who have returned
 from error unto the knowledge of the truth ; whom the Lord hath chosen
 and made meet to receive His dear Body, and pure Blood. Behold,
 I deliver unto you the truths of God ; which He hath entrusted unto us ;
 and hath commanded us to convey to the nations. And they received
 them with joy, so that they might be always joyful and triumphant in the
 Paradise of the Eternal Lord. Behold the Lord hath made you meet,
 every tribe, that in Him ye may be [steady] and that your fruits, and your
 vineyards, and your fields, and your sheep may be the Lord's." The
 multitude consented ; and they said : " We will fulfil all that thou hast
 commanded us. We believe in God with all our hearts ; the eldest of us
 and the youngest." And thus every tribe offered all of what it possessed
 1 30a to the Church.

And when Herod heard all about their faith, and about their offerings
 to their churches, his wonder grew, and he learnt from a wicked man that
 a disciple of Jesus the Christ had come to them, and had taught them not
 to give gifts to the kings of the earth, nor tribute to Nero the Emperor,
 nor to Herod the Governor ; but to pay it to Jesus the Christ the Lord,
 King of the heaven and of the earth. And when the king heard the like
 of this, he commanded them to bring James the disciple to him. And
 when he saw him, he said unto him : " Of what nation art thou ? and in
 whom dost thou believe ? O thou man whose deeds are worthy of death ! "

The blessed disciple replied to him, saying : " I believe in the Lord of
 the Nazarenes, Jesus the Christ, Son of the Living God, He Who is Lord
 of all that is in the heaven and upon the earth ; and their spirits are in His
 hand. And thou, O Herod, and Nero the Emperor, your spirits are in
 His hand ; and He hath authority over your kingdom."

And when he heard this he was wroth with a fierce wrath against James,
 the holy disciple, and he said unto him : " I cannot suffer thee to return
 me another answer " ; for Nero the Emperor and Herod had heard about
 1 30b James the disciple, that he scorned their royalty, and reviled their idols.
 And he arose in haste and struck the saint with a sword on his shoulders ;
 and in that hour he gave up the ghost ; and thus Saint James, the son of
 Zebedee, finished his testimony on the twenty-seventh day of Pharmouthi ;
 and he was buried in Niqta, which is called Ravina¹. May his prayer
 preserve us for ever. Amen. And praise be to God always and for ever.

¹ The Ethiopic says : " in the seventeenth day of the month Miyāzyā (April 12th) and they
 buried him in Kēt of Māmrikl." (Cf. BUDGE, p. 308.)

disciples, saying unto them : " I entreat you to come into my house to eat bread " ; and he sent to his wife with the son who had been cured. And when his wife saw her child walking, she cried out, saying : " God is one, the God of these two men who have cured my son." And she cried in her dwelling for the presence of the disciples, and she sent back her child f. 47 b to his father, insisting on his bringing them. And when they were within the magistrate's house, the idols which he had in his house straightway fell down. And when the magistrate and his wife saw this wonder, their faith was strengthened, and they brought much goods unto the disciples. And they said unto them : " Accept these goods from us, and distribute them amongst the poor."

James said unto him : " Distribute it with thine own hand." And he did as James had commanded him. And he laid the table for them, and they ate. And the name of the magistrate was Theophilus. And he entreated them to baptize himself and his wife and his children. And when the disciples saw the strength of their faith, they gave him the commandments of life, and baptized him and his wife and his children in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, the one God, and every one in his dwelling. And their number was thirty souls. And after this James said unto Peter : " Arise with us, O my father ! let us go hence and journey round about the rest of the cities and warn their inhabitants, and preach amongst them the good news of the gospel ; and perhaps they will receive it and repent."

And they went forth into the midst of the city to a famous spot where the magistrates of the district were sitting. And they began to teach the multitude the spiritual commandments. And they testified to them about the sufferings of the Lord, and about His Resurrection, and about His f. 48 a ascension to heaven, and about His second coming to judge the quick and the dead. And the multitude heard their words and marvelled at the sweetness of their speech.

And when the rest of the magistrates of the city saw that their friend had believed, they came forward and did obeisance at the feet of the disciples. And they said unto them : " We entreat you, O good servants of God ! to give us the gift of God, which ye have given to our friend." And when the news was spread abroad in the city that all the magistrates had believed in the message of the disciples, they all cried out, saying with a loud voice : " We entreat you, O disciples of the Christ ! that ye would make us meet for the gift of the Christ ; and give us the token of faith."

And when they saw the power of their faith, they said unto them :

L. A.

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“Whoso truly believeth, let him follow us.” And the multitude went before until they (the disciples) arrived at a mighty river in the midst of the city. And they prayed; and after the prayer they preached unto them and taught them the laws of God. And they baptized them in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost. And when they had received baptism, they rejoiced with exceeding joy and were very glad. And they commanded them to build a church; and they abode with them until their faith had become strong; and they appointed them priests, and f. 48 b gave them the holy mysteries. And James read the Law and the Prophets unto them; and Peter interpreted into the language which they knew. And he abode with them many days until their faith had been strengthened. And they appointed them a bishop; and all the servants of the temple; and they went forth from amongst them with the praise of God, the One in substance, the Three in Persons, to Whom belongeth praise and glory and honour and worship for ever and ever. Amen. And praise be to God always and for ever.

THE TRAVELS OF JOHN THE SON OF ZEBEDEE.

The travels of Saint John the son of Zebedee, the Evangelist, and his removal from this world to the Lord. Saint Prochorus wrote it, because of Saint Stephen, the chief of the deacons and first of the martyrs, one of the seven ministers whom the disciples appointed for the ministry of the strangers. In the peace of the Lord. Amen.

And it came to pass, after the ascension of Jesus the Christ to heaven, the disciples were gathered together at Gethsemane¹. Peter said unto them: "Ye know, O ye brethren, when the Lord Jesus the Christ commanded us and ordered us to teach the faith to the nations; and to baptize them in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, One God; and after He had sent the Holy Ghost upon us, we have not enquired about what it was that our Master commanded us, and our sorrow is the more from the departure of His mother from this world, who is the mother of us all, and mother of all believers."

"Come now, O my beloved brethren! in the grace of the Trinity, let us f. 51 a communicate the commandments which our Master commanded us to all the nations. Remember the saying which He spake: 'I send you forth as lambs among wolves; be subtle as serpents, and gentle as doves.' For ye know that when a man desireth to kill a serpent, it exposeth all its body to him, and protecteth its head; thus we, O my beloved ones! let us expose our bodies to death, and let us protect the head, which is the Christ, and the right faith in Him. And likewise the dove, when her masters take away her children, doth not become furious against them. Ye know that the Lord hath said: 'If they have persecuted Me, they will also persecute you; and, if sorrows beset you in the world, nevertheless He for Whose sake they grieve you, He dwelleth with you.'"

cf. John
xv. 20

James the brother of the Lord replied, saying: "Yea, O our father Peter, thou art careful about this business."

¹ Ethiopic "unto the grave of Mary." (BUDGE, p. 222.)

Peter replied unto him, saying : " If thy lot is to abide in this city, leave it not." And they cast lots again. And the lot of John was to go out to Asia, that he should preach in it, and this was very grievous unto him.

f. 51 b And he prostrated himself three times in succession, and worshipped, and his tears fell upon the ground. And the disciples worshipped with him. And Peter took hold of him, and set him up, and said unto him, " We look on thee at all times as a father, and we imitate thy patience. And thou hast never acted in this way and thou hast disturbed all our hearts."

John replied with tears and said : " O my father Peter, I have sinned in this hour, because as for me, great afflictions must needs befall me on the sea. But pray for me, O my beloved brethren ! that God may forgive me." And the company of the disciples arose in that hour and they asked James, the brother of the Lord, to pray for them. And when he had done this, they embraced each other with a spiritual kiss ; and they gave (it) to every one of the seventy-two lesser disciples. And it fell to my lot to follow my master John.

And we went forth from Jerusalem ; and we reached Joppa. And we remained on the shore for three days, and we sailed in a boat which came from Egypt, laden with a cargo. They brought the cargo to Joppa, and wished to go forth towards the west. And we sailed in the boat, and sat
f. 52 a down in a place. And John began to weep and he said unto me : " O my son Prochorus ! in this sea a great tribulation will befall me, and my soul shall be tormented. But death or life shall the Lord reveal unto me. And if I be saved, O my son ! from the tribulation of the sea, I will go to Asia, and will repair to the city of Ephesus. And I will abide in it for two months. And I will come to thee after the two months, and we will fulfil our service. But if it pass by, and I come not unto thee, return to Jerusalem, unto James the Lord's brother, and what he saith unto thee, do."

And this speech which John made was at the tenth hour of that day. Then mighty winds disturbed the sea, and the boat was greatly shaken, and they were nearly drowned. And we remained in this condition until the third hour of the night ; and the boat was hurt, and every man clung to one of its planks. And we were knocked about with it, and the sea roared with a mighty voice, and the waves grew bigger in it, and the power of the water increased, and the floods gathered themselves together against the boat. And its woodwork and all that was in it were scattered. God, Who seeth all things, and directeth His creatures like the shepherd who guideth his sheep, saved in this way every one in the vessel who was
f. 52 b clinging to it. Like a river which overfloweth with water, and returneth

to its place, at the sixth hour of the day, the waves cast us on Seleucia, about fifteen¹ parasangs from the harbour at the border of Antioch. And the number of those who were saved from the boat was forty-six men.

And when [the boat] stopped with us on the shore of the sea, we could not speak one to the other for the little food, and the terror and the toil. And we remained prostrate on the face of the earth from the sixth hour until the ninth hour. And when our spirits returned to us, those who had sunk with the ship rose up against me saying unto me every ugly word: "that the man who followeth thee is a wizard, and therefore he hath done a work of sorcery. And he hath made the boat to sink, and hath taken all that was in it, and hath fled. But thou must deliver him up to us; and if not, we will deliver thee to the Governor of the city that he may slay thee. For every one who had been in the boat is present except thy master alone."

And the people of the city were wroth against me, and they made good their word, and cast me into prison. And on the third day I was brought out to a great place, where the magistrates of the city were seated, and they f. 53 a received me with all unpleasantness. And they said unto me, "Whence art thou? and of what religion? and what is thy handicraft? and what is thy name by which thou art called? Tell us the truth before we torture thee."

I said unto them: "I am a Nazarene from the land of Judea; and my name is Prochorus, and I sank in the sea like this company, and behold! I am present like all these [men]."

The magistrates said, "And how was every one who was in the boat saved, except thy master? Truly it is like what these people say, that ye are wizards; ye have bewitched the boat; and ye do not allow any one to know. As for thee, thou hast fallen [out] and thy master hath taken all that was in the boat, according to what you two had agreed upon. Truly ye are evil doers, and in your necks there is much blood. But as for thy master, the sea hath swallowed him up. And as for thee, it hath revealed thee and thy work. After thy deliverance from the sea, in this hour thou shalt perish in this city." And they made me afraid and they spake against me, and they said: "Tell us, where is thy master?" Thereupon I wept with a sore weeping, and I said: "I have told you that I am a disciple of the Lord Jesus the Christ. The lot came out for my master, that he should go to the regions of Asia. And when we embarked in the f. 53 b ship everything that hath happened unto us—he told us before it took place. And he told me that I should betake myself to the city of

¹ MS. "stadia" deleted.

Ephesus, and should wait for him there a number of days, and if the days should be finished, and he did not come to me, I should return to my country. And my master is not a wizard, nor am I one either; but we are Nazarenes, well known for trustworthiness."

And a messenger came from Antioch, one of the king's privy councillors, whose name was Seleucus, to carry the money of the tribute. And when he heard this from me he commanded the magistrates to let me go my way. And they did as he had commanded them. And I journeyed for the space of forty days until I reached Asia; and I arrived at a wide region on the shore of the sea whose name was Marmarwân. And I sat down on a rock¹ which projected over the sea, to rest myself from fatigue and grief, and I slept a little, and I opened my eyes, and I saw in the sea a huge wave approaching. And it cast John out from itself. And when I saw it, I rose up quickly to take hold of his hand, and help him to safety; and I knew not that he was John. And when I drew nigh unto him, he got before me in climbing out. And when I saw him, I rejoiced
f. 54 a exceedingly, and embraced him; and we wept together. And we thanked God for what He had given [us] by bringing us together after despairing. And after a little rest, and [when] his reason had returned to him, we told each other what had happened unto us. And he told me that he had stayed forty days and forty nights in the depths of the sea; and I told him what had happened unto me. And we stayed together until we came to the other end of this land, which is called Marmarwân. And we asked for food, and [the people] gave us bread and water. And we ate and our hearts were strengthened, and we journeyed in the way to Ephesus.

And when we entered the city we sat down in a place called the seat of Artemis, near the beginning of the city. And there was in the place a bath [house] belonging to the chief magistrate of the city, whose name was Dioscorides.

And John said unto me: "O my son! let no one in this city know who we are; nor why we have come to it, till God allows us to disclose it, and we shall find a way to reveal [ourselves] and we shall preach in it."

And whilst he was saying this, a woman drew nigh unto us [who was] terrible in strength. She was the caretaker of the bath-house, a barren woman [who] had never borne a child; and she was stout in body like a great mule; and she boasted of her strength and beat the labourers who
f. 54 b served [in] the bath-house, with her hand; and she did not allow them to rest for a single hour. It was said of her that she had gone out to

¹ Or, "pillar."

the war, and had fought, and had thrown stones with her hand ; and she was boastful about her deed. And she imagined herself to be wise, and she decked herself out to captivate those who beheld her. And when she saw us sitting and our raiment mean, she meditated by herself, and remarked that we were strangers. She tried to make us become servants in the bath-house. And she said unto John : "Whence art thou, O thou man?" He said unto her : "I am from a far country." And she said also : "From what country art thou, and what is thy religion?" And he said unto her : "I am a Nazarene." She said unto him : "Wilt thou be stoker, [and] heat the bath? and I will pay thee thy wages and thy provender." He said unto her : "Yea." And she turned to me, and said : "What wilt thou be?" John said unto her : "He is my brother." She said : "I have need of the other to be a bath-man." And she brought us both together into the bath-house ; and John became stoker and I bath-man ; and she gave us three pounds of bread every day ; and we stayed four days and John did not find fuel ; and she laid hold of him and flung him down on the ground, and gave him a terrible beating without mercy ; and she said unto him, "O thou wicked servant, thou fugitive from f. 55 a thy country ! thou dost not deserve to live. If thou didst know that thou wert not fit for this work, why didst thou come into it? But I will shew thee thy doings. Thou hast come hither [to deceive] Domna, whose fame [hath] reached unto the city of Rome ; but thou canst not escape from my hand ; for thou art my slave, whilst thou art eating and drinking bravely ; but during the time of work thou art idle. Put away from thee this bad nature, and go on with the service of Domna, a good service."

And when I had heard this wicked discourse which she had made unto John, and had seen how she had beaten him, I was grieved exceedingly. John said unto me, when he saw me sorrowful, "O my child Prochorus, why art thou perplexed? Knowest thou not that we were both drowned in the sea ; and I remained in the depths of the sea forty days ; and by the mercy of God I was saved. And art thou grieved because of a single blow from an ignorant woman, whose wrath is but a trifle? Hie thee to thy work with which thou art entrusted, and work with cheerfulness. Our Lord, Jesus the Christ, was beaten, and they spat in His face ; and He was crucified ; and we are His creatures who have been bought by His blood ; and He was like unto us, but without sin. And He has told us all this f. 55 b beforehand, that it would happen unto us ; but let us be patient, and possess our souls." And when the multitude had heard this speech from him, I went to the work which Domna had commanded me to finish.

And on the morrow Domna came to John and said unto him, "If thou hast need of clothing, I will give it thee, but nevertheless do thy work well." John replied unto her, "What thou hast given me is sufficient for me; and as for the work, I will do it well."

She said unto him, "Why do the multitude reproach thee that thou dost not do thy service well?"

He said unto her: "This craft upon which I have entered is the beginning of my work; and therefore I have little knowledge of it; and when I have made some progress thou wilt find out that I am a good craftsman, for the beginning of everything is difficult."

And when she had heard that, she returned to her dwelling. And Satan, the hater of all good from the beginning, made himself like the person of Domna, and appeared to John and said unto him, "Why dost thou not do thy work well, O fool, [and] weak fellow? thou hast spoilt the work. And I cannot put up with thee. Make thy work and thy fuel good, or else I will fling thee into it. And thou shalt never again see this light, for thou art not fit to live; and I do not wish to see thy face again.
f. 56 a Get thee out, O deceiver! and take thy friend, and return unto thy city from which thou hast come out because of the wickedness of thy deeds."

And Satan laid hold of the iron rod, with which he subdued the people, in anger, to strike John. And he said unto him: "I will kill thee; get out of here, I do not want thee to serve me in anything, get away." And when John knew by the Spirit that it was Satan, he called on the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, and immediately Satan ran away from his presence, and fled.

And on the morrow Domna met John and said unto him: "A certain man hath spoken much to me about thee, that thou art not earnest in thy work, and that thou dost make excuses that I may let thee off [thy task]; and thou canst not do that, and if thou hast planned [this] I will not let thee off whilst there is a whole limb in thy body." And to all that she lectured about he returned her no answer. And when she saw his patience and his meekness, she thought that he was a simpleton, and she spoke to him with every offensive word, and threw the dust in his face; and said unto him: "Thou art my slave, dost thou not confess that? tell me." John said unto her, "Yea, we are thy slaves, I am the stoker, and Prochorus the bath-man."

And the cursed Domna had a friend amongst the officers of the judge;
f. 56 b and she went and said unto him: "I have two slaves whom my father bequeathed to me. And a long time ago they ran away from me; and

they have just returned to me; and they acknowledge my right to their service. And I desire thee to write me a deed of their servitude to me." He said unto her: "That is justice. If they acknowledge that they are thy slaves, get three just witnesses to testify about them; and do thou write a deed of servitude about their confession."

And John knew by the Spirit all that she was meditating about him; and he said: "O my child Prochorus! this woman wishes us to acknowledge to her that we are her slaves; and O my child! let not thy heart be grieved for that; but let it rejoice greatly, and let us agree to what she wishes. And from an act like this our Lord Jesus the Christ is able to make her know who we are."

And before John had finished his exhortation to me, Domna drew near with great haughtiness, and laid hold of John and said unto him: "O thou bad slave! why, when thy mistress approached, didst thou not hasten to meet her and do obeisance to her down to the ground? Art thou not my servant? O thou fugitive slave!" And she beat him, and she said unto him: "Tell me." John said unto her: "Did I not say unto thee that we are thy slaves, I the fireman, and Prochorus the bath-man?"

And she retorted, saying, "Tell me, of whom are ye the slaves?" He f. 57 a said unto her: "This is the third time that I have acknowledged that we are both thy slaves." And she brought us to the temple of the city, to three witnesses; and wrote a book of servitude about us. And in this bath-house there was a Satanic power, which had dwelt in it from the first, when it was built, because when the makers laid the foundation, they dug in the middle of it and placed a living girl there, and heaped up [the earth] over her; and laid the foundation-stone. And because of this the Satanic power dwelt in it. And every year three times did Satan strangle a soul in this bath-house. And Dioscorides, master of the bath-house, understood the days on which this happened in it. And he had a very handsome boy, beautiful of countenance, whose name was Damis, and his age was eighteen years. And his father prevented him from entering the bath-house on the day when this deed which Satan did was happening.

And after we had remained three months in this bath-house, the son of Dioscorides went to the bath-house alone, to bathe himself; and I went into it, as was customary for the service, and he got in before me; and that devil laid hold of him and strangled him and killed him. And when f. 57 b his slaves knew it, they went out screaming, saying: "Woe unto us! for our master is dead." And when Domna heard it, she rent her clothes, and tore out the hair of her head, and said: "Woe unto this wretched woman!

what shall I do? and what face can I lift up to the face of Dioscorides; and tell him about the death of his child? But he also, if he should hear that his beloved child is dead, he too will die from the bereavement." And she sought help from the idol which was in the temple: "O Artemis! help me, and bring Damis, my master, to life; that all we people of Ephesus may know that thou rulest the world." And she did not cease to pull out the hair of her head from the third hour until the ninth hour; and she wept deliriously. And a great crowd assembled because of it, some of whom were grieving for the death of the lad; and some were astonished at Domna, and at her way of weeping and wailing.

And John came out of the fuel-house. He said unto me: "O my son Prochorus! what is that screaming in this city from that woman?" And when Domna saw him speaking unto me, she hastened to lay hold of him, and she said: "O thou man, [thou] corrupting wizard! by thy sorcery my god hath gone far from me, and will not hearken unto me."

f. 58a And she smote John, saying: "O thou bad slave! hast thou come to look at me, and hast rejoiced at what hath befallen my master?" And when John heard the voice of Domna he went into the bath-house and stood near the head of the dead boy, wondering at what had befallen him. And he rebuked the bad spirit, and cast him out of the boy. And he made the sign of the cross on his face; and took hold of his hands; and made him stand up; and led him out of the bath-house alive into the presence of the multitude. And he said unto Domna: "Take thy master, he is well, [and] whole, there is nothing wrong with him. Behold! he is alive by the power of my Master, Jesus the Christ."

And when Domna saw what had happened she was bewildered, and her mind was confused, she was struck with terror and fright, she and all the people of the country who were present and had seen the miracle which [John] had done. And Domna could not lift up her head to John's face for shame and fear. And she went on saying: "Woe is me! what shall I do with the man to whom I have done all these ugly deeds? He is not my slave; and what lies I have told about him, and have been very severe in beating and buffeting him." And she was very sad, longing for death rather than life.

f. 58b And when John saw her face, and what grief and shame and regret were in it, he took hold of her hand, and made the sign of the holy and honourable cross on her face, in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, the One God. And her senses were soothed

at once, and she threw herself down¹ before the saint, and said: "I entreat thee to forgive me and to tell me who thou art. Perchance thou art God, or the Son of God, that thou hast been able to do a deed like this."

John said: "I am not God, nor the Son of God, as thou dost imagine, but a disciple of the Son of God, and if thou wilt believe on Him thou shalt become one of His people."

Domna replied with fear and trembling, and said: "O good servant of God, forgive me all that I have done unto thee of ill and insult and falsehood."

John said unto her: "Believe in the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, and all that is forgiven unto thee."

She said unto him: "O good servant of God! I believe in all that I have heard from thee."

Now one of the servants of Dioscorides had hastened to tell him of the death of his son, and that John had brought him to life, and that the crowd were surrounding him. And when Dioscorides heard that his son was dead he fell fainting on the ground, and became as one dead; and the lad returned to the bath-house [where] Damis and John were catechising f. 59a Domna; and she said unto him: "Woe is me! O my master Damis! for my master Dioscorides, thy father, is dead."

And when Damis heard that his father was dead, he went forth, away from John, to the place in which his father was; and he found him prostrate upon the ground dead. And he returned to John, and said unto him: "O servant of the good God, thou art he who hast made me alive after death; and behold, when my father heard about me that I was dead, he died also. And I entreat thee to have compassion upon him also."

John answered and said unto him, "Fear not, thy father's death is not death, but life." And John went with him to the place where he was lying, and Domna followed him with a very great crowd. And when he had come nigh unto him he took hold of his hand and said: "Dioscorides, in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Spirit, one God, arise, stand upon thy feet." And straightway he arose, whole, and there was nothing wrong with him. And they all marvelled at the miracles and the wonders which John had done. And some of the crowd said that he was a wizard; and some of them said: "A wizard doth not bring a dead man to life." But Dioscorides, when his senses were soothed, threw himself down before the feet of John and said unto him, "Art thou the Son of God, who hast brought my child and me also to life?" John said unto him: "I am not

¹ MS. "this."

f. 59b what thou dost imagine ; I am a servant and disciple of God ; thou and thy son—ye would not have come to life save by the power of Jesus the Christ, the Son of the Living God.” Then Dioscorides turned and did obeisance to him, and said unto him : “Command me what I should do, that I may live.” He said unto him : “Believe in the name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, the One God, and be baptized, and thou shalt receive eternal life.”

Dioscorides said unto him : “Behold ! I am in thy hands, and all my household. Command what thou wilt.”

And Dioscorides made John go into his house ; and shewed him all his goods, and said unto him : “Accept all this, and make me and my household Christians.” John answered and said unto him : “I have no need of thy goods, neither I nor my God, for we have forsaken everything and have followed our God.” And he spoke many words to him from the sacred books. And Dioscorides did obeisance to the holy John and said unto him : “O good servant of God, have compassion on us ; and baptize us in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost.”

John said unto him : “Bring all who are in thy dwelling to me, and I will preach to them, and will teach them the precepts of religion, and will baptize them in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, one God, that they may receive the pledge of life.”

After that came Domna, with the deed about John in her hand which she had written [to shew] that John was her slave. And she threw herself down before him at his feet, weeping [and] saying : “I entreat thee, O good servant of God, to give me the token of the religion of the Christ,
f. 60a and to accept from me the written deed of my sin.”

And John took the deed from her, and cut it in pieces, and baptized her in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost. After that John went out of the house of Dioscorides, and returned to the bath-house, and drove out of it that unclean spirit which used to strangle people, and went back to the house of Dioscorides. And many people were gathered together unto us, [but] when we had come into the house the crowd dispersed. And Dioscorides laid out a table for us ; and we gave thanks to the Lord, the Christ, and partook of the food. And we stayed that day in that place, until the morning of the second day.

And the people of the city held a great feast to their god, who was called Artemis ; and John was present at this place, and stood opposite to the idol which was called Artemis. And all the people of Ephesus were present, and they were arrayed in most gorgeous raiment for the

day of the feast; and he was clothed as he was serving in the heating of the bath-house. And when the heathen saw him they approached him with stones; and the idol was hit until it was broken in pieces. The holy John, the disciple, replied to them, saying: "O ye men! people of the city of Ephesus, do ye celebrate thus a feast of unclean devils; and forsake [the] God who made all creatures? and God is [greater] than man."

f. 60 b

And wrath against John took hold [of them]. And he said unto them: "This god of yours hath been broken in pieces by the quantity of stones which ye have thrown at me; and if ye had wished and if ye wish to see the power of God, understand, and awake, and hasten to receive [Him] when ye shall see Him."

And John stood and prayed, and made supplication thus, and said: "O my Lord Jesus the Christ! cause Thy fear to be in the hearts of these people that they may know that there is no God but Thee." And immediately they heard a voice calling over the ground. And when the voice ceased two hundred men fell down and became like dead men. And the rest [of them] came back and did obeisance to John, saying unto him: "We entreat thee to raise up these dead men; and we shall be stedfast and believe in thy God."

And John answered and said unto them: "O people of Ephesus! ye are hard of heart; I know that if the dead arise ye will not believe in the Living God, because of the hardness of your hearts; for they are like the heart of Pharaoh."

And John raised his eyes¹ to heaven, and said: "O Thou Who dwellest in the Father at all times! my Lord Jesus the Christ, Son of the Living God! may these dead men arise by Thy power, that they may believe in Thy name."

And immediately there was a great noise in the earth, and an earthquake, and those two hundred dead men arose, and threw themselves down with their faces to the ground, doing obeisance to John [and] saying unto him: "What dost thou command us: O good man?" And f. 61 a he preached unto them the laws of religion, and baptized them in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, the One God.

And after that we sat for several days in a famous place in the city, [where] the multitude were assembled. [And] a woman came and did obeisance to John, saying: "O good servant of God! I have an only boy, [and] an unclean devil hath possessed him for eight days. And he is lying in the house tormented by that devil, in great pain. And I entreat

¹ Literally "his sight."

thee, and implore thee to take pity on my child and heal him; and we will believe, I and his father, in thy God." And John arose, with Dioscorides, and they went into the house of the woman; and he looked at her boy, and he was lying on the couch speechless. And his mother did homage at the feet of Saint John, and she said unto him: "I adjure thee by the Living God, Whom thou servest, to take pity on my boy."

And John took hold of his right hand, and said unto him: "In the name of my Lord Jesus the Christ, the Blessed One, O thou boy! arise." [And] straightway the boy arose, quite well, and gave praise to God.

And John preached unto them, and baptized them in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, the One God. And the Jews sprang upon John like bloodhounds seeking to kill him; and Dioscorides f. 61 b saved him from their hands. And we went forth from that place; and we arrived at a place called the Broadway of the City. And in this place there was a man who had lain for twelve years unable to stand up on his feet. And when he looked at John he cried with a loud voice, saying: "Have mercy upon me, O disciple of the Lord Jesus the Christ!" And John, when he saw the faith of that man, said unto him: "In the name of Jesus the Christ, arise!" And straightway the man arose quickly, in a moment, praising God.

And when the devil who dwelt in Artemis saw a sign like this, which John had done, he took the form of a man, one of the privy councillors of the king, having written papers with him, [and] he sat in a well-known place and wept. And while he was weeping two men of the king's suite passed by him. And when they saw him in that dwelling they drew nigh unto him and saluted him and said unto him: "O thou friend! what makes thee weep?" And he shewed them the writings with which he deceived them; for they were not writings, but fabrications of the devil. And they said: "What are these? and what is in them? and what is the reason of thy correspondence? and who hath smitten thee?"

And he wailed and wept the more, and said unto them: "I am in f. 62 a great straits, and I cannot live any longer. And if ye are able to serve me, I will tell you of my state."

And they said: "We are able."

And he said unto them: "Swear unto me by the great Artemis, that whether it be for death or for life ye will devote yourselves on my behalf, and I will tell of my state."

And they sware unto him that they would be with him in all his circumstances; and he made for them the first leaf in the fictitious

writings. Thus he made a false appearance to them of many purses filled with dinars, and said unto them: "I will give you this property as a reward for your toil on my behalf."

And they said unto him: "Explain unto us thy desire, and we will satisfy thee."

And he said: "I am a poor man from the city of Cæsarea, which is in the country of Palestine, I am a chamberlain in the palace. Two wizards of Jerusalem were entrusted to me, the name of the one was John and of the other Prochorus. And I took good care of them, and put them in prison. And on the fourth day the rulers of the city enquired about them; and I brought them forward; and the evil of their deeds was made certain, and [the case] became very strong against them. And they [the rulers] commanded me to take them back to the prison until the rulers should assemble to decide concerning them as to what [kind] of death they deserved. And whilst I was going with them as they had commanded me, that I might leave them in the prison, they escaped out of my hands and fled. And when I told their condition to the Governor, he was sorry for me and said unto me: 'Go, O wretched man! and seek for them. And unless thou catch them know that thou shalt die by the worst of deaths.'"

f. 62 b

"And he said unto me: 'If thou find them not, return not to me, [but] make the round of the provinces.'" And then he presented this money to them and said unto them: "This is the money which I have made as a provision for my way; and I have learnt from a company of people that the two are in this city; and therefore I have been going after them."

And he went on weeping and saying: "I have left my ease, and my child, and my dwelling for their sake, and behold I am wandering about in strange countries, and I desire you, O my beloved ones! to have compassion on my exiled state."

Those friends of the king said unto him: "Grieve not, O friend!" He said: "Are there wizards in this country?" They said unto him: "Yea, I fear that they have fled to this place by their sorcery. But I entreat you if ye lay hold of them, put them in a hidden place of which no man knoweth and slay them secretly, and we will take this money."

They said unto him: "Good luck to thee! if we catch them we will take them with thee to thy country." He said unto them: "Kill them, and I am not sad about my return to my country, and I shall not rejoin my people." And they made a treaty with him about killing them secretly; and they took the money.

And Saint John knew by the Spirit what Satan wanted to do. He said unto me: "O my child Prochorus! let thy soul be strong and enduring about what is thy duty. For the devil who dwelleth in the temple of Artemis hath raised up a great persecution against us. He hath raised up against us two men of the officers of the army, and he
f. 63a hath talked with them about us in hateful words: and my God Jesus the Christ hath revealed unto me what the devil hath said unto them both. And let thy heart be strong, and fear not."

cf. Corān
Sura II.
v. 282.

And while John was saying these words unto me, behold, these two men appeared and laid hold of us. And Dioscorides was not present at that moment. And John said unto them: "Why do ye lay hold of us? and what is our crime?" They said unto him: "Because of sorcery." John said unto them: "And who is he that beareth witness against us about this?" They said unto him: "We know and will put thee into prison till thine accuser shall come." John said unto them: "Ye cannot accuse me until the assessors of the Cadi are present with you." And they smote John and seized us, and went with us to the prison. And they went far away with us to a waste place in the desert where no man dwelt, that they might kill us as they had agreed with the devil to do.

And Domna hastened to Dioscorides, and told him what had happened to us. And when he heard a thing of this nature he arose speedily and sought us until he found us. And he saved us from their hands; and he spake hard words to them, and said unto them: "What right
f. 63b have ye to write an indictment against two innocent men, whose accuser is not present? Ye laid hold of them and brought them into a desert place, where the Governor was not sitting, that ye might kill them secretly. Behold, these two men [shall be] in my dwelling until their accuser shall appear, and let them be judged as the law ordaineth." And the two men said to each other: "It will be well that their accuser should come and judge concerning them, as the law judgeth; and it will prevail over some of them and will force them to do what is right."

And they went away from us and removed to the place in which the devil was staying; and they did not find him; and they went round about all the city, and they did not find him; and they learnt no news of him; and they feared to return unto Dioscorides, because he was the foremost in the city: and they sat down in poignant grief.

And after that the devil appeared unto them in that form; and said unto them: "O my beloved ones! why are ye in despair?" And they told him what had happened; and that Dioscorides had put them [the

disciples] out of their hands: "[but] if thou wilt come with us, we shall have power over each one of them."

And he walked with them, weeping and very sad. And a great crowd assembled, and he said unto them and he told them the story which he f. 64 a had already told the two men and they were very angry with John, because most of them were Jews, and they came to the house of Dioscorides. And the multitude said unto him: "Thou art one of the first men in the city, and it is not meet that thou shouldest entertain wizards in thy dwelling. But thou wilt deliver them up to us—or if not, we will burn thy house and plunder all thy goods, and slay thee—thee and thy children; and we will take them without thy consent." And the news was spread abroad in the city; and the people gathered together to the house of Dioscorides, seeking for John and his disciple. And when John saw the great crowd, and the multitude who were present, he said unto him: "Dioscorides, we do not care about what thou wilt say, do thou make an agreement about thy goods, and as for us, we will not spare our bodies, but we have learnt to bear our cross and to follow Him." And Mark viii. 34 Dioscorides said unto John: "Behold! my house will be burnt, and my goods will be plundered, and we shall be slain, I and my child, for thy sake."

John said unto him: "Neither thou nor thy goods, nor thy child, nor one hair of your heads shall fall. Deliver us up to the men who are in your dwellings that ye may see the power of God." f. 64 b

And Dioscorides delivered us up to them, and we went to the temple of Artemis. And when John drew nigh unto the temple, he said unto the men who had laid hold of us: "O people of Ephesus, what is this temple?" They said unto him: "This is the temple of Artemis." John said unto them: "Let us stand here a little while." And they stood as John had said. And he lifted up his eyes¹ unto heaven, and said: "O my Lord Jesus the Christ, make this temple fall by thy power: and let no man of the multitude die." And straightway his word came to pass, and the temple fell.

And John said unto the devil who dwelt in the temple: "I say unto thee, O thou unclean devil!" [Satan] replied unto him: "Who is he? and what is thy will?" John said unto him: "How many years hast thou dwelt in this temple?" The devil said unto him: "Forty-five years." John said unto him: "Art thou he who didst set the friends of the king against me?" The devil said unto him: "Yea, I am he." John said

¹ Literally "sight."

unto him: "I command thee in the name of my Lord Jesus the Christ,
f. 65 a the Nazarene, get thee out of this city, and do not return to it again."

And the devil went out quickly, and after that the multitude were ashamed when they beheld [it] and they were all gathered together in one place. They said one to the other: "Have ye ever seen [anything like] what these folk do? Come ye all with us; let us seize them, and hand them over to the ruler of the city, and he will punish them according to the law." And there was amongst them a man, a Jew named Marawân. This man said, and all who were with him: "[They are] wizards, and they know all evil crafts, and it would be well for us to kill them, and not consult about them."

And they said unto him: "Thou hast spoken well." And Marawân stirred up the multitude; and they did not reply to what he said; [but] took us to the rulers of the city, who had the decision, and delivered us over to them. And the rulers said unto them: "What have they done of the wizard's craft?" Marawân said unto them: "A man, one of the king's friends, from their city asked about them; and he it was who told us of the evil of their deeds." And they said unto Marawân: "Let the man whom thou hast mentioned appear before us, and tell us about this,
f. 65 b if he be trustworthy in speech. But let these men be thrown into prison until their accuser shall appear."

And they put us into the prison, and bound us with chains; and the multitude went forth into all the quarters of the city seeking the king's friend. And they did not find him; and the town-crier cried within the whole city and without it for three days, and no man found him. They answered and said: "Where are the men who were in the prison?" And the rulers of the city replied, saying: "It is not right for us to leave these foreigners in the prison, when no trustworthy witnesses appear; and no accuser reviles them."

And the rulers sent to bring us, and they examined us, and reprimanded us, and commanded us not to stay in the city; and not to teach anything of what we were teaching. And they sent us out of the city under a guard, and chased us from all its borders; and we arrived at a place called Mîrawât where John had clambered out of the sea; and we stayed for three days; and the Lord Jesus the Christ spake unto John in a vision. And John said: "Behold, O Lord!" And the Lord said unto him: "Arise, and
f. 66 a cross to the city of Ephesus. And after three days thou shalt journey to an island which hath need of thee, and many trials shall happen unto thee and thou shalt stay in it a long time."

Then we arose quickly and we returned to Ephesus; and when we entered it, the temples which were in it fell down, and nothing remained in them. And all these things John did in Ephesus before he was driven away.

And the reason for what had befallen him through the Jews and the heathen, whom Satan had stirred up against him, and all the wonders which were shewn by him, and the driving away, and the persecution which befell him in the island of Patmos, [all] this is written in very many books which we call....

Therefore praise be to the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost now and at all times and for ever and ever. Amen, Amen, Amen.

THE DEATH OF SAINT JOHN.

The Death of Saint John, the Son of Zebedee, the Evangelist, the disciple of our Lord Jesus the Christ, who spake about the Divinity: and his removal from this world. And this was in the island of Patmos on the fourth day of Tūba. Peace be from the Lord; Amen. May the Lord Jesus the Christ have compassion on us through the accepted prayers of the two, and protect us! Amen.

It was after the ordinance of the Lord, the Saviour, to all the world, and His Ascension to heaven with glory, and the departure of the pure disciples, each one of them into the region for which his lot came out in the presence of the Lord; and the lot of John the son of Zebedee the Teacher, was Asia. And when he went into Ephesus, he preached unto them, and evangelized them in the name of our Lord Jesus the Christ, the Son of the Living God, with great zeal and toil, and privation and labour, and wonders untold; and afterwards with patience in the trials and the temptations which befell him from the people of that place; for they were worse idolaters than the people of all [other] regions—as the scribe who was from the city of Ephesus sheweth; whose report is written in the Book of the Acts of the Disciples—where they boasted of a vain thing. And without dispute he who taught the Ephesians said, “They were abundantly devout in the service of the temple which belongeth to Artemis the Great.”

f. 67 a And after John the Evangelist had made that impure temple and its people useless by his Gospel, and had done signs and wonders without number in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ, the kings cleansed all the provinces from the defilement of idols, and had delivered them from the death which endeth not, and had restored them to the knowledge of the Lord Jesus the Christ, and had appointed many bishops for them, and elders, and deacons. And he made churches in this city, and he built the churches in all this region, in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And righteousness increased in it, and faith grew amongst them in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ, and their knowledge of Him, after the disciples had finished all their labour, and had departed from this world.

As for Peter, he was crucified in the city of Rome; and Paul—his neck was smitten in it; and Mark—his body was dragged through the city of

Alexandria, and he was living for two days before he died. And thus all the disciples; each one of them in the region wherein he was teaching. And they all died by tribulations and hardships and divers kinds of torture. And as for John, he lived in the world many years, until Domitian reigned. f. 67 b He remained for seventy years after the Lord's Resurrection, and became a very old man. And he did not taste of death by the sword, nor by any kind of torture; for the Lord loved him much, for his purity; as it is written in his Gospel that he was the beloved of the Lord, who was counted worthy to lean on the breast of the Christ, the Son of the Only God, Who sitteth in the bosom of His Father in heaven; because of the purity of his soul and of his body. And after he had written his divine Gospel, which transcends all understanding; and the Apocalypse, which he saw in the island of Patmos, which is full of the mysteries of God; God—blessed be His name—wished to deliver him from the toil of this world, which was upon him for the sake of His name. And the Blessed John was rejoicing greatly in the Lord; and all the brethren were gathered together with him in Ephesus; glad and joyful at seeing him; as if they were beholding his Lord, Jesus the Christ. And it happened f. 68 a that on every first day [of the week] the people were gathered together, rejoicing in the spirit, reciting songs and spiritual psalms like those in the church, the church of the virgins, the heavenly Jerusalem. [And] John began to speak to the multitude in spiritual words; and said unto them: "O my brethren! and my beloved in the Spirit, partakers of the service which belongeth to the inheritance, which is the kingdom of our Lord Jesus the Christ, how many mighty deeds have ye seen which the Lord Jesus the Christ hath wrought by my hands? and how many spiritual gifts? and how much hath He taught you about the knowledge of Himself? [coming] from our Lord Jesus the Christ? and how much hath He taught [you] and increased your knowledge of Him[self]? and how many precepts, and how many commandments and how much consolation and virtue from Him by the abundance of His mercy unto you? in what your eyes have seen, and ye have heard with your ears: and let it not be manifest in the eyes and the ears of sense only, but let it be in the hearts. And be ye eager to finish the work, so that ye may be counted worthy of the blessing of which He spake when He said: 'Blessed are ye, when ye labour. Be strong in the Lord'; and be ye workers of His will at all times, without slackness. And ye have known the providence which is the root of the great mystery, which the Lord Jesus the Christ wrought for your salvation; and He it is who entreats you, O ye brethren! by my tongue, that ye may f. 68 b

be stedfast in obedience, fearing Him. And grieve not His Spirit, and provoke Him not to wrath; and plot not against Him; and do not evil entreat Him; for He knoweth the secrets of the hearts, [and] what proceedeth from you; and all the plots, and all your opposition, and His commandments. And provoke not the merciful, the compassionate Lord, Who is long-suffering, pure and purifying; in Whom there is neither defilement, nor impurity, nor deceit, nor wrath. He alone is to be loved; the sweetness of which God is not weary; the Name which is above every name; not in this time but also at all times. And He is the Name which it is meet that ye should lay hold of, that He may be made glad by your obedience, and in your straight paths; and He rejoiceth in your lives which are [spent] in meekness, and in striving to be obedient, and in uprightness, and in quietness. And He delighteth in the beauty of your works; and your patience in tribulations; and may He be pleased with your purity, and your love for Him, by Jesus, through His mercy; and may He accept your repentance! And be not faint in your following of His commandments;

f. 69 a and even if ye have done ten thousand wicked things, if ye entreat Him with a sincere conscience, He is long-suffering, abundant in mercy, if [any man] return unto Him, and He will receive him in faith, as a virgin. And if he turn again, and repent, and make his path straight, God in the abundance of His mercy will have compassion upon him. And if he persist in the wickedness of his works, and trust in the mercy of God, let him know that God will judge him according to the wickedness in which He findeth him, and will shut him out from His mercy for ever.

"This is my speech unto you, O ye brethren! and I hasten to accomplish that which the Lord hath commanded me."

And whilst the Holy one was exhorting the brethren, he rose up, and stood, and stretched out his hands towards heaven. And he made supplication thus, saying: "O Thou Lord Jesus the Christ, Who hast bound this perishing garland together with the everlasting one; and all these coloured flowers unto the Flower of sweetness; Who hath sown His Life-giving Word in our hearts, He who alone maketh beautiful the sweetness of the souls and the bodies; the Meek and Lowly of heart, the
f. 69 b Compassionate, the Lover of mankind, Who alone is the righteous Judge, the Ever-existing, Whom no place can contain, the Lord Jesus the Christ, do Thou in the abundance of Thy compassion and Thy mercy preserve all those who hope in Thy name. Thou knowest the doings and the temptations of the opponent, which are planted in every place. We entreat Thee to make them of none effect by Thy power."

And when he had finished his prayer, he took bread, and gave thanks, and spake thus: "What blessing, or what acknowledgment, or what word of exaltation, or what thanks, or what name shall we speak over the breaking of this bread, save Thy name? Thou Who alone art Jesus the Christ, the Saving Name. Thou art the Life-giving Bread which came down from heaven for the salvation of the world. We bless Thee Who hast made us meet for the path of life. We thank Thee; Thou art the Creative Word; Thou art the Guide and the Door into grace; the abundant Salt; the Rich in Jewels; the Ear of Corn; the Life, Righteousness, Strength, Wisdom, the Refuge, the Repose, the Rest, the Vine-stock, the Root, the Fountain of Life; Who permitteth Himself to be called by that name because of man, that he might be saved and renewed from the former open wickedness of his deeds into which he had fallen through sin. For to Thee belongeth glory for ever and ever." John vi. 51

And when the holy John had finished the breaking of the blessed bread, he took some of it, and drew nigh and gave it to the multitude. And he entreated also that they might be worthy of it. And he gave them [the greeting of] peace, and he sent them to their homes. f. 70a

And after these things, he said unto his disciple Prochorus to take two of the brethren with him, and also baskets and a spade, and to follow him. And he did as [John] had commanded. And he went out of the city with them secretly, outside of it, walking. And he said unto us: "Dig here." And we did according to his commandment. And we made a hole, as he had directed us. And he took off his clothes, and threw them into the hole. And he stood above it, the rest of his dress being a linen garment, and he stretched out his hand upward; and looked toward the east, and made supplication thus, saying: "My Lord Jesus, the Christ, Who didst choose a poor creature like me to be Thy disciple, a herald of Thy holy name, in which Thou didst begin to preach by the tongues of Thy holy prophets. Who alone and always dost save those who long for salvation with their whole hearts. Thou art He Who in His own self gavest His life that all beings might know Him. Who careth for all His creatures, and loseth neither great nor small from amongst them; Who made the wild, waste soul humane and gentle; Who appeared unto her when she was dead; and accepted her when she was stained and polluted with the filth of sin, and made her unto Himself a pure bride, after she had been polluted with the uncleanness of sin, and conquered by Satan. And Thou didst take hold of her hand and set her up from the downfall [caused by] the Enemy, and madest her victorious" f. 70b

over her Enemy, and madest him a contemptible thing to be trampled under her feet. He Who alone is pure ; and Who dwelleth with the pure, Jesus the Christ, my God, the sweet name, Whose memory never palls ; Joy of the heavens ; Guardian of those who are upon the earth ; Terrible to those who are beneath the earth ; Delight of the good, and Protector of the upright in heart ; Who accepteth those who are worthy of Him with glory and honour ; Accept me, for I am Thy servant, according unto Thy word and commandment at the beginning ; which Thou madest necessary for me so that Thou shouldest make me escape from the toil of this fleeting world. I thank Thee, O my Lord ! Who hast kept me clean unto this time, pure from the filth of the world. Thou art He Who didst put Thy fear clearly into my heart, so that Thou didst remove far from me all longing for sin, and therefore I have been able to destroy the
 f. 71 a motions of the body. Thou art He Who didst cause the currents of sin to cease from my body ; and didst make my soul hate the works of manifest evil ; which excite in my body the sensations of sin that were too strong for me ; He Who hast made my paths straight without stumbling ; and hast given to me the right faith in Thee without a doubt. Thou art He Who didst write Thy law within me, and didst give to me no desire for aught but Thyself. And what thing is there that is more glorious, or more honourable, or sweeter, or more to be desired than one like unto Thee ? And who is like unto Thee ? Receive now, O Lord ! him who is Thine own ; receive John, Thy servant, unto Thyself, who doth hope in Thee. And now I have finished the service for which Thou didst make me meet, and I have come unto Thee. I am consoled and delighted with Thy power, O Lord ! I know that Thou wilt make my path easy before Thee, in peace, unto Thy glorious dwelling."

And when the blessed John had spoken all these words, he fell on his face upon the ground, worshipping. And he said : " I adore Thee, O Thou to Whom every knee shall bow ; and all glory belongeth to Thee, the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, for ever and ever."

Then he said unto us : " O my children ! the peace of the Lord be
 f. 71 b with you. Go to the city, and say unto the brethren that they should keep all my words which I have commanded them. And we must certainly answer for it ; and I have hidden from you nothing of the will of God. Ye are they who shall be tried ; and I am innocent of your blood. I have not left any knowledge nor learning, that ye have not heard from me ; and that I have not told you, and ye have learned it. Beware lest ye transgress and your debts be double ; for to whomsoever

much is given, of him will much be required, as the Lord hath said ; and may He, the Lord Jesus the Christ, be with you for ever, strengthen you, and fulfil all your desire in obedience without sin. But from this time John will not be with you in the body." Luke xii.
48

And when we had heard this from him, we kissed his hands and his feet ; and we wept bitter tears ; and we left him in the hole, and went away to the city. And we told the brethren what had happened ; and they went forth with us in haste to that place ; and we did not find the holy John ; but we found his clothes, and his shoes, and the earth had filled up the place, and the hole which we had dug. We did not recognize it, and we returned to the city, and we give thanks to the Lord who bestoweth gifts worthily on those who are worthy of them ; Who honoured f. 72 a His beloved John by a wonderful death like this beyond [that of] many of the disciples. And for this we glorify the Lord, because He made him worthy, and His Son, and the Holy Ghost to all ages. Amen. And praise be unto God always and for ever.

THE PREACHING OF PHILIP.

The Book of the Preaching of Philip, the Disciple of Jesus the Christ, which he preached in the city of Africa, in the peace of the Lord. Amen.

It came to pass, when the disciples were gathered together at the Mount of Olives, and they were reciting amongst themselves the commandments of the Lord, then the Saviour Jesus the Christ appeared unto them, and said unto them: "Peace be unto you, O My beloved ones. Why are ye seated? and why do ye not go out to the world and preach unto them the Gospel of the Kingdom? Behold now, cast lots among yourselves, and make the world into twelve lots, that ye may go forth and preach in it." And He gave unto them the [greeting of] peace, and disappeared from them in glory to Heaven. And they cast lots, and the lot of Philip came out
f. 72 b that he should go forth to the country of Africa. And he made no delay about going; but he said: "O my father Peter, the Lord hath commanded that thou shouldest go forth with each one of us to his country; and I would fain have thee go with me to my country." And he consented.

Then they journeyed together; and the Lord appeared unto them, and said unto them: "Peace be to you both, O My chosen disciples! Go ye and preach unto all mankind, that ye may draw them away from the hand of Satan. Verily I say unto you, that if ye labour at this until ye make them turn from error to the knowledge of the truth, verily I say unto you, that your reward shall be great, and ye shall attain unto rest, and shall forget the toil."

And when He had spoken unto them, He gave them the [greeting of] peace, and disappeared from them in glory. And their hearts were strengthened, and they went on their way. And when the disciples drew nigh unto the city, a man who was possessed with an unclean spirit met them; and he cried, saying: "O disciples of the Christ! ye cannot enter into the city." And Peter knew that it was the spirit of a devil; and in that hour he rebuked it, and the devil went out of him. And the man was cured, and followed the disciples to the city.

And there was on the top of the gate of the city a very tall pillar. And
f. 73 a when they reached the gate, Peter entreated the Lord, saying: "I beseech Thee, O my Lord Jesus, to throw down this gate and this high pillar which is

above it to the ground, that my hand may reach unto it and lay hold of it." And straightway the gate became fixed in the earth, and the pillar which was on the top of it, so that they became level with the surface of the ground. And Peter commanded him from whom the unclean spirit had gone out to climb to the top of the pillar and to speak of what was happening unto him, so that fear might come upon the people of the city. And the man climbed upon the pillar which was over the gate. And Peter said: "In the name of my Lord Jesus the Christ, by Whom ye have become fixed in the earth so that ye have come nigh unto us, return to where ye were." And immediately the gate was raised up, and the pillar which was above it till they reached their [former] height. And the man cried out with a loud voice, saying: "O men! inhabitants of this city! gather yourselves together unto this place wherein are the disciples of the Lord Jesus the Christ, that they may bless you, and may entreat that your sins be forgiven." And when the man who was standing upon the pillar had said this there was thunder and lightning. And the people f. 73 b of the city trembled and were much afraid; and they went into the caves and the holes and the islands; and the lightning followed them whither they had gone, until many men died and women, from the sounds of the thunder and the flashings of the lightning. And the man cried: "Come to where I am." And the multitude gathered themselves together unto him, and they saw the two disciples with their hands outstretched, making supplication unto God. And they fell down on the face of the ground, and did obeisance unto them; and they were weeping [and] saying: "O servants of God! we entreat you to have compassion on us. O ye new gods! whom we did not know, have mercy upon us! and teach us what is your will; and what is your sacrifice, so that we may bring it unto you. And we beseech you that this thunder may cease from us, and this terror."

And the two disciples besought the Lord for their sakes, and they sought pardon for them. And the thunder stayed, and the lightning ceased, and the man spoke no more; and the gate and the pillar which was above it returned as they had been, so the man came down from the top of it. And when the multitude saw that the man was silent, and that those frightful things were at an end, they said: "This man is a god." And they cried out with one voice, saying: "Thou art a god, and we did not f. 74 a know thee." The man replied, saying: "I am not a god. I am a man like unto you. The Holy Spirit hath spoken by my mouth, through the commandment of His pure disciples. But come ye nigh unto the holy

disciples Peter and Philip, and whatsoever they shall say unto you hearken unto it, and know it that ye may be saved." And they arose and came unto the disciples; and they kissed their feet, and said unto them: "Who are ye?" Philip said unto them: "Which of the gods do ye worship?" They said: "We worship the statue of a man." Philip said unto them: "Go, bring him to me." And they did what he had commanded them. And it was of gold. And the priests cried, saying: "Do not destroy the gods who save you at all times. For if war rise up against you, and ye seek safety with them, they will not help you." The citizens said unto them: "It is better for us to accept the sayings of the disciples than your sayings. This god is the work of men's hands; he seeth not; he heareth not; he smelleth not; he walketh not."

And when they brought him to the two disciples, the priests cried, saying unto the disciples: "Ye lead the people astray by your sorcery. f. 74 b Ye say of a man, that he is God. Mary gave birth to Him, and Pilate put Him to death. Hast thou ever seen a god die? But nevertheless these are gold and silver; we worship them, and we call them gods; they see not, and they are of no profit."

And the Holy Spirit descended upon Philip, and the Lord Jesus the Christ helped him by His strength; and he made supplication, and said: "O my Lord Jesus the Christ! let fire come down from Heaven by Thy will, and burn up these wicked, evil priests, that they may know them to be deceivers until this day." And straightway there came down a cloud of fire, circling round them, apart from the multitude. And they remained in the midst of the fire [weeping] from the fierceness of its burning. Philip said unto them: "Why do ye weep and howl? Have ye not said that if war should rise up against you ye would make supplication unto your gods, and they would save you and your city?"

And Peter took up that idol, and flung it into the fire wherein the priests were. The [image of] gold answered: "O disciples of the Christ! do not punish me, but have mercy upon me; and judge between me and these sinful men. I am one of the instruments of the earth; these men have taken me and smelted me, and have made me what you see; and they have set me up in the temple. And they sacrifice beasts and mingle f. 75 a their blood with wine, and deceive the people; and say unto them that it is I who have eaten those sacrifices, and I neither eat nor drink, nor speak to any man. And it is not I who am speaking to you, but the power which rests upon you, it hath made me able to speak these things to the multitude, and to rebuke them for the wickedness of their deeds."

And when the idol had said this it was silent. And the priests besought the disciples that they would bring them out of the fire, that it might not consume them. And whatsoever they commanded them they would do it.

Philip said unto them: "If ye will leave off your impure worship and say: 'We believe in the Lord Jesus the Christ,' we will say: In His name let this cloud of fire depart from us." Then they all cried out with a loud voice, saying: "We believe in God; the Lord Jesus the Christ is His Word." And straightway the heat of the fire was lifted up from them: and it became like a lake of sweet water, white as milk, so that the two disciples were astonished. And the multitude asked them what it was their duty to do that they might make sure of their faith. Philip said unto them: "We command you to build a church in this place: and we will teach in it, for this is the place in which ye have believed." And they consented to their commandments.

And he commanded them to bring him plenty of straw; and the quantity f. 75 b of it was to be what would be for the foundation. And he commanded some of the men to dig until they had laid the foundation. And when the command had been fulfilled and the work was completed, he came unto the gate of the city with the pillar standing above it, and he said: "In the name of Jesus the Christ the Nazarene, Who is raised high above heaven, I command you to be removed hence to the site of the church which hath been called by the name of the Lord." And the gate fell, and the pillar which stood above it in the presence of the multitude to the site of the building. And no sound was heard in them; and no dust came out of them. And the multitude said: "There is no God but the God of Peter and Andrew and Philip, the servants of Jesus the Christ."

And Philip said unto the multitude: "We have begun to build the house of the Lord: and I desire you to bring together the girls who are maidens, that they may carry water; and the adult men and the young men, and all the citizens, every one according to his ability, that they may work in the house of the Lord. And let none of the multitude refuse what I have commanded." And the disciples were lodging in the house of Marwân, a governor of the city. And they were rejoicing that the multitude had responded to the faith so promptly.

And the Lord Jesus the Christ took on the likeness of a man of f. 76 a shining countenance; and He appeared unto the disciples and said: "The peace of the Lord be with you, O ye two blessed disciples. Ye

have seen the beauty of the faith in the people of this city; and why do ye sit still in the house? go ye out unto them; and teach them the commandments of God, and life. And be not careless about them, and whatsoever ye shall ask Me, I will give it you.”

cf. John
xiv. 14

And when the Lord Jesus the Christ, in the likeness of a shining man, had spoken unto them, He disappeared into heaven with glory. And their faces shone with the glory of the Lord Jesus the Christ, Who had appeared unto them in the house. And they went out unto the multitude. And when they saw the radiance of their faces they did obeisance to them on the ground. And they blessed them; and raised them up; and taught them, and confirmed them in the faith of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And they commanded them not to return to any of their former sins. And the multitude increased upon them; and were blessed by them; and they were amazed at the glory of God which rested upon them. And a man amongst them who was possessed with a devil cried out with a loud voice, saying: “I entreat you, O servants of the Christ, do not punish me. I will go out of him.” And the evil spirit

f. 76 b threw the man down upon the ground and came out of him. And Peter and Philip commanded that devil to go out of him, and never to return to him. And the man who had been cured threw himself at their feet and kissed them. Then they gathered the multitude together to that lake which had been a cloud of fire, surrounding the priests at that time, and had become water. And they baptized them in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost.

And the disciples said unto the multitude, “God hath forgiven you your sins which ye have committed without knowledge: and begin ye to become worthy of the kingdom of heaven with good works; and of everlasting good things.” And they cried with a very loud voice, saying: “We thank Thee, O God! the God of Peter and of Philip, that Thou hast had mercy upon us; and hast been compassionate to us.”

And the two disciples consecrated the church, and the multitude gathered themselves together to it with joy and gladness. And they listened to the word of God; and Philip read to them from the Law and the Prophets, and Peter interpreted it to them by the Spirit of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And when they had preached to the multitude with the doctrines of religion and had made them worthy to receive the holy Mysteries; then they stood up in holy prayer, and finished it, and allowed each of the multitude to approach and receive that honoured Body in faith.

f. 77 a And they gave them [the salutation of] peace. And they stayed with

them for six days teaching them the commandments of the Lord until they knew them. And they appointed unto them a bishop and presbyters, and deacons. And they went out from amongst them, bidding them farewell, giving glory to God, and wondering at the miracles which they had wrought in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ; unto Whom be glory and honour with the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost for ever and ever. Amen.

THE MARTYRDOM OF PHILIP.

The Martyrdom of the blessed disciple Philip on the eighteenth day of Hathôr ; in the peace of the Lord.

And when Philip went into the city of Africa to the people of this country, and preached unto them a new God whose name they did not know, Jesus the Christ, they hastened unto him with all who belonged to them and listened to his speech. And they replied unto him: "Who is Jesus the Christ? we have never heard this name save from thee." For they had been serving the Devil.

Philip replied unto them: "Gather yourselves together unto me, O all ye blessed men! for I see that the grace of the Living God resteth upon you. The God Whom I preach unto you—He is the Living God; and He giveth life unto all who believe in Him. And the Son, dwelling in the Father, and the Father in the Son; and the Holy Ghost proceeding from the Father, f. 77b Who is in the Father and the Son; One God, One in substance, Three in Persons; before all time; and unto all ages; Who is invisible; Who created all things by His wisdom; Who hath restrained the sea and the rivers and the springs; and unto Whom all that is within them is subject. He brought into being all that is seen, and all that is unseen, in the beginning. And He took dust from the earth, and made of it a man in the likeness of His own image; and called him Adam. And He it was Who blessed him, and made him the father of all reasoning creatures; Gen. 1. 28 and said unto him: "Grow and multiply and fill the earth with thy seed; and have dominion over all that is in it."

The multitude said unto him: "Where is that God Who hath created all of which thou speakest?"

The disciple said unto them: "He is in heaven and upon the earth; He dwelleth in every man who doeth His will."

And when the Devil saw that Philip was trying to turn the multitude to the knowledge of God, Jesus the Christ, the Lord, he made haste and sowed wicked thoughts in their hearts, and stirred up the evil within them; and made them spring upon the disciple Philip; and they chained him, and were intent on killing him. And the eyes of every one who laid a hand upon Philip became blind.

And when the multitude saw it they cried with a loud voice, saying:

"There is One God, the God of Philip. Why are ye killing this blessed disciple by whom God hath delivered us from error unto faith?" f. 78 a

And thus the crowd saved Philip from the hands of those who wished to kill him. And he went forth preaching in all the country round about and proclaimed the Word of God every day. And he healed every one who had a sickness; until all the people of the city and in its borders gathered themselves together unto him. And he taught them, and preached unto them about the kingdom of Heaven. And the blind drew near unto him and he opened their eyes, and the lame became straight by the word of his mouth. And the deaf heard with their ears; and the dumb spake by the power of the Lord Jesus the Christ Who was dwelling in him. And the lepers were cleansed when he raised his hand and entreated God on their behalf. And those in whom there were devils—he cast them out by the sign of the cross, thanking God for what He had given him in this noble gift until he had healed them all from every disease.

And when the magistrates of the city saw what Philip was doing, the wonders which were made manifest by his hands, and [how] he healed divers sicknesses and other things; for they saw that their brethren, and their friends, and their sons, and their daughters, and their companions had no faith in their worship, and had entered into the faith of the Lord Jesus the Christ; then those who did not believe in what pleased Philip gathered f. 78 b themselves together, and withdrew to a place, and took counsel how they might lay hold of the disciple, and bind and kill him secretly, so that the city might not perish, and they might boast to the king that an alien could not enter their city and destroy their religion. And if they were to tarry until that was accomplished, he would send [men] to slay them and to lay waste their city, and to say unto them: "Are ye waiting for this one man, until he hath chosen [from] this multitude those who will resist my commandment?" And they covenanted together concerning it. And they laid hands upon the saint and bound him, and lectured him to his face with insulting words; and the disciple laughed in their faces, and rejoiced. And they said one to the other: "See how he is laughing: he is mocking us; perhaps he desireth to lead us astray and deceive us like the multitude whom he hath left, [who] rejected the decree of the king; and he hath separated them from their wives."

And when he heard that he said unto them: "Truly this is falsehood if it be completed. And ye ought to return unto God, and He will forgive you your sins; and will make you meet for His kingdom, which never faileth."

Another of them answered and said: "Kill him ; if we leave him he will lead us all astray." Then their wrath waxed hot against him, and they
f. 79 a laid hold of him and hanged him upon a cross, and they bound him head downwards, saying: "lest he should move his body." And they tortured him with cruel torments; and they never ceased following him and torturing him with the worst of torments, until he gave up the ghost upon the cross. And they took him down, and took counsel together and said: "Let us kindle a huge fire, and fling his body into it, that it may be burnt up, and may not be found."

And when they had kindled the fire that they might throw his pure body into it, the Lord Jesus the Christ, Who had given patience to the saint for that torture, sent an angel, and took his pure body out of the fire before them at noon-tide out of the city, and all its inhabitants beheld it; and he ascended up on high with it, with joy and glory and honour, till he vanished from their eyes. And he arrived with it at Jerusalem; and he hid it in a tree. And when all the crowd beheld this wonder, and remembered the multitude of wonders and of signs which God had caused to happen by his hands, of the healing of divers sicknesses, they all raised their voices, women and men, saying: "There is one God, the God of Philip the servant of Jesus the Christ. He is God, the God of heaven and earth, and the great, the High God, blessed by heavenly beings
f. 79 b and earthly beings, and by all the city and its surrounding districts together, Jesus the Christ. And they sent people who feared God to the top of the mountains; and they remained many days in the desert, going round about. And the citizens fasted and prayed, and humbled themselves before God, that He might restore to them the body of the saint.

And when God beheld the beauty of their dispositions, and their regret for what they had exceeded in the ugliness of their deeds, He sent that angel to tell them the place of the body of the disciple. And they took it, and journeyed with it to the city, with praise and glory and honour. And they wrapped it in fine raiment, and left it in a new coffin. And the completion of the martyrdom and conflict of the holy Philip was on the eighteenth day of Hathôr, and he was left in Carthagera¹ in peace. And glory be to Jesus the Christ, and His Father, and the Holy Ghost, for ever and ever. Amen.

And praise be to God always and for ever.

¹ MS. "Martagera."

THE PREACHING OF BARTHOLOMEW.

In the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, the One God. f. 80a
The Book of the Preaching of Bartholomew the Blessed Disciple, and his
Preaching in the City of the Oasis, in the peace of the Lord Jesus the
Christ.

And it came to pass, when the disciples were gathered together and they divided amongst themselves the cities of the world, and the lot of Bartholomew was to go forth to the land of the Oases, to preach amongst them in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ, that he said unto Peter, the chief of the Apostles: "O my father Peter! I have neither gone into this city, nor do I know the language of its people. I entreat thee to remain with me until thou shalt have brought me unto it; and what is His will, shall come to pass."

Peter replied, saying: "I shall not go out with thee alone but with the company; I am commanded by the Lord to bring each one to his city."

And Peter arose and Bartholomew, and they both went forth, seeking the city of the Oases. And they travelled in the desert, and they met a rich man who had slaves, and ten camels with him. And when Peter and Bartholomew saw him, they rejoiced at it, and went on to meet him; and they said unto him: "Peace be on the owner of the camels." He said unto them: "Peace be upon you."

Peter said unto him: "O thou man! unto what country art thou f. 80b
journeying with these camels?" The man said unto him: "To the city of the Oases." Peter said unto him: "Do us a favour, and carry us with thee, and bring us to the city." The owner of the camels said unto him: "And what cause hath led thee thither, when thou hast nothing to sell in it?" Peter said unto him: "We are not going to sell nor to buy; we are servants of a good God, Whose name is Jesus. He hath chosen twelve men, and hath taught us commandments, and hath put into our hands the healing of all diseases. And He hath commanded us to go round about in the farthest countries, and to preach in His name, and exhort the people not to persist in their error, but to turn unto Him, that He may forgive their sins, and make them meet for His kingdom. And therefore we seek to enter the city, that we may bring these commandments unto them, which our Master hath taught us, that they may hearken unto

them, and may forsake their former deeds, and may repent, so that they may live for ever."

And when the man heard that speech, he said unto them: "If ye be some of the friends of Jesus, of Whom ye have spoken, we will not allow you to enter our city; because we have heard that ye lead the people astray, and ye separate women from their husbands; and ye say that
f. 81 a except a man live in purity he cannot see God. And I am just coming from a friend who loves me greatly. When he saw me coming to meet him, he rejoiced over me, but this time he did not lift his head to greet me, on account of the grief in which he was. And I asked him what was the cause. And he told me that he had been in sorrow for ten days about his wife; for some of your people had come into the city, and had commanded the people [to do] all that you have said. And his wife had followed their speech, and had forsaken her husband. And I am afraid about myself, that if I bring you into my city, and you teach its people what your Master hath commanded you, my wife would hearken unto you, and would believe in your words, and would separate herself from me."

And when they had heard this from him, they resolved on going away, and they were grieved. And Bartholomew said unto Peter: "What shall we do, that we may succeed in entering the city? Give me counsel." Peter said unto him: "I will give thee counsel. But I fear that thou wilt meet with great trouble in this business, and thou wilt say: 'Peter counselled [it].' But this is thy lot, and I will not separate myself from thee by the will of the Lord Jesus the Christ, Who desireth the salvation of every man, until I bring thee unto it."

Bartholomew said unto him: "Arise, O thou beloved father! the
f. 81 b Lord is helping [us]. Let us disguise ourselves, and gird our loins, and get before this man without his knowing it; and when he gets up to us, let us ask him to carry us on his camels to the city. And if he should enquire about our business in it, say: 'This slave who belongs to me, I will sell him in it.' And if he should say unto thee: 'What is his handicraft?' say: 'A vine-dresser.' And when I shall have entered the city which the Lord gave unto me to speak in it, I will do what He hath commanded me."

Peter said unto him: "The view which thou hast stated is good." And they did that about which they had agreed; and they preceded the man in the journey until he got up to them. And Peter said unto him: "O thou good man! carry us with thee on these camels to the city of the Oases."

He said unto them: "And what is your business in it?" He said unto him: "I wish to enter it that I may sell this boy who belongs to me."

And when the man heard this speech from him he rejoiced with great joy, and he tied up the feet of his camels¹. And he said unto him: "This is a blessed day, for I have been away from my home for many days, I and those who are with me, with these camels, seeking for a boy whom I might buy, and I have not found one; and God hath made thee pass near me." Then he said unto Peter: "Tell me what is his handicraft, that I may buy him from thee, and I will pay thee the price." Peter said unto him: "He is a dresser of blighted vines, skilled in their cultivation." The man said f. 82 a unto him: "I am seeking one like that, for I have many vineyards. I want him to be chief man in them."

And they agreed with each other about the price—thirty dinars. The man paid them to Peter; and he delivered Bartholomew to him. And he said unto Peter: "Wilt thou go with me to my house? Thou hast taken the price from me, and hast delivered up the boy to me, but I would fain honour thee in my home." Peter said unto him: "May God repay thee with a rich reward for what thou hast done unto me. Do thou it unto this boy, and do not tire him out, but be gentle unto him, and thou wilt praise the result of it greatly." And when Peter found how kind the owner of the camels was, he paid the money, which was the price of Bartholomew, to himself; and said unto him: "Let this be in thy keeping; if thou findest a needy man, pay some of it"; and he commanded him what was needful, and gave him [the salutation of] peace, and bade him farewell. And Peter returned.

And Bartholomew travelled with the owner of the camels, seeking the city. Then they went astray from the path, and all the water which they had with them came to an end, and the camels were tired, and some of them became separated from them, and died on the road. And the man wept, and those who were with him, saying: "Woe unto us! what hath befallen us because of this boy! Perhaps he was not a good boy when he f. 82 b was in his own country, and his master drove him away to this far-off land, where he is of no use to any one. And I do not grieve for the camels as I do for myself and for those who are with me, for we shall die of thirst in this desert." And Bartholomew wept openly. And he prayed in his heart, and did not wish that they should know that he was a disciple of the Lord, lest they should prevent him from entering the city. And he

¹ The Bedawin usually tie up one fore-foot of a camel when they halt, to prevent it from walking away.

took hold of the camels and said: "In the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ, the true God, let these camels rise, that these men may know who I am, and that they may not imagine what is not convenient for them." And immediately the camels rose up, and returned to life as they had been. And the men were astonished and they said nothing; and they rode upon them, and journeyed.

And as they drew nigh unto the city Bartholomew dismounted, and girded up his loins, and went on in front of his master. And when they reached the city, lo! there was a blind man beside the gate, on whom the spirit of God descended. [And] he cried with a loud voice: "Have compassion on me, O Bartholomew! disciple of Jesus the Christ! give me the light of mine eyes; for thou art able to do this." And when Bartholomew heard the speech of the blind man he was silent. The man who had bought
f. 83 a him said unto him: "Art thou one of the disciples of the Christ? and I have entered the city with thee? and I did not know thee?" Bartholomew said unto him: "I will not say unto thee that I am a disciple of the Christ until thou shalt have seen the wonders which shall appear in this city at my hand." And the blind man repeated his saying: "Have compassion upon me, O disciple of the Christ! give me the light of mine eyes." He said unto him: "May He Who hath commanded thee to speak give thee the light of thine eyes!" And straightway his eyes were opened; and the astonishment of the man and of those who were with him increased.

And when that magistrate went into his house, he called his friends the magistrates, and said unto them: "Come, see this boy, whom I have bought, and who sayeth that he is a vine-dresser, skilled in the treatment of the vines. And a great wonder hath been shown by him on the way, whilst we were journeying in the desert we mistook the path, and the camels perished; and he raised them up alive, as they had been. And when we drew nigh unto the gate of the city he made that blind man see whom ye know sitting at the gate of the city. What would ye advise me to do with him? It is said that he is a clever worker, skilled in vines which are blighted, so that their cultivation may be restored."

f. 83 b His friends said unto him: "If he be a worker skilled in the treatment of the vines, let him remain with thee, and try his workmanship, if it be as hath been said; and if it be not, thou canst sell him, and take his price." Then he called all the labourers who tended his vines, and sent to bring Bartholomew, and made him stand in the midst of them. And he said unto them: "I have made this man chief over you, and all that he sayeth unto you, hearken unto him."

And Bartholomew went out to the vineyard in which he was to work, and he was busy all the day amongst the vines. And he entered the city at eventide, and remained teaching for the rest of the night, whom he could, for forty days; and not a single man hearkened unto him. And after the forty days Bartholomew besought the Lord, and said: "O my Lord Jesus the Christ! how long shall I remain in this city and not a single man listen to my speech? Put me to death, O my Lord! in this city, this day." And he stood and prayed in faith that it might be given unto him that a miracle might be shown at his hand. And after his prayer was ended, he said unto the blind man whom he had made to see—for he was with him, and had never left him: "Go into the city, and f. 84 a tell the magistrate, my master, to call thy friends, and go out to the vineyards, and thou shalt see this new handicraft which I have done to-day." And the man went as he [Bartholomew] had commanded him, to the city. Then the disciple took three roots from the vines and laid them upon canes, and at once when he had suspended them, they bore good fruit. And when the magistrate went with his friends, they saw the wonder which the disciple had done, every root which he had taken bearing leaves before he had left it upon the canes, and the grapes coming. And they threw themselves down before the disciple, and worshipped him, saying: "O our Lord! Who art thou? art thou God who hath appeared on the earth? Tell us which of the gods thou art, that we may bring thee a sacrificial offering. If thou art a man, tell us what sacrifice thou desirest that we should offer [for?] thee."

The disciple replied: "I am not one of those whom ye imagine; I am a servant of Jesus the Christ." And he commanded them to bring canes, that he might put the rest of the vines upon them. And the magistrate went, and brought him canes, and a huge snake which was amongst the canes fastened itself on his hand and bit him; and he fell upon the ground, f. 84 b in great pain. And they wept.

Bartholomew said unto them: "Why do ye weep? Is there no physician in this city to whom ye can send, that he may come and treat him?" And one of the slaves of the magistrate hastened and told his wife, and they came with a doctor to take care of him, and they found that he was dead. And his friends rent their garments; and they all wept for him. And the disciple was working amongst the canes, and he was singing. And some of those who were present said: "Look at this bad servant, he doth not weep for his lord; but he is very glad. And as for these sayings which he utters, we know not what it is." Others said: "He

is not a bad servant, for we have seen wonders from him which our fathers neither saw nor heard about." And Bartholomew was diligent in his work until he finished it and washed his hands. And he said to those who were weeping: "Ye have wept enough. Go far away, that ye may see and behold the glory of our Lord and His strength." And they did as he commanded them, and withdrew from him. And he stretched out his hands, saying: "O God! Who ruleth all things, Who sitteth on the throne of His glory, Who hath created the heaven, and the earth, and all that therein is, by His beloved Son, Jesus the Christ, Who hath not left us [as] pledges
 f. 85 a in the hand of our enemy Satan, and hath delivered us by His precious blood in Jesus the Christ, the pure Seed which beareth fruit in pure seeds; Who went out into the wilderness to seek the lost sheep until He restored it to the good fold. I entreat Thee, O my Lord Jesus the Christ! and I beseech Thee on behalf of this man whom a serpent hath bitten, that the serpent may return and take the poison which it has thrown into his body; and that he may live, to the glory of Thy name in this city."

And while Bartholomew was praying, the serpent appeared from the place in which it was, and stood before Bartholomew. And it said: "Thou hast charged me to take the poison out of this man; and I shall die, and he will live."

Bartholomew replied to it: "Thou wast not called in order to multiply talk, but that we may know who thou art and who is thy father." Then the serpent came near to the man, and took the poison out of him. Then the man arose alive, as he had been. And when they saw this wonder, they fell at the feet of the saint, saying, "Truly thy God is a mighty God. He hath power to make the dead live." And the magistrate who was alive stood and said: "Have ye seen this wonder which I have seen from this man whom I have bought? a God, thinking that he was a
 f. 85 b man; I have bought a lord, saying that he was a slave."

And he returned to the disciple and said unto him: "I adjure thee by the name of the God, Jesus the Christ, thy God, Whom I saw standing with thee when thou didst raise me up from death, I adjure thee by His name; do not refuse the request which I make unto thee, but respond to it." The disciple said unto him: "If it be a good request, I will respond to thee, but tell me what it is." The magistrate said unto him: "I desire that thou shouldest do away with this vineyard, and destroy it; for it is the place in which thy blessing hath rested; and I will build a fine church, for this is the place in which I have died and come to life."

Bartholomew said unto him: "Let it be as thou hast said." Then he

commanded the vineyard to be cleansed; and he brought straw, and drew a line upon the surface of the ground to the extent of the foundations of the church. And he commanded them to bring masons and all the architects, and the church was built with fine masonry until it was completed. And Bartholomew commanded that the multitude should be gathered together unto him, and he baptized them in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost. And he took some of the grapes which were in the vine which bore leaves and fruit at the hands of the saint, and he squeezed it in a cup, and asked for clean bread, and made supplication, and gave thanks, and brake it, and gave to the multitude of the Body and pure f. 86 a Blood of the Lord. And he appointed unto them the magistrate whom he had brought to life as presbyter, and he appointed unto them deacons, and he abode for three months preaching unto them; and he healed all the sick who were amongst them, and committed them to the Lord, and went out from amongst them; they bidding him farewell in peace, saying: "There is no God but God, the God of Bartholomew, Jesus the Christ, He Who sent thee unto us that thou mightest deliver us from our sins." And he went forth from the city of the Oases, and journeyed to the city of Andinûs, that he might preach in it in the name of the Christ, to Whom be praise and glory for ever and ever.

THE MARTYRDOM OF SAINT BARTHOLOMEW.

The Martyrdom of St Bartholomew, Disciple of the Lord Jesus the Christ, and the completion of his testimony on the first day of Tilt, in the peace of the Lord. Amen.

And when Bartholomew, the disciple of the Lord, went to the great cities built upon the shore of the sea, whose people knew not God, but were like the wandering sheep in the greatness of their ignorance; the blessed Bartholomew went in unto them and proclaimed unto them the Gospel of the Lord. And when he entered the city, he preached thus unto them: **Matt. v. 3, 7, 8, 9 f. 86 b** "Hearken, all ye inhabitants of the city, 'Blessed are the poor in spirit, for theirs is the kingdom of heaven. Blessed are the merciful, for they shall obtain mercy. Blessed are the peace-makers, for they shall be called the children of God. Blessed are they that hunger and thirst after righteousness, for they are those that shall be filled. Blessed are they that give to the poor, for theirs is the kingdom of heaven, and they lend unto God. Blessed is he who hath a wife, and is as he who hath no wife, they are those who shall inherit the earth.'"

And when they heard this from the holy Bartholomew, God, the Sustainer of all, opened their hearts, [and] they received the commandments of God, Who desireth the life of the sinner, and his repentance, and his return unto Himself, that He may forgive him. Thus He gave unto all the people of this city a strong character, and a right conscience, from the eldest to the youngest of them. And they obeyed, and believed in God and the Gospel. And all the words of Bartholomew were sweet to their hearts **Ps. xix. 10** like honey, and the honeycomb in the heart of all who listened to him. And all the city and all the region forsook the worship of idols and believed in God Who loveth the salvation of the race of Adam; Who formed their hearts for the sweetness of faith that He might save their souls and forgive them; and every one amongst them remitted all his friend's debts to him.

And when the people of the city and all the district called to Bartholomew he blessed their multitude, [and] many of the men and women loved God and obeyed His commandments, and forsook all the works of the devil in this fleeting world, and they loved purity. **f. 87 a**

And the call of the saint was spread abroad to every place that was near. And all who heard the preaching of the Gospel believed in God

with all their hearts and all their souls. And the name of Bartholomew and his preaching reached Agrippus the king. And when Iphia, the king's wife heard it, she withdrew herself from the company of the king and from all contamination with him.

And when the king heard that his wife had withdrawn herself from him and had accepted the words of Bartholomew who had commanded every one in the knowledge of the truth and the faith of Jesus the Christ [to do so], he sent in haste and brought him to his presence. And when he appeared, the king said unto him: "Art thou Bartholomew the wizard—a friend of Jesus?"

The disciple replied to him with great boldness and courage: "I am not a wizard as thou hast affirmed, O thou king! but all sorcery and every deed that is done becomes vain when Jesus the Christ is mentioned."

And the king commanded that he should be removed from his presence; and he said to those who were beside him to bring to him his wife. And Bartholomew went a little way aside from the king and stretched out his hands, and prayed the prayer of the Gospel, and said, "Amen."

f. 87 b

Then a blind man came to him, who could see nothing with his right eye, and one of his hands had been withered since he was born, and entreated him to heal him. And when the disciple looked into the blind man's face, his eye was promptly opened, and it became like its fellow. And the disciple said unto him: "Give me thy hand, that I may speak unto thee, that the power of my Lord Jesus the Christ may appear, that every one may see and may believe in His name." And when the man pulled his hand out from his raiment, he found that it was straight like the other. And he went forth from the crowd, praising God and thanking Him, and preaching in the name of the blessed disciple. And he went about in all the countries, preaching in them, and telling their people about the beauty of God's dealing with him; and about the power which had been shown forth at the hand of Saint Bartholomew.

And Agrippus said unto the nobles of his kingdom and to all his servants: "If this disciple should remain alive in this country he will turn us all to his faith. And it will be best for us to kill him and to destroy his body so that it may no more be found." They answered him, saying: "As the king hath commanded," for their hearts were sorrowful; they did not wish him to be slain, for they rejoiced in him from what they had seen of the many wonders which God had done by his hands. They said unto the king: "If the king desireth this, let him drive him away from our country." And the people of the country were anxious for his deliverance from his

f. 88 a

[the king's] hands. And he was wroth with a great wrath, and swore with great oaths that he would not hearken unto their speech, but would slay him in a cruel manner; and no one could answer him anything.

And Bartholomew continued to go about in all the neighbourhood, and to preach the good news of the Gospel in it, and to exhort the multitude, and to command them and teach them faith in the Lord Jesus the Christ.

After these things, a wicked man came to the king and said unto him: "Thou carest not that Bartholomew [should go] throughout all the country and contradict thy commandments and insult thy gods." And when he heard it he was wroth with a great wrath and sent two of the captains of his army and his men to seek for Bartholomew; and he commanded them that in whatever place he should be found, they should bind his hands and his feet, and throw him into the sea, so that his body might not be found. And the messengers journeyed on their way, and they found Bartholomew casting a devil out of a man who had been possessed with it for a long time, and teaching the multitude, and commanding them to believe in the

f. 88 b Lord Jesus the Christ. And when the messengers drew nigh to the blessed disciple, he called to them with the [greeting of] peace, and said unto them: "The peace of the Lord be upon you, O brethren!" And they stood gazing at one another, wondering at his meekness and the beauty of his love. They answered him, saying: "Wilt thou go with us to the presence of the king? for he calleth for thee. And if thou dost not wish [it], we will not compel thee to appear with us without thy consent; for we are sure that God dwelleth with thee in all thy circumstances." And the disciple said to himself: "I must not resist the commandment of the Lord, which He said, 'Ye shall be brought before kings and rulers for My name's sake,' and this is His will." And he went with them to Agrippus the king. And when he looked at him, he said unto him: "Art thou he who hath raised a sedition in this city and all its districts, and doth separate women from their husbands?" The holy disciple answered and said unto him: "It is not I who have raised a sedition in the city, and who separates women from their husbands; but God in Whom they have believed with all their hearts and souls, He it is Who hath given them purity. And thou, O Agrippus! if thou wilt receive thy soul from me, thou shalt be saved, and shalt inherit the kingdom of heaven instead of this fleeting sovereignty."

Luke xxi.
12

f. 89 a And when Agrippus heard this from him, he was wroth with a great wrath, because of what Satan had made him understand about the separation from his wife. And he commanded the guards to fill a hair-sack with

sand, and to put the saint into it, and throw him into the sea. And they did as the king commanded them.

And this came to pass on the first day of Thoth. And this was his death and he rested. And afterwards the water cast him on the shore of the city on the second day. And people who had believed in the Lord by means of him, took him and swathed him in a fine shroud, and put him into a good place. And praise be to the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost, for ever and ever. Amen. And praise be unto God always and for ever.

THE PREACHING OF THOMAS.

The Preaching of Thomas the Disciple, which he proclaimed in the City of India, in the peace of the Lord Jesus the Christ. Amen.

And it came to pass after the Resurrection of Jesus the Christ from the dead that He appeared unto His chosen disciples, and said unto them :
 "May the peace of my Father rest upon you. And what He gave unto me, I have not hidden it from you. Assemble and divide the world into
 f. 89 b twelve portions and let each one of you go to his portion. And fear ye not ; I am with you, and I know all the sufferings that befall you, and the persecution from the world ; but be ye patient with them, until ye shall turn them from error unto faith by My name. Remember the sufferings which befell Me and everything that was done unto Me for the sake of mankind."

And the lot of Thomas came out to the city of India. And he worshipped the Lord and said : "Wherefore hath my lot come out, that I should go forth to the city of India ? for they are hard men, like wild beasts, and it will be difficult for them to receive the hearing of the words of the Gospel. But thou wilt accompany me, O Lord ! to this country."

The Lord said unto him : "Behold, Peter is your guide ; he will go forth with thee to this country." And the Apostles prepared to go forth, each one to the country which had come unto him in his lot. Peter was to go forth to the city of Rome, and the cities belonging to it : and Matthias to the city of Persia. And Thomas said unto Peter : "O my father ! arise, go with me and my brother Matthias, until thou bring us to our cities." And he consented unto them about this, and went forth with them. And the Lord departed from them, ascending to heaven with glory. And it came to pass, after they had journeyed for forty days, they arrived at a city which had come by lot to Thomas and to Matthias. And when they had entered the city they sat down in the street of the
 f. 90 a city like foreigners. And the Lord Jesus the Christ appeared unto them like a learned man, and said unto them, "Peace be upon you, O brethren !" And they said : "On thee also be peace !" And He sat down on their right hand, not far from them. Peter said : "O my father ! let us go into this city and preach in it in the name of the Lord, for this is the first of the cities which we have reached : perchance we may be able to save its people,

and turn them to the obedience of God. For the Lord said : 'Whoso shall preach [in] many cities, he shall save many people, and he shall have a great reward in the kingdom of heaven'."

And while they were sitting, a man came up to them, one of the friends of Contôris, the king of India. And he looked at the disciples sitting like foreigners. He said unto them : "Whence are ye, O ye brethren?" They said unto him : "Ask for what thou dost wish." He said unto them : "It is nothing but good, for I see that ye are very fine men ; and I am seeking for a slave who will be like you, that I may buy him."

Peter said unto him, "We three are servants of one Lord, whose name is Jesus the Christ, and He is present in this city. And when He shall appear, He will sell thee whomsoever of us thou desirest ; for [in] our city and all the country round it the men are handsome."

And when he had said this—the Lord was listening to what they were saying to each other—immediately the Lord appeared unto them, and spoke to them in the language which they knew, and said, "Peace! O noble f. 90 b Peter and faithful learned Thomas, and meek Matthias ! I have told you that I will not forsake you : but I will be present with you always as I have promised from my Father. I will go before you to every place to which ye shall journey."

And a friend of the king of India was present, who did not know the language in which our Lord was speaking to them. And afterwards the Lord appeared unto them like a rich man, and sat down on a place in the city. Peter said unto the man, the friend of the king, "Our Lord, about Whom I have told you, is present. Look at which of us thou dost wish, He will sell him to thee."

The man said unto the Lord : "Peace, O thou good man ! Thine appearance witnesseth for thee, that thou art a nobleman. Art thou willing to sell me one of these thy slaves?"

The Lord said : "Which of these two dost thou wish me to sell thee? Now this one, the elder, was born in the household of my fathers ; I will not sell him."

And the man looked at Thomas and admired him, for he was sturdy and strong in spirit. And he said unto him : "Sell me this one." The Lord said unto him : "His price is three pounds of gold."

The man replied unto him : "And I have bought him from thee," and f. 91 a he delivered the price to him. And he said unto him : "Write out the bill of his sale for me in the street of the city." The Lord said unto him : "Thou dost not need anyone to write. I will write for thee in my own

hand ; I will acknowledge to thee in it that this is the slave whom I have sold unto thee, O Deyâmus ! friend of Contûrîs, king of India." And he finished the deed, as was right, and departed from them to heaven with glory.

And after this the Lord appeared unto Thomas and said unto him : "Accept thy price, and distribute it among the poor, and the orphans and the widows, in the place whither thou shalt go. I have sold thee for three talents of gold ; for thou art a slave of the Trinity : the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost." Thomas answered and said unto him : "May Thy grace be with me, O Lord !" And when He had said these words unto Thomas, He departed from him. And Thomas girded up his loins like a slave, and went to Peter and Matthias and said unto them, "Remember me in your prayers, and embrace me with a spiritual kiss, for this is the last of our meetings in this world." And they held each other's hands with [the salutation of] peace, and with a spiritual embrace ; and separated. And Thomas went with his master ; and Peter and Matthias went on their way.

f. 91 b And the man asked Thomas about his craft. And he said unto him : "I am a mason, and I am a carpenter, and I am a doctor. As for the art of carpentering, I mend measures, and balances, and weights, and ploughs, which take away the briars and the thorns and the thistles and all that is needful for rooting them from the earth. As for the masonry, I build temples, and fortresses, and high towers which are suitable for kings. As for medicine, I treat the wounds which fester in the bodies."

And when the man heard this, he rejoiced and said : "Truly in such a manner the king will be suited." And after many days they reached the city of India. And the man went in unto the king, and told him about Thomas, and let him read the deed which the Lord had written with His hand. And when he saw it, he wondered at it. And he told him the crafts in which Thomas excelled ; and this made him rejoice exceedingly. And he said : "Take this man, deliver him over to Lucius the captain ; that he may pay him the money which he wants to build us a great fortress." And he went with him to him (Lucius) and told him all that the king had enjoined. And he delivered to him all that he needed, and Lucius went

f. 92 a after these things to the city of the king ; and he commanded his wife Arsânûni, and said unto her : "Let not this man serve like the slaves ; but (rather) at his craft until I return from the king's presence." And after Lucius had gone, Thomas went to Arsânûni his wife, and read to her the Gospel of the Lord Jesus the Christ, and the prophecies of the prophets ; and he said unto her : "O Arsânûni, I see that thou art in great grief.

Thou dost worship these idols of gold and of silver ; and thou sayest that they are gods, and they are not gods. And what thou doest unto them doth not profit thee. For they speak not, and they hear not, and they see not ; and if the earth were moved, they could not take care of themselves, but they would fall and would be broken. I entreat thee to go with me into the temple of those whom thou dost worship, that I may see their power." And she went before him to shew them to him.

And he lifted up his eyes to heaven and prayed, saying : " O God, who directest all things ! Father of my Lord Jesus the Christ, Thy beloved Son, and Thy Holy Spirit, Whom when all the devils had heard him, they were disturbed, Thou art the Shepherd of the sheep which wandered ; Thou art the good Shepherd ; Thou art the true Light which shineth in our hearts ; Thou art He by Whose name all creation is saved ; Thou hast sent me to this country that I may turn its inhabitants to Thee ; Thou art the Maker of all mankind, and of all the creatures which all humbly worship Thee ; Thou when Thou lookest at all the earth, the sea trembleth and all that is therein, and all its waves are silent when they hear Thy voice ; The serpents and all creeping things are subject unto Thee, for Thou dost nourish them. Yea, O my Lord and my Master Jesus the Christ ! (Thou art He) Who wilt show wonders and signs by my hand in the country, that Thy name be glorified, for to Thee be praise for ever and ever. Amen." f. 92 b

And while the disciple was praying, the foundation of the house in which she was, was moved, and all the idols fell to the ground on their faces, from their places, and the devils who dwelt in them cried out, saying : " Woe unto us, for our power and our fame is made vain, and no God is worshipped save Jesus the Christ, the Son of the Living God."

And when Arsânûni saw what had befallen her gods, she feared greatly, and she fell upon the earth before the saint. And he stretched out his hand and raised her up. And she laid hold of him and entreated him, and said : " O good servant of God, who hast come into my house ! art thou a man, or art thou a slave, or art thou a God ? And what is this Name which thou hast named, which is Jesus ? And when thou didst name His Name, the foundation of the house was moved, [and it] fell upon the ground, and all the gods in whom I have trusted fell upon their faces, and became like dust. Hide not from me this power of thine, O good servant of God ! And from this hour the worship of idols is destroyed in my house. And I am repentant, confessing, believing in thy God, the Lord Jesus the Christ, the Son of the Living God." f. 93 a

And Thomas, the blessed disciple, answered and said unto her :
 "Arsânûni, dost thou believe with all thy heart? Then forsake this
 fading world, so soon to pass away, and learn that thy pride in gold, and
 silver and beautiful raiment which perisheth, and which the moth eateth,
 and the beauty of the flesh, will decay, and whosoever boasteth therein
 shall be speedily destroyed. And one looketh after this beauty on a
 pained face and closed eyes, and a speechless tongue. And man goeth to
 his eternal home. Seek after God, O Arsânûni! and thou shalt find Him
 f. 93 b not far from any one who seeketh Him with all his heart. The prophet
 said of God: 'I am the Living God who is near unto you, not far from
 thee, O Israel! and I am God; I desire not the death of the sinner, that he
 may return and his soul may live.' And he sayeth also about the return
 of the sons who have come back to me. And also he saith: 'Return unto
 Me, ye sons who have rebelled. Return ye unto Me, ye will find Me.
 He who seeketh, findeth Him. And whoso calleth upon Him, He will
 hear him'."

And when Arsânûni the wife of the magistrate had heard this, her
 heart was opened by the fear of God. God opened the eyes of her heart.
 And every one in her house and many of the citizens, believed in God.
 And she went into her chamber, and stripped off her fine raiment, and
 spread ashes beneath her and worshipped on her face, thanking God and
 saying: "I believe in Thee, O my Lord Jesus the Christ! the God of this
 foreigner, who hath come into my dwelling, and hath been a guide unto
 me into the path of life—I entreat Thee, O merciful Lord! Whom I knew
 not until this day, if Thou hast made me worthy of knowing Thee—O my
 Lord Jesus the Christ! Son of the Living God, forgive me all the faults
 that I have already committed, and the error in which I have been until
 this day from my worship of impure idols. Now I have returned unto Thee,
 f. 94 a O my Lord Jesus the Christ! Thou art my Light, and my Saviour, Thou art
 my hope, and my strength, Thou art my refuge, in Thee have I trusted."

And when she had finished her prayer she went out to the disciple.
 And her face was changed because of the ashes. And she said unto him :
 "O good servant of God! arise, baptize me in the name of the Father, and
 the Son, and the Holy Ghost, by Whom thou hast saved me."

And the disciple rejoiced at her faith. And he said unto her, "O good
 woman! the grace of God hath rested upon thee."

She answered him, saying: "The faith of thy Lord hath dwelt in my
 heart, and my limbs, and my soul." And they both gave thanks to the
 Lord Jesus the Christ, Who had brought back the wandering sheep.

And he arose quickly and baptized her and all who were in her dwelling unto the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost. And he took pure bread and a cup wherein was wine, and gave thanks and brake and gave to the multitude who had been baptized, the honoured Body of the Lord, and His blood. And he was praying all night long with the Psalms of David, he and all the brethren who had been baptized. And they brought to him every one who had a disease of any kind, and those who were possessed with devils, and the blind, and the lame, and the lepers, and he healed them all.

And he went out every day in the midst of the city, preaching in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And he preached the holy Gospel, and said unto them: "Let the sick people come unto me; I will heal them without price. I desire no reward from any man." And they came unto Arsânûni, the wife of the magistrate, who had believed in him. And all the citizens became believing Christians. And he recited the Gospels and the Prophets in their presence; and taught them the precepts of religion. And afterwards he baptized them all in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost. And he continued to dwell amongst them in the city for the space of four years. And their faith in the Christ became stronger: Lucius being absent near the king. And when he returned to the city, his wife and all the inhabitants of the city went out to meet him—and he looked from afar at his wife—she being dressed in mean garments—he was grieved about it with a great sorrow, and thought that everything in his dwelling had been stolen. And he called one of his slaves, and said unto him: "Hath anything happened in my house?" He said unto him: "Nothing hateful hath happened, but everything is good since thou hast been absent from it." And he entered the bath to wash himself, and went to his dwelling. And he called his wife Arsânûni, and when she appeared he talked with her in the fashion of men of the world; and invited her to intercourse with him. She replied, weeping: "O my lord! God hath rooted out of my heart this wicked inclination in which there is no profit; and as for to-day¹, it is by the will of the Lord." He answered her in fierce anger: "What speech is this which I have never heard from thee? and why art thou changed since I first knew thee? But to-day woe is me! Hath not the foreign slave who hath come unto us in these days bewitched thee?"

Arsânûni replied to him, saying: "It cannot be as thou sayest of him, O my lord! because all the doctors seek to heal bodies; but he healeth

¹ BUDGE, *Ethiopic version*: "and this day is the sabbath of God."

bodies and souls; and do not say an evil word about him; but hearken thou also to his words."

And when Lucius heard that from her, he was filled with the rage of a devil; and he replied to her: "If he be a practising physician let him heal himself from the torture which shall befall him from me." And he straightway commanded the guards to bring him the tanners who were in the city; and they brought them.

And he called Thomas and said unto him: "O thou wicked slave! thou wizard! where are the works and the handicrafts which thou hast said that thou couldest do? Where are the temples which thou art building for the king? Where is the fortress? where are the ploughs, and the measures, and the balances which thou didst say that thou wouldest make? Where is the craft of medicine, and the good of thy treatment?"

f. 95 b Thomas answered him: "I have finished all my workmanship, and have made it complete."

Lucius said unto him: "Thou art jesting with me. I will torture thee, O thou wicked slave! to the death."

Thomas said unto him: "I assure thee of the truth without torture, for until this time thou hast not learnt it and I will tell thee the truth. The temples and the fortresses which I have built are the souls which have come; they are the fortresses which I have repaired for the Heavenly King to dwell in. In them are the ploughs; they are the holy Gospels, which root up all evil from the heart of the believers who seek after God with all their hearts. And the treatments which are of the art of medicine, these are the Holy Mysteries which root up all evil imaginations, and pains, and longings from all those who seek for purity. These are the treatments and the handicrafts which God hath taught me."

Lucius said unto him: "O thou wicked slave! What speech is this?" And he commanded concerning him that he should be bound, and that four stakes should be driven into the ground, and that he should be bound to them and stretched out in his presence. And he commanded the flayers to flay off his skin. And he said unto him: "I will torture thee, and I will not let thee die quickly, except as I wish." And all the citizens wept, saying: "Woe unto us! what can we do with this righteous man
f. 96 a who hath healed us from all diseases? If we lay our hands upon him, his God will be wroth with us, and His wrath shall descend upon us; and fire shall come down from heaven to burn us up; and if we do not do what this hypocrite hath commanded us, he will kill us. And we have seen many wonders from this holy man on the day when this wild boar entered

the field of the widow woman ; and the men could not drive it away. And the woman went and did obeisance to this righteous man, and besought him, saying : ' O my Lord ! help me.' And he had compassion on her, and went out to the field of this widow woman, and her fruits did not perish. And the boar did not go out, and fire came down from heaven and burnt him. And we are much afraid of his God."

The saint replied to them, saying : " Arise ! fulfil the commandment which he hath commanded you. Well do I know that ye are constrained against your own opinion from fear of this ignorant magistrate."

And Lucius commanded that his skin should be flayed off. And the disciple raised his eyes to heaven and cried with a loud voice, saying : " O my Lord Jesus the Christ, Son of the Living God ! help me in this tribulation." And Arsânûni heard the voices of the flayers, and the multitude who were weeping. And she looked from a window in her dwelling and f. 96 b saw the disciple being flayed, and she was greatly troubled. And she fell on her face, and died. And immediately Lucius cried : " This my wife hath died because of thee, O thou wicked slave ! But I will spend all my energy upon thee, that I may know all the evil deeds that thou hast done." And when the father of Lucius' wife and her brothers heard it, they appeared and stood round her, weeping over her, crying and saying : " Woe unto us ! Why hast thou died because of this foreigner ? but our hearts rejoice over thee because thou hast died for the faith of the Christ, and the commandment of His blessed disciple."

Thomas answered and said unto them : " Hush ! do not weep, for if she be dead in my Lord, I will raise her up." Lucius said unto him : " Say not that the torture is finished. I will torment thee at my pleasure ; and I will leave nothing possible to thee." And he commanded them to bring him vinegar and salt, and he put it over the body of the saint. And the disciple cried, saying : " O my Lord Jesus the Christ ! help me in this tribulation. For my heart and my body and my spirit are very weary. O my Lord Jesus the Christ, the Compassionate, the Merciful, bring Thy help nigh unto me. Remember that I am a foreigner, my want of friends, and my loneliness. I have no father, nor mother, nor brother, nor f. 97 a kinsmen in this city. And I have no one who knoweth me in it. Jesus the Christ ! Son of the Living God ! Thou art my help, on Thee is my reliance ; and Thou art my Saviour ; Thou hast sent me to this city, and I did not resist Thy saying, O my Lord, and my God ! I have hated all things for Thy sake, father and mother, and kinsfolk, and all that was mine, I have left all this and have heard Thy voice. Thou, O my Lord ! didst send me

to this city, O Lord, for the salvation of its people; and behold, Thou seest what hath befallen me in it. And as Thou hast suffered for me, O Lord, I am ready to endure all toil that may come upon me in it with gladness. Remember the time when Thou didst appear unto my brethren the disciples, at Thy Resurrection from amongst the dead; and I was not with them. And when they said unto me that they had seen Thee, and

Matt. xxiv. I remembered Thy words which Thou hadst said: 'Try the spirits, for
5 many shall come in My name, and shall lead astray many.' I said unto my brethren, the disciples, 'Except I see the Lord, and see the print of

John xx. 25 the nails in His hands and put my finger on the print of the spear-thrust in His side, I will not believe.' And Thou didst appear unto me, and

f. 97 b didst show me what I sought from Thee, and the certainty of Thy resurrection; and didst reprove my little faith. And as Thou hast suffered for me, because of this, I entreat Thee, O my Lord! that Thou wouldest forgive me, for Thou art a good God, merciful, and Thou receivest those who return unto Thee with all their hearts."

And while he was saying that, and weeping, the Lord had compassion on him, and appeared unto him in a shining cloud; and said unto him: "Let thy heart rejoice, O my beloved Thomas! And be strong; for thou art victorious over thine enemy, and all who shall oppose thee. Verily I say unto thee, that all trial and torture have befallen thee for the sake of mankind, that I may deliver them from the hands of the enemy, and they are not like one hour of My appearance unto thee, and My reception of thee, and My seating of thee on My right hand in My kingdom. For thou art called 'The Twin.' Thou art beloved by Me. Be patient, for thy reward is large, and thy glory is great with My Father. And many wonders shall be shown by thy skin. Let thy heart be strong and hasten to show thy right faith in my Godhead in this city which is to the east of thee which is named Cantôria. And thou shalt turn its people to the faith in My name. And the whole world hath been filled with the grace of My Father, and His mercy to mankind for the sake of My blood, poured out for the salvation of the world."

f. 98 a And when the Lord had said these words unto him, He embraced him and touched his body, and healed him from the wounds that were in it, and departed from him.

And Thomas arose quite whole; [and went] till he reached the place in which was the wife of Lucius and he layed his flayed-off skin upon her, saying: "In the name of Jesus the Christ, and His Father and His Holy Spirit, the voice which called Lazarus, it is He who will raise thee." And

she straightway opened her eyes and looked at the disciple standing near her head, and she stood up immediately and did obeisance unto him.

And when Lucius saw this wonder, and the great miracle which had been shown by him, he arose terrified, and did obeisance to him, saying: "Truly there is no God but thy God, Whom thou servest. I entreat thee, O good servant of God! that thou wouldst forgive me all the evil that I have done unto thee in mine ignorance." And Thomas raised him up, for they all believed. And he said unto him: "Fear not; God will not punish those who repent and confess their sins." And in that hour he believed, and all the nobles of the city. And he commanded them to bring bread and the cup, and he prayed, and gave to them all the Holy Mysteries and made them Christians. And he laid for them the foundation of the church, and appointed Lucius to govern them, and enjoined on f. 98 b them all the laws of religion, and commanded them the precepts of the Gospel; and remained with them a month. And every day he preached to them from the Holy Scriptures, and said unto them, "If it be the will of the Lord, I will return unto you. And the Lord hath commanded me to go unto the cities which are to the east of you." And he went forth, and they took leave of him weeping and saying: "Stay not long away from us, for we are a new plant." And the disciple prayed and blessed them and gave them [the salutation of] peace.

And he went to Cantôria to preach in it as the Lord had commanded him. And when he reached it, and was within its gates, he met an old man weeping vehemently, with his clothes rent, looking ill. And he said unto him: "O old man! why do I see thee in this great sorrow and much weeping? thou hast pained my heart." The old man said unto him, "Get away from me, O my brother! for my affliction is great." The disciple said unto him: "I entreat thee to tell me thy condition; and perchance my Lord Jesus the Christ will put it right by my hand."

The old man said unto him: "Hearken unto my tale; I have six sons; I betrothed the eldest of them to the daughter of a magistrate of the city, to be his wife. And when the time of the wedding came, he said unto me: 'O my father! do not concern thyself about my marriage; for I shall not take a wife, and I have renounced this world, and all its desires.' And when I heard this from him I said in my heart: 'Perhaps he is f. 99 a stupid, [that] he has spoken these words.' And I said unto him: 'The time draws near when I wish to take thy wife for thee, and thou sayst this unto me!' He said unto me: 'Truly by the greatness of the King who is King of kings, Jesus the Christ, if thou dost force this upon me I will go out into

the desert, and thou shalt not see me after this day.' I said unto him: 'Tell me what thou hast seen?' He said unto me: 'I will tell thee. I was, O my father! during this night asleep, and I saw a young man, beautiful of countenance, and his raiment was shining like the sun, and a sweet scent issued from his mouth and filled the house with the odour of its fragrance. And a kingly crown was on his head; and in his right hand was a rod of gold. And when I saw him, I was greatly afraid of him, and I fell beneath his feet as dead. And he stretched out his right hand and raised me up; and said unto me: Take heed unto thyself, and hearken not to any one who counsels thee to marry. But keep thy body, that thou mayst be pure, and thou shalt be My successor¹, and a ruler over the Church. This My disciple, Thomas, is coming into this city, he will lead thee into the faith, and will give thee the sign of victory; and will make thee

f. 99 b meet to receive the Holy Mysteries. Know that I am God. I became incarnate for your sakes, and ye ought to make no delay about your salvation and your life. And when He had said this unto me, He put His right hand on my head, and blessed me and ascended to heaven with great glory till He vanished from mine eyes. And because of this, O my father! I shall not neglect the gift of which God hath deemed me worthy, lest the King be angry at this and destroy me because of my resistance to Him.'

"And when I heard this speech from my son I was silent, and I said to myself, 'Perhaps the God of this city hath appeared unto him.' And I called people from amongst the chief men of the city and I told them all that my son had said unto me. And I sent them to the father of the girl, and they told him all that they had heard from me. And he was wroth with a fierce wrath, and he said unto me: 'Thou hast put a slight on my house, and hast trifled with my daughter by these deceitful words.' And he went in unto the king and slandered me, both me and my child his servant. He said that we had stolen the property of the temple. And the king sent out and slew all my children;—their number was six—in one hour. And this is the cause that thou seest my weeping and my grief, and I have also debts (for money) which I had borrowed and had paid to the

f. 100 a girl, and it is now required of me. And since the death of my children I am afraid of my creditors. I know not any way to pay them their money. Would that one of my sons had remained alive to help me in paying the debt I owe!"

And when the disciple heard this from him, he said: "Weep not, O

¹ Or "Khalifa."

thou old man! I have heard thy weeping, I am Thomas. Bring me to the place in which thy sons are. And my Lord Jesus the Christ will give them life." And the old man journeyed along with him to the place in which their graves were. And many people followed them, saying: "If this wonder should take place, verily we will believe in the God of this man." And when they reached the place, the disciple gave the skin which had been flayed off to the old man; and said unto him, "Go thou into the grave and lay this skin upon all thy sons; and say: 'In the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, arise, O my sons! and return to life as ye were.' I may not do this, lest it be said that I am a wizard."

And the old man did as the disciple had commanded him. And he laid the skin upon his sons, and there were nine persons beneath his sons in the grave-yard before his sons, and then they all arose. And the number of them was fifteen souls. And they went forth to the place in which the blessed disciple was; and they did obeisance to him, saying: f. 100 b
"We entreat thee, O disciple of the Lord! to give us baptism, the seal of life." And when the multitude saw these wonders, they cried out with a very loud voice, saying: "Truly there is no God but Jesus the Christ, the Son of the Living God. One is the God of Thomas." And some of them hastened to the temple of Apollo, and told the priest of the temple all that had happened. And when the priest heard the name of Jesus he rent his clothes, and said: "Woe is me! for he is one of the disciples who have gone forth from the land of Judaea, journeying about in all the world; deceiving the people and all who hearken unto them. And they are disciples of a wizard man, whose name is Jesus. We have heard of him that Pilate crucified him. And these stole his body, and went about in the world saying that he was risen from the dead." And he said unto them: "Arise all of you with us, let us go out to him and reprimand him and tell him that his sayings are not true. And all that he doeth is by means of sorcery."

And the priest arose, and the multitude with him [and went] to where Thomas was. And they found him in the street of the city, and the crowd assembled near him. And he was casting a devil out of a man who was possessed with it. And the priest said unto Thomas: "What art thou doing in this place? O deceiving wizard! Was the land of Judaea not enough for thee, and its inhabitants, that thou hast come to this city? f. 101 a
Who is Jesus? If he were God, why did he not save himself from slaughter? so that ye had to steal his body and bear witness to all mankind that he is risen from amongst the dead. And know that the

people of this city are learned ; they are not like other people whom thou mayst deceive." Then he turned and faced the multitude, and said unto them, "Let each one of you take a stone in his hand and throw it at this wizard ; and let us kill him, so that he may not find any way of deceiving the people after this time." And they bent their backs to take up the stones and stone the saint. And their hands were withered among the stones, and they could not stand up. And they cried with one voice, saying : "We entreat thee, O good servant of God ! to beseech thy Lord, that He may forgive us and allow us to rise and stand up on our feet, and we will believe in thy God ; and do not punish us for our ignorance."

And the blessed disciple prayed, saying : "I thank Thee, O my Lord Jesus the Christ ! that Thou hast not been unmindful of my request ; and Thou hast shown Thy glory unto this multitude who are gathered together before Thee. And I entreat Thee to send, by Thy command, heavenly power from on high, that this unbeliever may be suspended head down-
f. 101 b wards in the air, because he hath reviled Thy holy name." And speedily the priest was suspended in the air head downwards in the presence of the multitude. And when he looked at the high power of God, and at what was being done to him, he cried, while he was suspended, "I believe in Thee and I confess, O Jesus the Christ ! Thy dominion, that Thou art God in truth ; the gods which are made by the hands of men are not worthy of our calling them gods, only Thou alone art God ; Thou art God before all ages. And Thou art Lord of heaven and earth, and of what is below the earth. Jesus the Christ ! Thou art my trust and Thou art my King, and Thou art my hope."

And when the priest had confessed to this faith, while he was hanging head downwards, and the crowd gazing at him, he was let down to the earth. And the multitude believed and were saved, and they besought the disciple to baptize them, in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, the One God. And when he saw the strength of their faith he took them to the temple, and pulled down all that was therein from the places where the idols were seated ; and he made the temple a church. And he appointed that priest as their bishop, and the six brethren, sons of the old man, presbyters and deacons, those whom he had raised from the dead.
f. 102 a And he left them in the church to serve the holy place.

And he remained in the city for some time, teaching them the faith and all the precepts of religion. And many wonders were shown by his hands, and his skin was borne upon his shoulder. And he went about with it to every place whither he travelled. And afterwards he went forth

from amongst them, from this city praising God. And after these things the Lord appeared unto him and took his skin and fastened it upon his body as it had been; and embraced him and comforted him, and said unto him, "Ride thou upon this cloud to thy brethren, it will bring thee unto thy brethren, the disciples, in peace. I am present with you in every place; for ye are those whom My Father hath chosen to proclaim My divinity in the world."

And the Lord departed from him to heaven with great glory. And Thomas mounted upon the cloud as the Lord had commanded, and it went swiftly with him until it brought him to the mountain of Madyânin; and he found the disciples assembled, and Paul in the midst of them; and Mary the Lord's mother. And he embraced them with a spiritual kiss, and they reminded each other of the wonders which God had wrought by their hands. And they remained for [eight?]¹ days assembled together with each other, giving glory to God; to Whom be praise, and glory and honour, for ever and ever. Amen.

¹ Ethiopic "eight."

THE MARTYRDOM OF SAINT THOMAS.

f. 102 b *The martyrdom of Saint Thomas, the disciple of the Lord Jesus the Christ; and his conflict which he finished on the twenty-sixth day of Pachôn, in the peace of the Lord. Amen.*

And it came to pass, after Thomas the disciple had gone forth to the city of India, and had proclaimed the faith amongst them, and had preached to them the precepts of the Holy Gospel, and Lucius the magistrate had flayed off his skin; and he had remained for some time carrying it on his shoulder; and had gone about in all the countries laying it upon the dead and upon the sick; and the Lord had opened their hearts and they had believed; and he had built them a church; and had established for them the precepts of religion; and had appointed them a bishop and priests; and had given them the Holy Mysteries; he went forth from amongst them in peace.

And the Lord appeared unto him and restored his skin as it had been. And he went afterwards to the city of Zabadka in Macedonia. And he preached amongst them about the knowledge of God. And when the magistrates heard it, they met him [in] anger, and laid hold of him, and put him into prison. And Tertanâi, the wife of the king, came to him, and Margîta his daughter, to the prison. And it was locked, and many of the believers followed them.

And the door was opened to them; and they called the disciple. And he went out to them, and said unto them, "O my brethren, and my children, and my beloved servants of the Christ, and ministers of the
f. 103 a Lord! hearken unto me to-day, unto my words and my last teaching to you. For I shall not see you in this world after this day, whilst I am in the body. For the Lord hath willed to remove me from this world, and to take me out of this trouble into rest. For He gave up His life for our sakes that He might save us from slavery to Satan; and He chose us to be disciples unto Himself; and made us meet to preach in His name in all the world. And my conflict is ended, and I have delivered the message as He commanded me. And He hath willed to bring me from the trouble of this world, and to give me the reward which I have deserved

from Him. For He is very rich in gifts, and will give me His grace without price, and [also] to those who ask Him. For I am a servant of Jesus the Christ, a doer of His will. And He hath willed what ye have heard from me, and take heed that ye do not allow Satan to draw nigh unto you in any way. And be wakeful, looking for the coming of the Lord, that He may receive you into His kingdom."

And when he had said this, the women went down, and he went into the prison. And they mourned and wept; and they knew that the magistrates, if they got the saint into their power, would destroy him. And when he had gone into the prison, the doors of the prison were shaken, and they became again shut in their [former] state. And when the warders saw a thing like this, they cried one to the other, and were confounded, and amazed. And they said: "This man is a wizard; he hath opened the doors of the prison; and he wishes to bring every one in it out. And he hath not found out the way to do this. But let us go to the king, and tell him this affair; and that his wife and daughter have come unto him." And while they were talking, Thomas answered nothing. And when the morning came they approached the king and said unto him, "O our lord! put this wizard out of this prison; and place him in another prison, for we cannot guard him. This is the second time that we have seen the prison doors open; and it is he who openeth them. And thy wife and thy daughter are always visiting him." And the king looked at the bolts which were on the prison door, and sealed it as it was; and said unto them: "Ye speak falsely: neither my wife nor my daughter visits him." And they swore unto him that they did visit him. Cod. 75
Fonds
Arabe
f. 73 b

And the king sat down in a [certain] place and commanded them to bring the saint to him; and they stripped off his clothes and bound his waist with an apron, and made him stand before the king. And the king said unto him: "Art thou a slave or a free man?"

And Thomas said unto him: "I am the slave of a Lord over Whom thou hast no power."

The king said unto him: "Didst thou not flee from thy country, and didst come to this place?" D. S.
f. 104 a

He said unto him: "I came to this place that I might turn this multitude from error, and I shall depart from this world by thy hand."

The king said unto him: "What is the name of thy Lord? and from what country art thou?"

Thomas said unto him: "My Lord is the Lord of heaven and earth,

thou canst not hear His hidden Name, but His revealed Name is Jesus the Christ."

The king said unto him: "I do not wish thy destruction; but I have had patience with thee and thou art waxen great in the wickedness of thy deeds; and thou hast made thy sorcery manifest in this city, until every man in India hath heard [of it]. But I will slay thee, so that all thy sorcery shall cease; and thy name shall be forgotten, and thy sorcery, by all the country."

f. 104 b Thomas said unto him: "My ministration shall be firmly established after my departure from this world." And Mastâus the king took counsel how he could slay him, for he was afraid of the crowds who were surrounding him; for amongst them were many of the magistrates who believed in the preaching of the saint, and of the nobles of the city, and many from the country. And the king arose and took him outside of the town; and with him were many of the army bearing weapons. And the rest of the crowd imagined that the king wished to talk to him about something between themselves; and they went aside from him. And when he was two miles distant from the city, he delivered him to fifteen of the soldiers, with his son and many of the chief citizens. And he commanded them to go with him to a high mountain and to kill him on it. And the king returned to the city.

And when the multitude knew, they set out one before the other in the steps of the saint, seeking his deliverance. And the soldiers who were with him made haste to slay him. And two of them stood on his right hand and two on his left, having spears in their hands. And the chief magistrate stretched out the spear in his hand against him. And the disciple said: "The hidden mystery which is finished, which is by the supernal gift, is that weariness of body shall not have power over me; for four are ready to destroy my earthly temple like unto the four elements which are its component parts."

f. 105 a And when he reached the place in which he was to be killed, he said unto them: "Hearken, at my departure from this world, let not the eyes of your hearts be blind, and your ears deaf. Believe in God Whom I have preached unto you. And let His words enter your hearts and your ears; and be every day of your life in purity and freedom, which is the life that will bring you near unto God."

And he said unto Masâsawi, the son of the king, "Thou art a servant of Jesus the Christ; give these swordsmen what will enable them to let me pray unto my Lord." And he commanded them to do this. And

the blessed disciple stretched out his hands, and besought God saying :
 "The Lord, my hope and my guide, and my Saviour, Who strengthened
 me and made my heart ready for His obedience. Thou art He Who
 hast given me patience from my youth, and hast been in place of life
 unto me, and hast kept me from defilement and destruction. Thou art He
 Who hast given me knowledge, that I might not be defiled with women.
 And I have kept my temple sacred to Thee. My mouth and my tongue
 shall not achieve Thy praises because of Thine abundant mercy unto me.
 Mine eyes have not looked to the taking of riches; for Thou didst say :
 'The wealth of this world is loss. Do not choose it.' And I have
 wished for poverty in this world; so that I might become worthy of Thee.
 Thou hast opened Thine everlasting kingdom to me, unto the end of the f. 105 b
 age; and to all who believe in Thee. I have fulfilled Thy will and Thy
 commandments. Trials were multiplied upon me, and I endured tribulation.
 And that was sweet unto me because of Thy name. For Thou art
 my hope, and to Thee my soul hath clung; and my trouble shall not be
 in vain. Receive my supplication and do not cast me away from Thy
 face. The plants which are for honour, which Thou hast sown in me,
 let not the enemy root them up. And the talents which Thou hast
 given me I have committed them to the money changers¹ and the profit
 on them became ten thousandfold² more. I have forsaken this world
 and have followed Thee; mine eyes have looked for Thy salvation. I
 have fulfilled the commandment which Thou didst give me; and the
 message with which Thou didst send me, I have delivered it; that I might
 be Thy resolute servant, fearing Thy name. I have girded up my loins
 in all right things; my steps were wide in the path of the Gospel of
 Peace. I have ridden upon the plough and have not looked backwards,
 lest it might be crooked. The earth hath blossomed, and the time of
 the harvest draweth nigh; that I may receive the reward. I have finished
 the toil which hath brought me to repose. I have kept the first trouble³,
 and the second and the third, that I might see Thy face, and worship Thy f. 106 a
 glory. And I have despised the flesh, that I might be satisfied with good.
 I have fulfilled all Thy will and I have not turned backwards. I have
 pressed forward that I might not be a stone of stumbling to others;
 that I may receive a crown of glory and the heavenly reward. Let
 not the serpent stand in the way, and let not the adders rise up against
 me. And let not the powers of darkness come near to me, but may

¹ Literally "owners of tables."² i.e. ten hundredweights.³ Possibly "watch."

they keep far away from me. For Thine is the praise, and to Thy Holy Father and Thy life-giving Spirit. Amen."

And when the blessed one had finished his prayer, he returned to the officers and said unto them: "Finish the will of your king." And four of the soldiers came prepared; and they pierced him with spears. And he fell upon the ground and yielded up the ghost immediately. And the brethren wept for him, those who were present. And they brought clean shrouds and sumptuous raiment and swathed him and left him in the graves of the ancient kings. And Sifur and Tanis stood beside the grave that day; and they did not enter the city. And the holy Thomas appeared unto them and said unto them: "Behold! I am here alive. Why do ye sit and guard me? My Lord Jesus the Christ, my King, hath accepted me. And I have received all the promises which
f. 106 b I had hoped for. Rise up from this place, and know that in a little while ye shall go forth from this world. And be not slack about the salvation of your souls, for ye will come unto me."

And Matthâûs the king and Hersânûs took their wives, who were Tertanâi and Atbanâi, and punished them severely that they might consent to leave purity for their sake and return to cohabitation. And they did not consent to it.

And the saint appeared unto them, and said unto them: "Do not forget my words which I said, and the Lord Jesus the Christ will help you." And when Matthâûs and Hersânûs knew that their wives would not consent to their desire they left them to be according to their wish and choice.

And all the brethren were assembled, and the one was telling the other all the precepts of the Lord; and they were rejoicing in the gift of God and the grace of the Holy Ghost. And Asis, the son of the king, was possessed with a devil. And the king meditated and said: "What shall I do? This is [because of] my opposition to the disciple. I have not received his words." And he went to the grave to take a rag of the shroud from his body, and hang it on the neck of his son. And he was saying that he would believe if God were to cure him. And Thomas appeared unto him, and the saint said: "Thou didst not believe in me when
f. 107 a I was alive, O Matthâûs. Dost thou believe in me when I am dead? But fear not, the Lord will have compassion upon thee, for He grudgeth not His gift."

And when he had opened the grave he found nothing of the saint's body, for he had been taken secretly to Eden. And he took a little

dust from the place where the body of the saint had been and tied it on the throat of his son and said: "I will believe if on supplication to the saint, this unclean spirit should go out from my son." And immediately the devil went out of his son.

And the king believed and did obeisance before Arsaphorus the priest; and besought him and his brethren to seek forgiveness from God for him. And the priest said to the brethren, "Pray for the king, lest God slay him, and bring down on him all his sins." And they did this with gladness and joy because of what they saw of the king's faith. And God Who loveth mankind; the King of kings, and Lord of lords, gave Matthâus the king a true faith and a firm hope. And his faith and his goodness were noised abroad in all the countries, and he honoured all the brethren; and he praised the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost. And Thomas the disciple received the blow of the four soldiers with four spears; and thus he finished his conflict in the highway of the city of India; in the twenty-sixth day of the month of Pachôn. f. 107 b And praise be to the Lord Jesus the Christ with the Father and the Holy Ghost. Amen.

THE ACTS OF MATTHEW.

The Acts of Matthew the disciple which he did in the country of the Kahenat¹, in the peace of the Lord. Amen.

And Peter and Andrew were on their return from the country of El Barbar. And they had established them in the faith, and had taught them the precepts of religion. While they were journeying on the road Matthew met them. And they embraced one another with a spiritual kiss; and he said unto them: "Whence have ye come?" They said unto him: "From the country of El Barbar." Matthew said unto them: "And I also have come from the country of the Blessed." And each one of them told him what sufferings had befallen him. Matthew said unto them: "The city in which I have been, the Lord Jesus the Christ is present with them every day: and He keepeth a feast with them. He setteth up His throne in the midst of their church in the early morning, and He teacheth them His precepts. And when I entered their city, and preached amongst them, and proclaimed the Gospel in His name, they said: 'We know this Name.' I said unto them: 'Who hath taught it to you?' They said unto me: 'Be patient, and trouble not thyself until the morning; thou shalt look on Him Whom thou hast preached unto us.' And when the
f. 108 a morrow came the Lord Jesus the Christ came riding upon a shining cloud, and all the powers of heaven praising Him. And when I saw Him, in the abundance of joy I exulted in the Holy Ghost, and cried, saying: 'Ascribe ye glory to the King of kings; and exalt His greatness to all generations.' And we remained three days praising Him in the church. And when the three days were ended He blessed us and ascended to heaven with great glory.

"Then I said unto them, 'How have ye become worthy of this honour? that the Lord Jesus the Christ should keep a feast with you?' They said unto me: 'Hath not the tale of the nine tribes and a half reached thee, which the Lord caused to enter the Land of Promise? We are they. When it is mid-day, Gabriel, the angel of the Lord, cometh unto us; and there come with him the hundred and the four and forty thousand infants whom Herod slew; they defiled not their garments in

¹ i.e. "priests."

the world. And when they sing praise we sing praise with them, and when they say Alleluia, we say it with them. But as for gold and silver we do not wish for it in our country. We eat no flesh and drink no wine in our country; but honey is our food and our drink. We do not look on the faces of our women with desire; the first boy who is born we present him as an offering to God, that he may serve the temple all his life, when he is three years old. Our drink is not the water from wells dug by the hands of men; but the water which we drink is the water which overfloweth from Paradise. We do not wrap ourselves in clothing made by the hands of men; but our clothing is from the leaves of trees. Our country heareth no lying speech, and no one knoweth of it. No man weds two wives in our country; and no boy dieth before his father. And the younger speaketh not in the presence of the elder. Lions dwell with us in our country; they hurt us not, and we hurt them not. When winds blow, we smell from them the scent of the garden of Paradise. There is no cold in our country, and no snow, but a breath of life; and it is temperate.' f. 108 b

"And when I had heard [this] from them, I longed to dwell in their country; and my eyes were dazzled from hearing the sweetness of their speech."

And Peter and Andrew praised God for this, and besought Him to reveal unto them to what place they should go. And the Lord appeared to them and said unto them, "My peace be upon you, O My pure disciples! whom I have chosen before all mankind. Be strong, and believe; for I am dwelling with you always; I will never be absent where ye are." And they worshipped down to the ground. And they said: "We bless Thy name, O Lord! and we thank Thee always. Command us on which way we should go." f. 109 a

And the Lord commanded Peter to go forth to the city of Rome, and Andrew to the city of Masya, and Matthew¹ to the city of Kahenat. Matthew¹ said unto the Lord: "I know it not, and I have never entered it." The Lord said unto him: "Art thou still of little faith? go on this path, which will bring thee to their city." And then a cloud arrived, and carried Peter and Andrew until it brought each one of them to his place wherein the Lord had commanded him to preach. And Matthew¹ walked a little way, and he lifted up his eyes to heaven and prayed, and said: "O Thou, the Holy Lord, Jesus the Christ, my Lord! Who taught Abraham, and fulfilled His oath to Isaac; and established His testimony

¹ MS. "Matthias."

to Jacob, and His grace to Joseph, and Thou didst keep the nation forty years in the desert; a cloud overshadowed them by day, and the pillar of fire shone for them by night; and didst destroy their enemies beneath their feet; and Thou didst bring them up out of the Red Sea; and didst bring them into the Land of Promise, which Thou didst swear to their fathers, Abraham Isaac, and Jacob, be Thou a guide to me on this destined road."

f. 109 b And immediately a cloud came and bore him until it arrived at the city of Kahenat. And when he saw the city, he rejoiced and resolved to enter it. And he saw before him a young man, a shepherd; and he overtook him. Matthew said unto him: "Tell me, O thou young man! thou shepherd, which is the road that leadeth into this city." And he said: "This is the road; but thou canst not enter it when thou art in this dress; for it is not like the dress of our countrymen. Thy garments are not clean. If thou art fain to enter it, strip from thee this dress, and put on the dress of the priests. And shave the hair of thy head and of thy beard. And gird up thy loins and take the bough of a palm-tree in thy right hand. And put palm-leaf sandals on thy feet, that thy dress may be like theirs, and thou mayst enter the city."

And when he heard this his heart was grieved, and he returned on the path by which he had come. And he did not wish to go into the city.

And the young man who had conversed with him was Jesus the Christ. And when he had returned a little on his way He stretched out His hand and turned him backwards, and said unto him: "Matthew, whither goest thou?" He said unto him: "How dost thou know me? and who told thee my name?"

f. 110 a The young man said unto him: "I know thee, O Matthew! Turn and go into the city. I am Jesus, thy God. Do what I have told thee. And let not thy heart be sorrowful. For if thou doest it not thou wilt not be able to enter the city."

And he did as Jesus had commanded him; and He walked along with him till He brought him to the gate of the city. And He said unto him: "Be strong, O Matthew My disciple! and be steadfast and patient. Severe torture shall come upon thee from this city, and long imprisonment; and afterwards they will burn thee with fire. Fear not, and be not troubled, and tremble not and despair not. For the king will turn and believe in Me, and all the inhabitants of the city, by means of thee. And the fire which they shall kindle wherewith to burn thee shall delight in burning Apollo their god. And be thou patient, and call upon My name;

and I will answer thee. And I am with thee always ; and I am not far from thee nor from thy brethren the disciples, wherever they may be." And the Lord said this, and departed from him to heaven with glory.

And Matthew arose and entered the city, and he asked its people : "Where is the temple ?"

They said unto him : "From what country art thou ?"

He said unto them : "I am from Egypt."

They said unto him : "What is the reason of thy coming, and what seekest thou ?"

He said unto them : "I shall look at your gods, and at how they f. 110 b teach you."

They said unto him : "Our god teacheth us nothing, and we do not hear a sound from him ; and we know not who eateth the sacrifices which we offer unto him, but people who are entrusted with his service take them from us."

And he said unto them : "Are ye not of the priesthood ?" They said unto him : "Yea, but not of the foremost in the service of the gods."

He said unto them : "Are all your gods of one rank ?"

They said : "Nay, the greatest is Apollo."

He said unto them : "Apollo loveth the rich, and hateth the poor, these are scales in which there is nothing even. And I would fain speak with him, and say unto him : Why doth he love the rich and hate the poor ? and they all worship thee, and thou shouldst respect them all."

And when they had heard his words they separated into two companies : and they said : "Let us accompany him, that we may hear his words." And they walked with him till they brought him to the temple. And they brought the priest who was in it. They said unto him : "This man hath arrived from Egypt ; come out and talk with him."

And when Matthew looked at him he embraced him with a spiritual kiss, and he was anxious for his salvation. And when the lips of Matthew touched the lips of Armis the priest, the hand of God rested upon him and he said unto the disciple : "Whence art thou ? and whence hast thou come ? for since thy kiss and the grip of thy hand great grace hath f. 111 a rested upon me. Tell me who thou art, O my lord ?"

The disciple said unto him : "I am of a good tribe, priests of the Living God."

And Matthew rejoiced at the grace which had rested upon Armis by his words. And Armis said unto him : "I would fain know how thou didst find the road to arrive at this city."

He said unto him : " My God made me reach it."

He said unto him : " How was that ?"

He said : " He took my hand, and made me stop at the gate of the city."

He said unto him : " I would fain see thy God."

He said unto him : " If thou dost believe on Him and dost keep my precept, and art certain about all that I say unto thee, and art convinced that it is true, I will allow my God to converse with thee ; for my God looketh not on an impure person, only on him who is pure both without and within."

He said unto him : " And where is the place of thy God ?" .

He said unto him : " He is in my country."

He said unto him : " And where is thy country ?"

Matthew said unto him : " He is in a clean country ; whose streets are justice, and its roads righteousness. My country is a country of righteousness, and its inhabitants die not. There is no darkness in my country, but it is all light. And my God is He Who giveth light to all who are in it. And death hath no power over my countrymen. My country is all
f. 111 b furnished with seats ; the sweet scent in the midst of it is great ; the trees never wither ; not one of the inhabitants of my country hath a wish to sin, but they are all just men. There is no slave, but all of them are freemen. My God is merciful and pitiful ; a giver to the poor until He maketh them rich. There is no anger in my country, but they are all in harmony ; there is no hatred in my country, but they are all united. There is no rebellion in my country, but they are all of one mind. There is no deceit in it, but they are all humble. There is no sound of wailing in it, but joy and delight."

And when Armis had heard this he said unto Matthew : " How sayst thou, ' There is nothing that defileth in my country ' ?"

Matthew said unto him : " Because my God is pure."

He said unto him : " I would fain go out with thee to thy country."

Matthew said unto him : " Thou shalt enter my country, and thou shalt see my God, partaking with me in the faith of my Father, and in His Holy Mysteries !"

And at the end of the day Armis said unto Matthew : " Wait for me until I go and light the lamp of Apollo before we go and sup."

Matthew said unto him : " Is it thou who dost light the lamp of thy god ?"

Armis said unto him : " It is not the lamp only, but I wash him

and bedeck him that he may be beautiful. And I carry him from place to place."

Matthew said unto him: "It is my God who giveth light unto me, and all who serve Him shine with the light at all times, and whoso feareth f. 112 a Him, the light surroundeth him; and every one who glorifieth Him is clothed with the light."

Armīs said unto him: "I will go with thee to thy city."

Matthew said unto him: "We need not go forth, for I called on my God, He appeared unto me, and when He cometh unto me the temple shineth with light."

Armīs said unto him: "I would fain see this wonder."

And Matthew raised his eyes to heaven and spake thus: "I entreat Thee, O my Lord! my God! Ruler of all things, Father of my Lord and my God Jesus the Christ, King of Glory, Robe of the pure and King of just men, and Light of the blind, and Brightness of the world; the quenchless Lamp, the Light which is never overtaken by darkness, the Axe which breaketh every fruitless tree, the Fire that destroyeth all fabricated gods; Tree of Life, Giver of life to all mankind; my God and my Lord, Jesus the Christ, may Thy mercy overtake me, and hearken unto my entreaty. Send Thy light upon us to comfort our souls, and may Thy mercy arise upon us all."

And when Matthew had finished his prayer, a great light dawned upon them. And when Armīs saw it he fell upon his face.

And there was a great earthquake in the city, from the abundance of f. 112 b the light. And in the earthquake Apollo fell upon his face and was broken to pieces. And nothing remained of all the images that were in the temple; for they were all shattered. And Matthew took hold of the hand of Armīs, and raised him up, and said unto him: "Look at thy god, he could not be saved; how can he save others?" And Armīs arose, and went into the place of Apollo, and found that he had fallen and was broken. And he trampled on him with his feet and said unto him: "Apollo! couldest thou not be saved? how canst thou save others? It is good that thou hast called on this Name which is [that of] thy God."

Matthew said unto him: "Come out and leave this contemptible thing fallen on its face."

And Armīs came out and laid hold of the hand of Matthew and said unto him: "Come with me into my dwelling, and let us eat bread." Matthew said unto him: "We will eat, but tell Apollo to prepare something for us that we may eat." Armīs said unto him: "When he was in

his glory and majesty, he did nothing of this kind ; and how when he is
f. 113a shattered and has been trampled and spoiled under the feet of man [can he
do it ?"]

Matthew said : " My God can send us something to eat."

Armīs said unto him : " I believe thee in all thou sayest, because of the
light which I have seen resting upon us ; but I desire to see this food which
He will send to us."

Matthew said unto him : " I will bring thee what thou hast asked for."
And Matthew raised his eyes and his hands, and made supplication, saying :
" O God of the sinners who repent ! Who turnest erring souls to the
knowledge of Himself ; Purifier of souls and of bodies together ; the Word
which came down from heaven, the Manna which fell from the sky in the
desert ; the loud Voice which [resounded] over all ; the Guide of wanderers ;
the Ladder which reacheth to the sky ; the Food which the children of
Israel ate in the wilderness in the Fast and the Passover ; Quickener
of souls and of bodies ; Thou, O my Lord Jesus the Christ ! art He who
hast made me meet for this spiritual service. Send Thy glory and Thy
blessing and Thine honour upon me for ever and ever."

Then a shining table appeared unto them, and upon it were three
loaves white as snow, and a skin of wine. Matthew said unto him :
" Thou art not allowed to eat of this food until Thou become a partaker
in the faith and the Holy Mysteries."

Armīs said unto him : " Haste thee and make me fit to receive it."

f. 113b And he preached unto him the Word of life ; and prescribed to
him the knowledge of the faith ; and baptized him in the name of the
Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost ; and gave him some of that
sacred bread. And Matthew prayed, and the table was lifted up to
where it had been. And Matthew and Armīs went out, and came to
where Apollo was, and they closed the temple. And they went together
unto the house of Armīs. And Matthew preached unto them about the
faith, and baptized them all in the name of the Father, and the Son, and
the Holy Ghost. And there was great joy in the house of Armīs. And
on the morrow the king came to enter the temple, and he found the door
closed. And he commanded Armīs the priest to come. And when he
stood before him, the king said unto him : " How hast thou dared to lock
the door of the temple ? and shut up the place of Apollo the great god ?"

Armīs said unto him : " Apollo is not able to save himself, how shall he
save any one else ?"

The king said unto him : " And who is able to save ?"

Armīs said unto him : “ He, Jesus the Christ, Son of the Living God, the Saviour of souls, the Resurrection of the dead, the Glory of the Righteous, Who hath destroyed all the wickedness of the enemy, and the deceit of Satan under His feet.”

The king said unto Armīs : “ Whence hast thou learnt the name of Jesus ?”

He said unto him : “ Matthew, his disciple, is he who brought to me f. 114 a the knowledge of Him : and caused His light to shine on me and on all my household.”

And when the king heard this from him he was wroth with a fierce wrath ; and he commanded that Armīs and Matthew should be bound with ropes on their feet ; and they were dragged through all the city until their bodies were wounded, and the blood flowed from them, and their flesh stuck in the streets. And they were beaten with rods. And the king commanded that they should be thrown into prison. And the king went into the temple, and found all the statues in it shattered, and Apollo broken in pieces. And he rent his clothes, and cried with a loud voice, and [so did] all those who were with him. And he commanded Armīs and Matthew to be brought, and to be burnt with fire. And immediately there was a great earthquake. And all the images which were in the houses of the citizens fell from their pedestals, and were shattered. And a loud voice cried out, “ There is no God but Jesus the Christ, Son of the Eternal God.” And the city became two factions, one faction of Apollo, and the other of Jesus. And the faction of Apollo said : “ Let these wizards be burnt with fire.” And those who believed in Jesus said : “ Ye have no power over them.” And the king f. 114 b commanded plenty of wood to be brought, and fire to be kindled in it, to burn Matthew and Armīs therein alive. And those who believed brought all weapons of war, and kept them away from Armīs and Matthew. And they said : “ Ye have no power to burn the disciples of the Lord except it were just.”

The king said unto them : “ Why have ye rejected Apollo ?”

They said unto him : “ Because he is unable to save [himself] from the destruction which came upon him ; he and all the idols which were in our dwellings have been shattered. How can he save anyone else ?”

And the king commanded that the two disciples should be burnt, and should not be spared for a single hour. And the friends of Jesus and the friends of Apollo made an uproar in the city, and immediately Matthew

cried with a loud voice, speaking thus : " O ye brethren ! it is not meet that ye should please men, and provoke God to wrath."

And whilst he was speaking, a man came from the palace of the king, and told him that his only son had died. And he made haste to go to his dwelling, he and those who believed in Apollo. But the friends of Matthew, those who believed in the Christ, stayed with the disciples, and there were four hundred persons with them, and Matthew preached to them and exhorted them and said unto them, " Let your faith be genuine, that ye may see a new wonder."

f. 115 a And Matthew went to the place where the king was, and said unto him : " I see that thou art sad at heart for the death of thy son. Call on Apollo that he may make him alive for thee."

The king said unto him : " Which of the gods is able to raise the dead ? "

Matthew said unto him : " My God, Jesus the Christ, the Son of the Living God, if thou wilt believe in Him, shall raise thy son alive."

And the king swore with a mighty oath and said unto him : " If I should see this wonder from Jesus thy Lord, and the resurrection of my son from the dead, I will not worship Apollo, or any one of all the idols."

And when Matthew had heard the saying of the king, he glowed with the power of the Holy Ghost ; and he raised his eyes to heaven ; and stretched out his hands ; and made supplication thus, saying : " I bless thee O Lord of all time ! who never failest : I worship the high dwelling above all height ; I give Thee glory, Thou who didst not spare Thine own self, but didst give Thyself up for our sins ; until Thou hadst redeemed us and made us partakers in the truth. I thank Thee alone, Who canst raise the dead. I beseech thee, O Father of our Lord Jesus the Christ ! Ruler of all, send from Thy height and Thy sublime power and break the sting of death ; shatter all its power ; may the shield-bearers of

f. 115 b Hell fall, and its guards fail ; and its deceits and its temptations be confounded. Crush the seed of the serpent. Send Thy high power, O my Lord Jesus the Christ ! and raise this youth ; that this king may believe, and all the inhabitants of this city." And when Matthew had finished his prayer, he stood where the dead man was and took hold of his hand, saying : " I say unto thee in the Name of Jesus the Christ, arise in health."

And straightway the lad sprang up, and laid hold of Matthew's feet, and said unto him : " I beseech thee, O good servant of God ! to baptize me, and make me partaker in the Holy Mysteries. And do not make me return, O my lord ! to Hell."

And when the king saw this wonder, he sprang up in haste, and commanded every one who was in the city to be baptized ; and all his own household, by the hand of Matthew, in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost. And there was great joy in the city. And the king took Apollo out, and burnt him in the fire which he had kindled to burn Saint Matthew in. And the fire never ceased with Apollo till it had made him ashes. And this is the cause of the faith of the citizens in the Lord by means of the blessed Matthew.

And afterwards the Lord Jesus the Christ appeared to him, and said unto him : " Be strong, O blessed Matthew ! and let thy faith be confirmed. f. 116 a Dost thou not remember the words which I spake unto thee ? Be not troubled, and be patient, and fear not. For I have souls in this city who shall believe in me by means of thee."

Matthew said unto Him : " Yea, O Lord !"

The Lord told Matthew and Armis to baptize the multitude and to purify them. And when the Lord had finished His sayings, He departed to Heaven with glory.

And all the citizens saw Him. And they did this, and baptized them. And the king and the citizens overthrew the temple of Apollo. And they built a church in place of it ; and Matthew consecrated it. And he appointed them a priest and deacons ; and gave them the Gospel. And he remained amongst them for some time, until their faith was strengthened, and he went away from them in peace. And when he was outside of the city, he turned back with his face to them and said unto them : " The grace of the Lord and His peace rest upon you for ever and ever. Amen."

And praise be to God always and for ever.

MARTYRDOM OF SAINT MATTHEW.

f. 116b *The Martyrdom of Saint Matthew the Apostle, the Evangelist, which took place on the twelfth day of Phaophi, in the peace of the Lord. Amen.*

And when Matthew the Evangelist had come to Jerusalem and the land of Judea, he wrote his Gospel in the Hebrew tongue; and he went out to Parthica, and preached the Gospel of the Christ to them; and confirmed them in the true faith. And when he knew that their faith was strengthened, and [that of] all who were in that country, he went out from amongst them rejoicing and exulting in what God had given him of their faith. And he journeyed in that country from the frontier of Berinat, and preached amongst them, and evangelized them with the Word of God the Life-giver; and His birth from the pure Virgin, the Lady Mary, the Mother of God in truth; and His death; and the beginning of the genealogy which was the Christ's; teaching every one that God dwelt in the body which He received from the Virgin Mary without intercourse with a man. And He was united with it, but He was not confounded, and was not mingled, and was not divided. And Saint Matthew visited the prison and cured all who were in it without recompense. And the cure which he gave to every one was his saying: "In the name of Jesus the Christ may you have healing." And straightway his saying was accomplished. And he healed all who believed in God by his means.

f. 117a And once upon a day [Matthew] went into the prison, and he found in it a man of whom much money was required, on whom the gaolers inflicted a severe punishment. And when he looked at him and at his torture, and his much weeping, he had compassion on him, and said unto him: "Why do I see thee in this great grief and much weeping?" He said unto him: "I am the slave of Festus, and I was trusted and acceptable in speech with him. And he committed much property to me; and commanded me to go over the sea, and trade with the same. And I fulfilled his commandment and went forth; and sailed on the sea. And the sea was tempestuous against me, and a mighty wind was stirred up in it; and the boat sank, and all that was in it. And I despaired of life in this tribulation. [And] God sent a little boat which brought me out

to the shore of the sea. And I returned to my lord, Festus, to tell him all that had happened. And he said unto me in wrath: 'Whence hast thou come?' And I told him all that had befallen me on the sea. And he was wroth with a fierce wrath, because of [his] great love of money. And therefore he threw me into the prison and required of me that I should repay him some of the money."

And when Matthew had heard this from him, he was very sorrowful and said unto him: "Weep not, and be not grieved; but believe that God dwelleth in the heart of every man who believeth in Him." The man said unto him: "And what dost thou desire me to do, for I am f. 117 b in great sorrow? Verily I say unto thee, O good servant of God! that many times I have wanted to kill myself for the greatness of the torture which is inflicted on me." The disciple said unto him: "I will tell thee this great secret; but swear to me that if what I tell thee be fulfilled thou wilt believe in God all the days of thy life." And the man threw himself down before the Apostle, and said unto him: "God be my witness, that if a bit of bread should come to me by thy hands through what thou hast commanded me, I will believe in the Christ who was crucified." The disciple said unto him: "If on the morrow thy lord Festus should inquire for thee, and should bring thee out of the prison to punish thee as is his wont, and if when thou seest him he command concerning thee that thou be punished, say unto him: 'I entreat thee, O my lord! to spare me to-day; and perhaps God will open [a way] to me, and the hearts of the people of this city will have compassion on me to help me to my deliverance.' And perchance there will appear in his judgment-hall some one who will be surety for thee for two days. And if he release thee, go to the place where the boat sank; thou wilt find everything of thine that perished lying, take it and deliver it to him. And pay what thou owest. And be free, thou and thy household."

And on the morrow Festus sent and brought him out of the prison, f. 118 a and commanded that he should be set up for punishment, in anger. And he entreated him for a respite, as the disciple had commanded him. And he consented to what he asked for. And he went out to the place in which the boat had sunk, trusting that all which the disciple had said unto him would be fulfilled. And he looked to the right on the shore of the sea and he found a great bag¹ filled with dinârs; and he took it, and returned to the city blessing God, and thanking the holy disciple.

And he went in unto Festus and delivered the bag¹ to him. And

¹ Or "ragged cloth."

he opened it, and counted up what was in it, and found therein two thousand dinars. And Festus said unto him: "What is this?" He said unto him: "This is the price of the boat which sank in the sea, and of all that was in it."

And he said unto him: "And whence hast thou got this money?" And he told him the story; his condition, and what the disciple said unto him, and his discovery of the money; and Festus said unto him: "What is this silly talk which I hear from thee? perhaps thou hast gone out to a place where thou hast bored into it and plundered it, and thou hast come hither with it."

The man said unto him: "Nay, by the truth of my Lord the Christ, the God of Matthew, I have not bored through any place except the one I have told thee of. This is the truth. And if thou desire to see him, L 118b behold he is in the prison healing every sickness, and casting out devils."

And while he was saying this, behold, a bad man came who hated good, and cried, saying, "Hearken, O company of Romans! I will tell you about the sedition which hath appeared in this city. A man, a foreigner, preaches in its streets about a new god, whose name is Jesus the Christ, the Nazarene. And if thou dost permit him [to do this], O Festus! chief of the city, he will ruin the city and all who are in it."

And Festus reported this to the king. And when the king heard it, he was wroth with a fierce wrath against the disciple. And he said unto those of the guards who were present: "Go out quickly to where ye will find him; take off his head, and throw his body on the ground, that it may be food for the fowls of heaven." And they went out from his presence; and they did as the king had commanded them; and they took off his head, and left his body prostrate for the birds of the heavens to eat. And God, Who loveth mankind, sent two good men to take his sacred pure head with his body; and they wrapped it in a clean shroud and put it in a tomb which belonged to their fathers.

And when the man whom the disciple had been the means of L 119a delivering from Festus heard that the disciple had endured all this and had died, he remained three days mourning for him. And when twelve days after the death of Saint Matthew the Evangelist, disciple of the Lord Jesus the Christ, were fulfilled, the completion of his martyrdom was on the twelfth day of Phaophi. And praise be to the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, the Life-giver, now and at all times, throughout all ages. Amen.

THE MARTYRDOM OF JAMES THE SON OF HALFAL.

The Martyrdom of James the son of Halfui, and completion of his conflict on the tenth¹ day of Machtr, in the peace of the Lord. Amen.

It came to pass when James the disciple had gone into Jerusalem, to preach the Holy Gospel in it, and all the wonders of the Godhead; that every one who heard his words might believe in God with a pure heart, and that his soul might be saved,² he thought in his heart how the crowd might hear him and believe. And he went into the temple where the multitude were assembled. And he found a great crowd of the Jews gathered together; and he began to preach the Gospel in the midst of them with great joy and gladness in the presence of them all. And he continued his speech, and explained about faith in God, testifying that the Only Son of God is the Word of life, the God of all ages; f. 119 b
Jesus the Christ He is the Son of God in truth; eternally with the Father before all ages. And He is in the Father, and the Father in Him. He it is Who is the Word of the Father when He said: "Let us make man in our likeness and our image"; and He dwelleth in heaven with His Father; and He is upon the throne of the cherubim; and the seraphim ascribe glory to Him. And He it is Who is on the right hand of power on high. And He dwelt in the womb of the Virgin Mary. And He is the Lord Jesus the Christ, to Whom Mary the Virgin gave birth; and He is the God Who was made man.

And this is his confession amongst that assembly without the fear of any man. He testified about His birth, and he testified about His death, and His resurrection from amongst the dead; and His ascension to His Father Who is in heaven. And He taught to every one who was present faith in the Christ. And when the multitude heard that from him they were angry with a great anger, which was from their father the Devil who dwelt in them, against the disciple of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And they all helped one another; and took his blood upon themselves; every one who was present and heard his words. And they seized him and brought him before the Emperor Claudius, and false witnesses rose up against him. f. 120 a

¹ The Sinai Codex, 539, has "ninth."

² MS. + "and."

And they said unto the Emperor : " This man is a seducer, he goeth about the country and the cities and saith : ' I am the slave of Jesus the Christ ' ; and he prevents them from obeying the Emperor." And when the Emperor heard this about the blessed disciple, he commanded that he should be stoned with stones that he might die. And the Jews stoned him as the Emperor had commanded. And such was his martyrdom. And the blessed disciple entered into rest, James the son of Halfai¹, on the tenth day of Machîr². And he was buried beside the temple in Jerusalem. And praise and glory be to the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, for ever and ever. Amen.

¹ Cod. Sin. Arab. adds " brother of Matthew."

² Cod. Sin. Arab. has " ninth."

THE PREACHING OF SIMON THE SON OF CLEOPHAS.

The Preaching of the holy Simon, the son of Cleophas, called Jude, who is Nathanael called the Zealot. And he became bishop of Jerusalem after James the Lord's brother. In the peace of the Lord Jesus the Christ. Amen.

It came to pass when the disciples were gathered together to the Mount of Olives, that they might divide all the cities of the world, [that¹] while they prayed and blessed God, the Lord Jesus the Christ was present f. 120 b in the midst of them, and said unto them: "May the peace of My Father rest upon you, O My pure disciples!" And they cast lots, and the lot of Jude the Galilean came out that he might go to the country of Samaria; and preach amongst them about the Gospel of the Lord Jesus the Christ. Simon answered and said unto the Lord: "Thou wilt be with us, O our Lord! in every place wherein we dwell, and we will be patient in all that may happen unto us. And let my father Peter go out with me; that he may bring me to the land of Samaria."

The Lord said unto him: "Peter's lot is to go out to the city of Rome, that he may preach in it. But let him go out with thee until he bring thee [thither] in peace. And after thy proclaiming the Gospel, and thy preaching amongst them, thou shalt return to Jerusalem after the death of James the Just, and thou shalt be bishop in it after him. And thou shalt finish thy conflict as James the Just finished his in that place. Behold now, O my friend Simon! go out with him in strength, for I shall be thy companion." And the Lord blessed him and all the disciples; and He ascended to heaven in great glory. And after the ascension of the Lord to heaven, Simon arose and prayed; and he went down to Jerusalem, and Peter was with him, and he journeyed to Samaria, and preached amongst them in the name of Jesus f. 121 a the Christ,² the good news of the Gospel. And Simon went into the midst of their synagogue, and preached amongst them in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And when the Jews who dwelt there heard [it] they rose up against him and smote him with painful blows, and returned with him to the outside of the city. And Peter kissed him and took leave of him, and went out from his presence. And Simon returned and remained in their

¹ MS. "and."

² MS. adds "and."

synagogue for three days, and preached amongst them in the name of the Christ. And some of these people did not believe. And at the end of the third day, the son of the ruler of the synagogue fell sick, and his name was James, and he died. And one of the men who believed in what Simon had said went to the father of the dead boy, and said: "Behold! a disciple of the Christ is here; call him that he may pray over the lad." And the man went in haste, and called the disciple of Jesus the Christ. And he came joyfully and stood over the dead boy; and said unto his father: "Believe in Him Who was crucified, that He is the Son of God, [and] thou shalt see the glory of God."

The father of the boy said unto him: "If my son should rise from the dead, so that I may see him alive, I will believe in the crucified Jesus, that He is the Son of the Living God."

f. 121 b And the disciple turned away his face to the east, and said: "O my Lord Jesus the Christ! Who wast crucified under Pontius Pilate, Thou art He Who hast made me worthy of this—that I should preach in Thy blessed name,¹ Thy suffering for our sakes, that Thou mightest redeem us from the hand of the Enemy;¹ look upon this dead boy; and by Thy will command him to rise, that Thy name may be glorified to-day in the midst of the multitude in this city that they may believe in Thy holy name." And when Simon the blessed disciple said this he turned to where the dead boy was, and said: "In the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, rise, and stand up alive. And be thou whole, so that every one who is present may believe in the name of my Lord Jesus the Christ." And straightway the boy opened his eyes, and rose, and sat up. And he commanded that they should offer him something to eat. And when the crowd saw this wonder, they all came forward and bowed down to the earth to the disciple; and they believed in God, saying: "There is one God, [and] Simon is the disciple of Jesus the Christ, the Son of the living God."

f. 122 a And the parents of the boy threw themselves at the feet of the disciple, and said: "O our lord! how may we be saved?" He said unto them: "Believe with all your hearts (and) ye shall be saved." And he exhorted them from the holy Scriptures; and he baptized them in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost; and he gave them the Holy Mysteries; and commanded them to build the church; and appointed them a bishop, who was the ruler of the synagogue, whose

¹ The MS. adds "and."

name was Marcellus¹, and a presbyter and deacons; and he gave them the holy Gospel. And he stayed with them a month, teaching them the word of God; then he returned to Jerusalem. And when the Jews killed James the Just, the disciples were in Jerusalem. They took Simon and made him bishop in Jerusalem. And he taught them the word of God; and made known to them what was in the Gospel, and the salvation of their souls. And the Jews were angry with him; and he was in Jerusalem praising the Lord at [all] times and all seasons. Amen, Amen, Amen.

And praise be to God always and for ever.

¹ The Sinai MS. has "Cornelius."

THE MARTYRDOM OF SIMON.

f. 122 b *The Martyrdom of Simon, son of Cleophas, disciple of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And he finished his conflict on the ninth of Abib¹, in the peace of the Lord. Amen.*

And after the death of James the Just, Simon the son of Cleophas, who was called Jude, was made bishop of Jerusalem. And he lived a hundred and twenty years, and he loved to have his blood shed at the end of his life for the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And he built churches in every place in Jerusalem; and he appointed them a presbyter² and deacons. The first church which he built was in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ; and the second in the name of the Virgin Mary, who gave birth to the Lord upon earth, that He might deliver mankind from the slavery of Satan, and make them meet for His kingdom. And the third was in the name of Michael the Archangel, the Interceder for mankind, that wrath may be turned away from them, and mercy may rest upon them. And the fourth was in the name of the disciples. And he wished that the faith of the Jews might be brought to nought, and their polluted worship, and their wicked synagogue. And he preached the Word of God to every one, until the churches which he had built were

f. 123 a frequented; and the knowledge of God appeared to all the people, from the oldest to the youngest, both men and women. And all of them believed by means of the disciple; until all the people of the city forsook the synagogue of the Jews, and followed the truth which the disciple taught them with the authority of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And when they heard of the work of the blessed disciple, and that he wished to destroy their religion and their idol, they gathered themselves together, both old and young: and they took counsel together to slay him, as he was an evil-doer. And they assembled in wrath and anger; and they put him in chains, and delivered him over to the Emperor Trajan. And they together bore witness against him before the Emperor, and said: "He is a wizard." The Emperor trusted them in all that they said;

¹ *i.e.* July. The Sinai MS. says, "in the tenth day of the month of May." The Ethiopian, "on the tenth day of the month Hamlé," *i.e.* July 4 (cf. Budge, p. 75).

² Sinai MS. "presbyters."

and he was wroth with the disciple, and said unto him : " I say unto thee, O evil-doer ! it hath been told me that thou art a wizard, thou hast bewitched every one in this city." The disciple said unto him : " O thou Emperor ! I am no wizard ; and I know not how to practise the art of witchcraft ; but I am a slave to my Lord Jesus the Christ, the God of all creation, and the King of kings ; the great, the mighty God, Who destroyeth all the gods of the heathen." And when the Emperor heard that, he was wroth with a fierce wrath ; and delivered him over to f. 123 b wicked people that they might crucify him. And the Jews gathered themselves together against him. And they brought the blessed disciple out to be crucified, as the godless Emperor had commanded, upon the cross. And they tortured him until he died. And he finished his martyrdom on the ninth day of Abib¹, by the will of God, the Ruler of all ; to Whom be glory and honour for ever and ever. Amen.

¹ *i.e.* July. The Sinai MS. "on the tenth day of the month of May." Ethiopic, "on the tenth day of the month of Hamlé."

THE PREACHING OF THADDEUS.

In the name of God, the Pitiful, the Compassionate. The Preaching of the blessed Thaddæus which he proclaimed in Damascus and the island¹. And he finished his testimony on the second day of Abt², in the peace of the Lord Jesus the Christ; to Whom be glory for ever. Amen.

It came to pass when the disciples were assembled on the Mount of Olives, and had divided the world, that they might go out and preach amongst them the Gospel of our Lord Jesus the Christ, [that] the lot of Thaddeus was to the cities of Syria. Thaddeus said unto Peter: "Go with me to this country." Peter said unto him: "Be patient with me; and I will make thee to arrive in peace." And while they were talking, the Lord Jesus the Christ stood amongst them like a young man, beautiful
f. 124a of countenance, and said, "Peace be unto thee, O Peter, Ruler of My Church! Peace be unto thee, O Thaddeus the beloved! go and fear not, why dost thou doubt? I will dwell with you until ye shall have finished your administrations."

He said unto Him: "Yea, O Lord! Thou wilt be with us while we are preaching in every place." And the Lord gave them the [salutation of] peace; and departed from them, ascending to heaven in glory. And they took counsel together, and journeyed in the peace of the Lord Jesus the Christ.

And when they drew nigh unto the city, Thaddeus said unto Peter: "I would fain know what shall befall us in this city." Peter said unto him: "I have no knowledge; but behold, I see an old man ploughing in the field. Let us go to him and say unto him: 'If thou hast a bit of bread, give us something that we may eat.' And if he shall say unto us: 'I will give it you,' know that good will befall us. And if he shall say 'Nay,' know that we shall have trouble in this town."

And when we came up to him, Peter said unto him: "Peace be upon

¹ The Sinai MS. has, "This is the Preaching of the blessed Jude, brother of the Lord, who is Thaddæus, which he proclaimed in Syria and the island." "The island" is a geographical term for Mesopotamia.

² *i.e.* July. The Ethiopic has "in the second day of the month Hamlé (Budge, *i.e.* June 16). The Sinai MS. has "in the nineteenth day of Hazirân."

thee, O thou old man! If thou hast bread, give us something that we may eat."

The old man replied to him: "I have nothing here, but sit ye down with these oxen while I go and bring you what ye need." f. 124 b

Peter said unto him: "If thou wilt bring us what we may eat, we will sit beside the oxen." And he said unto him: "Are the oxen thine?" He said: "Nay, but I have borrowed them." He said: "Tell me, is the field thine?" He said unto him: "Yea, it is mine." Peter said unto him: "Go in peace."

And when the man was gone, Peter said: "It is unbecoming in us to stand idle here with these oxen; while the man has gone to deal kindly with us." And Peter girded up his loins, and laid hold of the plough, and called to the oxen to plough.

Thaddeus said unto him: "O my father! what great work is this that thou doest? Thou art an old man; and thou art exalted to a high position, and there is a great heavy burden on thy shoulder. Thou canst not accomplish it thus. As for us, O my father! thou art the greater [and] thou dost work whilst I sit and rest." And he took the plough from Peter and ploughed; and Peter took a basket of wheat and blessed it; and said: "O my Lord Jesus the Christ! let Thy blessing descend upon this field." Thaddeus said: "O my Lord Jesus the Christ! let Thy blessing rest upon the earth and appear in this field." And they worked [over] thirty paces, until the old man returned.

And straightway the seed sprouted and became ears full of wheat corn. f. 125 a
And the old man returned to the field and saw what the two disciples had done. He said unto them: "O my lords! who are ye? tell me whence ye have come; that I may follow you to every place whither ye may go." And he fell at the feet of the disciples, and said unto them: "Truly ye are both gods who have come down from heaven to earth."

And Peter raised him up, and said unto him: "Stand up, O man! we are not gods, but disciples of God. He hath given to us a spiritual doctrine, that we should teach it to the people; and should proclaim among mankind that they may repent of their sins, and inherit everlasting life." The man said unto them: "What shall I do, that I may have everlasting life?" Peter said unto him: "Love thy God with all thy heart and all thy Matt. xxii. 37
soul and all thy mind. Hast thou a wife?" He said unto him: "Yea." He said unto him: "And sons?" He said: "Yea." He said also: "Thou shalt not kill; and thou shalt not commit adultery; and thou shalt not swear falsely. What thou wouldest not that men should do unto thee, do cf. Matt. vii. 12

it not to any man like thyself. And if thou doest what I have commanded thee, thou shalt inherit life everlasting."

f. 125 b The old man said unto him : "Though I have done [this], what shall I do for you as a reward for the good which ye did unto me? ye have made my field to sprout in such a way out of its season. I will leave these oxen standing and will follow you to every place whither ye may go." Peter said unto him : "This is not the way in which thou shouldest act. Take the oxen, and return them to their owners ; and tell thy wife about thy state ; and prepare something for us to eat in thy house. For we wish to stay in this city to-day ; and we have made supplication unto our Lord Jesus the Christ for it."

And the man took a bundle of ears in his hand from the field which the two had sown ; and he went into the city with the oxen. And when he entered its gate the people saw him with a bundle of ears in his hand. They said unto him : "Whence hast thou these green ears, this being the time for ploughing?" And he returned them no answer. And he drove the oxen joyfully until he had returned them to their owners. And he returned to his dwelling, and prepared in it what was needful for the coming of the two disciples.

f. 126 a And his story came to the magistrates of the city ; and they sent to him, saying unto him, "Whence comes this bundle, these green ears, to thee? Tell us the tale, or else thou shalt die an evil death."

He said unto them : "It matters not to me, since I have found life. And if ye desire to know the truth, hearken. Two men passed by me while I was ploughing, and they said unto me : 'If thou hast any bread, give it us that we may eat.' I said unto them : 'I have nothing here, but sit ye down beside my oxen until I go and bring you what ye want.' And when I had gone to my house, and had got bread for them, and had returned to the field, I found that they had sown it : and full green ears had sprouted, and I gathered this from it. And they are outside of the town."

And the magistrates said unto him : "Go and bring them to us." The man said unto them : "Have patience with me for a little while, for I have prepared my dwelling for them, that they may go in and rest in it. And when they appear ye will see them." And he returned to his dwelling.

And Satan disturbed the hearts of the magistrates ; and they wept¹ and said : "Woe unto us!" Perhaps these two men are some of the twelve wizards

¹ The Sinai MS. omits "wept."

² The Suriani MS. says "unto them."

of whom we have heard that they go about in every place and deceive the people with their magic. What shall we do? We shall not allow them to enter our city." And some of them said: "Rise, let us go out unto them and slay them." Others said: "We cannot slay them; for we have heard that Jesus their God doeth for them what they ask from Him; lest they bring down fire upon us, or a flood to destroy us. But [though] we cannot slay them, let us not allow them to enter the city. We have heard of them that they hate fornication. Let us take a woman, a harlot, and strip her, and place her at the gate of the city. And if they wish to enter the city, they will look on her, [and] they will go out, and will not return to destroy us in entering it." f. 126 b

¹And they brought her, and did this thing¹. And when the disciples arrived at the gate they looked at the naked woman standing opposite them, with her evil deeds. And Thaddeus said unto Peter: "O my father! look at this woman, how Satan hath deceived her, that she should tempt the Lord and His servants." Peter said unto him: "The matter concerneth thee, command what thou wouldest about her." And Thaddeus prayed and said: "O my Lord Jesus the Christ! I entreat thee to send Michael the archangel to suspend this woman in the air by the hair of her head, that we may enter the city. And when we desire to go out, let her down." And straightway the woman was suspended by the hair of her head, and the magistrates saw her; and they did not perceive who was holding her. And she cried out with a great cry, and said: "May God do me right against the magistrates of this city! It is they who have taught me this evil. And if I had been sitting in my house, being in my sins, so that the Lord's two disciples might enter the city, and save all the sinners: they would have saved me also from my sin. Come, O ye young men whom I have hurt by my fornication! arise and beseech the Lord's disciples on my behalf: perhaps they will have compassion on me." f. 127 a

And while the woman was saying this, not one of the citizens believed; because Satan had hardened their hearts. And Peter said unto Thaddeus: "Rise with us, let us pray and beseech God to help us; for Satan hath led the hearts of the multitude astray." And they arose and prayed and said: "O God the Lord! Ruler of all, Who hast taught us to call upon Thee in the time of tribulation, and hast said that Thou wouldest answer us; be gracious, O Lord! and have compassion upon us; and strengthen us for the war with Satan who hath risen up against us in this place." And

¹ The Sinai MS. "And they brought the harlot, and stripped off her clothes, and placed her at the door."

f. 127 b while they were entreating, Michael the archangel came down to them, and chased away the bad spirits who filled the souls of the citizens. And Peter went out, and Thaddeus, and walked in the streets of the city, and preached in the name of Jesus the Christ. Then all the citizens believed, for no one who was corrupting their hearts remained. And the woman who had been suspended in the air [believed]. And after this they appointed them a bishop and priests; and they baptized them all in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Spirit. And they made the woman who had been suspended in the air to serve the church. And they healed the sick, and opened the eyes of the blind, and they made the dumb to speak, and the deaf to hear, and the lame to walk¹. And they drove away a devil, and he returned to his craft, and crept into the heart of a boy, a rich young man, who loved money, and excited him against the two disciples, and sent him to them. And when he appeared he did obeisance to them, saying: "O good servants of God! what do you wish me to do, that I may live?"

cf. Matt.
vii. 12

Peter said: "Love the Lord thy God with all thy heart and all thy soul; and do not steal, and do not kill, and do not commit impurity, and do not swear falsely. And what thou wouldest not that men should do unto thee, do not thou unto them." The youth said: "If I keep all f. 128 a this, shall I be able to work miracles like you?" They said unto him: "Tell us thy condition. Hast thou a wife?" He said: "No, I am a man, a merchant, and I have much property, tell me what is my duty to do with it."

Peter said unto him: "Go and renounce [thy] property, and distribute it amongst the poor." And when the youth heard that, he was wroth against him with a fierce wrath, and he rushed on Thaddeus and [tried to] choke him. And he said unto him: "Dost thou advise concerning me, that I should destroy my property?" Thaddeus said unto him: "The Lord spake in this wise about one who was like thee, 'That a camel could go into the eye of a needle, but not a rich man into the kingdom of heaven.'" And his wrath against Thaddeus increased, and he choked him most violently, seeking to kill him. And had it not been for the power of God preserving him, his eyes would have flown out from the force of the choking. And Peter said unto him: "Why dost thou strangle the disciple of Christ because of a true word which he hath said unto thee? Dost thou wish to renounce what is thine? Renounce what thou wilt, no man

¹ The Sinai MS. adds, "and the dead arose, so that they all believed, and entered into the knowledge of God—may His name be glorified!"

forceth thee. If thou sayest that it is not true about the camel and the eye of the needle, bring a camel and a needle." And immediately a man passed by them having a camel with him. And they laid hold of him and asked for a needle from a man who sold needles¹. And the two stood and stretched out their hands and prayed and said: "O our Lord Jesus the Christ! unto Whom belongeth power over all things, we beseech Thee to f. 128 b
hearken unto our entreaty, and to manifest Thy power, so that the multitude may learn that all things are obedient unto Thee. Yea, O Lord! hearken unto the supplication of Thy servants, and may this camel go into the eye of the needle, that Thy name may be glorified." And Peter said unto the man who held the camel: "In the name of my Lord Jesus the Christ the Nazarene, enter thou and thy camel into the hole of the needle." And straightway the man and the camel went into the eye of the needle.

And when the multitude saw this wonder, they lifted up their voices and said: "There is no God but God, the God of these two disciples, Peter and Thaddeus." And when the rich youth saw this, he rent his garments, and smote his face, and said: "Woe is me, what have I done!" And he put his face upon the ground at the feet of the two disciples, weeping, and he begged them to take all that he possessed, and to distribute it amongst the poor and the needy, and to seek pardon for him from God. And they consented to what he asked; and they exhorted him and taught him the commandments, and the precepts of religion, and they baptized him in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, f. 129 a
him and all his household². And they gave them the holy Mysteries, the Body of the Lord, and His pure Blood. And they built a church for the citizens, and they appointed them a bishop and priests, and they wrote the Gospel for them, and all the commandments, and they went out from amongst them, they bidding them farewell in peace. And this is the reason of their faith in the Lord Jesus the Christ.

And as for Thaddeus, he fell asleep after a while on the second of Abib³, praising the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost, henceforth and always, and for ever and ever. Amen.

¹ The Sinai MS. adds: "And the man wished to help the disciples. And he sought for a needle with a wide eye. Peter said unto him: 'God bless thee, my son! and accept thy faith from thee. I seek a needle with a very narrow eye; that the glory of God may appear, and His power in this city.' And he did as he [Peter] had commanded until he found a needle, as it had been said unto him, with a very narrow eye. And the disciples stood," etc.

² The Sinai MS. has "all the citizens."

³ = July. The Sinai MS. has "on the nineteenth day of Hazirân" = June. The Ethiopic "on the second day of the month ʾĪlāmīlê."

THE PREACHING OF SAINT MATTHIAS.

In the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, the one God. The Preaching of the Blessed Matthias, disciple of the Lord Jesus the Christ, with which he preached the Gospel in the city whose people are cannibals; and he finished his conflict on the eighth day of Phamenôth, in the peace of the Lord Jesus the Christ. Amen.

It came to pass when the disciples divided the cities of the world, [that] f. 129b Matthias took out the city whose people are cannibals. And in it they neither eat bread nor drink water; and they have no food save the flesh of men, and their blood. And they seize every foreigner who enters this city, and they tear out his eyes, and they weave spells about him that his reason may go, and they feed him on grass like the cattle, and they put him in a dark place for thirty days; then they bring him out and eat him.

And when the Blessed Matthias entered this city, they laid hold of him and blinded him by a treatment of theirs which they knew; and they fed him on grass. But he did not eat it because the power of God was with him, dwelling in him. And they cast him into prison. And he prayed and besought the Lord Jesus the Christ, and said: "O my Lord! for Whose sake we have renounced the world and have followed Thee, verily we know that there is no helper but Thee. Behold what they have done to Thy servant; they have made him like the beasts. Thou, O Lord! knowest what hath been, and shall be. And if thou wilt that I should die in this city, let Thy will be done. But, O Lord, give me light of mine eyes; and do not give them power over me to eat my flesh like [that of] the beasts."

And when he had finished his prayer, his eyes were opened, and he saw all the world as it had been; and a voice called to him, saying unto him: f. 130a "Be strong, O Matthias! and fear not; I will not depart from thee: but I abide with thee in every place whither thou shalt go. But be patient until six days are completed. I will send Andrew unto thee, and he shall bring thee out of prison."

And he thanked God and glorified Him, and his soul rejoiced. And he remained in the prison as (the Lord) had commanded him. And when the citizens entered the prison to take some one out to sacrifice, he closed his eyes that they might not see him. And they had a custom when they put a man in the prison, the first day they put him in, they wrote a label and

hung it on his neck. And when thirty days were accomplished for him, they sacrificed him according to the custom. And they did thus to Matthias.

And on the thirty-sixth day of his imprisonment the Lord appeared unto Andrew in the city of El Barbar and said unto him : " Arise, go out to Matthias in the City of the Cannibals, that thou mayest bring him out of prison, for in three days the citizens will seek to eat him."

Andrew said, " I cannot reach him in this time, but send an angel to bring him out of the prison, for I shall not reach it in these three days." f. 130 b

The Lord replied unto him, " Hearken, O thou, whom I have chosen ! who canst say unto the city, ' Come hither, and all its inhabitants¹. ' Arise, thou and thy disciple², to-morrow ye shall find a ship ready, embark in it ; it will bring you thither." And the Lord gave him [the greeting of] peace, and ascended to heaven in glory.

And Andrew stood, as the Lord had commanded, on the shore of the sea. And the Lord had prepared for him a spiritual ship ; and He was sitting in it like the captain ; and angels were the sailors. And when Andrew drew nigh to the ship, and perceived the Lord sitting (and he did not know it), he said unto Him : " Peace be unto thee, O captain of the ship !"

The Lord said unto him : " May the peace of the Lord rest upon thee !" Andrew said unto him : " Wilt thou carry us with thee to the country whose people are cannibals ?" And the Lord, Who was like the captain, said unto him, " Every one fleeth from that city, and ye are going to it."

He said unto him, " We have business, and because of it we must go thither."

Andrew said unto him : " I beseech thee, O beloved brother ! to convey us, and we have no means to pay thee for it, but we will eat with thee of thy food." The Lord, Who was in the likeness of the captain of the ship, f. 131 a said : " If ye two will eat of our bread, and ye have nothing wherewith to pay us the fare of the boat, tell me who ye are." Andrew said unto him : " We are disciples of a good Lord, whose name is Jesus the Christ, twelve disciples. He chose us, and gave us commandments, and sent us to preach in His name in the world, and commanded us not to possess gold nor silver, nor anything of the currency of this world : and not to be anxious about bread. And therefore we are as thou seest us. And if thou dost consent to us, and wilt convey us, thou wilt do us a kindness. And if thou wilt not do it, tell us, that we may seek another ship."

¹ A word has been lost here.

² The Syriac and Ethiopic versions have " disciples" *passim*.

He said unto them: "Embark in the ship, I am willing to carry you, rather than people who would pay me the fare. This is a great joy, if I am worthy that ye should sail with me, O disciples of the Christ!"

Andrew said unto him: "God bless thee with spiritual blessings!" And Andrew and his disciple embarked and sat in the ship.

And the Lord said unto one of the angels who resembled sailors, "Bring bread to these two brethren that they may eat, for they are come from a far country." And he did as He had commanded him.

And the Lord said unto Andrew: "Arise, O my brother! and thy disciple; eat bread before we go out to sea." And the disciple of Andrew f. 131 b could not speak for fear of the sea.

And Andrew turned and said unto him: "May my Lord Jesus the Christ make thy reward good in the kingdom of heaven! Be patient with me for a little while, and I shall not eat until my disciple shall eat."

And they went upon the sea; and they had never before sailed on it. Andrew said: "Arise and go down to this place, that thou mayest go whither thou hast been sent." And the Lord said unto one of the angels who were in the likeness of sailors: "Put up the sail of the ship." And he did it. And the Lord took hold of the rudder like the captain of the ship; the angels standing at His side, [with] Andrew and his disciple sitting in the middle, [and] he consoled them and said: "Fear not, O my child! the Lord will not forsake us. As for the sky, He hath lifted it up, and the sea, He hath raised all its water; and everything, He hath created it. Fear not, for He is present with us, as far as the place whither we are going; as He hath promised us." And when Andrew had said this, he prayed, entreating the Lord that his disciple might sleep, and that they¹ might not fear the sea. And this took place speedily. And while they slept he took their souls up to Paradise, and they ate of its fruit. And when he knew that they were sleeping, he said unto the Lord, f. 132 a "I entreat thee, O good man, to tell me about this voyage which thy boat is making; for I have not seen anything like it; and I have sailed on the sea many times; [but] I never have sailed in a boat like this. Truly I am as if I were sitting on the land, and the ship doth not rock; though we have come out into the midst of the sea. The sailors can do nothing with the gear of the ship, and neither can others."

The Lord Jesus the Christ said: "All the time we have sailed over the sea, no voyage like this hath been seen. When the ship knoweth that a disciple of the Christ is in it, it is not shaken as at all other times."

¹ From this point, in the Arabic text, Andrew's one disciple becomes two.

Andrew said: "Blessed be the name of my Lord Jesus the Christ! Who in His merciful kindness hath enabled me to sail with a man who knoweth His name."

The Lord said: "If thou art a disciple of the Christ, tell me why the children of Israel do not believe in Him, and do not say that He is God. I have heard of Him, that He hath shewn wonders to His disciples on the Mount of Olives."

Andrew said unto Him: "I will tell thee His miracles. He opened the eyes of the blind; and the dumb spake; and He made the deaf hear; and He cast out devils; and raised the dead; and He placed five loaves of barley bread upon the grass, till they became enough to satisfy five thousand men, besides the women and the children. And beyond that afterwards, the twelve baskets of the superabundance of the bread. And with all this they did not believe in Him."

Matt. xiv.
19
Mark vi.
41
Luke ix.
16
John vi.
10

The Lord said unto him: "Perhaps He did not do these wonders in the presence of the chief priests, and therefore they did not believe, but they rose up against Him."

f. 132 b

Andrew said unto Him: "But in their presence He did not shew His power, and also in secret He worked amongst them."

The Lord said unto him: "What was the secret thing?"

And whilst they were talking they drew nigh to the city. And Andrew slept. And the Lord commanded the angels to carry him and his two disciples, and the provender on to the shore of the sea; and He ascended to heaven in His glory.

And when he awoke he beheld the city, and he did not see a trace of the ship. He said: "Have I been sitting with the Lord, and I knew it not? I will look, and the Lord will speak unto His servant. This is a blessed day for me. When my ship shall sail I shall behold Him who hath humbled Himself for whom?"

Then his disciples awoke; and he said unto them both: "Arise, we have been sailing with the Lord, and we knew it not." His disciples said unto him: "Once when I prayed we saw shining eagles; they overshadowed us, and took our souls up to Paradise; and we saw the Lord sitting upon a throne, and the angels round about Him. And I saw you, the twelve disciples, and the twelve angels round about you. And since then until the time we awoke we have seen many wonders."

And Andrew rejoiced when his two disciples had seen this spiritual vision. And he arose and drew a circle on the ground, and said: "O my Lord Jesus the Christ! I will not depart from this place until Thou shalt

appear, for I know that Thou art not far from me. Forgive me for what my heart hath thought in my folly. I entreat Thee that Thou wouldest appear unto Thy servant." And the Lord appeared unto him outside
 f. 133a of the city like a youth fair of face; and said unto him: "Andrew, my beloved." And Andrew fell upon the ground, and said: "I thank Thee, O my Lord Jesus the Christ! What have I done, that Thou shouldest appear unto me on the sea?"

The Lord said unto him: "Fear not, I have done this unto thee because thou hast said: 'We shall not reach the city in three days.' I wished to teach thee that I am Almighty; and that nothing is too hard for Me. Arise, go into the city, take Matthias out of prison and all who are with him there. And much suffering shall come upon you in it. Be patient, for I shall abide with you. Remember that I am compassionate; and be ye like unto Me: and remember that it hath been said, that by Ba'elzebul I cast out devils. I could, more quickly than in the twinkling of an eye, command the earth to open and take them down to the depths, but I was long-suffering, for I know that the Evil One dwelleth with you upon the earth; and I know [by] your patience in suffering in this city many in it will believe in Me."

Andrew said unto Him: "Be with me, O Lord! and I will do all that Thou dost command me."

And the Lord gave him [the greeting of] peace, and ascended to heaven with great glory.

f. 133b And Andrew arose and his two disciples, and they went into the city, and no one perceived them. And they came to the gates of the prison. And when they took hold of the prison gates they were opened unto them, and they entered and found Matthias sitting, singing psalms, and they greeted him. Andrew said unto him: "Sayest thou that after two days thou shalt go out and be sacrificed like the beasts? and thy flesh shall be eaten? And hast thou forgotten these mysteries which we saw from the Lord? which if we were to speak about it the very heaven would be shaken."

Matthias said: "I have known that, O my brother! but I said: Perhaps the Lord hath willed thus, that I should finish my conflict in this city. Hath not His voice been heard in the Holy Gospel, when He saith, 'I send you forth as ewe-lambs among wolves'? But as for me, on the day I was thrown into prison, I called on the Lord, and He appeared unto me and said unto me: 'Fear not; when the days are fulfilled, I will send Andrew unto thee; he shall bring thee out of prison—thee and those who are with thee.' And lo! thou art come, and I see what thou hast done."

And Andrew saw in the midst of the prison the men who were tied up like the beasts: and he cursed Satan and all his hosts. And Andrew and Matthias began to supplicate the Lord, and He heard them. And f. 134 a they laid their hands upon the men who were in the prison; and opened their eyes, and their senses returned unto them. And they commanded them to go out of the city; and they told them that they would find a fig-tree in the path, under which they might sit until the disciples returned unto them. And the men said unto them: "Come ye out with us, lest the citizens should come and make us return."

The disciples said unto them: "Go ye out in peace; nothing unpleasant shall befall you." And they went forth outside of the city; and they found a fig-tree, as [the disciples] had told them. And the number of them was a hundred and forty-nine men.

And the two told Rufus and Alexander, disciples of Andrew, to go out of the city. And Andrew and Matthias and their disciples arose and prayed, and entreated the Lord to send a cloud to convey Rufus and Alexander, the disciples, and to bring them to Peter. And the Lord sent a cloud; it carried them.

And Andrew and Matthias went forth into the midst of the streets of the city, and they sat down beneath the covering of the street¹ that they might know what was going to happen. And the citizens sent officers to the f. 134 b prison to bring them the men whom they were about to sacrifice, as their custom was, every day. And they found the doors of the prison opened, and the guards dead, and their number was six men, and there was no one in the prison. And they returned and told the magistrates. And they said: "What shall we do? can we remain to-day without anything to eat?" And they took counsel about what troubled them. "Either we shall eat the dead, or we shall bring out the old men of the city and they shall cast lots, and on whomsoever the lot falleth he shall be sacrificed and eaten, until the messengers return to us." For they had persons whom they sent in a ship to gather people together from every place to their country, that they might eat them. And they had a lake in the city; [so that] when they wished to sacrifice a man or a woman, they might be slain in it, and the blood might filter away into a pool in the midst of it. And when they had brought them to the place, and had taken up knives to cut them up, Andrew saw them. And he stood and made supplication: "O my Lord Jesus the Christ, Lover of mankind! may these knives which are in their hands be broken." And f. 135 a


¹ We may suppose that the narrow street was lightly roofed over with canes or bamboos, as a protection from the sun. Cf. Dozy, vol. i. p. 663.

straightway their hands were withered, and they could not move them. And when the magistrates saw what had happened, they wept and said: "The wizards who brought the men out of the prison are they who have bewitched these men, so that we have no power over them." And the old men of the city, whose number was three hundred and sixteen men, came together. And they made them cast lots, and the lot fell upon six, that they should be sacrificed and eaten. And one of the six whom the lot had constrained said: "I have a son, take him and release me." And the officers said: "We will not take him unless we inform the magistrates." And they informed them and they said unto them: "If he should deliver his son unto you instead of himself, release him." And he delivered his son unto them. And when they had laid hold of the boy to slay him, he wept in his father's face, and said unto him: "I entreat thee, O my father! let me not be killed while I am a boy; but let me live that I may become like thee. And when I am an old man like thee, let them eat me." And the boy cried and said unto the officers: "Ye are hard of heart; but it is my father who hath delivered me over unto death."

f. 135 b And it was the law of their city that every one who died should be cut up and eaten. And they brought those upon whom the lot had fallen. And Andrew made supplication unto the Lord and said: "I entreat Thee, O my Lord Jesus the Christ! as Thou hast answered me about the dead; hearken to my supplication about these living ones, and let no one have power to slay them." And their swords became as wax before the fire. And when the magistrates saw that, they wept bitter tears and said: "Woe unto us! what hath befallen us?"

Then Satan appeared unto them like an old man, and cried and said: "Woe unto you! ye will die of hunger; for ye cannot eat your dead after this; they will remain lying in the midst of your streets until they are decayed; and ye will not be able to eat them. Arise, seek for this man Matthias and kill him. For if ye kill him not, ye will not be able to do what ye want. For he it is who brought the people out of the prison; and he is in this city; seek for him and slay him, so that your condition may be prosperous."

f. 136 a And when Andrew saw Satan talking thus with them, he said unto him: "O Enemy of our Lord! may God, Whose name is exalted, put thee down under our feet." And when Satan heard these words he said: "I hear the voice, but I do not see the body." And Andrew appeared to him and said unto him: "Yea, is not thy name called Sāmil¹? O thou

¹ Or "blind," Syriac .

blind one! for thou art blind; thou dost not see the servants of God." And Satan cried with a loud voice and said: "Behold the men! lay hold of them." And the multitude went before and locked the gate of the town while they were seeking and saying: "Matthias and Andrew! seize them for us, that we may do unto them what we will." And the Lord commanded the two disciples, saying: "Arise and appear, that they may know the weakness of their power." And they went out from under the covering and they said unto them: "We are those whom ye seek." And they rose up against them and laid hold of them, and said unto them: "We shall do unto you as ye have done unto us." Some people said: "Let us take your heads and give them to the chief priests." And others said: "Nay, but let us cut them into small pieces, and distribute their flesh among all the citizens." And they dragged them through all the city until their blood flowed on the path; and they cast them into prison, and bound f. 136 b them, and left them in a dark place. And they set many strong men to guard them. And when the two entered the prison they prayed and said: "O our Lord Jesus the Christ! let not Thy help be far from us. Thou hast commanded us not to hasten; and let not the enemy rejoice over us."

Then the Lord appeared unto them and said: "I am abiding with you." And He said: "Fear not."

And whilst they were in the prison Satan took with him six of his friends; and they appeared unto them, and spake forcible words against them, and said: "Ye have fallen into my hands; and who shall save you from me? Where is your power wherewith ye prevailed over me in all the cities, and laid waste the temples which were mine? I shall allow them to slay you as I slew your Master."

And he said unto his friends: "Arise, slay these people who have resisted you; so that ye may have rest from them, and that every place may be yours." And the devils rose up against the disciples, desiring to kill them. And they made the sign of the cross on their faces; and they f. 137 a fell upon the earth. And their father Satan said unto them: "What hath befallen you?" They said unto him: "We saw a sign in their hands, and we were afraid of it. And if thou hast power against them, act, for we are frightened." And they went away ashamed.

And when the citizens awoke in the morning they brought out the two disciples, and dragged them through the city. And they made supplication to their Lord, saying: "Have compassion on us, O Lord! for we are flesh and blood, and we know that Thou art not far from us." And they heard a

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xxiv. 35

voice calling them, in Hebrew, saying: "Andrew and Matthias, the heaven and the earth shall pass away; but My word shall not pass away." And the citizens went with them to the prison; and they said: "They shall die this time." And the disciples made supplication, while their blood was streaming on the ground, saying: "O our Lord Jesus the Christ! help us and save this city and all who are in it." And immediately they saw the image of an idol of stone standing on a pillar in the midst of the prison, and they made the sign of the cross over it. And they spread out their hands and prayed; and they drew near to the pillar on which was the idol. And they said unto it: "Be afraid of the sign of the cross, which we make over thee, and make water to flow out from beneath it abundantly like the
f. 137 b water of the Flood upon that city and all its inhabitants." And water gushed out at once from beneath it in abundance intensely salt, and it began to drown the city and all its inhabitants. And the citizens took their children and their cattle and they tried to get out of it. And Matthias said: "O my Lord Jesus the Christ! give an answer to the supplication of Thy servant; and send Michael the Archangel with a dark cloud upon this city; so that no man may go out of it."

And when Matthias knew that the Lord had answered him, he struck the pillar and said: "Finish what I have commanded." And the water rose higher until it reached to the necks of the people, and it almost drowned them. And they wept and said: "Woe unto us! perhaps this wrath that abideth on us is because of the two good men, the servants of God, whom we have thrown into prison; and of our cruel conduct to them. Behold! we shall die an evil death in this water; but come along with us, let us cry out to their God and let us say: 'We believe in Thee, O God! the God of these two foreign men. Save us from this water.'"

f. 138 a Then Andrew answered and said unto the pillar: "The time of the flood is gone; and now is the time for sowing in the hearts of the citizens. Truly I say, that when I shall have built a church in this city I will put thee in it."

And the water straightway stood still which was gushing from beneath the pillar. And when the citizens saw it, six of the elders of the city with some young men accompanying them rose up and went to the prison—the water being up to their necks. And when they saw the two disciples, their hands were stretched out making supplication to God. And they went out to them, and the water was divided before them. And when the elders saw this they were afraid and cried, saying: "Have compassion on us, O servants of God!" And amongst them was the old man on whom

the lot fell that he should be sacrificed; and who had delivered up his son and saved himself. And Matthias said unto him: "I am amazed at thee when thou sayest: 'Have compassion on me,' and thou hadst no compassion on thy son. In this hour the water shall return to the depth of the earth and thou shalt go down with it, and the six men who sacrificed the people; so that the state of him who hated his son, and of those who slew the people, may be seen." And he said unto the young men who accompanied the elders: "Go ye to the spot in which the people were sacrificed, so that f. 138b the water may return unto its place." And they went with the disciples, the water flowing away from before them. And they stood beside the lake and prayed. And straightway the earth was opened, and it swallowed up the men who had been sacrificing the people, and the old man who had delivered up his son to death, and all the water which was in the city; and all the citizens saw this, and were greatly afraid. And they said: "They will say: 'Let fire come down from heaven to burn us up because of the wrong which we have done unto them.'" And they said unto them: "Fear not, and believe with a true faith. Ye shall see the glory of God. And we shall not leave those whom the earth hath swallowed in it; but we shall raise them up." And Matthias and Andrew commanded that every one who had died from the water should be brought unto them, that they might pray over them, and that they might rise. And they could not do it because of the multitude of the dead.

And the disciples made supplication unto the Lord, and He sent a rain from Himself upon the dead; and they all arose. And after these things the foundation of the church was laid; and they built it. And they gave them the commandments of the Gospel, and the Law and the Gospel; and f. 139a they baptized them all in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost. And they gave them the holy mysteries; and they healed all the sick. And they said unto them: "Take heed to what we have commanded you till the end of your lives; and teach your children who shall come after you. And make supplication unto the Lord that He may take away from you the custom which ye have of eating man's flesh." And he gave them the right feeling that their food should be like the food of men. And afterwards they (the disciples) departed from amongst them; and they bade them farewell, saying unto them: "O good servants of God! abide with us for a while, so that we may rejoice in you: for we are new plants." They said unto them: "Grieve not, and fear not; we shall not stay long away from you, by the will of God."

And as they were going out from [the city] the Lord appeared unto

them like a youth fair of face. And He said unto them: "Have pity on the inhabitants of this city; and accept their request; and abide with them for some days. For I have heard their petition unto you when they said: 'We are new plants.' And why did ye command the six men and send them into the depths?"

And they said: "Forgive us, O our Lord! we will return unto them, and will make them rise from the depths by Thy name." The Lord said
f. 139 b unto them: "Return unto the city, and abide in it for seven days; and go forth from it; and thou Andrew, go unto the city of El-Barbar." And they both said: "O Lord, bless us!" And He blessed them; and ascended to Heaven with glory. And they entered the city, as the Lord had commanded them; and they abode in it for seven days. And they raised up those whom the earth had swallowed; and they confirmed their faith, and strengthened their knowledge of the Lord's commandments. And they went out from amongst them as they were giving glory to God, Who had not left them in error. And the men went out with them, bidding them farewell and saying: "There is one God, the God of Andrew and Matthias, Jesus the Christ, to Whom be glory and honour; and to His Father, Who upholdeth all things, and [to] the Holy Ghost, the Giver of life for ever and ever. Amen."

THE MARTYRDOM OF MATTHIAS.

The Martyrdom of Matthias, disciple of the Lord Jesus the Christ, and his conflict which he finished on the eighth day of Pharmouthi; in the peace of the Lord. Amen.

It came to pass, when Judas Iscariot had betrayed our Lord Jesus f. 140a the Christ to be crucified, that Satan and his hosts might be vanquished by the sufferings of the Lord Jesus the Christ, King of the heaven and the earth, unto the wicked Jews; he went and hanged himself; and lost his honour; and fell from the rank of the Apostles. And Matthias was appointed in his place. Matthias went out to preach in the city of Damascus, because his lot came out to preach in it.

And he said: "O ye men who have gone astray and are wandering in your sins! who know not God your Creator, why have ye left the true God, and ye serve stones made by the hands of men? And ye would like all men to go astray like you. Give up the worship of idols; and put error and the vileness of your deeds far from you. And come unto God your Creator; and accept my words. I will bring you near unto God your Lord; and He will make you meet for His kingdom. Come unto me, I will teach you the way of the angels; and I will feed you with the Bread of Life; that ye may live for ever. Renounce the gods which are made by the hands of men; and awake from the deceit of Satan, that ye may be truly the servants of God, Jesus the Christ, f. 140b the Lord of heaven and of earth, the Everlasting Word; the Word of the Living God; Who dwelt in Mary the Virgin; without seed or union of man; Who bore the sufferings until He saved mankind from slavery to Satan; Who is unseen in His glory and His height; Who hath no father upon earth as in the bodily birth of children; but He is always in heaven with His Father without separation; and He ruleth all by His wisdom; Who took dust from the ground and made thereof our father Adam, the first father; the God in Whose hands are the spirits of [all] creatures; He Who loveth you and will make you meet to approach Him. And if ye return with a true faith, and a whole mind, He, and His Father, and the Holy Ghost—for He is a Trinity in Persons, One

single Godhead; One in substance. And the first thing that He hath commanded you is, that ye keep yourselves free from pollution, and that ye do not increase your intercourse with women; so that God may look upon your purity, and may bless you with heavenly blessings, and may have compassion on you in the day of judgment."

f. 141 a And when the people of the city heard this from him, Satan took possession of their hearts by his deceit and his wicked deeds. And they said one to the other: "Certainly this man is one of the twelve wizards who go about in the countries and separate women from their husbands." And they took counsel together, and laid hold of the disciple, and bound him, and placed him on an iron bed. And they kindled a fire beneath him, until the smell of his body issued [from it]. And each of them saw it, and they wondered when the flame of the fire shot up above the bed to a height of fifteen cubits. And those who were around him said: "If he were a wizard he would have perished. And after three days the evil of his deeds will appear."

And after three days they found him on the top of the bed with his eyes open. And they felt his body, and they found it whole; no decay had reached it. And no smell of burning was in it; and his clothes were not singed. And when they saw this wonder which was from God, many of the citizens believed in God, and said: "This man is a god." And seven days passed away; and on the eighth day the saint was lying on the bed; and all the citizens saw him; and they believed with a true faith; and f. 141 b trusted the words of Matthias the disciple. And those who did not believe his sayings remained for four-and-twenty days stirring up the fire below the bed, day and night. And the Lord Jesus the Christ did not allow anything unpleasant to reach His disciple, Who had preached in His name; for he had suffered for His name. And after these things they took him out from the midst of the fire, and they saw that his body remained; and his face was as bright as the body of an infant, and all who beheld him said: "This man hath not been in the fire"; for his body was whole from the hair of his head to the nails of his feet. And all who were in the city believed, and in all its borders they cried: "There is no God in Heaven and upon the earth, but God, the God of Matthias, disciple of Jesus the Christ; Who saveth all who trust in Him, and believe in His holy name."

And Matthias the blessed disciple commanded that they should destroy all the temples of the idols and that [these] should be thrown into the sea, that nothing more of them might be found; because of the wicked works which had been done in them. And he built a church for them; and he

baptized all the citizens, men and women and youths in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost, the United Trinity, the Undivided, the Unchangeable. And after the baptism he consecrated the church for them. And he preached to them the laws of life; and taught them the true faith; and the commandments of the Gospel. And he went out from amongst them; and they all bade him farewell in peace; for he had taught them the way of truth, and had brought them out of error to the guidance of the religion of our Lord Jesus the Christ. And after his preaching and his teaching the Gospel, he fell asleep in one of the cities of the Jews which is called Malāwān on the eighth day of Pharmouthi, by the grace of God, Who loveth mankind; the Father of our Lord Jesus the Christ; to Whom be glory and honour, and praise henceforth, and at all times, and for ever and ever. Amen.

THE PREACHING OF JAMES THE JUST.

In the name of God, the Pitiful, the Compassionate. The Preaching of James, Disciple of the Lord Jesus the Christ; the Just, who was called the Brother of the Lord in the flesh. And the lot which came out for him was to teach in Jerusalem. And after his preaching to them he became
 f. 142 b *Bishop of Jerusalem. And he fell asleep therein in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ. Amen.*

It came to pass when the disciples were assembled to divide the cities of the world amongst themselves, the Lord Jesus the Christ appeared in the midst of them and said unto them: "My peace be unto you, O my sincere disciples! as my Father hath sent Me into the world, so I send you, that ye may preach in the inhabited earth about the knowledge of My Heavenly Father." Then the disciples prayed together, the Lord being in the midst of them. And they cast lots; and the lot fell upon James, that he should preach the Holy Gospel in Jerusalem and in all its district. Then he worshipped the Lord and said: "Thou knowest, O Lord! that the Jews seek to slay us, when we preach about Thy resurrection and Thy Holy Gospel. And I do not resist Thy command, nor the lot which hath come out for me; but I know that the Jews will not hearken to my words which I shall speak unto them. And I entreat Thee, O Lord! that Thou wouldest send me unto the Gentiles like my brethren. And I will do all that Thou dost command me. And I will endure all that may befall me of suffering for Thy name's sake."

f. 143 a Our Lord answered and said unto James: "Thou must needs preach in the place which came out as thy lot. Behold, Peter, My chosen one, I have made him care for you. And thou must needs become Bishop of Jerusalem. And thy words shall be listened to, and thy good conflict shall be accomplished; and thy grave shall be in it. Arise then, and fulfil what I have commanded thee."

James said unto him: "Let my father Peter be a helper unto me: and I will endure all that may befall me, for the sake of Thine honoured Name."

And the Lord gave them the [salutation of] peace, and ascended to heaven in glory. And the disciples were filled with joy by the power of the Holy Ghost; and they prayed upon the Mount of Olives.

Then Peter said unto the disciples: "Go with us with our brother James that we may seat him upon the throne of the bishopric."

And Peter arose, and all who were with him, and they stretched out their hands and prayed, and said: "O God! Who rulest all things, Governor of the whole creation! hearken unto us. We know that Thou art not far from us: nor from whatsoever word we entreat of Thee. Give to our brother James power to govern Thy nation which Thou hast committed unto him to rule according as Thou hast commanded."

And when they arrived, they saluted one another, and brought James f. 143 b into Jerusalem. And he preached in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ; and many of its people believed in his proclamation of the Gospel. And when some of the Jews saw James preaching in the name of the Christ they would fain have killed him. And they found no way to do it, because of those who believed in the Lord by means of him. And when he knew this, he went out to the villages which were around the city, and preached the Gospel to them in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And when he was going into one of the villages he found an old man, [and] said unto him: "I wish thee to let me lodge with thee." The old man said: "Come in [and] rest until to-morrow." And the disciple went with him to enter his house. And, behold, there was on the road a man possessed with a devil. When the devil saw James the disciple, it cried and said: "What hast thou to do with me, O disciple of Jesus the Christ? Hast thou come hither to destroy me?"

He said unto him: "Shut thy mouth, O thou unclean spirit! and come out of the man." And straightway it came out of the man like fire. And when he saw this wonder, he fell at the feet of the disciple, and said: "I am not worthy that thou shouldest enter my house; but teach me what I should do, that I may be saved; I and all my household."

And then the disciple praised the name of God, our Lord Jesus the Christ, and said: "I thank Thee, O my Lord! Thou hast made my way f. 144 a easy."

And he returned to the old man, and spoke unto him the words of salvation; and he exhorted him, and taught him the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And he went into his house, and the old man gathered his people together: and the disciple preached unto them, and taught them the faith: and baptized them in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost: and made them partakers in the Holy Mysteries—the Body of the Lord and His pure Blood. And the people of the village heard of it; and they brought before him all the sick of

divers diseases : and the possessed : and he healed them all. And he appointed unto them a presbyter and deacons. And he appointed unto them the old man as bishop, and committed unto him the Gospel of the Lord Jesus the Christ ; and he went out journeying into all the country round about Jerusalem to preach in it. And when they believed, he returned unto Jerusalem ; and they all came into his presence, praising the Lord Jesus the Christ, and His Father, and the Holy Ghost, the Holy Trinity, henceforth and for ever and ever. Amen.

THE MARTYRDOM OF JAMES, THE LORD'S
BROTHER.

This is the Martyrdom of James the Brother of the Lord; which he finished on the twenty-third of the first Teshrtin¹, in the peace of the Lord. Amen.

Cod. Vat.
Arab. 694
f. 148 b

And when James the Just, the blessed, Brother of the Lord, returned to Jerusalem, and preached amongst them in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ in that city, many believed on Him because of the wonders and the miracles which God wrought by means of him—may His name be blessed! The Lord deemed him worthy of the rank of a Bishop in Jerusalem. And when he had become Bishop, God made many healings of diseases manifest by his hand. And the ruler of the city was a great lover of money; and he hated the saint, because of what Satan, may God curse him! showed him against them. And he had no child; because God, may His fame be glorified! was recompensing him for his many sins. But nevertheless his wife besought God—praise be unto Him!—that He would grant her a child; and she did good unto all who were in want, and her alms never ceased from the holy Churches without the knowledge of her husband, because of his great greed. And once upon a day she was very sad because of what was in her heart in asking for a child. And when her beseechings were multiplied and her desire was not granted, because God—may He be glorified and magnified!—knew what of good there was to her in it. f. 149 a

And on a certain day the believing woman was standing, when there came to her the fame of Saint James in his religion; and how God was—may His power be glorified!—dwelling with him in all his deeds. She arose with joy and gladness and went unto Saint James. And she was sound in the faith, for God—praise be to His name!—through the prayer of the saint, had given her her desire.

And when the saint knew that Theopistē, the wife of the Prefect, wished admittance to him that she might be blessed by him, he wondered exceedingly; and he said, "This is a serious thing," for he knew the wickedness of her husband. And he allowed her to have access to him. And when she came into his presence, she knelt down and did obeisance at his feet, and said: "I entreat thee, O holy father! to receive thy handmaiden, and

¹ i.e. October.

hearken unto her words. I have lived with my husband for twenty years, and have had no child. I am grieved exceedingly at this state of things."

Saint James said unto her: "Dost thou believe that our Lord Jesus the Christ is able to give thee a child?" She replied with all her heart, and said unto him: "I believe." And he said unto her: "If thou dost believe, be it unto thee according to thy faith." And she bade him farewell, and delivered unto him the blessing that she had with her, that he might distribute it amongst the needy. And she received his blessing, and
f. 149 b returned to her house. And she gave glory unto God, and the fame of the saint was increased.

And after these things God—may He be praised!—answered her petition, and gave her her request. And she conceived and bore a male child and called him James, like the name of the saint. And she took her child and much money, and went to the saint; and was blessed by him. And she said: "O good servant of God! God hath heard thy supplication, and hath given me what I asked for. And it is this child which thou seest on my hand; and he is by the blessing of thy prayer. And I entreat thee, O thou holy one! to bless him."

And the saint took him from her hand, and blessed him with all his heart, and returned him to his mother; and restored her to her house in peace. And when [this] reached the Prefect her husband, he was wroth with a fierce wrath, because of what his wife had done. And he gathered to himself the nobles of the city and said unto them: "Ye are negligent; and this bishop is corrupting the city for us; and leading all its people astray, desiring that everyone round about us should be of his faith and doctrine."

And they all arose and took counsel [saying]: "What shall we do with him?" Some of them said: "The feast-day is near, and if ye wish, some one will watch for him in the temple." For many people were called James, but there was no James the Just among them except this one; because
f. 150 a God chose him from the womb of his mother like Jeremiah the prophet. He drank no wine all the days of his life; and he ate no food from which blood issued; and he never put a razor upon his head; and he never washed in a hot bath; and he never wore a coat; but all his life he was wrapped in a mantle. And he was always in the temple intent on prayer and supplication to God—glory be to His name!—that He might forgive the sins of the nation; until his feet swelled from much standing and worshipping, and for this reason he was called James the Just. And all the Jews—may God curse them!—know that he was just, pure; and he was amongst them in the house of the devout. This James was the youngest of the sons

of Joseph the carpenter. And Joseph had four male children, and two daughters. And all the children of Joseph were married except this James. And he was orphaned of his mother. And when the Lady Mary was espoused to Joseph, she found James: and he was the youngest in his house; and she brought him up and taught him the fear of God. And therefore the Lady Mary was called the mother of James. And when he became Bishop in Jerusalem, many of the people believed in the Lord Jesus the Christ by his means; because they knew his purity. And there was a great tumult among the Jews and the Scribes and the Pharisees; because the people said that James was the Christ. And they drew nigh f. 150b unto James and desired to deceive him, and said unto him: "We beseech thee to consecrate all the nation; for they are doubtful about Jesus, that He is the Messiah Who is to come. And all this people will be present at Jerusalem at the Passover; speak thou to them and make their hearts docile, for we know that thou wilt not say aught that is false; and all the people will accept thy speech; for thou art like a Prophet amongst them, and we will bear witness to them about all thine integrity and will tell them that there is no hypocrisy about thee. Do thou agree to our request, and they will all accept [it] from thee. Go up to a pinnacle of the temple, and stand so that all the people will hear thy voice."

These are the tribes of the children of Israel; they went up, and many of the Gentiles. And all the scribes and the Pharisees desired that James should say unto them that Jesus was the son of Joseph, and he (himself) was his brother. And they commanded a herald to order the crowd to be silent, that they might hear the words of James the Just. And they all cried, "It is our duty to listen and not to oppose," because all the people were going astray with the evil of their deeds; and the Jews were longing for faith in Jesus the Christ, Who had been crucified. "Tell us now, O f. 151a thou Just One! who is Jesus the King?" James answered in a loud voice and said unto them: "Why ask ye me about the Lover of mankind? Behold He is seated in His majesty on the right hand of the Father; and He it is Who shall come on the clouds of heaven to judge the quick and the dead."

And most of the nation believed in what they had heard from James; and they praised the Lord the Christ, saying: "Hosanna to the Son of David!" And when the priests and the Pharisees heard these words, they were ashamed in the presence of the people; and were filled with rage against James. And they returned and cried to him, saying: "Tell us, whose Son is Jesus?" He said unto them: "The Son of God in truth—the Father—glory be to His name! Who begat Him before all

the ages. And it is He Who was born of Mary the Virgin in the latter days. I believe in Him, and in His Eternal Father, and in the Holy Ghost, the Equal, the Everlasting Trinity for ever and ever."

And when the chief priests and the scribes and the Pharisees heard these words from him, they gnashed their teeth at him, and stopped their ears lest they should hear the word of God—may He be exalted and glorified!—at the mouth of Saint James. And they took counsel together and said: "Alas for what we have done! for we have made him testify to all the people that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God; but let us go up to him and kill him, lest all the nation should believe in the Christ." And the prophecy of Isaiah the prophet was fulfilled, when he said: "The righteous shall prosper; it shall not be hard for him to become the Anointed One over us; and they shall eat the fruit of their wicked deeds." And they went up to him in a rage; and they threw him down and stoned him. And he fell prone upon his face, and knelt upon his knees like Stephen the first of martyrs: and he made supplication unto God—the God of mercy—saying: "O God of mercy! forgive them, for they know not what they do." And they stoned him while he was praying after this manner.

cf. Isaiah
lil. 10

cf. Jer. v.
31

And one of the priests of the sons of Ahab, about whom Jeremiah the prophet bears witness, cried out to them, saying: "Have pity for a little; what is this that ye are doing to the good man of God? he maketh supplication unto Him—may He be magnified and glorified!—that He would forgive you." And one of them, a fuller, who had not turned at his words, took the piece of wood with which he beat the clothes, and struck the head of James the Just with it, and he yielded up the ghost, on the eighteenth day of Abib. And his martyrdom was ended; and he was buried beneath the walls of the temple.

f. 152 a And James the Just was a disciple and a martyr and Bishop of the Jews. And he died for the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And after his death, a mighty wrath abode upon all the Jews, the inhabitants of Jerusalem. And this was chiefly upon those who had been the cause of the murder of James the disciple. And Vespasian surrounded them, and plundered them, and took them captive, and their humiliation increased daily because of the wickedness of their deed to the Lord Jesus the Christ, the King, and to His saints. And may there be to us all, the Christians whom He calleth by the new name, that we may find mercy and forgiveness in the terrible position when the Lord Jesus the Christ cometh to judge the quick and the dead. To Whom be praise and glory henceforth and at all times, and for ever and ever. Amen. Amen. Amen.

The stories which follow have been copied from MSS. in the Convent of St Catherine on Mount Sinai.

THE MARTYRDOM OF SAINT MARK.

This is the Martyrdom of Mark the Evangelist in Alexandria at the end of the thirtieth year of the sufferings of our Lord the Saviour Jesus the Christ. And the completion of his martyrdom and his conflict was on the twenty-fifth of the month of Nisan, in the peace of the Lord. Amen.

Our Lord Jesus the Christ, the Word of the Father, Who was before the ages, Who became flesh for our sake, Who is the God who made us, Who redeemeth mankind and ruleth them by His grace, appeared unto His pious disciples at His resurrection from the dead; and said unto them: "Go ye and teach the world, and all the nations; and baptize them on the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost." And they were scattered among the cities, and the villages; and distributed all the world among themselves. And amongst them there was a man named Mark; and his lot came out unto Egypt. And he went forth preaching the Gospel of our Lord Jesus the Christ, as the blessed Apostles had commanded him, the pillars of the Holy Church. And this saint began to preach in Libya and the cities around it, and to proclaim the Gospel of our Saviour the Christ. And all the people of this country were worshippers of idols, drunkards, with every impurity, busied with vice, going to destruction by the works of the enemy. And the Blessed Mark the Evangelist preached in the power of the Lord Jesus the Christ, and enlightened them in those five cities. In the beginning he spoke to them the word of God. And he did great wonders amongst them. He healed their sick, he cleansed their lepers, he chased away the evil spirits by the grace of our Lord. And many believed in the Lord Jesus the Christ by his means. And he broke down their idols on the spot; and baptized them in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost. And grace was made manifest upon them: and he resolved upon a journey to Alexandria, that he might sow the good seed from the treasures of the divine word of God. And he bade the brethren farewell, and saluted them, and said unto them: "The Lord hath said unto me in a vision, 'Go unto the city of Alexandria.'" And the brethren were blessed by him, and they made him embark in a ship and they said unto him: "The Lord Jesus the Christ be with thee in all thy ways."

Cod. Sin.
Arab. 539.
f. 201 a

Matt.
xxviii. 19

f. 201 b

And on the second day the Blessed Mark arrived at Alexandria, and he descended from the ship, and went into [a place called Pentapolis ; and from there he entered]¹ the city. And in that place his sandal was torn ; and the blessed Apostle saw a man sewing up rags, and repairing. And he gave up his sandal to him that he might mend it. And while the shoemaker was sewing at his sandal he pierced his left hand deeply with the awl in passing it through. And he said ; "In the name of God. There is one God." And when the Blessed Mark heard the shoemaker say, "There is one God," he said to himself, "The Lord hath prepared my way." And straightway he spat on the ground and kneaded clay with his spittle, and anointed the hand of that shoemaker, and said : "In the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ, Son of the Living God for ever."

f. 202 a And straightway the man drew back his hand, and it was made whole. And he understood the power of the word, and knew that he (Mark) was a foreigner and was not of the country. And he said unto him : "I entreat thee, O man ! that thou wouldest come and alight at the house of thy servant, that we may eat bread together, for thou hast done a merciful deed to me this day." And the Blessed Mark rejoiced and said : "The Lord give thee the Bread of Life from Heaven."

And the man took the Apostle and went with him joyfully to his dwelling. And when Saint Mark entered the shoemaker's home, he said : "The Lord make a blessing rest here." And they prayed together ; and after the prayer they reclined and ate and drank and rejoiced exceedingly. And the man, the master of the house, said : "O my father ! I would fain have thee tell me who thou art ; and what is that powerful word which I have heard from thee."

And Saint Mark said unto him : "I am a slave of the Lord Jesus the Christ, the Son of the Living God."

And the man said unto him : "I am longing to see Him." The Blessed Mark said unto him : "I will tell thee about Him." And Saint Mark began to preach, and said :

"The beginning of the Gospel of Jesus the Christ, Son of God, son of David, son of Abraham." And he told him also about the prophets. And the shoemaker said unto him : "O my Lord ! I never heard of this book before, out of which thou dost preach. Will the sons of the Copts be wise ?" And the Blessed Mark gave him instructions about the Christ.

¹ The words in brackets are an insertion on the margin of the manuscript, so far as I can judge, in the same hand.

And he said unto him : " The wisdom of the world is foolishness with God." And the man believed in God by the word of Mark. And he (Mark) continued to do wonders and signs; and he enlightened him and all his household. And the man was called Anianus. And because of him many people believed in the Lord. And the citizens heard that a Galilean man had come. And they said : " A man hath arrived in this city who will destroy the sacrifices of the gods and their worship." And they sought for him that they might kill him. And they hid an ambush for him, and traps. And the Blessed Mark knew of what they had resolved about him. And he made Anianus a bishop, and three presbyters with him; the first was called Meliân, and Sâbinus, and Kerdônâ. And seven deacons; and he appointed eleven for the service of the church. And he took them, and fled with them to these five cities; and abode there for two years. And he strengthened the brethren and appointed bishops over them also, and priests in all the five cities.

And he returned unto Alexandria, and these brethren arrived who had been enlightened by the grace of God. And they built a church for them, which was upon the shore of the sea, lower down than the Canal¹. And the Just One rejoiced in his work, and he knelt in worship and praised God. And he abode there for a time. And those who believed in the Christ increased; and they mocked the heathen and the worshippers of idols. And the heathen learned about the affairs of the Christians, and they waxed wroth against them exceedingly because of the wonders which they had done. The sick were healed, the lepers were cleansed, the deaf heard, and the blind were made to see. And they meditated the destruction of Mark the Evangelist; but they could do nothing against him. And they squeezed their tongues with their teeth from hatred. And they assembled in the temple of their idols; and they cried and said : " What shall we do with this sorcerer?" And the Blessed Mark was present on the first day of the Holy Passover. And that was on the twenty-ninth day of Pharmouthi. And the heathen were seeking him, and they did not at first find him. And on that day the messengers of the multitude came to him; and he was standing offering a divine prayer at the time of the mass. And they took him and put a rope on his neck, and they dragged him along the ground and the pavement, and they said : " Drag the Buffalo to the field." And Saint Mark was praising and thanking the Christ, saying : " I thank thee, O my Lord Jesus the Christ because I have been counted worthy of this pain for thy Name." And his

¹ The Khaltg.

f. 202 b
I Cor. III.
19

f. 203 a

flesh was strewn upon the ground; and his blood was flowing on the pavement; and the stones were wet with it. And in the evening they cast him into prison that they might consider by what death they might destroy him.

f. 203 b And when it was midnight, and the doors were locked upon him, and the guard sleeping at the doors, behold! the prison was illumined, and there was a mighty earthquake. And the angel of the Lord descended from heaven, and touched him, and said unto him: "O Mark, servant of the Lord! Thy name is written in the book of life in heaven. And thy memory shall never be forgotten, and the angels are protecting thy spirit, and thy bones shall not go down into the earth."

This vision appeared to Mark, and he raised his hands toward heaven and said: "I thank Thee, O my Lord Jesus the Christ! because Thou hast not rejected me, but hast made me meet to be with Thine Apostles. I entreat Thee, O my Lord Jesus the Christ! that Thou wouldest receive my spirit in peace, and not shut me out from Thy grace."

And when he had finished his prayer, the Lord Jesus the Christ appeared unto him as He had been seen among the disciples in the light which taketh away pains; and said unto him: "Peace be unto thee, O Mark the Evangelist!" The Blessed Mark replied and said: "Praise be unto Thee, O Jesus the Christ, my Lord!"

f. 204 a And when the morrow came, a multitude of the citizens again assembled; and they brought him out of the prison, and put a rope on his neck; and they also dragged him and said: "Drag the Buffalo to the field." And they dragged the Blessed Mark; and he was thanking God even more than the first time; the strong God. And he said: "Into Thy hands I commit my spirit, O Lord." And then the Blessed Mark gave up his ghost.

And the multitude of the heathen kindled a fire to burn his body. And by the guidance of the Lord Jesus the Christ, there was a great sand-storm and a very violent wind, until the rays of the sun were covered over; and the sound of loud thunder. And there was rain, and sleet¹ with hail till the evening, until it flowed down the valleys, and many people of the heathen perished. And they were terrified, and they left the bones of the saint, and fled. And chosen men came from the priests, and took the body of the Blessed One from the place where it had been thrown; and went with it to the spot in which they had finished the prayer. And this pure one was of middle height, with dark blue eyes, and

¹ Literally "wet."

large eyebrows, with curly hair, full of divine grace. And the priests put him on a bier, and they buried him according to the custom of the city; and they put him in a place hewn out; and made a commemoration for him and a rejoicing in the Christ. And they placed him in the eastern side of the city. And the Blessed Mark, the first Evangelist, suffered in Alexandria, which is in the province of Egypt. And he finished his martyrdom for the name of our Lord Jesus the Christ on the twenty-fifth day of the month of Nisân¹, and of the Greek months in April; and of f. 204 b the Coptic months in Pharmouthi; in the days of the Emperor Aghâyûn, Tiberius Cæsar. Because of this may the Father be praised! and the Son and the Holy Ghost, henceforth and for ever and ever. Amen.

¹ i.e. April.

THE MARTYRDOM OF SAINT LUKE.

This is the Martyrdom of Luke the Evangelist which took place in the eighteenth year of the first Teshrtin¹; in the peace of the Lord Jesus the Christ. Amen.

It came to pass that when the disciples had divided the cities of the world, the lot of Peter was the city of Rome; and some of the disciples abode with him. These were their names: Titus, from the city of Galilee and Luke from the city of Antioch. And when the blessed Peter fell asleep in Rome, in the time of Nero the Emperor, they were scattered to preach the Gospel of the Lord Jesus the Christ in all these countries. And Nero Caesar, the Emperor, seized Paul, and took off his head in Rome. And as for Luke, he fled from the face of the Emperor: and he preached in [all] the countries and all the cities which were in these coasts. And he was the scribe of Peter, to write about all the good acts with which he preached in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ. And God
f. 205 a wrought many wonders by his hand. He healed the sick; he opened the eyes of the blind; and the lame walked; and he cleansed the lepers; and he made the deaf hear; and he healed all the divers kinds of sickness in the name of our Lord and our God Jesus the Christ. And when his hearers went out into these countries, the believers were multiplied in them by means of him. And he built many churches and monasteries in every place; and those who believed in our Lord Jesus the Christ were multiplied every day; and they were devoted to the worship and the teaching of Saint Luke.

And when the priests of the idol temples saw the beauty of the faith of the Gentiles, the devil entered into them, and they took counsel—they and the Jews who dwelt in that city. And they assembled in the temple which is in the great city of these countries, and it was on the twentieth day of Thoth. And when they were gathered together with the Jews in the temple, the priests adorned their idols with the pictures, and the lamps and all the scents. And all the nobles of the palace were present, and the chiefs of the palace sat upon thrones, and the eldest of their priests came forward and said: "Some sorcerers of the twelve men and some

¹ i.e. October.

of the seventy whom Jesus who is called the Christ made His disciples, have entered our city, and they have preached about miracles in every place; and all the Romans have been led away to their teaching, by the abundance of their deceitfulness and their sorcery. And the Emperor Nero hath slain a multitude of them. And this Luke fled from the presence of the Emperor; and he hath led astray many people of the f. 205 b cities and the provinces."

Then a Jew stood up, his name was Isaac, and he was conspicuous among the community of the Jews who were in that district. And he said: "Before I came into these countries I was in Jerusalem with an excellent man whose name was Gamaliel, and the chiefs of the nation, Hannas and Caiaphas and Alexander, and Decalius, had seized a man named Jesus, and had sentenced Him to death; and they hung Him upon the cross, and slew Him, and left Him in the tomb. And He rose from amongst the dead on the third day. He it is in whose name this man, whose name is Luke, preacheth."

All the people replied to him with one voice and said: "How could this man whose name was Jesus, arise from the dead?" And when the name of Jesus was named by them in the temple, the idols all fell and were broken like earthen vessels. And when the priests saw the destruction of their gods, they rent their garments, and tore out their hair, and went out into the city of Rome to seek help from the Emperor, saying: "How many more sorceries will he do in the name of Him who is called Jesus?"

The Emperor said unto them: "I have slain every one who believes in this name in all my countries, except one man named Luke, and he f. 206 a escaped from my hand."

The multitude answered him: "Behold! he is in our city; he hath led its inhabitants astray by his teaching faith in Jesus. And in the city he healeth the sick of divers diseases; [with] many cures." And when the Emperor heard [it,] he was very wroth, and gnashed his teeth, and commanded that some of his captains should come and go out with two hundred soldiers of his army, and should bring him forth into his presence. And Saint Luke was sitting teaching the multitude the precepts of the Gospel. And when he had finished his speech, the multitude dispersed to their business, and the saint arose and went forth towards the sea. And on the shore of the sea he met an old man seated for catching fish. And he said: "Come near unto me that I may speak unto thee about what it is thy duty to do." And when he drew nigh unto him, and perceived the grace of God which was in his face, he knelt down and did obeisance

unto him. And the saint raised him up and said unto him : " Behold ! the Emperor hath sent his friends and his soldiers to me to bring me unto him. And I have learnt that he is commanding that I should be slain. And the will of God, may His name be glorified ! shall be done. And these books—take them, and put them in thy house, in a clean place ; and they will teach thee the path of life."

And the man received the books from him in trust. And the power of God rested upon him, and he went and preached in the name of God in every place. And his name was Theophilus. And he became beloved and chosen of God in all things.

f. 206 b And while Luke the disciple was in this state, the army of the Emperor arrived at the city, and they laid hold of the saint, and went with him to Rome to the presence of the Emperor, he being chained. And Saint Luke was blessing the name of God in his soul. And the Emperor commanded that he should be imprisoned in the gaol till the morrow. And when the morrow came, he commanded him to be brought ; and he stood before him, being chained. And he never ceased from singing praises at all times and saying : " I thank thee, O my Lord Jesus the Christ ! that Thou hast made me meet for this honourable station." And when he reached the Emperor he said unto him : " Art thou Luke who hast made a sedition in all the cities of the Romans, and hast destroyed the worship of the gods by thy sorcery ? "

of. Matt.
v. 11, 12. Saint Luke replied to him and said : " Our Lord Jesus the Christ said in His Holy Gospel : ' When they persecute you, and every idle word is said about you for My name's sake, rejoice and exult, for your reward is great in heaven.' The works of my father Peter are good works, those which I have learnt from him. But as for sorcery ; I know it not ; and what I do know is the name of my Lord Jesus the Christ." The Emperor said unto all the people of his kingdom who were present, " Let not the name of Jesus be mentioned in my Council." And when he named the
f. 207 a name of Jesus the Christ, immediately all the images and the talismans which were in his council-chamber fell down which he believed to be gods.

And when the Emperor and all who were present with him saw the miracle which Saint Luke had wrought, they cried and said : " Put this man out of our country." And the Emperor straightway commanded that he should be set up for torture ; and that he should be beaten with whips until his blood flowed like water upon the ground ; and that his right arm should be cut off ; and he struck his arm with a blow and severed it.

And the Emperor said unto him : " This is the hand with which thou hast written the books wherewith thou hast led the Romans, the people of my kingdom, astray."

Saint Luke said unto him : " Think not that my God is weak ; I will show thee His power." And he prayed and said : " My Lord Jesus the Christ, for Whose sake we have renounced the world and have followed Thee, Thou art the Saviour of souls. Think not of what error goeth forth from me, whether I know it or know it not, for I am but flesh, and do not work this miracle for which I ask Thee because of me, who am a sinner ; but for Thy holy name and Thy supreme power : that the Gentiles may not say, ' Where is their God on whom they call ? ' Grant this favour unto Thy servant, that my arm may return whole as it was ; for Thine is the power for ever and ever. Amen."

And when the saint had finished his prayer, he stretched out his left hand, and took hold of his right hand which had been cut off, and fastened it in its place, and it became whole again as it had been, by the f. 207 b power of our Lord and our God, Jesus the Christ. And when the Emperor beheld this wonder, he and all who were present, they were confounded and said : " See the power of the art of this wizard ! "

The saint said unto him : " May God keep me from being a wizard ! But I would fain have thee know the power of my Lord Jesus the Christ. And I do not loathe the death of this world." And the saint turned and took hold of his right hand with his left hand, and made it to be again cut off. And when Anatolius the Vizier saw this wonder, he believed in the Lord Jesus the Christ, he and his wife and his household and all his servants ; and their number was two hundred and sixty-seven men. And the Emperor commanded that their names should be written down. And he passed the sentence upon them that their necks should be struck [off] in one day. And this happened on the eighteenth day of the month of Phaophi. And he commanded that the neck (head) of St Luke should be struck, and that it should be put into a hair sack filled with sand, and be thrown into the sea.

And when the Blessed One heard this sentence, they went forth with him to the seashore to take off his head. And he said unto the officer " I entreat you by the right of one over the other, that ye wait for me a little while, that I may pray to my God."

And thus did he make supplication and say : " My Lord Jesus the Christ ! Who hath created all things in His wisdom according to f. 208 a His will, the heaven, and the earth, and the sea, and all that moveth in

them, grant power unto Thy servant and give him pardon; and place my portion and fortune with my father Peter."

And when the saint had finished his prayer, one of the officers who was blind of one eye drew nigh unto him. And he approached the saint that he might take off his head. Then was his eye opened. And he knelt down on the ground and said unto the saint: "Forgive me, O good servant of God! for I have sinned against thee." And the swordsman drew his sword and struck off the head of Saint Luke, and separated it from his body, and [that of] the other officer whose eye had been opened. And they finished their testimony together. And they put the body of Saint Luke in a hair sack, and made it heavy, and flung it into the sea. And God made it possible, may His glory be exalted! that the waves should throw it on an island. And a man who believed in God found it and took it out, and wrapped it in a fine shroud. And the martyrdom of Saint Luke the Evangelist was finished on the eighteenth day of the first Teshrîn, in the time of the accursed Emperor Nero. To our Lord and our Saviour Jesus the Christ be dominion and power and praise and glorification and holiness and the everlasting eternal kingdom for ever and ever. Amen.

THE STORY OF JOHN, SON OF ZEBEDEE.

This is the story of John the son of Zebedee, a preacher of the Gospel and the beloved of our Lord the Christ, one of the Twelve Disciples. May his prayers protect us! Amen.

Cod. Sin.
Arab. 589.
f. 96 b

When the Holy Ghost rested upon the disciples on the day of Pentecost, they were filled with the Holy Ghost; and this was after the ascension of our Lord the Christ to heaven. And they spoke all languages, and they dispersed themselves into all countries, and proclaimed the truth of the Gospel, the faithfulness of the Christ, the Word of God, in order that the people might believe. Then, when Simon Cepha had begun his speech, they all said: "The Christ commanded us before His ascension into heaven and said: 'Go ye, all of you, and preach the Gospel to the people, and baptize them in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost. And whoso believeth, shall be saved; and whoso denieth, shall be damned.' And it is our duty to disperse ourselves amongst all the countries; and the worshippers of idols in which devils dwell shall hearken. And we shall tread down the Enemy, and all his powers with our feet."

of. Matt.
xxviii. 19.
Mark xvi.
16, 16.
f. 97 a

And when the Apostles had finished these words they separated one from the other. And when John the son of Zebedee, the Apostle, went forth from Jerusalem, the grace of the Lord accompanied him. And his lot had come out for the city of Ephesus. And he had a cross, and after three days he planted it in the ground before him. And John worshipped and prayed and said: "O my Lord and my God, Jesus the Christ! now Thy promise to us is fulfilled. Thou hast given to us according to Thy pleasure, and Thou hast delivered us from Sheol; for Thou art our refuge at all times when we remember Thy birth, which was from the Virgin; and Thy conduct among men; and Thy being lifted up on the cross; and Thy death; and Thine entrance into the grave; and Thy resurrection after three days; and Thy ascension to Thy Father in heaven. And now give us the victory over Satan the Enemy. And I am going to the countries which Thou hast prepared for us in Thy dear grace, that I may turn the people from their error, and that they may receive the Holy Ghost, Who proceedeth from Thy Father and dwelleth in us; and Who will destroy

f. 97 b the idols of error; and I will build Thee a temple to Thine honour in the city of images."

And when John the son of Zebedee had finished his prayer, the Lord answered him from heaven, saying: "I have loved thee, and I will not disappoint thee; and I will not leave thee in their hands. I am with you all until the end of the world. And fear not, O son of Zebedee! go and preach, and be not anxious about what thou shalt do or what thou shalt say."

And when the speech of the Lord was finished, John arose from his prayer, and journeyed, being gentle in soul. And John was clothed in the fashion of the people of Palestine; and he walked barefoot. And he journeyed on that road for forty-eight days; preaching the fame of the gospel of the Christ. And some of the people said that he was mad. And some said: "Leave him alone, for he is a foreigner, he hath come from a far country, and he knoweth not our mighty gods. And if he should come in beside us, and go out again he will love them and will sacrifice unto them." But some people of the city, which was named Asia, heard of him and believed in what he said; and two hundred souls of them were baptized in a night; and he taught them the way of truth. Then he went out of Asia to the country of idols; and his food was bread and beans with a little lentils; and this he bought for its price from city to city. And his drink was water. And when Saint John arrived at the city of
f. 98 a Ephesus—as we have found written in the house of Nero the Godless, and he lifted up his eyes and looked at it, and behold! a [smoke went up] from the city of Ephesus. And on that day there was a feast, and they were sacrificing to their idols and to their devils. And he was amazed at this, and he said: "What is this smoke which hath veiled the eye of the sun?" And while he was walking, he reached one of the gates of the city, and he lifted up his eyes and saw the image of Artemis standing over the gate, painted in colours, and on her lips gold and dyes, and over her a veil of gold brocade; and a candle burning before her. And when John the Pure saw her he left her. Then he wept over the people of the city. Then he went thence till he returned to four of the gates; and at all these he saw as at the first one. And while he was standing at the second gate, he saw an old woman standing before the idol and worshipping it. And John said unto her: "O thou woman! what is this image which thou art worshipping?" And she said unto him: "This image which thou seest is Artemis our god who came down from heaven, and she it is who nourisheth all the people." And John the Pure cursed her and said unto her: "Be quiet;

for as for thee, thy mind hath gone through the sacrifices to idols; but this is the daughter of Satan."

And when the old woman heard his words, she stooped down to the ground, and filled her hand with dust, and flung it in John's face. Then the f. 98 b saint withdrew a little space, and bowed down to the ground, and cried out to his Lord, and said: "O Lord! hearken unto my prayer, and make mine entrance into this city easy, that I may be in a certain place by Thy good pleasure." And he went in on the right side of the city gate and saw there a bath, and went towards it. And behold! a man was there, named Secundus, and John the Evangelist spoke to him in the language of that country, and said unto him: "O thou man! perhaps thou wilt hire me for the work of this thy bath." Secundus said unto him: "Yea, for how much wilt thou work with me every day?" John said unto him: "Give me what thou wilt." And he stipulated with him for a hundred obols a day. And he brought in wood and dung for the stokers of the bath, and he collected muck for them from every place.

And he remained with him for forty days, and took his wages day by day. And Secundus the owner of the bath said unto Saint John, "I would fain have thee tell me what thou doest with thy wages which thou art taking from me; for I see thee barefoot, naked. Leave it with me that there may be more; and thou mayest buy thee therewith what thou needest, what is fitting for thee, for thou art a foreigner."

And John said unto Secundus the native born: "Because my Lord hath said unto us: 'Do not possess gold, nor silver, nor brass, nor two coats.' f. 99 a And I cannot oppose His command, lest He be wroth with me."

Secundus said unto him: "And who is this thy master? What is his name? tell it me, for he will not fail to come and attack me. Or perchance he is a harsh man; and will force me to do something that will be hard on me. This will be a fault on my part, that I should have a slave without the consent of his master."

And John said unto him: "Fear not, O son of freemen! that my master will be wroth with me."

And Secundus said unto him: "And why didst thou not tell me from the first, as thou didst work with me, that thou art a slave?"

John said unto him: "Because this my Master is in heaven, and He accomplisheth [all that He willeth] in heaven, and in earth, and in the seas. He is the Creator of what is seen and what is not seen. And He it is Who sent the prophets to preach to His creatures. And some of them were slain, and some of them were stoned. And in the last times—I mean at

this time—He sent His beloved, only Son, Who had been with Him from everlasting. And He entered by the ear of the pure Virgin ; and dwelt in her for nine months ; and He is the fulness of heaven and of earth. And after nine months He was born of Mary the daughter of David, [He,] the Word which became flesh. And He did not destroy her virginity ; and He was seen among men, the Word of God, like a humble man, except without sin. And when thirty years were fulfilled, He took to Himself chosen disciples ; and they followed Him when He was wandering in the desert

f. 99b with them ; for He turned the water into wine in Cana, one of the cities of Galilee ; and from five loaves He satisfied five thousand men, besides women and children. And there was something over from them, and it fell. And He opened the eyes of the blind : and healed the dumb and the speechless. And He brought to life the daughter of Jairus, ruler of the synagogue, after her death ; and she is till now alive with her father ; and if thou dost wish to see her, go beside them. And He brought to life the son of the widow in the city of Nain, when they were going to bury him. And He raised Lazarus after he had stayed in the grave four days. And I have more of these things, if thou dost wish to hear and to trust, O Secundus ! But as for the nation of the Jews, they rejected Him, and delivered Him up to Pilate the Pontius, and stripped off His clothes, and put a crown of thorns on His head. And when they had crucified Him, the sun was darkened, and its light was extinguished from the third hour till the ninth hour. And the veil of the temple was rent, and the rocks which were upon the mouths of the sepulchres were shaken, and a number of the dead came forth from them, proclaiming with their voices, saying : ‘ This is the Light of the Creator.’ And they went and bore witness to Him while He was upon the Cross. And a man took Him, whose name was Joseph, and swathed Him in raiment of linen, and put him in the grave. And He rose

f. 100a after three days, and we saw Him, and talked with Him, and ate bread with Him. And we felt Him with our hands¹ ; and we believed in Him, that it was He Who was with us, the Word which became flesh. And He ascended to heaven, and sat on the right hand of the Father ; and He gave Him authority to give good things unto those who trust Him. And He said unto us : ‘ Go ye and baptize the people, in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost. And he who is baptized and believeth shall live, and he who is not baptized and believeth [not] shall be condemned.’ And I beseech thee now, O Secundus ! by my knowledge of thee, and by thy freedom, for I have seen thee and proved thee in these days ; and have found

of. Mark
xvi. 15, 16.

¹ Cf. John xx. 27.

thee according to what is necessary ; for thou lovest the strangers and the poor. Hearken unto my speech, and count it not falsehood. And if thou desirest, go with us to the land of Galilee, that I may shew thee him who was dead, really alive ; and blind men [who] really see ; and lepers [who] are really cleansed ; and if thou hast believed in Him, and hast not seen Him, thou art greater than he who hath seen Him and communed with Him."

But Secundus, the owner of the bath, was sitting looking at him, confounded at the words which he had heard from him. And he said unto him : "How wonderful is what thou hast seen in Him ! If this man be not as thou sayest, and hath not descended from heaven and hath not been born of a virgin woman, we must needs call Him a God because of these His deeds ; for He raised the dead, and made the water wine. And in truth He is f. 100 b God in opposition to this Artemis, who did not cure my son. And for more than sixty years I have made offerings to her, and my son is blind, and seeth not yet. And I wish thee to keep this secret, until thy Lord shall desire to shew it. For thou art a foreigner, and I fear that if any one hear of thee that thou dost not worship Artemis, they will burn thee with fire. But nevertheless henceforth I believe, and I trust firmly in thy Lord. And I desire from thee, that this bath should suffice for thee and for me ; and that thou shouldest take care of the revenue, and superintend the expenditure."

John said unto him : "It is not meet for me to eat anything, if I do not work." And he reckoned with him every morning ; and he and his household wondered how the revenue of the bath increased since John had directed it. And Secundus came to John, and listened to him. Then he baptized him and his household, and prayed ; and God healed his blind son. And he abode with him for twenty-five days. And in the first hour of that day the son of the lord of the city sent to him, that he should make the bath ready for him. And his name was Menelaus ; and the name of his father Tyrannus. And this was troublesome to John. Then he did what he was commanded to do, and prepared the bath for him. And Menelaus came and went into the bath ; and brought with him a fallen woman ; and he took her into the bath-house and prostituted her in it. And when John knew that they had come out of the bath, he said unto the young man : "See that thou come not hither [again] because thou f. 101 a hast degraded thy person which was created in the likeness of God, and hast taken a fallen woman in with thee....."

Then the young man drew nigh unto him, and lifted his hand, and struck John. And John said unto him : "Verily I say unto thee : If thou return another time to the bath thou shalt not go out hence." And after

two days had passed, he sent two of his slaves, saying, "Prepare the bath for the son of the lord of the city. And he prepared the bath. And an hour later that young man came, and with him the same fallen woman. And John was beside the stokers. And when he returned, they said unto him: "Behold! the son of the lord of the city hath gone into the bath, and that woman with him." And when John the Pure heard that the fallen woman was with him, he wept, and this grieved him. And he sat down until they both came out with their clothes on. And when he saw the young man, he said unto him: "I say unto thee, may Jesus the Christ smite thee! He whom the Jews crucified, and He died and rose on the third day, and He is the Word of God; and He ascended to heaven, and sat down on the right hand of the Father. He is able to slay thee on the spot." And straightway at the word of John, the angel of the Lord smote him, and he died in the very place. And John sat beside him, the young man being thrown
f. 101 b down in the place opposite to him. And when the people saw his face, they knew him, and some of them went to his father, and told him about the death of his son at the door of the bath-house. And Tyrannus sprang up in haste, and rent his garments, and sprinkled dust on his head, and went running to the bath-house, all who knew the story accompanying him. And when he saw his son dead, and John sitting, they attacked him; and they put a chain on his neck, and bound his hands and feet fast with cords. And Tyrannus commanded that his clothes should be stripped off, that he might see him naked. And when they had taken away the ragged coat and the rough hose, and the worn mantle in which he was wrapped, they came on a cross on his neck. And Tyrannus commanded them to take the cross from him. And when they drew nigh to him to take it from him, fire came out from the four limbs of that cross, and burnt their hands. And the multitude cried out with a loud voice, saying: "This man is a wizard, take care of him till we ask his friends about him." And the magistrate commanded them to drag him by his feet to the interior of the prison; and that the dead man should be buried. But as for the magistrate, he threw himself on the face of his son. And John had said unto them: "That youth is not dead; and if he were dead, I would raise him up." And while they were dragging him, Secundus the owner of the bath-house being opposite to him, weeping, for he imagined that John would
f. 102 a be killed—and Tyrannus thought that he was weeping because of his son—John said unto Secundus: "Do not grieve nor be terrified, for the Holy Ghost is pleased to make known his cause."

And the saint said unto the father of that young man: "Command the people to be silent." And he did it. Then John cried out in a loud voice,

and said: "I say unto thee, O Menelaus, the young man! In the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ, Whom the Jews crucified in Jerusalem; and He died, and was buried, and He rose on the third day; and He ascended into heaven and sat on the right hand of the Father, I say unto thee, Rise up from thy place." And at the word of John, Menelaus the young man arose and did obeisance at the feet of John. And when he saw him with a chain on his neck, and his hands tied behind his back with cords, the youth sprang towards him, and embraced him. And he loosed him and quieted the people, and began to relate from the beginning, and the affair of the harlot, and his taking her into the bath-house, and how John prevented them from doing it; and they did not obey him: and the people said: "And what did he do unto thee to make thee die?" And he said unto them: "John, this man, spake thus unto me: 'May Jesus the Christ smite thee! He Whom the Jews crucified in Jerusalem; and He died and was buried; and He rose in three days; and He ascended into Heaven, and sat on the right hand of the Father.' And straightway the angel smote me, and took my soul, and I saw what I cannot describe with a tongue, f. 102 b unless Saint John allows me." Then they besought John that he would command him to speak. And John said unto him: "Speak." And he said: "I saw angels without number, and they had wings; they covered their faces with some of their wings, that they might not see the Creator. And with some they covered their feet; and with some they flew and said: 'Holy, Holy, Holy' is the mighty Lord, with Whose praise heaven and earth is full. And I saw twelve men in one place; and in another place seventy men, and they were gazing up into heaven. And I saw the right hand of a man coming out from among the angels like unto fire, [and] commanding them to go out and baptize the people in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost, and whoso believeth shall live for ever. And whilst I was above, I trembled with fear, [and] I said unto those seventy apostles, 'Who is that?' And they said unto me: 'That is the Son of God, Whom the Jews crucified in Jerusalem, and all that thou hast seen—He is its king; for He is the Power and Wisdom of God. And He it was Who sent Him into the world, that He might draw men unto His Father.' And I saw twelve disciples; and I saw this John with them, and he was clothed in shining glorious raiment, and he stood among f. 103 a the foremost of them, clinging to an old man. And the twelve were looking at him lovingly. And his eyes were gazing up to heaven, and he was weeping. And the old man drew nigh to him and said unto him: 'Why weepest thou, O my son?' And he returned him an answer,

saying, 'Because of the.....of the city of Ephesus.' And I asked what was the name of the old man. And they said unto me: 'This is Simon Cephas.' And I saw also fingers which made a sign to him with a voice saying unto him: 'All which thou hast asked of Me I have accepted it from thee; and I have answered thee about it.' And while I was terrified I knew that it was he whom I had wished to slay, because he had reproved me for fornication. Then I heard his voice; and I came down to him; and lo! I am standing beside you; and I entreat him to bring me near to the truth. And ye are they who have seen this wonder. And do ye return from your error and put away the idols from you; and come that we may be his disciples, and our souls may be saved; and we will trust and believe in the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost henceforth and always and for ever and ever. Amen."

f. 103 b And all the citizens believed except the money-changers and the scribes of Artemis. And they said: "This man is of the race of Artemis our mistress." But John was crying out, saying: "I am a man like you, a mortal; but my Master, Jesus the Christ, is the Son of God; Who came down and dwelt in the virgin for nine months; and she gave Him birth, and He did not destroy her virginity; and He went about in this world like a man, yet without sin; and He was like God His Father. And the Jews crucified Him upon the tree; and He died and was buried, and rose again on the third day. And He ascended into heaven and sat on the right Hand of the Father. And He it is Who hath chosen me."

And when the Governor heard these words, he fell prone on his face with the rulers of the city. And they besought him that he would baptize them. And they said unto him: "All thy words are true." And there were people with Artemis their goddess; and they said: "But is this more worthy to be worshipped than Jesus the Crucified?" And on that day 36,706 souls of them believed in the Lord.

But the priests of Artemis and those who were with them set candles before Artemis and worshipped her. And the Governor thought of sending people to them to kill them. And John said unto them: "Do not kill them; the Christ may make them turn towards the truth, even after a long time." And at nightfall the unbelievers resolved that they would burn the city with fire, and say, "Artemis is angry and hath burnt the city."

f. 104 a And John said unto the believers: "Go about in the city, and whomsoever ye meet of the people, say unto them: 'There are two places for prayer in the city, one to the devils in the house of Artemis; and the other

to Jesus the Christ; whithersoever ye wish to go, go.'” And John commanded them to give [him] a place of baptism, and that it should be twelve cubits broad by twelve [long], and its depth two cubits and a half. And he commanded; and they filled it with scented oil.

And John, the noble man, worshipped upon the ground, and looked towards heaven and said: “Holy be the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost, for ever and ever. Amen.” And all the people said: “Amen.” And then he made the sign of the cross over the oil, and cried out with a loud voice: “Praise be unto the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost. Amen.” And on the spot the oil boiled up and blazed like fire, but was not burnt. And two angels stretched out their wings above the fire, crying out: “Holy, Holy, Holy is the mighty Lord.” And when the people saw this wonder, they feared, and worshipped towards the east. And when the oil was consecrated, he approached the water, and said: “In the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost, to all eternity.” And the people said: “Amen.” And the angels came and stood above the water, and said: “Holy, Holy, Holy is the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost.” And John said unto the people: “Arise by permission of God.” And they arose, and lifted up their hands towards heaven, and said: “We believe and we confess the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost.” And the Governor drew near and stripped off his clothes, and John signed him with the oil. Then he went down into the water, and the Apostle laid his hand upon his head and said: “In the name of the Father.” And they said: “Amen.” And he said the second time: “In the name of the Son.” And they said: “Amen.” And he said: “In the name of the Holy Ghost.” And they said: “Amen.” And he baptized them: and the number of those whom he baptized on that day was thirty-nine thousand and five souls. f. 104 b

And after some days John the Pure determined to go forth from amongst them; and the Governor besought him to remain with them, and not to forsake them. And he said unto him: “O my brethren! I desire that ye would shew me the place of those erring ones.” And they went to the temple of Artemis; and thought of slaying her priests. But John dissuaded them from this; and said unto them: “Make me here a hut.” And they determined to build him a grand edifice. And he forbade them. And the priests of Artemis said one to the other: “Come, let us offer a sacrifice to Artemis; that we may know what hath made her angry with us; and how she hath allowed the city to become two factions.” And they did this. They drew near to Artemis and heard a rumbling noise from within her, and

a whispered speaking. And the devils said unto them: "This little hut will destroy the great house of Artemis. And do not resist much, because he who is in the hut, if he should call on his Lord, we fear that He will destroy us and drown us, as He drowned our companions when they were in
f. 105 a the swine. We desire that we should not be conquered. And if He conquer us, his Lord hath conquered our master before us." And the priests said: "And who is the master of this man?" And they said: "He is the Son of God, Who came down from Heaven, and was made flesh; and our master thought concerning Him that He was a man; and knew not that He was God, and that He would rise after death and would ascend to heaven. And He is still wroth with us."

And when the priests heard these words from the devils of Artemis, they were terrified and amazed. And the people said unto them: "Whence is your perplexity? Tell us what Artemis our mistress said. The priests answered, saying: "Artemis said that this hut would uproot this temple; and she commanded us to fear the man who is in the hut."

And the multitude said: "Artemis is to be rejected, she in whom there is no good. If she hath no force, no power, no strength 'against' this man, who is but a slave and a servant, how much more will his master be stronger and more mighty!" And they smote upon their faces and their breasts and said: "Woe unto us! and to our negligence, and to our destruction, and the loss of our souls!"

And the priests said unto them: "Do what ye wish; but as for us, we will serve Him who can make alive or dead."

Then they went off to John the Pure; and besought him, and did obeisance, that he might seek forgiveness for them, and might baptize them.

And the crowd tied cords round Artemis, and dragged her through the
f. 105 b city, and said unto her: "O our Lady! rise now and save thyself from those who are dragging thee. By my life! thou didst not come down from heaven; and thou hast no honour! But rather the artizans made thee and the devils created thee." Then they broke her to pieces, and went to the holy John—and the Governor was with them—and they besought him that he would seek forgiveness for them and baptize them. And when the unclean Philip heard of the deed of the people of Ephesus, he sent to John and brought him out into the desert; and he sent to the lord of the city and imprisoned him, and took everything which belonged to him, and made promises to the citizens with all wickedness.

And when three days were past, at midnight, when Caesar was asleep, lo!

there appeared unto him a man who came unto him clothed in white, shining with light. And he said unto him: "Open thine eyes." Then the angel lifted up a sword which he had; and pointed it at his body, and said unto him: "Send back the man whom thou hast made to go out of the city to his place. And if thou do it not, I will smite thee in thy heart with this sword." And straightway his tongue became dumb, and continued howling like a dog. And he commanded them to bring him parchment, and he wrote to the people of his house, and they came in unto him. And he wrote to them, saying: "If ye are able, let not John sleep until ye shall have brought him to Ephesus, along with every one of the Ephesians who hath been imprisoned with him for his sake, and on his account."

And they went unto John; and they met with him standing and praying towards the east. And they said unto him: "The Emperor hath f. 106 a commanded us to bring thee unto Ephesus." And he went with them until he arrived. Then the Holy Ghost commanded Matthew to write the Gospel; then Mark followed in his footsteps; and after him Luke. And Peter and Paul came to John in Ephesus; and gave him [the salutation of] peace. And he rejoiced in them with a great joy. And they said unto him: "Matthew, and Mark, and Luke have written Gospels; and thou must needs write one too. And the day when Peter and Paul came into Ephesus was a Monday. And they abode with him five days; and they besought him to write the Gospel. And John said unto them: "Let the will of God be done." And when it was the night of the First Day, at the time when our Lord Jesus the Christ rose from the grave, John was left alone, and he sat down and wrote the Gospel. Then he came out and delivered it to Peter and to Paul.

And when the sun had risen, they went out with it to the temple of prayer; and read it before the people of the town. Then they prayed and made the offering, and remained with John for thirty days. And after these things they went forth to Jerusalem to James; and returned to Antioch.

And John the Pure sat in that hut winter and summer, until a hundred and twenty years had gone over him. Then his Lord hid him in that place as He hid Moses in the mountain of Moâb. And whoso trusteth and believeth in the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, and in the f. 106 b miracles which the Apostles, the disciples of our Lord the Christ, did, shall receive pardon from God, and prayer from good men; and shall inherit the kingdom of our Lord Jesus the Christ, to whom be praise and glory for ever and ever.

THE DEATH OF THE APOSTLE JOHN.

This is the story of the Repose of John the Apostle, the Author of the Gospel. And his death took place on the twenty-sixth day of Ail  l¹.

The blessed John was sitting with the brethren the disciples, on the Sabbath-day, rejoicing in the Lord. And when they rose on the morning of the First Day, they assembled, [and] he said unto them : "O my brethren, servants of my Lord the Christ to whom good fortune hath come with me in the kingdom of heaven. Ye have known how much the Lord hath given me of power and of wonders and of gifts of healing, and learning, and doctrine, and excellent service. And be ye strong; and if they deny the signs which have been done before you; know ye the guidance and the secret which the Lord hath made for the sake of the life of man. And the Lord seeketh that from you. And beware lest ye grieve Him, and do not make our God angry, the Merciful, the Holy, the Pure from all stain; the Near to every prodigal, the Everlasting; the God of truth, in Whom is no falsehood; Who receiveth no reward. And He is more exalted than all mankind, Jesus the Christ the Son of God; He rejoiceth in all the good that ye do. And walk ye in purity, and chastity, and ye must needs partake with Him in
f. 107 a sufferings. For He rejoiceth in us when we are humble, and delighteth in us when we walk in His ways. And these are my words to you in this hour, O my brethren! for I am going to my Lord; and I shall pay the debt which our father Adam hath bequeathed to us. Why should we multiply [words] to you? Ye have the grace of our Lord and the earnest of His mercy. Ye have joy in His presence; [a joy] that is from Him[self] for ever. And He will forgive you what is past of your ignorance. And if ye return to your first works, after that ye have known Him, He will not forgive you your debts that are past."

And when he had spoken these words, he prayed and said: "This crown is the work of Thy hands, O Jesus the Christ! Thou art He Who hast presented to Thyself this fragrant flower whose scent will perish. Thou art the beauty Who hast sown the fruit of these words. Thou art the Compassionate One, the Maker of good things. Thou art He who dost not appear too exalted for the sinner. Thou art the Lover

¹ i.e. September.

of mankind. Thou art He Who shalt deliver the just. Thou art the Everlasting before the ages. Thou art the Encompasser of all; and King of all; Jesus the Christ, the Son of God. Cover, O Lord! in Thy mercy, those who lean upon Thee. Thou knowest the wickedness of our Enemy and his iniquity. Help Thy servants, O Lord! with Thy mercy. For with what praise, or with what offering, shall men approach to Thine adoration, O Jesus the Christ, with Thy Father and Thy Holy Spirit? to the glory of Thy name, O Lord! Who wast sent from the Father. We praise Thy name, O Lord, that thou wast called the Son. We praise Thee in f. 107 b the path of life. We praise Thy name, because of the resurrection which Thou hast shewn to us by Thy resurrection. We praise Thy ways; we praise the seed of Thy word; we praise Thee with our trust. Thou art the Treasure of life. Thou art the Plough and the Net wherein Thou hast caught us. We praise Thy greatness. Thou art the Garland which for our sakes hath been called the Son of Man. Thou art He Who hast given us light, and joy, and freedom and love. Thou art He who didst inspire us to flee unto Thee from being rebels. Thou art our Lord, and the Spring of the life which dieth not; the Fountain which faileth not; the Foundation of all creation. Thou art the God Who hast made all things for the sake of man. We call unto Thee, for we know that Thy coming, which is unseen in this world, is only to the pure, those to whom Thy Godhead is manifest, notwithstanding Thy body. Look, O Lord! upon those who believe in Thee; and bless this offering, and us for its sake. For Thine be the praise with the Father and the Holy Ghost. Amen."

And he prayed for us all together; that we might be meet for the Lord's mercy, and worthy of the holy offering. And after these things he drew nigh and said: "Give me good fortune and a share in it, O Lord! May the peace of the Lord be with you, O my beloved ones!" And he said unto Byrrhus: "Take another person with thee, and a basket, and an axe, and follow me." And Byrrhus did as the Lord's servant, John, had said unto him. And he went out and continued till he had reached the grave of a man belonging to our brethren. And he said unto the brethren: "Dig, O my children." And they dug, as he had f. 108 a commanded them. And he said unto them: "Make the hole deep." And they dug while he spake to them the word of the Lord, and exhorted them, and strengthened them in the commandments of the Lord. And when they had finished digging, he took the garments which were upon him, and threw them into the grave, and lifted up his hands to heaven, and began to pray and to say: "Thou, O Lord! Who didst choose us to be

Apostles from Thyself to believers; and didst send us into the world: Thou art He who alone didst manifest Thyself in the Law and the Prophets. I beseech Thee that thou wouldest guide Thy servants the believers in Thy mercy. Thou art He who didst become incarnate, because Thou didst love perishing souls. And those who were brutes, by Thy coming and Thy miracles Thou didst make them chaste lambs. And Thou didst save sinners, and didst rescue them whom the devil had overcome: and Thou didst write a law for them when they took refuge with Thee. Thou art He who didst give them Thy hand, and didst raise them up and deliver them from Gehenna and its works. Thou art He Who didst make them to know Thee with certainty; our Lord and our God Jesus the Christ! the God and the Law of those who believe in Thee. Receive now the soul of Thy servant John, whom Thou didst make an evangelist. And didst keep me¹ from human defilement, and didst appear unto me when I wished to marry in my youth. And didst say unto me, 'I want thee, O John!' And when I sinned, Thou didst wear me out
 f. 108 b with sickness; and didst prevent me three times. And in the third hour of the day Thou didst appear to me on the sea, and didst say, 'O John, if I had not taken Thee to Me, I would have allowed thee to marry.' Thou, O Lord! art He Who didst make me blind for two years, and didst make me call on Thee weeping. And in the third year Thou didst open my eyes and my heart, and I obtained my outward sight, and Thou didst put a veil over my eyes after Thou hadst healed my heart from beholding the face of a woman. Thou art He Who hast kept my love to Thyself in purity. Thou art He Who hast made my paths unto Thyself easy, and hast inspired me with faith in Thyself without any distraction, by the certainty of [my] knowledge of Thee. Thou art He Who wilt recompense every one according to his work. Thou art He Who didst make my soul value Thee more than all. And in this hour, O my Lord Jesus the Christ! I have finished the service with which Thou hast entrusted me. Make me meet for Thy kingdom and for everlasting life. Put far away from me the fire and the outer darkness; and quench the fire of hell. Make good angels follow me; that they may keep away the spirits of the devils from me, and confound all their powers; and destroy all who hearken unto them. And make the way unto Thyself easy for me; without stain and without sin. And reward me with what Thou hast promised to those who love Thee; those who live in purity and make supplication unto Thee."

¹ MS. "him."

Then he made the sign [of the cross] on his body, and said : "Thou art with me, O Lord Jesus the Christ! for ever." And he went down into the grave, and laid himself in it; and said : "The mercy of our Lord be with you, O my brethren! for ever, Amen." And he yielded up his spirit on f. 109 a the spot in peace. And the brethren departed. And when it was the morrow, the brethren came unto him. And they found him not in the grave. And [when] they arrived at this ground, it sent forth a sweet scent. Then they remembered the word of the Lord which He said unto Peter about him: "If I will that this man tarry until I come, what is that to thee?" And they returned in strong faith, and praised God for the miracle which had happened; and they glorified Him; and sang Hallelujah to Him for ever and ever. Amen.

John xxi.
22

In the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost, One God.

This day, O my brethren! and my beloved, is the day of the spiritual feast. In it John the fisherman, the beloved of our Lord Jesus the Christ, the Saviour, hath assembled us from all places and countries to this blessed feast. This is the disciple whom our Lord loveth. John, who threw the net and caught the Gospel; he threw the rod and caught the word of God. John, who was not like the sailors; and was the wisest of the wise. For whose sake ye are assembled to-day to listen to this encomium. He was a preacher about God; speaking about divine things in the knowledge of our Lord Jesus the Christ, whilst he bequeathed [it] to us from the pulpit of a father.

But who can venture to narrate the virtues of this saint? For if ye hearken to my words, [words] of a poor creature, I will teach you the truth with certainty. For I went from this land and I saw with my eyes, and f. 109 b I heard with my ears from the fathers, as saith the holy Gospel: "What we 1 John 1. 3 have heard and seen, declare we unto you." I desire to inform you, O my beloved! concerning the death of this Apostle John; if it be rightly termed death.

The saint told his disciples to dig a grave for him. And while they were digging, he prayed for them, and stretched out his body in the grave; and yielded up his spirit to his Creator. And on the morrow his disciples went to the grave, and found nothing in it. And the Pure One was lifted up to his Beloved, the Christ, like Moses. For God said unto Moses, "Go up to the mountain, for there thou shalt die." And after his death the children of Israel sought for his body; and they found it not.

cf. Dent.
xxxii. 49,
50

And the disciples of Saint John built a fine church over his grave. And after a little while, Constantine the blessed Emperor, in whom was the fear of God, desired to take a portion of the bones of the saint to the city which he had built. And he sent people, and commanded them to dig up the place where he had been buried, and to take something of his bones for him. And when the messengers came to the grave, they dug, and remained for many days, seeking, and found nothing.

And the saint of God, John, appeared unto the king and said unto him: "Be not unhappy, O lover of God! about the quest for me in the ground, because of thy love and thy good disposition. For I am with my Lord the Christ, Who hath given thee the kingdom. He
 f. 110 a it is Who hath taken up my body to Himself; and hath received it. I have beheld the force of the Lord's words which He said unto
 John xxi. Peter: 'If I will that he tarry until I come, what is that to thee?'"
 22 And until this our day there is in that place a light more abundant and brighter than the stars in heaven. And it springeth from the grave of the saint, a pool which healeth all sicknesses and all evil spirits. And as the water of the sea never faileth, in like manner neither doth this pool. And if a man should desire to narrate the wonders and the signs which have been made manifest in that place upon all the palsied and the sick, he could not do it. And the Apostle left this after his death; if it can be called death. And the Prophet David the Just
 Ps. cxvi. hath said: "Great and precious with the Lord is the death of the righteous."
 16 And now who is able to relate his wonders in their order? But let me tell you one of the miracles which he did; that so from it you may know his goodness. There was a temple in Ephesus to Artemis close to the city. And the votaries of the images honoured it with the greatest of honour, more than to all their idols. And the people were wont to go to it from every place because of that feast, [in number] like sand. And when the blessed John saw the multitude of people he went in amongst them in their procession and looked at them. And he sought him out a high place, and climbed up and stood upon it. And he cried out with
 f. 110 b his voice, saying: "O men of Ephesus! why do ye go astray and think that Artemis is a god? Why do ye provoke God against you, and worship idols which repel nothing from themselves? And now hear my voice. Choose ye one of two courses. Either pray ye to your image; and beseech it, and let it kill me alone; or else I will pray to my God, and He will kill you all together."

And they were terrified at this word, with a great terror; and they fell

prone upon their faces, trembling; because most of the people knew his confidence in his God, and the power of his word from the miracles which he had done. And they thanked him and said unto him: "O John, O good servant of God! have mercy upon our souls, and destroy us not." And when Saint John saw their repentance and their turning unto God, Who desireth not the death of a sinner, but rather that he should return unto Him and repent, he commanded them to go to a distance from the temple. And he lifted up his hands to heaven, and prayed for them; and ceased not to hold up his hands to heaven. And the temple fell down until there remained not one stone upon the other; like as Moses lifted up his hands to heaven, and was victorious over the Amalekites, so did this Apostle until he had destroyed their impure god, who was unable to suffice [in] anything for himself. And when they saw the miracle which the saint had done, they all cried together and said: "Great is the God of John, Who hath done a wonder like this, for the profit of souls." And rebellion departed from the city from that day forth until now. And they established a new festival to God on that day until this our day. And who is able to relate or to report what took place on that day, the miracles which God wrought by the hands of Saint John?

of. Exod.
xvii. 11

f. 111 a

And when the temple of Artemis fell down, the brother of the priest who had served the temple was killed. And his brother took him up with firm faith, and brought him to Saint John. And they were crying out all together, saying: "O servant of God! thou hast freed us from error. And thou art he who hast made us lift up our eyes unto heaven. And thou art he who hast guided us and delivered us from rebellion, and henceforth we shall never again worship stones. Thou art he who didst bring this vast multitude nigh unto God, and didst save their souls from an evil death." And the priest wept and said unto him: "All these people are going away to their homes rejoicing; and I am left alone to mourn; but I would like to go and rejoice like them in thy God." And when Saint John saw the beauty of his faith and his love, he prayed for him in that place, and the dead man lived.

Behold and wonder! What God is like unto our God, Who accepteth the repentance of sinners? and bringeth the dead to life by the prayer of His Apostle; as He accepted the prayer of the robber on the cross, and made him to dwell in Paradise. Thus John also, this renowned man, he who saw the mighty Father, and the Son, and the Holy Spirit, preached to the people about Him, and they turned from error. This¹ is also

f. 111 b

¹ MS. "Thus."

Saint John, the preacher, who received heavenly grace ; and purified and sanctified the creatures. Thus John the renowned, who was a mediator for the grace of the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost, the mighty

John 1. 1 Lord, received also the spiritual Mysteries. He it was who said : " In the beginning was the Word ; and the Word was with God ; and God was the Word." This was John who spake a word greater than the word of

Gen. 1. 1 Moses the Prophet. Moses preached to the people and said : " God created

John 1. 1 the heaven and the earth." But John the Evangelist said : " In the beginning was the Word ; and the Word was with God ; and God was the Word." To Whom be glory and honour and majesty for ever and ever. Amen.

THE STORY OF PETER AND PAUL.

In the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, One God. f. 1 a
This is the story of Peter and Paul, two disciples of our Lord Jesus the
Christ, for the commemoration of worship and praise.

When the two disciples had entered the city of Rome, and when Paul had believed in our Lord Jesus the Christ, and the miracle which they had done for the daughter of the Emperor, amongst many miracles, may her prayer be with us! Amen.

Saint Paul had opposed the holy church of God, and had persecuted the Nazarenes until the Lord the Christ appeared unto him, when he was journeying to the city of Damascus, that he might destroy the community of the Nazarenes who believed in the Christ.

And he believed, and was baptized by Hanania the Apostle. And the f. 1 b
 Lord said unto Paul: "Go to the city of Rome; and I will send Peter with thee; and he shall tell thee how thou shouldest fight the Devil."

Then the Lord commanded the Archangel Gabriel to go with the Apostles upon a shining cloud. And the Apostles came to our Lord, and worshipped Him. And the Lord said unto them: "Peace be upon you, O my brethren!" Then all the Apostles rejoiced [when they saw Paul] with our Lord. For at first he had opposed [the truth]. And the Lord said unto Peter: "Go with thy brother, and shew him how he should fight the Devil in Rome."

And Peter said unto the Lord: "Whither dost thou wish me to go?" f. 2 a

The Lord said: "Whither the clouds go with you, there fight ye the foe. And be not terrified; but be strong, for I will put him beneath your feet. Go in My name, and doubt not, and I am with you until the end."

Then the Lord commanded a cloud; and it carried the Apostles in the air; and let them down in the midst of the palace of the Emperor in the city of Rome before Bar'amûs, the infidel heathen Emperor. And he was sitting upon the seat of his throne; and the chamberlains were standing round him, on his right hand and on his left. And when the Emperor saw the Apostles coming down from the clouds, he was terrified, and his colour changed. And the chamberlains hastened to beat the Apostles. And the Emperor cried and said: "Lift off your hands from these men; and do not beat them; for the similitude of an angel doth appear in them."

Then he said unto the Apostles: "How were ye so stupid as to come
 f. 2 b in here without my command? And if my only daughter had done this,
 I would have taken her head off with the sword. And if I had not seen
 the likeness of angels in you, I would have promptly destroyed you.
 But tell me your tale, and whence ye have come, and whose friends
 ye are."

And Peter said unto Paul: "O my brother! wilt thou speak first, or
 shall I speak?"

And Paul said: "Speak, O my brother! for thou art he whom He
 hath made head over the congregation."

And Peter signed himself with the sign of the cross; and he answered
 the Emperor and said unto him: "I am from the city of Saida of
 Galilee; and this is my brother Paul from Tarsus. And our coming is from
 the land of life. And we are slaves of the Christ the Lord God, King of
 kings, Who hath made heaven and earth and the seas, and whatsoever
 f. 3 a moveth therein. He formed men in His own image and likeness; He
 Who was born of Mary the pure and chaste Virgin; Who made the water
 wine; and satisfied many people in the wilderness with five loaves;
 [He] Who healed the lepers, and cured the sick, and opened the eyes
 of the blind, and made the deaf to hear, and the dumb to speak, and cast
 out devils, and made the crooked straight, and the dead live. And
 the nation of the Jews hated Him and delivered Him to an earthly
 sentence of death. And He went up on the cross. And he suffered that
 for our sakes, and because of our sins. And he was lifted up on the wood
 of the cross: and the sun was darkened at His pain; and the creatures
 were perplexed; and He descended to hell; and death was terrified
 at Him; and hid itself because of Him. And the dead arose from the
 f. 3 b graves. And they returned the greetings of the people. And He arose
 on the third day, and appeared to His Apostles; and told them the divine
 secrets; and sent them to preach about His kingdom. And He must needs
 come at last, in great power and glory with His pure angels. The heavens
 shall be changed by His word and shall be folded up like a scroll by His
 command. And the trumpet shall sound in the height; and every one
 shall rise from his place, and all flesh shall spring up from its dust. And
 He shall sit on His throne to judge the quick and the dead. Then the sons
 of Adam shall rise from their graves, naked before him, without covering.
 And He shall separate the good from the bad, and every one shall [receive ?]
 at that time what he hath gathered. And He shall be perfected in His
 servants the righteous. And He shall judge the sinners, and reveal their

secrets. And in the power of this God we have come hither this day to f. 4 a
chase away the Devil. And Paganism shall cease from the city of Rome."

And the Emperor answered and said unto the Apostles: "If your speech be true, ye have spoken much; but I wish to prove that, and to know it and to understand the power of your God. Behold! I have an only daughter, and a bird from heaven hath come down upon her, and hath plucked out her right eye. And I brought the doctors, and the wise men, and the philosophers in my dominions, that they might cure her; and they could do nothing for it. And I sent unto the rest of the kings; and I spent much money to find a man who could restore her eye; and I did not succeed: and I desire to bring her before you; and I shall see if your God, of Whom ye have spoken, will heal her."

Then Peter was inspired by the Holy Ghost, and he said unto the Emperor: "Bring thy daughter, and thou shalt see the power of the Lord, which is never destroyed. And come now with thy daughter Lûhith." f. 4 b

The Emperor answered and said unto Peter: "Lo! I see that thou knowest the name of my daughter."

And Peter laughed and said unto the Emperor: "Yea, and Dôrôtheus the father of thy father. And if thou wilt believe in the Christ, thou shalt see greater things than these."

Then the Emperor was astonished; and said unto the Apostles: "Truly God dwelleth within you, when ye know the names of people, ye being foreigners. And ye know the name of my daughter Lûhith, and the name of my grandfather."

Then the Emperor commanded his daughter to be brought; and she came and her mother with her. And when the Apostles saw the girl, they were grieved at what Satan had done to her. And Peter said unto the Emperor: "I would fain have thee tell us how thou hast sinned; and in f. 5 a
what way the bird plucked out the eye of thy daughter."

And the Emperor said unto Peter: "How many doctors and wise men have stood before me! and this is a thing about which they have never asked me. And I have not heard it from them. And unless ye know certainly that ye will cure her, shut your mouths, and go out from my presence."

And the Emperor said this, only from shame before his wife, and before the company who were with him, lest he should [have to] confess his sin.

And Paul said unto Peter: "Come, let us pray before our Lord; that He may give us patience and victory in this contest."

And Peter said unto Paul: "Yea, my father Paul! do not think that I am better than thee; know that I denied the Christ, the Saviour, three times in one night; and I swore and affirmed with a curse that I knew
f. 5 b Him not; so that the devil who spoke at that time will not rest in me. My Lord received me and forgave what I had sinned because of my tears, and of His mercy on me."

And Paul said also unto Peter: "And thou, O brother Peter! know that I was an enemy to the Christ, and a persecutor of all who worship Him; and I was not worthy to be called His Apostle because of my opposition to the Church of God, and in His goodness and mercy He hath made me meet to be called His Apostle and His disciple; that the rest of the sinners may become like me, and may be saved eternally. And now do thou pray, O my father Peter! and I with thee; and if thou art worthy, let us call the bird which took out the eye of the Emperor's daughter, and it will come, and will tell the Emperor about his sins and his shame."

f. 6 a And Peter cried with a loud voice and said: "O thou bird! which went to the daughter of the Emperor Bar'amûs, the heathen Emperor of Rome, in the name of my Lord Jesus the Christ, the God of all creation, appear instantly and tell the heathen Emperor what he did to his daughter, which he doth not desire to confess, and tell him of his sins; that God may forgive him."

And straightway the bird appeared, and all who were present saw it; and it spread out its wings in the air, and stopped between the sky and the earth, saying, "Who are Peter and Paul the servants of the Christ?"

And Paul wept and said: "If we are worthy of this name, we are the servants of the Christ. But speak, O thou bird! and fear not; and rebuke the Emperor for his sin and make him ashamed." Then the bird answered:

f. 6 b "Hearken, O chosen ones of God! and behold the folly; and I will speak before you. When it was the birthday of the heathen Emperor, he made a great feast; and he drank and was drunken, and he saw an exceedingly beautiful girl, and sought to sleep with her, and she did not consent to this; and when he insisted on it, and she did not submit to him, he was enraged at her, and shut her up in the stable of the cattle, and commanded that no bread and no water should be given to her. And whoso should give her anything to eat or to drink, his head should be taken off with the sword. And the girl remained in great distress for twelve days; and after that the daughter of the Emperor remembered her in her heart, and said: 'Woe is me! that this girl, whom my father hath

shut up in his folly and stupidity, should die from hunger and thirst; woe f. 7 a
is me! and I can have no consolation from her.'

"And the Emperor's daughter drew nigh and reached her bread and water from the window, and I, the bird, was standing; and something came into my mind, and I know not what I did. Then I went down near to the daughter of the Emperor, and I plucked out her right eye; and I flew away, going to the desert, and as I was going my right eye became blind, and I fell beneath a tree for thirteen days; and I tasted nothing. And now I have come against my will to tell you what I had done, and f. 7 b
what the Emperor had done. And I am persecuted by the Heavenly King, your God, Who is the Christ."

Then Peter said unto the Emperor: "Tell us now—whose mouth hath shut the mouths of these two, or thy mouth?"

Then the Emperor wept in their presence, and said: "I have no courage¹ to speak to you, for this bird hath made me ashamed; and that is by the power of your God."

Then the Empress rose, and brought her daughter Lûhith before the Apostles; and said, "I entreat you, O my lords! to have compassion on me, and to cure this my daughter; the only girl whom thine handmaiden hath."

Then Peter laid his hand on the eye of the Emperor's daughter and said: "In the name of my Lord Jesus the Christ, the Light of the world, f. 8 a
become like thy fellow." And straightway [the eye of the damsel became like its fellow.]

And the people assembled, and the Emperor went up, and the f. 8 b
company of the magistrates, and the Empress, and her daughter, and

¹ Literally "face."

the rest of the people, to see what the Apostles would do. Then Peter and Paul arose and stood in the midst of the people. And the multitude of the people of Rome cried, saying: "Shew us to-day the power of your God, that we may see and that our faith may be assured and confirmed."

Then Paul said unto them: "O people of Rome! hearken unto my words. Whoso is sick, or ailing, or dumb, or insane, or blind, or lame, or dead, even if he be asleep and buried, let them bring him here; and he will receive him whole in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ."

f. 9a Then a multitude of the people of Rome went and collected the rest of the sick people, and left them in the midst of the theatre, and began to cry, saying: "Cure our sick people for us, O Apostle of the Christ! that we may see and give glory and honour to your God."

Then Peter beckoned to them to be silent from shouting. And when they were silent, he made the sign of the honoured cross on himself, and he was filled with the Holy Spirit, and he preached in the Roman language.

And he said: "O people of Rome! how long will your hearts be blind? and will ye have no knowledge, and be strangers to the faith in God? And ye hasten to the idols which are carried about by the hands of their maker, and ye forsake the mighty, the great God, in whose hands are your souls. Forsake now the wicked, heathen unbelief; and return to the.....the Lord, the Christ, Who alone is the Everlasting God of

f. 9b truth; and there is no God beside Him. Who hath made the heaven and the earth by His wisdom, and hath gathered the waters in the seas, and He

Is. xl. 12 set bounds to the water, that it may not change. Who hath measured the

Ps. cxxxvi. 8, 9 earth with His span, and weighed the dust in His hand, and it is He who hath weighed the mountains in scales, and the hills in a balance, and hath made the sun as ruler of the day, and the moon as ruler of the night.

Ps. civ. 4 Who maketh His angels of wind, and His ministers of flaming fire; He Heb. i. 7 to Whom the spiritual hosts give glory, the seraphim and the cherubim, shining with the light of His beauty; Who sitteth on a throne of flame, and a river of fire floweth before Him; a thousand thousand and myriad myriads

Ps. civ. 32 praise His name, Who numbereth the stars, and giveth them names, Who f. 10a looketh upon the earth, and it trembleth at Him; and chideth the

mountains, and they smoke. Who rideth upon the cherubim; and flieth upon the wings of the winds. It is He who created Adam. This was the Son of the Highest, sent for the sake of mercy. This is the Lamb of God, Who taketh away the sins of the world, He in Whom the Father is well pleased. He is the manna which came down from heaven; and was kept in

a golden pot, which was Mary the Virgin. He is the Bread of the Angels, **Ex. xvi. 23** Who in His grace purifieth whosoever eateth thereof. This is the Fountain of Life: whoso drinketh of it shall not thirst. This is the Slayer of death, and the Destroyer of sin. This is the Light of the world, and they who believe in Him are illuminated. This is the Lord of the conflict; the **f. 10 b** Giver of Crowns to the combatants in His obedience. He is the Good Tree; by Whom spiritual beings are nourished. He is the Ladder, which leadeth up to the height; and by Him they bring the offerings up to the Lord's presence. He is the Door of God; and by Him the just enter. He is the Hope of the pious, on Whom those who lean shall not be ashamed: and come unto Him, O sons of Rome! and lean upon Him, and your faces shall not be ashamed, and the rich shall become poor and shall hunger; and the poor shall be satisfied and shall have abundance. And if ye seek the Lord He will not hide His good things from you."

And when Peter had said these words and more, the people of Rome cried out and said: "O Apostles of the Christ! cure our sick people for us." And Peter said unto Paul: "Fill a cup for me with water, and put it before me."

Then Paul brought him a cup of water and put it before him. And **f. 11 a** Peter signed over it the sign of the cross, and said: "In the name of my Lord Jesus the Christ, the Healer of all pains, Who hath made this water to spring [from the ground] and become drink; and Who hath healed divers diseases and pains."

And he gave it to Paul and said unto him: "Go, O my brother! and sprinkle it upon all the sick; and they will straightway be healed in the name of our Lord, Who hath sent us, Jesus the Christ."

And Paul took the cup of water and sprinkled it upon all the sick people; and immediately they were healed. And they arose and gave much praise to God. And with this sprinkling which was made on all the people, that water which was in the cup did not fail; but it remained as it was, full.

Then all the people of Rome cried out and said with one voice: **f. 11 b** "Truly this man is the great God, Who is the God of Peter and Paul; Who hath shewn us this wonder to-day. And we have not known this God; but He in His mercy hath sent us a Saviour." And they drew near to the Apostles [and] worshipped them, and fell prostrate before them; and went with them with glory and praise to the king's palace.

And then Peter said: "O sons of Rome! we are men like unto you; and the praise is not ours, but the praise and the glory are due to our

Lord and our Saviour Jesus the Christ, Who in His compassion and the abundance of His mercy hath sent us unto you."

f. 12 a Then the Apostles abode in Rome for six months, and made disciples of many in the right faith. And they went out thence and went to the city of Philippi; as the Lord shewed unto them. And when the Apostles entered the city of Philippi, they did not keep silent nor did they cease from healing in the name of the Christ by night and by day: and the Lord strengthened them and confirmed their affirmations by the signs and the wonders which they did.

And when the Enemy saw and knew what the Apostles did, he summoned his chiefs and his friends and said: "What shall I do with these disciples of the Son of Mary; for they have vanquished us, and have spoilt all our works and our power? But come with us, let us work deceit: perhaps we may be able to spoil what they have put right."

f. 12 b Then Satan altered his form and changed his colour, and became like a Hindoo man; and put on the garments of a king; and set a crown upon his head. And he summoned an Afrit, and made him his horse, and rode upon him. And he summoned four of his chiefs and made them resemble Roman men carrying staves, and walking before him like princes. And he came to the palace of the Emperor in Rome and said unto the doorkeepers: "Go ye in and say unto Bar'amus the Emperor, that 'thy brother the King of India standeth at the door, desiring an entrance unto thee.'"

f. 13 a And the doorkeepers went in and told the Emperor. And he allowed him to enter. And the four entered with him who were his chiefs. And when the Emperor of Rome saw him, he rose to welcome him, and shook hands with him and made him sit along with him on the throne of his kingdom.

Then the King of India began to weep and to sob, and [so did] those who were with him. And Bar'amûs said: "Wherefore, O my brother! dost thou weep and sob? and wherefore art thou sad? though this is the time for bringing in the table? But tell me thy tale after the meal, and what hath happened unto thee; and I will use [my] power, and will make thee attain thy desire."

The King of India replied and said unto him: "I am, as thou seest me, in contempt and humiliation and sore affliction. I was a king like unto thee, and I [ruled] over Scindia and India. And I had many armies, and strong soldiers in the country of Greece¹ and of Nubia; and I had

¹ Er-Rûm.

governors and captains to the East of the land and to the West, and in f. 13 b
 Egypt and Syria, and Irâq and the land of Palestine, and in the lands
 of the Hilâlians¹ and the Armenians; and [in] the land of Teman
 and the Arabs; and the land of the Berbers. And there was not a
 nation in the world, nor a tongue, nor a tribe, who did not submit to
 me and to my rule. Honour and quiet were in my dominions; until
 two men came to me, wizards, magicians; the name of the one was Peter,
 and of the other Paul. And they came down upon me from a cloud, and
 stood before me in the midst of my palace; and I was sitting upon the
 throne of my kingdom; and my chamberlains standing on my right and on
 my left. And when I saw them, I was terrified, and I changed my colour.
 And the chamberlains sprang upon them, to strike them, and I did not f. 14 a
 allow them, for I saw the likeness of angels in them. And I asked them
 about their story, and whence they were. And the elder of them answered
 and said unto me: 'I am Peter of Beth Saida of Galilee. And this is my
 brother Paul; and he is from Tarsus; and our journey is from the land of
 life; and we are the slaves of Jesus the Christ the Lord, the God, the King of
 kings, Who hath created the heavens and the earth, and the seas, and what-
 soever moveth therein. Who hath created men in His own image and
 likeness. And He was born of Mary the Virgin. And He made wine out
 of water; and from five loaves He satisfied a multitude; and He healed the
 lepers; and cured the sick; and opened the eyes of the blind; and made
 the deaf hear and the dumb speak; and He cast out devils; and gave life
 to the dead; and wrought miracles.' And they spake with many words
 in my presence; and they led my viziers astray and my chamberlains, and f. 14 b
 my friends. And they all rejected me, and drew their weapons, and
 hurled them in my face. And they said: 'Take thine arms away from us,
 for we have no need of them, for we have found a heavenly God
 better than thee, and He is the King of Peter and Paul, the Ruler of the
 whole world.' And none remained to me of these chamberlains and
 captains save these four Greeks, and they have come with me; and these
 are they whom thine eye beholdeth. And now, O my brother! I am anxious
 that thy kingdom should not fail like me, and I have come from a far
 country to tell thee and to warn thee, that they may not come unto thee
 and lead astray thy friends with their sorcery, and deny thee and leave
 thee quite alone, powerless, and without soldiers; and thou come to an end,
 and the kings of the earth overcome thee."

Then the Emperor arose from his throne, and crossed his hands, and f. 15 a

¹ p. 3, El-Halâliim.

bowed to him, doing obeisance. And he said: "I thank thee, O my brother, the beloved of my soul! because thou hast taken pity on me, and hast come from afar to tell me of this matter. Truly I say unto thee, that they have come to me in this form which thou hast described, as they came unto thee, and thus have they come unto me. And the report of them had reached me; and they have gone to the city of Philippi, to lead them astray with their sorcery, as they have led thee and me astray; unless I send letters in pursuit of them that they may come with them, their arms being bound together, and chains about their necks. And I will flay off their skins and will make them wine bottles. And I will burn them with fire as thy spirit desireth."

f. 15 b Then Bar'amûs the Emperor summoned one of his captains; and commanded him to take a thousand soldiers with arms, and go to the city of Philippi, and bring Peter and Paul, being dragged with chains on their necks. And he swore and said: "By the life of my daughter Lûhith! if thou doest thjs, I will exalt thy dwelling."

And the captain went out from the Emperor's presence, and he took soldiers with him, and they went to the city of Philippi, and besieged it on every side. And the people of Philippi saw the Romans drawing near to them, clothed in armour, and besieging the city. And they feared exceedingly. And they closed the gates and climbed to the top of the wall. And they said unto the captain: "Why hast thou come to us with these soldiers? we being servants of the Emperor. And he hath sent the Romans to lay our city waste."

The captain answered and said: "The Emperor hath not sent to lay your city waste: but we are come to take Peter and Paul, the arch-wizards. And deliver ye them up to us, and we will turn away from you."

f. 16 a Then the people of Philippi answered and said unto them: "But there are no wizards in our city; nevertheless we have two men who are just and wise. They heal souls and bodies. And now grant us a respite, that we may tell them. And if they like to go with you, we will deliver them up to you. And if they do not wish this, then we and their God, the Christ the Heavenly King, we will fight for them with thee, and with thy foolish Emperor who hath sent thee."

And when the Apostles heard that they had been called wizards they thanked God greatly and said: "Thanks be unto Thee, O Jesus the Christ; for Whose holy name's sake we are this day worthy to be called wizards."

And they opened the gate of the city and went out unto them. And

the captain commanded that fetters and chains should be hung on their necks. And when the people of Philippi saw the Apostles with iron upon their necks, they began to weep. And Peter said unto them: "Weep not, O brethren! but be patient, and ye shall behold the power of the Christ, f. 16 b our God; and what shall happen to these people and their foolish Emperor who hath sent them." And the captain and the Romans who were with them rode upon their horses. And Peter said unto the captain: "If thou wilt, do thou dismount from thy horse that thou mayest pray; and whatsoever the Christ commandeth us, we will do."

And the captain said unto him in anger: "O wicked sorcerers! the anger of Bar'amûs¹ burneth like fire, and thou standest by thy sorcery." Then they and the citizens turned to the east and stood in prayer. And Peter prayed, saying: "O Sender of His servants to every country! Who dost help His slave in every place to fight in every conflict, come at this time to our succour who call on Thee, and put Bar'amûs¹ the Emperor to shame, who hath denied Thee after [his] faith; that the believing citizens of Philippi may be assured that thou art the Everlast- f. 17 a ing God of truth." And from that hour the angel of the Lord came down from heaven, and went in amongst the horses and cut them; and they overset each other and made their riders fall upon the ground. And the horses trampled upon them with their feet, and dragged them with their mouths with a great dragging. And all the horses neighed with one voice; and they all prayed and did obeisance before the Apostles. And they also did obeisance before God, and stretched out their hands towards heaven like the Apostles of the Christ. And the people of Philippi cried, saying: "We thank Thee, O God of Peter and Paul! because we see the beasts giving glory to Thee with their voices." Then that [captain] drew near, weeping and crying; and the Roman soldiers who were with him said: "Have mercy upon us, O Peter and Paul! Apostles of the Christ."

And Peter said unto them: "What do ye desire that we should do unto you?"

They said: "We desire of you that ye would entreat your God that f. 17 b He would make us servants like you."

And Peter said unto them: "In the raiment which ye now wear ye cannot serve our King; but if ye desire to contend with us in this conflict hearken unto our words. Our King is the Christ, and [in] His service are weapons. And our power is life; and our raiment is a spiritual garment which we wear from baptism; and the helmets which are upon our heads

¹ MS. "Barghamûs."

are the blessing of the priesthood. And the spurs which are upon our feet are the confirmation of the Gospel, wherewith we trample upon the serpents and the scorpions, and all the powers of the enemy. And our cuirasses are the true faith, with which we receive all the darts of the enemy. And our swords are the word of our Lord Jesus the Christ, with which we cut through all the wiles of the cursed Iblis. And our horses are the clouds which carry us in the air in the name of our God. And our spear is the cross of our Lord Jesus the Christ, and His pure, life-giving blood.

f. 18 a "And now, O brethren! arise, go unto the Emperor who hath sent you, and renounce him openly; and throw down your arms before him, and say unto him: 'Take thine arms from us, for we have found a heavenly King; and He is greater than thou; and He is the King of Peter and Paul.' And know this for a surety, that the Emperor will be wroth with you, and will cast you into prison; but fear ye him not; for Jesus the Christ, the Heavenly King in Whom ye believe, will speedily deliver you from him."

Then the Apostles arose, and blessed them in the name of our Lord Jesus the Christ, and sent them to Rome. And they went in unto Bar'amûs the Emperor, and he said unto them: "Where are the men, the wizards, to whom I sent you?"

f. 18 b And they said unto him: "O thou Emperor! the good, the just men, for whom people are thankful, dost thou call them wizards? And wilt thou recompense thus the people who have healed thy daughter gratis, who for thirteen years had her eye plucked out?" And then they pulled off their arms, and threw them down before him, and said unto him: "Take thine arms from us; we have no need of them; for we have found a heavenly King better than thou; and He is the King of Peter and Paul; Whose kingdom shall never fail." Then the Emperor waxed wroth, and rose from the throne; and began to smite the face of that captain with his hand, saying unto him: "Truly I will burn thee alive in the fire, that I may see if the God of Peter and Paul will save thee from my hand."

Then they answered and said: "The God of Peter and Paul is able in His compassion to quench thy fire and thy wrath."

f. 19 a And the Emperor commanded that they should be thrown into prison. And while they were going towards the prison they were giving glory to God, for Whose sake they were to be shut up.

Then the King of India said unto Bar'amûs, "Did not I say unto thee that they would lead thy friends astray by their sorcery and their speech?"

And the Emperor of Rome said: "Truly, by the gods and the life of mighty Rome all that thou hast said unto me is true."

And the Emperor summoned another captain, and said unto him: "Take with thee four thousand horsemen, and go to the city of Philippi, and let it be sacked; and destroy its inhabitants with the sword; and spare neither old nor young; for they have been led astray by the power of their sorcery; and are resisting our will."

And the captain went out from the presence of the Emperor; and he commanded the soldiers and gave them a sign to blow¹ the second trumpet, [and] to mount and go with him.

Then the Holy Ghost appeared unto the Apostles as they were in f. 19 b Philippi, and told them what the King of India had spoken about with the Emperor of Rome; and what the Enemy had plotted against them. And Peter answered and said: "O my brother Paul! arise, let us pray before our Lord Jesus the Christ, that He would save us from their wiles during this night. O my brother! Patroclus hath arranged to come in search of us from the city of Rome: and four thousand armed men are with him; and they say that they will allow the city to be sacked and burnt, and will destroy its inhabitants with the sword for our sake. But, O brother! arise and let us pray before our Lord and our Saviour Jesus the Christ; that He may do by His power as thou desirest."

And at the time when the Romans arose and journeyed towards f. 20 a them, straightway a cloud descended and carried the Apostles, and let them down in the midst of the palace of the Emperor Bar'amûs². And he was sitting upon the throne of his kingdom, meditating about the first captain and his companions, how he should destroy them. And when the Emperor saw the Apostles standing before him, he cried against them, saying: "O Peter and Paul! ye wizards who lead astray the souls of the people of the world."

Peter said unto him: "We are no wizards, but we are come to drive the devil away from thee, who hath always deceived thee by his sorcery."

Then the Emperor summoned the [chamberlains] of the palace who were at its door, and said unto them: "Go to.....and send to..... f. 20 b that he may not go to the city of Philippi."

And when it was the morrow, the Emperor commanded, and the trumpet was blown in all the city; that the people might be assembled to see the burning of Peter and Paul, the wizards. And the Emperor commanded that two idols should be brought, and that they [the Apostles] should be brought into the midst of the city. And he commanded that two helmets of iron should be placed in the fire, and put upon their heads. And they

¹ MS. "beat."

² MS. "Barghamûs."

did this unto them ; and he began to smear fat below them and to say :
 " Now let the Christ come and save you from my hands, and quench this
 fire from you."

And his words pained Peter greatly. And Paul spoke to him in
 Hebrew and said : " Pray, O my father Peter ! before the Christ, and
 entreat Him to save us from this torment ; for I am in great tribulation
 because of it ; and my soul draweth nigh unto death." But Peter was
 f. 21 a untouched by the pain of that torture, because he had had much experience
 and temptations. And Peter answered and said unto Paul : " Be patient,
 O my brother ! for a little while ; for [it is written¹] The just shall be
 justified by patience, that he may receive [a great reward¹]."

Then Peter prayed, and said : " O our Lord Jesus the Christ ! come
 to our help at this time, and save us from this tribulation and from
 Bar'amûs* the unbeliever ; and may he be put to shame with his teacher,
 the King of India ; and may the captain and his believing friends come
 out of prison ; and may they behold Thy glory and Thine honour ; and be
 confirmed in Thy faith."

And the prayer of the Apostles was heard immediately ; and the angel
 of the Lord descended from heaven, and brought Peter and Paul down
 from the prison ; and set them upon the ground ; and took the helmets
 off from their heads, and made them like dust, and the Apostles were
 not in the least hurt.

f. 22 a " long-suffering. But send and take out the captain and all his friends
 whom thou hast imprisoned in thy delusion."

Then the Emperor answered and said : " Whom shall I send, for we
 are suspended ?"

Peter said : " If thou desire it, send thy daughter Lûhîth."

And the Emperor wept and said : " Lûhîth, take pity on me ! and have
 compassion on thy father ; for he is fallen, and is become a wonder in the
 world."

cf. Gen.
 iv. 10

And his daughter said : " If I take pity on thee : and have compassion
 on thee, yet the blood of that maiden whom thou didst imprison in

¹ Photograph of MS. indistinct.

* MS. " Barghamûs."

thy folly crieth from the ground before God. And it is He Who hath sent thee the chastisement."

And he said unto her: "I entreat thee, O my daughter! go and deliver the prisoners, lest they come and beseech the Heavenly King about me."

Then Lûhith went and brought them out of the prison. And when f. 22 b the Apostles came near, they found the Emperor and the rest of his friends hanging. And when the Emperor saw them, he said unto them: "Have mercy on me, O happy apostles of the Christ!"

Then they said: "Praise be unto God at all times! Who hath humiliated thy kingdom; and hath brought down thy boasting; and hath delivered us from thy hand, by which we were oppressed."

Then Bar'amûs the Emperor answered and said, with all who were suspended with him: "Let the King of India have no good remembrance for ever! he who hath deluded us and led us astray after our right belief. And he it is who hath delivered us over to this dreadful torment. And we entreat God that no honour may remain to him and no dominion for ever."

Then the Emperor wept bitter tears and said: "O Peter and Paul, servants of the merciful Christ! entreat about me, O beloved of the f. 23 a merciful Christ! that we may be released from this dreadful torment, and do ye receive me with your hands."

Then Peter was inspired by the Holy Ghost, and said unto the Emperor: "By the life of the name of the Lord the Christ! in Whose hands I remain by night and by day, thou shalt not come down from here, and there shall be no joy to thee nor rest in thy soul, until thou believe with thy mouth and write with thy hand; and thou shalt be suspended in thy place; for there is no power nor authority in the heavens or the earth save Jesus the Christ." And then the Emperor wept from the severity of the torture and said: "Bring me an ink-horn and paper¹. Truly I will write, that perchance I may be saved from this torment and tribulation."

And the captain rose and brought him an ink-horn and paper; and said unto him: "Why dost thou not believe in the Christ, when thou art f. 23 b standing suspended upon the ground, vanquished?"

Then he took the pen in his hand and wrote thus: "I say that I believe and am assured, I, Bar'amûs, Emperor of Rome, and I have been, I and my company, and the people of my city Rome, suspended, vanquished, that there is no other God either in heaven or in earth, except Jesus the Christ, the King of Peter and Paul. And henceforth and for ever I will

¹ *i.e.* papyrus.

believe ; and no one shall blaspheme the name of the Christ, the Nazarene. And whosoever shall deny Him shall not continue upon the face of the earth, but shall be cast into the depths of the sea ; he and all his house. For there is no God like unto Him, who saveth His worshippers and His friends from misfortune and from fire."

f. 24 a Then the Apostles lifted up their hands to heaven, and said : " O our Lord Jesus the Christ ! the good God, Who wilt not requite any one according to his works ; do thou, O Lord ! forgive Bar'amûs¹ the Emperor, and his friends who are suspended with him ; because it is the King of India who hath led them astray."

And straightway the angel of the Lord descended, [and] loosed them, and brought them down to the ground. And the Apostles remained for three years and six months ; and they founded a great Catholic church ; and in it they appointed four-and-twenty bishops, and forty presbyters, and seventy-two deacons, and a hundred and twelve sub-deacons and they made a canon and a law for them ; and commandments suitable to the service of the Lord the Christ.

f. 24 b And they departed thence on a journey. And Satan, when he saw that he was vanquished and conquered by the Apostles, summoned his potentates and said unto them : " What shall I do with the disciples of the Son of Mary, for they have vanquished us, and have frustrated us, and have spoiled all our devices ? "

Then Satan changed his form and became like a naked Hindoo man ; and he sought after the Apostles for a distance of three miles ; and he kept crying out in a feeble voice along their track, saying : " O Peter and Paul ! disciples of the Lord Jesus the merciful Christ, take pity on me, and be good to me, lest I die for your sakes."

And Paul turned, and beheld him naked, and he was far away on their track. And he said unto Peter : " Take pity, O my brother ! verily we will see why this man runs seeking us."

f. 25 a And they waited for him ; and he stood before them. And he was naked and inflamed like fire. And he was unable to speak from the eagerness of his diligence. And Paul said unto him : " Why dost thou run in our track ? Dost thou not think that we will prove ourselves more right than Bar'amûs¹ in any way ? By the living name of the Lord Jesus the Christ ! we possess nothing in this world save the clothes we have on, wherewith we cover our bodies, nothing else. And if thou desirest it, we will give thee something of what we have on. And I shall do it."

¹ MS. " Barghamûs,"

And the Enemy replied to the Apostles and said: "I entreat you, O my lords! by the mighty power which hath brought us low, have compassion on me. I will go away from you; for a burning fire serveth you."

And Peter said: "Swear unto us, that in the place whither thou goest, thou wilt not pursue us, nor disturb us, nor spoil what we are doing."

And the Enemy swore and said: "Nay, and by the fire of hell, prepared for me and for all my friends, the place where thou and thy friends shall be my foot shall never tread it." And the Apostles let him go.

And when he was a little way off from them, he changed his shape, f. 25 b and became a black bull; and hastened to butt Paul. And Paul was terrified at him; and began to embrace Peter. And he said: "O my father! save me from this devil frightful in shape."

And Peter said: "Be not dismayed, O my brother! by the power of our Lord Jesus the Christ, do thou pull a horn, and I a horn, and we will drag him down."

And they each of them began to pull a [different] way. And then the cursed one cried out and said to the Apostles, "By the truth of Jesus the Saviour, let me go. I will go quite away from you; for your power is great with your God."

Peter said unto Satan: "May the Christ put thee to shame! and all thy¹ potentates."

And the cursed one said unto Peter: "Thou didst deny the Christ three times in one night, [and say] that thou knewest Him not. But as for me, what shall I do? for if I have fought with one of you about f. 26 a anything, and have overcome him, he goes and weeps in the presence of the Christ; and sobs and is forgiven."

And Paul said unto the Enemy: "Blessed be the Christ! Who hath put thee to shame! and hath confounded thy face; and hath put thee trampled beneath our feet; and in His name we have vanquished thee."

Satan said unto Paul: "Be afraid, O bald pate! and meanest of all men! Thou thinkest that thou hast overcome me by thy strength; if the mercy of God had not saved thee from me, I would have destroyed thee by means of the sin whereto thou wast harnessed for the rest of thy life."

Then Paul wept and sobbed before the Lord, till he said unto him, "By

¹ MS. "your."

the mercy of the Lord thou wast saved from me, from the yoke of the sin wherein thou wast harnessed."

Then they let Satan go. And Peter said unto him: "Thou dost swear and dost lie, that thou wilt not oppose us."

f. 26b The Enemy replied, laughing: "Give praise and glory to the Lord, Who giveth this power unto His servants who believe in His name; and who do His pleasure."

And to our Lord be glory and majesty, and worship and honour henceforth, and always, and for evermore. Amen.

The tales of the Holy Apostles are completed with the help of God—praise be unto Him!—in Ailûl....

And praise be to God continually. And on us be His mercy! Amen

THE MARTYRDOM OF PETER AND PAUL.

From Cod. Sin. Arab. 405.

In the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, the One God, [on] the twenty-ninth of this month, the martyrdom of the two great Apostles, Peter and Paul, the chiefs of the Apostles, was related.

When Paul had returned from Spain to Rome, a company of the Jews approached him, saying: "Take heed that thou support our faith in which thou wast born; it is not right that thou shouldest be a Hebrew, and [born] of Hebrews, [and] shouldest say that thou art a teacher of the Gentiles, and shouldest support the uncircumcised. And thou art thyself circumcised, and thou makest void the faith of the circumcised. When thou shalt see Peter, do thou contend against his teaching; for he hath abolished all keeping of our law, and hath closed the Sabbaths, and the times of the first days of the months, and the legal holidays."

And Paul answered and said unto them: "But I am a true Jew; and by this ye may prove me, that until now I have observed the Sabbath, and have attended to the true circumcision. For on the Sabbath day God rested from all His works; and ours are the Fathers and the Patriarchs, and the Torah. And what King is it Whom Peter doth proclaim among the Gentiles? But if one amongst us desire to introduce teaching: tell him without any disturbance or hatred, or trouble, that we will look at his teaching, and consider it, and I will reprove him in the presence of you all. And if his doctrine be true, and is confirmed by the testimony of the books of the Hebrews, I command [that] it is fitting ye should submit to him and obey him [in peace]."

And when they had said this, and things like it, unto Paul, they went and said unto Peter: "Paul the Hebrew hath come from Spain, and doth invite thee to come unto him. For they who have accompanied him say that no one of those who desire to talk with him can do so after he hath appeared before Cæsar."

p. 2

And when Peter heard [this] he rejoiced with a great joy. And he arose straightway and went to him. And when each of them saw the other, they wept for gladness; and they embraced, and each of them poured out many tears upon the other. And Paul related to Peter the story

of his deeds: and how he arrived with many toils in the boat; and Paul¹ related to Peter also what difficulties he had endured from Simon Magus.

And when the evening came, Peter went away to his dwelling. And when it was morning, at the dawn of day, Peter approached and found a multitude of Jews before the door of Paul's dwelling. And there was a great tumult amongst the Jews between the Christians and the heathen. But those of the Jews who believed said: "We are the chosen race, the royal priesthood, the friends of Abraham, and Isaac and Jacob, and all the prophets to whom God confided [His] secrets; and He shewed them His secrets and His great wonders. But ye who are of the Gentiles, there is nothing great in your descent, but ye have become infatuated with sculptured idols, dirty and contemptible." And when those of the Jews who believed had said this and other things like it, those of the Gentiles who believed replied to them, saying: "Whenever we heard the truth we at once followed the Christ, who verily is Himself the Truth, and we forsook our error; but ye have known the miracles of the fathers; and ye had the teachings of the Torah and the prophets; and ye crossed the sea with dusty feet; and ye beheld your enemies marching proudly into the depths. And a beacon of light appeared unto you by night, and the cloud overshadowed you by day. And manna from heaven was given unto you; and water overflowed unto you from a rock, and ye believed not. But after these things ye made yourselves an idol; and ye set it up; and ye worshipped a graven thing; and we saw nothing of the wonders; and we believed in the true God, Whom ye forsook when ye had rebelled against Him."

Gen. xii. 3
2 Chron.
xix. 7
Gal. ii. 6
Acts x. 34
Rom. ii. 11

While they were disputing about these things and others like them, the Apostle Paul said: "Let there not be any more of these contentions and controversies between you, but, O my brethren! hope for this, for God hath fulfilled His promises, about which He swore unto Abraham our father, that in thy seed all the nations should be blessed, for there is no acceptance of persons with God; for whoso hath sinned, having a law, by the judgment of their law they shall be judged: but all those who have sinned, having no law, shall perish without the law. And we, O my brethren! let us take heed that we thank God; for He in His mercy hath chosen us a holy nation for Himself, so that it is meet that we should glory in Him; if ye be at first either Jews or Greeks, ye are all of you one in the faith in His name."

¹ The Latin and Greek texts have more correctly "Peter related to Paul"; see Lipsius, *Acta Apostolorum*, p. 123.

And when Paul had said this discourse, those who were Jews and those who were Gentiles were appeased. And after the same manner Peter taught them, saying: "God promised to the Patriarch David, saying: 'Of the fruit of thy body I will place upon thy throne,' this [man] the Word of God. And He sent His Son. And He was made flesh from his seed concerning Whom David himself testified, saying: 'Thou art my Son, this day have I begotten Thee.' And the Father Himself beareth witness from Heaven, saying: 'This is my beloved Son, in Whom I delight, hear ye Him.' And He it was Whom the high priest and the chiefs of the nation crucified from the impulse of hatred: and for the salvation of the world He freely allowed all this to come on Him. And by Him God hath opened an entrance to all, to the children of Abraham and Isaac and Jacob, and to every nation of the earth by faith. Their confession and their confirmation in Him will be to them life and salvation by His name, because what God hath promised to Abraham He hath fulfilled. And therefore David the prophet saith concerning Him, 'The Lord hath sworn, and will not repent: Thou art the priest for ever, after the order of Melchisedek.' For the Saviour became a priest that He might offer unto God the whole fruitful sacrifice—the sacrifice of His body and His blood for all the world."

cf. Ps.
cxviii. 11

Ps. xl. 7
Matt. xvii
5

P. 4
Ps. cx. 4
Heb. vii.
21

And when Peter and Paul said this and things like it, they all held their peace; and listened to their teaching from themselves. And they preached the word of God to all the believers. And every day there were thanksgivings (= Eucharists?) of those who believed in our Lord Jesus the Christ, a multitude which could not be numbered. And when the chiefs of all the Jews and the priests of the Greeks perceived that by their preaching all the people of Rome had believed, save a few, in our Lord Jesus the Christ, they began to raise a tumult against them and a murmuring amongst the nation; and praised Simon Magus before a multitude of those who followed the two Apostles. And they strove to lay the matter before the famous Emperor Nero. And they spake falsely against the Apostles of the Lord; and in a multitude of the people which could not be numbered who had turned unto the Lord by the preaching of Peter, it happened that Livia, the wife of Nero, and the wife of his Vizier Agrippa, whose name was Agrippina, believed. And they believed in such a way that they withdrew from cohabitation with their husbands. And through the preaching of Paul many despised the army and cleaved unto God, so that even some people of the Emperor's palace devoted themselves to them, and became Christians; and did not wish to return again to the army,

nor to the palace. And from this the rogue found his opportunity and roused a tumult among the nation and made it murmur. And moved with envy, he excited them to say wicked libels against Peter, calling him a wizard and a deceiver. And those who were amazed at his miracles
p. 5 believed in him. For he made a brazen serpent [move] of itself, and images of stone laugh and move of their own accord, and he made himself, on being summoned, suddenly appear in the air before them. But Peter was healing the sick with a word, and making the blind see; and when he prayed, by his command the demons fled and the dead were raised. And he said unto the people that they should flee from the deceit of the seducer Simon, but they also bare witness to him, so that they might not be deluded into serving the rogue.

And thus it happened because all the pious people had rejected Simon Magus and were asserting that there was no good in him. But those who adhered to Simon told lies against Peter and gave false witness, that he was bewitching all the followers of Simon Magus, until the report reached Nero Cæsar. And he commanded that Simon Magus should be brought into his presence. And when he entered, he stood before him. And he began suddenly to change his shape, so that he had become one time instantly a boy and shortly afterwards an old man; and another time a youth, for he had altered in face and in stature to divers forms, growing very tall and making himself a servant of the devil.

And when Nero saw him he was so astounded that he himself thought him the Son of God. But the Apostle Peter said: "This man is a liar and a wizard and a bad man, a good-for-nothing and a rebel, and in everything an opponent of the will of God. And nothing remained but that his crimes and iniquities should be made manifest by the command of God, and should become clear to every one." And when he went in unto Nero the Emperor, he said: "Hearken, O thou good Emperor! I am the Son of God; who came down from heaven. And until now Peter hath claimed for himself that he is an Apostle hypocritically in my likeness; but now the evil of him and of Paul is doubled; and they are teaching by these things
p. 6 and believing firmly the opinions that are against me. I mean the preaching in which they persist. And therefore if thou dost not command them all to be destroyed, it is evident that thy dominions cannot be firmly established."

Then Nero enquired anxiously [about it] and straightway commanded that they should be promptly brought to him. And on the next day Simon Magus went in unto Nero, and Peter and Paul, the Apostles of the Lord.

And Simon said: "These two are the disciples of the Nazarene. And it is not very good that He is of the Jewish nation."

And Nero said, "And what is the meaning of a Nazarene?"

And Simon said: "There is a city in the country of the Jews, which hath always been much opposed to us; it is called Nazareth." And he said: "And the Teacher of these two came from it."

And Nero said: "God careth for every man and loveth him: and thou, why dost thou persecute these two?"

And Simon said: "These two men seek to turn all the race of the Jews, that they may not believe in me."

And Nero said unto Peter: "Why do your race oppose and hate each other?"

Then Peter said unto Simon: "Thou hast power with a multitude by thy tricks; but against me thou canst do nothing. And a multitude of those who are deceived by thee, God seeketh to turn them from their error by me, and thou hast fought and art not able to overcome me; and I am astonished at how thou hast changed into every colour in the presence of the Emperor, and hast magnified thyself. And thou dost think that by thy magic craft thou canst conquer the disciples of the Christ."

And Nero said: "And who is the Christ?"

And Peter said: "He Whom Simon Magus doth vainly boast himself to be; he is a very wicked man, and his works are deceitful; and he doth claim that it is he himself. And if thou wilt investigate, O good Emperor! what things were done by the Jews in the affair of the Christ and the report of it, cause the writings to be brought which arrived from Pontius p. 7 Pilate who sent them to Claudius; and then we shall know everything."

And Nero commanded that the writings should be brought, and should be read before him. And there was in them after this manner: "From Pontius Pilate unto Claudius greeting: It happened that there was in my days an occurrence which I will report unto thee clearly. The Jews, because of their envy of each other and their resistance, have been punished with severe judgments; for their fathers told them about what it had been decreed should happen, that their God would send unto them His Holy One from heaven, Who would be rightly called their King; and He promised that He would send Him on the earth from a virgin. He when He came down during my reign over Judæa, the God of the Hebrews, I saw Him give light to the eyes of the blind; and cleanse the lepers; heal the palsied; and drive away the devils from the people; and raise the dead; and rebuke the winds, walking with dusty feet upon the waves of the sea;

Matt.
xxviii. 18

and He did many miracles; and a multitude of the Jewish nation said that He was the Son of God. And the chief priests were moved with envy against Him. And they laid hold of Him, and delivered Him up to me; and spake falsely against Him of divers things, and said that He was a wizard and did acts contrary to the Law. And I believed that their sayings were true; and I delivered Him unto them, having scourged Him according to their judgment. And they crucified Him. And when he had been buried they placed guards over him. And the guards were from my army. And He rose on the third day. And therefore the wickedness of the Jews was kindled to such a degree that they gave silver to the soldiers, saying: 'Say ye that His disciples came by night and stole His body.' But they took the silver; but they were not able to hide the fact; and they bare witness that He had risen; for they saw Him standing. This I make thee observe, lest some one should speak falsely; and they should believe in the false sayings of the Jews."

And when the letter had been read, Nero said: "O Peter! tell me, have all these things been so done?"

And Peter answered: "O Emperor! the matter is thus; I pray thee to be assured of it. But this Simon is full of lies and deceit. Nevertheless in the Christ is the consummation of all victory because of the Deity and for the sake of the Manhood which He took, and because of this is the incomprehensible glory which makes the people worthy of Him through His being man. And this Simon consists of two elements, man and devil; and as a man he seeketh to impede men."

And Simon replied: "I am verily astonished, O thou good Emperor! how thou dost imagine this thing. [This is] a man without good breeding, an extremely poor fisherman, with no power of speech, nor of family connection. But that I may not endure this enemy further I will now command my angels that they may avenge me by their coming."

And Peter said: "I fear not these thy angels: will they not rather fear me, by the power of our Lord Jesus the Christ, and the trust in Him, against Whom thou thyself hast spoken falsely?"

And Nero said: "But dost thou not fear Simon, who confirms his divinity by his deeds and by feats?"

And Peter said: "He will shew thee the divinity, who searcheth the hidden things of the heart. Let him tell me now, what I am thinking of, and what I am doing. And the thought which I am thinking, before he lieth about it, I will reveal it to thine ears; so that he dare not speak falsehood, and distort what I have thought about."

And Nero said: "Come near to me, and tell me what thou hast thought of."

And Peter said: "Command that a barley loaf be brought, and given [to me] secretly." And when he had commanded it to be brought, and p. 9 be given secretly to Peter, Peter said: "Let Simon tell me what I have thought of; or what hath been said; or what hath happened."

And Nero said: "Dost thou wish me to believe that Simon doth not know this, who hath raised the dead, and when his head¹ was struck [off] rose himself after three days? And whatsoever I have told him to do he hath done."

Peter said: "But he will not do anything with me."

And Nero said: "Hath he not done all this in my presence? and he commanded his angels to come to him, and they hastened to come to him."

And Peter said: "As he hath done the great thing, why doth he not do a small thing, and tell me what I have thought of? and what I have done?"

And Nero said: "What sayest thou, O Simon? but as for me, I have verified nothing of your affair."

And Simon said: "Let Peter say what I purpose."

And Peter said: "What Simon hath thought, I shall make it known by my doing what he hath thought."

And Simon said: "Know this, O good Emperor! that no one knoweth the thoughts of men, except God alone; and Peter is therefore a liar."

And Peter said: "O thou who sayest of thyself, that thou art the Son of God! tell me what I have thought about, and what I have just now done in secret. If thou art able to do this, let us know it clearly." For Peter had blessed the barley-bread which he had taken and had broken it, and had touched it with fingers of his right hand and his left hand.

Then Simon, being angry because he could not tell the secret of the Apostle which he had not uttered, growled, saying, "Let dogs come forth and devour him before Cæsar." [And] suddenly great dogs sprang upon Peter. And lo! Peter stretched out his hand in prayer, and proffered the bread which he had blessed. When the dogs saw this they shewed [their] tongues no more.

Then Peter said unto Nero, "Behold! I have shewn thee that I knew what Simon Magus was thinking of, not in words only, but by deeds; for he hath no angels to let loose against me; for he hath brought dogs against me, to shew of himself that he hath no divine angels, but doggish ones."

p. 10

¹ Literally "neck," *passim*.

Then Nero said unto Simon: "What is it, O Simon! I think that we are put to flight?"

And Simon said: "Thus hath he done these things unto me in Judæa and in all Palestine and in Cæsarea; and he hath withstood me many times and hath made this known, because he is opposed to these things. And he hath made this known that he might drive me away; because no one can know the thoughts of men, except God alone."

And Peter said unto Simon¹: "Thou dost imagine of thyself that thou art God indeed: and why dost thou not disclose the thoughts of every man?"

Then Nero turned to Paul and said: "Thou, O Paul! why dost thou not say something?"

And Paul answered and said: "O Cæsar! be sure of this, knowing that if thou dost grant a delay to this wizard to do such wicked deeds, a great evil will grow in thy country, and thy dominion be split because of his resistance."

And Nero said unto Simon, "What dost thou say?"

And Simon said: "If I did not shew myself publicly to be as God, no one would bring me the worship which is due to me."

And Nero said: "And why dost thou linger now, and dost not shew thyself to be a God; that these twain may be punished?"

And Simon said: "Command that a high tower be built for me, of wood, and I will climb it, and will summon my angels; and will command
p. 11 them to lift me up in the sight of every one to my Father, who is in heaven. And if these two cannot do this, they will be reproved, because they are men without good breeding."

And when Nero heard [this], he said unto Peter: "Hast thou heard, O Peter! what Simon hath said about this affair? It will be shewn who hath the power, this man, or thy God."

And Peter said: "O thou mighty Emperor! if thou wilt, I shall make thee observe this man, that he is possessed by a demon."

And Nero said: "Why do ye make delay with your perplexing talk? to-morrow your cause will be tried all together."

And Simon said: "But believe, O thou good Emperor! that I am of great dignity, because I died and rose again." For Simon the rebel, amongst his [other] bad deeds, had said unto Nero, "Command my head to be struck off in a dark place; and leave me there slain; and if I rise

¹ MS. "And Simon said unto Peter."

not on the third day, know that I was a wizard. And if I rise, know that I am the Son of God."

And when this had happened by the command of Nero, he contrived this trick by his magic art that in the darkness the head of a ram was struck off. And it appeared as if it were Simon until it was beheaded. And when the head of the ram was struck off in the darkness, the swordsman took the head and found that it was the head of a ram. But he did not dare to say this to the Emperor, lest he should scourge him, seeing that he had commanded him to do this in secret. And when one hour had passed the Emperor desired to know the certainty of this. And when he saw the head he wondered. And from that time Simon said that he had himself risen after three days; because after the head had been shewn to the Emperor he lifted the limbs also by sorcery, that is, the corpse. But the blood remained there; and on the third day he shewed himself to Nero the Emperor and said: "Command that my blood which was shed be wiped away: for I the slain one am whole, as I said that on the third day I would rise."

And when Nero said: "To-morrow your affair will be proved," he p. 12 turned to Paul and said unto him: "Thou, O Paul! why dost thou say nothing? or who taught thee? or who was thy master? or how hast thou taught in the cities? or what things have happened through thy teaching? And I think that thou hast no wisdom, and that thou canst not accomplish any miracle."

And Paul replied: "Dost thou wish me to converse with a wicked man, a wizard, who hath given himself over unto death, who will go quickly to destruction and ruin? or is it meet that I should talk to a man who answereth as what he is not, and mocketh people with his magic craft, and draweth them down to destruction? And if thou choose to hear his sayings, and help him, thou wilt ruin thyself and thy dominion, for he is a very bad man. And like as the Egyptian magicians Iannes and Iambres led Pharaoh and his army astray, until they were drowned in the sea, so doth this man by teaching the deceit of his father persuade people, and thus he deceiveth any simple people to the trial of thy dominion. And I, when I see the words of the cunning one overflowing in this man, renew the groanings of my heart with the Holy Spirit, beseeching that he may be able to know what he is; as I think that he wishes to be exalted to the heavens, and will sink down to an equal distance in the depths of hell, where there is weeping and gnashing of teeth. But as for what

*Matt. viii.
12*

concerneth the teaching of my Master, about which thou hast asked me—none can comprehend it, save the pure in heart who keep firmly to the faith; for I have taught the precepts of faith and love and peace: round about from Jerusalem even unto Illyricum I have fulfilled the word of peace; for I have taught that the people should give honour to one another; and I have taught that the strong and the rich should not be high-minded, and p. 13 should not trust in mean riches; but should place their trust in God. And I have taught them to be content with simple food and clothing. I have taught the poor to rejoice in their poverty. I have taught fathers to teach their children good manners in the fear of God: and the children to be submissive to their parents in the saving preaching. And I have taught those who possessed authority to pay tribute. I have taught women to love their husbands, and to reverence them as lords; and the men to preserve faithfulness to the women. And I have taught masters to be considerate to their slaves with mildness; and slaves to serve the masters faithfully. And I have taught all believers to serve the One God, the Gal. 1. 11, Almighty, the Invisible, the Incomprehensible. This is my teaching; and 12 it is not of men, nor is it by man; but it was given to me by Jesus the Christ, Who spake to me from heaven.”

And Nero said: “Thou, O Peter, what sayest thou?” and he replied, saying, “All that Paul hath spoken is true; for of old he persecuted the faith in the Christ. And a voice called to him from heaven, and taught him the truth; because he was not an enemy from hatred of our faith, but was in error; because many false Christs arise, like this Simon; and false apostles and false prophets, who appear with glorious signs and forms eager to make void the truth. And this man was obliged to destroy their cause; and put an end to their opinions; he who from his infancy had done no other thing than search into the secrets of the divine Law, by which he had become a disciple and a defender of the truth, and an assailant of falsehood. And as his persecution did not come from hatred, but from zeal for the Law, the Truth Himself [said unto him, ‘I am the very Truth which thou art fighting against; cease to persecute Me’].

p. 14 “And when he knew him thus he neglected what he was contending about and began to support this Way, which is the Christ’s, which he had persecuted.”

And Simon said: “O thou good Emperor! look at these two men how

¹ My photograph is here deficient; but the Latin version has: *dicens ei! Ego sum veritas quam defendis: cessa me persequi.*

they have conspired against me. I am the truth; and these two are conspiring against my religion."

And Peter said: "There is nothing whatever of truth in thee; but thou speakest all thy words in falsehood."

And Nero said: "O Paul! what sayest thou?"

Paul said: "I affirm that all the words which I have heard from Peter are my words, for we are of one mind; and have one Lord, Jesus the Christ."

And Simon said: "O thou good Emperor! dost thou imagine that I can speak with these two, who have conspired against me?"

And he turned to the Apostles of the Christ and said unto them: "Hearken, O Peter and Paul! if I am not able to do anything to you here, come ye to where it will be right for me to judge you."

And Paul said: "O thou good Emperor! see with what threats he would frighten us."

And Peter said: "Why is it not meet that we should laugh at thee, O vain man! cursed by the demons, who imagineth that he is able to act of his own accord?"

And Simon said: "I spare you until I can shew my power."

And Paul said: "See that thou go out hence acquitted."

And Peter said: "Except thou dost behold, O Simon, the power of our Lord Jesus the Christ, thou wilt not believe that thou art not a Christ."

And Simon said: "O thou glorious Emperor, do not believe these two, for these circumcised people are rogues."

And Paul said: "Before we knew the truth, we circumcised the body; and when the truth had been manifested we were circumcised with the circumcision of the heart, and are circumcised."

p. 15

And Peter said: "If circumcision, O Simon, be bad, why hast thou been circumcised?"

And Nero said: "And, Simon, hast thou then been circumcised?"

And Peter said: "He could not deceive souls otherwise, except by his claiming to be a Jew, and appearing to teach the law of God."

And Nero said: "O Simon! I see that thou art persecuting these two with a hatred which encompasseth thee. And as I perceive that this is because of a great jealousy betwixt thee and their Christ, so I fear that thou wilt be vanquished by them, and wilt be involved in great misfortunes."

And Simon said: "Thou art mistaken, O thou Emperor!"

And Nero said: "In what am I mistaken? only I say what I see in thee: that I see thee a persistent enemy to Peter and Paul, and to their Master."

And Simon said : " The Christ did not become a teacher to Paul."

And Paul said : " Yea, by revealing Himself to me He trained me and taught me. But do thou tell us about the question which I asked of thee, why wast thou circumcised ?"

And Simon said : " Why do ye both ask me about that ?"

And Paul said : " We have asked thee this question, hast thou an excuse to bring forward about what we have asked thee ?"

And Nero said : " Why art thou afraid, perplexed about answering it ?"

And Simon said : " Hearken, O thou Emperor ! at the time when circumcision was commanded to us by God, I received it, and therefore I was circumcised."

And Paul said : " Hast thou heard, O thou good Emperor ! what Simon hath said ; if circumcision be good, why hast thou betrayed the circumcised people, and forced them to be slain in imprisonment ?"

And Nero said : " I am not sure that I hear any true wisdom from either of you."

And Peter and Paul said : " If thou hast investigated our cause, whether it be true or evil, let not the cause be delayed, in order that what is necessary may be finished, what our Master hath promised to us."

p. 16 And Nero said : " And if I do not choose this ?"

And Peter said : " Not what thou wilt, but what He Who hath promised us willeth, shall happen."

And Simon said : " O thou glorious Emperor ! these two men are using the opportunity quickly of thy good-will and requirement."

And Nero said : " It is thou who hast silenced me with thy perplexities as to how I should look at it."

And Simon said : " How many beautiful things and wonders hast thou seen from me ! and I am amazed at how thou dost doubt."

And Nero said : " I neither doubt, nor do I praise anything of thine ; but what I ask you, answer me concerning it."

And Simon said : " Henceforth I shall answer thee nothing."

And Nero said : " Because thou art a liar, therefore thou sayest this. But if I am not able to do anything to thee, the God Who is able will do to thee what thou dost merit."

And Simon said : " I shall answer thee nothing at all."

And Nero said : " And henceforth I shall count thee as nothing, for as I have found out that thou art a liar in everything, I desire not much speech. Ye three have made manifest of yourselves that your opinion is of no account and there is no [need to] talk about it. And ye have

made me doubtful about all your confused sayings, so that I cannot believe in the cause of one of you."

And Peter said: "But we preach one God, the Father of the Christ, the Saviour, with the Holy Ghost, the One God, the Creator of all, Maker of Heaven and earth and the sea, and all the creatures that are in them, He Who is the true King, to Whose kingdom there is no end."

And Nero said: "Who is the Lord, the King?"

And Paul said: "He is the Saviour of all nations."

And Simon said: "I am he whom ye seek."

And Peter and Paul said: "There is nothing good in thee, O Simon Magus! the [man] filled with bitterness."

And Simon said: "Hearken, O Nero Cæsar! that thou mayest know p. 17 that these two men are liars, and I am the apostle from the heavens; that I may verily go to the heavens to-morrow, and may make those who believe in me blessed. And I will shew my anger on these two who do not believe in me and deny me."

And Peter and Paul said: "God hath called us for His glory; but thou art the called of the deceiver, hastening to torment."

And Simon said: "O Nero Cæsar! hearken unto me, and put far from thee these two whisperers; that when I shall have departed to heaven to my father I may be a forgiver unto thee; and have compassion on thee."

And Nero said: "And wherewith shall we prove this, that thou wilt go to heaven?"

And Simon said: "Command that a lofty tower be built of wood, so that when I mount on it, my angels may meet me and find me in the air; for they are not able to come to me on the earth among sinners."

And Nero said: "I would fain know, if thou wilt fulfil what thou sayest."

And then Nero commanded that a great high tower should be made in the place which is known as the Campus Martius, and that all plebeians of the city and all dignitaries should assemble to see the spectacle. And on the next day when the crowd were assembled, Nero commanded Peter and Paul to be brought; and he said unto them, "Now the truth will appear."

And Peter and Paul said: "We shall expose this thing; but our Lord Jesus the Christ, the Son of God, against Whom this man hath spoken falsely, He Himself will expose his hypocrisy."

And Paul turned unto Peter and said unto him: "I shall bow my

knees unto God in supplication ; but as for thee, do thou pray, because thou art the chief ; thou wast chosen first by the Lord, and appointed a shepherd." And when Paul bowed on his knees Peter prayed.

Then he lifted up his eyes to Simon, saying : " Thou hast finished what
p. 18 thou hast begun ; for the time is come for the exposure of thy affair ; and He is calling us. Behold ! I see the Christ Who is calling me and Paul."

And Nero said : " And whither will ye go away from me without my consent ? "

And Peter answered : " To heaven, our Lord calleth us."

And Nero said : " And who is your Lord ? "

And Peter answered : " Jesus the Christ, Whom, behold ! I see calling us to Himself."

And Nero said : " And do ye affirm that ye are going to heaven ? "

And Peter answered : " To where the God Who is calling us shall please."

And Simon said : " O thou Emperor ! thou shalt know for certain at my departure to heaven that these two men are deceivers ; and at that time I shall send my angels unto thee, and I shall make thee come unto me."

And Nero answered : " Do henceforth what thou sayest."

And then Simon climbed in the presence of all the spectators into the tower, his head crowned with laurel-leaves. And he stretched out his hands and began to fly.

And when Nero saw him flying, he said unto Peter : " This Simon is the true man, and thou and Paul are deceivers."

And Peter answered : " At this time thou shalt know that we are true disciples of the Christ ; and this man shall be known that he is not a Christ, but a magician, and a cheat, and a malefactor."

And Nero said : " And do ye two still oppose him, though ye see him going into heaven ? "

Then Peter looked at Paul and said : " O Paul ! look and see."

And Paul raised his eyes¹, and his tears overflowed, when he saw Simon flying. And he said, " O Peter ! why dost thou linger in finishing what thou art hesitating about ? and lo ! our Lord Jesus the Christ is calling us."

And when Nero heard them, he mocked them scornfully, and said : " These two are frantic when they see themselves conquered."

And Peter said : " Thou shalt see now that we are not frantic, and we do not groan."

p. 19 And Paul turned and said unto Peter : " Finish what thou art hesitating about."

¹ Literally "gaze."

And Peter looked at [the] spectacle, and said: "I adjure you, O angels of Satan! who are bearing him in the air in order to deceive the hearts of those who do not believe in God the Creator of all things and in Jesus the Christ, Whom He raised from the dead on the third day—do not bear him up again from this hour, but let him go."

And straightway at that moment he was let go; and he fell on the place called the Sacra Via, which means the road to the temple; and he was split into four pieces and died the worst of deaths.

Then Nero commanded concerning Peter and Paul that they should be bound and chained in iron; and that the body of Simon should be kept carefully for three days, thinking that he would rise after three days.

And Peter replied: "He will not rise at all; for he has really died and perished in everlasting torments."

And Nero answered him: "And who hath commanded thee to do a terrible thing like this?"

And Peter replied: "His blasphemy and his calumny against my Lord Jesus the Christ have led him to this destruction."

And Nero said: "Shall I not destroy you with a bad destruction?"

And Peter said: "This is not from thee to purpose our destruction; but what our Master hath promised us must needs be accomplished."

And thereupon Nero called for Agrippa, his Vizier Admiral¹, and said unto him: "Two men are to be condemned with a severe sentence; they must needs die. And I therefore command that great iron stones be fastened on them and that they perish in the sea."

And Agrippa the Vizier answered: "O thou glorious Emperor! this which thou hast decided is not suitable; for Paul has made his cause manifest that he is more innocent than Peter."

And Nero said: "And with what kind of torture shall we destroy them?"

And Agrippa answered and said: "As it has occurred to my mind, a just sentence would be that Paul's head should be struck off; and Peter p. 20 should be hung upon the cross, because he hath been the cause of a murder."

And Nero said: "Thou hast judged a proper judgment."

Then the two Apostles, Peter and Paul, were driven from the presence of Nero. And as for Paul, his head was struck off on the Via Ostiensis. And as for Peter, when he drew near to the cross, he said: "Our Lord Jesus the Christ, because He came down from heaven to earth, was lifted up on the cross upright. But as for me, who am deemed worthy to be called from

¹ Probably *ραδάρχος*, but the Arabic text is here very corrupt.

earth to heaven, it is meet that the head of my cross should be fixed on the earth, to make easy the journey of my feet 'to heaven; and because I am not worthy to be crucified like my Lord."

Then they reversed his cross, and nailed his feet upwards. And a numerous crowd were assembled, reviling Cæsar, insulting [him] and resisting because of the killing [of Peter]. And Peter forbade them, saying: "Do not shew your dislike to him: for he is the servant of Satan his father. But I must needs fulfil the command of my Lord, for a few days ago the brethren asked me about the tumult which had been caused against me by Agrippa, that I should go forth from the city. And the Lord Jesus the Christ met me, my Lord: and when I had worshipped Him, I said, 'Whither goest Thou, O Lord?' And He answered, saying unto me: 'I go to be crucified in Rome.' And I said unto Him: 'O Lord! hast Thou not been crucified once?' And the Lord answered and said: 'I saw thee fleeing from death; and I desired to be crucified instead of thee.' And I said: 'O Lord! I will go and will fulfil Thy commandment.' And He said unto me, 'Fear not, for I am with thee.' And therefore, O my children! do not stand in my way¹; for my feet shall go at once on the heavenly path. And grieve not, but rejoice in me: for to-day I shall receive the fruit of my toils."

p. 21 And when he had uttered these things he said: "O Thou Lord Jesus the Christ! I thank Thee, O Thou Good Shepherd! that the sheep which Thou hast confided to me sympathize with me. And I beseech Thee that Thou wouldest give them a good portion with me in Thy kingdom."

And when he had said this, he gave up his spirit to the Lord. And straightway there appeared noble men, their appearance being that of foreigners, saying one to the other: "We have come from Jerusalem on account of the two most holy disciples, the chief ones." And with them was a man whose name was Marcellus, the Lystrian², who had believed by the preaching of Peter, and had forsaken Simon, and he carried his body secretly, and they laid it down by the terebinth tree near the Naumachia, in a place which is called Vâtîcânôn. But as for the men who said that they had come from Jerusalem, they said to the people: "Rejoice and be glad, for ye have been deemed worthy to have the two great Teachers with you. And know that this Nero after not many days will disappear, and his kingdom shall be given to another."

And after these things an assembly of the people stood up against him

¹ Literally "impede my way."

² Latin "industri viro."

tumultuously: and when he knew it, he ran off to desert places; and his soul was driven away by hunger and thirst; and his body became a prey to wild beasts.

And devout people from the districts of the East determined that they would snatch away the bodies of the saints. And immediately there was a great earthquake in the city. And when they knew the cause, the people of the city assembled and took them away; and the men fled. Then the Romans took them and put them in a place three miles distant from the city; and kept them there for a year and seven months until the two temples were built, which they prepared in order to place them [there]. And after these things a crowd of people assembled and transported them with doxologies and hymns to p. 22 the two temples which had been built for them. And the most holy, noble Apostles Peter and Paul accomplished their testimony on the twenty-ninth day of the month Hazirân, in Jesus the Christ our Lord, to Whom be glory and majesty to the end of the ages. Amen.

THE MARTYRDOM OF PETER.

*In the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Ghost,
the One God.*

And this is a second story about the martyrdom of Peter, the chief of the Apostles, and his wonderful works in Rome, when the angel summoned him to it. May his prayers encompass us! Amen.

I desire to tell you this story also which is about the chief of the Apostles, Peter, the first of all the Apostles, as the Lord called him and said unto him: "Thou, Peter, chief of My disciples, the great city of Rome hath need of thee; for there are many people in it whom Satan hath led astray. Haste thee to go unto them, that thou mayest turn them from error and sins." And so it was that Peter, when he had heard that saying, began to weep before his Lord, and speak unto Him thus: "Thou knowest, O Lord! that I am very weak from old age, and poor, and I have no strength, and no power except in Thee, and I cannot walk, and Thou hast not commanded me, O Lord! and Thou hast not permitted me to possess anything of the rubbish of this fleeting world, neither gold, nor silver, nor clothing, nor beast of burden, nor staff that I can lean on, not to speak of other things. And behold! I see that Thou dost wish to send me into foreign countries, far distant, and to be reached by a hard road. And I beseech Thee, O my God! that Thou wouldest put me to death p. 23 on this spot wherein Thy resurrection took place."

And the Christ said unto him: "Fear not to go thither, for thou art upon earth, and I am in heaven, and I will be sufficient for thee. And the king shall do obeisance unto thee; and the mighty men shall offer tribute to thy hands; and Rome shall acknowledge thee, and shall forsake her false gods fabricated and worshipped instead of the Creator for five thousand and five hundred years, because they have forgotten Me, and have not known Me. And in truth I am He Who provideth them with all good things and fine things. And I make My sun to rise upon them; and their mouths are full of blasphemy against Me."

And Peter answered Him, saying: "O Lord! have compassion upon me, and look at my weakness with the eye of Thy divine pity. Tell

me how I shall be able to go to Rome, and to preach about Thy name in it ; and it is a city of mighty men ; and their clothing is of gold, and pearls, and bracelets, and fine raiment. And there are in it, as Thou knowest, haughty people, and stupid people who boast, and their proud children. And not one of the prophets hath ever entered it. And not a man in it extolleth Thy name. And this is a great command, difficult of purpose, far away to strive for ; and I am poor and weak amongst mankind. And I shall go and shall die like a fool. For they, whenever they shall hear Thy name from my mouth, will kill me without mercy or pity. And my life will go for nought."

And the Lord said unto him : " And where is My divine strength, and My essential power ? And where is My might, with which I have given unto thee the keys of heaven, and the keys of earth, and of the height ? And go now, and fear not, and if thou shouldest see people who dispute with thee, shew them My miracles and My wonders. And if they do not hearken unto thy teaching, and do not accept thy preaching in My name, and do not believe thy sayings, tell the earth to swallow them up ; and it shall obey thee by the authority of My Deity, and the might of My power, which I have given thee. And be not anxious about an argument where- p. 24
with to contend, nor the answer which thou shalt make to them ; for My Holy Spirit shall speak on thy lips and thy tongue immediately in everything that thou shalt wish ; and everything that thou shalt ask Me and shalt entreat of Me shall be quickly given to thee in the presence of the nobles. And go now and tell whomsoever thou wilt of the dead to arise by the strength of My Deity. And likewise do thou sprinkle the eyes of the blind that they may see ; and they will obey thee. And wheresoever thy voice shall fall thence shall issue My mercy."

Then the Lord called to the sea, and it answered Him. And the Lord said unto Peter, " Arise now, and walk upon the sea, in like manner as thou dost walk upon the land. And walk above the water, as thou dost walk above the dust." And Peter did this at the command of his Lord. And he walked above the sea until he came to Rome. And he sat at the gate of the city, and he saw a crowd of people ; and they were worshipping before the impure images and the idols of the unclean demons ; and the devils harangued them from inside of them. And when Peter saw this action he trembled violently. Then he turned back toward the shore of the sea, terrified. And when he was with his three friends amongst the disciples, who were Thomas, and Andrew, and John, Peter said unto them : " Peace be upon you, O my brethren !"

And they returned his greeting in like manner.

And he said unto them : " Pray for me, for I am going out from among you, in the appearance of a dying man ; and I am journeying on the road which the Lord hath told me of."

And they said unto him : " Go, O disciple of the Lord and saint of God ! His Spirit is with thee, and He will not lose thee, and thou shalt not go away from us ; for He is our Lord and our Master."

And Peter went until he came to the city of Rome. And he sat outside the gate above a dunghill ; and he had ragged clothes on him ; and he cast dust upon his head, and began to weep. And the gatekeeper had a leprous daughter, and she looked at him, sitting weeping, and the
p 25 dust upon his head. And she went to her father the gatekeeper, and said unto him : " O father ! there is a feeble, poor old man here, in ragged clothes, and he is weeping and scattering dust on his head. And, father ! I have seen a number of poor people, but anything like the poverty of this man I have never witnessed. And if thou dost approve, O father ! I will go unto him and bring him to thy house, and I will give him food and drink ; and I shall be blessed by his prayer. I will do this by thy command."

And he said unto her : " Go, O my daughter ! to that poor old man, and take him into my dwelling : and do thou take his prayer. As for me, I do not need his prayer."

And the girl, the daughter of that gatekeeper, came unto Peter, who was sitting, weeping. And she said unto him : " Rise, O father ! and do not weep, for thou hast attained thy desire."

And Peter arose, and went with her into her house. And she set for him a chair of silver, and he sat upon it. And he sought water from her ; and she brought him a vessel with some water in it ; and she covered her hands with her sleeves. And he said unto her : " O my daughter ! as for thy house, thou hast received me in it, and hast made me to sit on a silver chair ; and hast given me to drink from a cup of water. And why dost thou cover up thy hands from me ? tell me."

And she said unto him : " I will tell thee, O father ! As for me, my father hath married me to one of the nobles of Rome. And it was upon the night in which I went to the house of my husband, this disease came upon me to this extremity. And I have been since that time as thou dost see, a leper."

Then she uncovered her hands to him, and shewed him them. And she said unto him : " Because of this I have covered my hands from thee."

And Peter hearkened, and took that vessel, in which was the rest of the

water : and he bowed and prayed over it with a true conscience, acceptable, spiritual, nothing material being mingled with it. Then he held the vessel out to her, and said : "Wash thyself with this water."

p. 26

And she did it ; and straightway she was cleansed and healed from that disease, and she became like the snow, as if sickness had never touched her. And when she saw that, she was terribly frightened. Then she went away, going to the gatekeeper, her father. And she said : "O father ! why dost thou sit here ? Arise and look at me, that thou mayest see this wonder."

And she uncovered her arms for him and her face, and shewed him how the leprosy had ceased ; and her body was pure from it, like silver, and she was cleansed. And he wondered greatly at it. And he said unto her : "What is this thing, O my daughter ? and what was the manner of it ? tell me."

And she said unto him in a shrill voice : "Truly I say unto thee, O father ! that the God of truth hath entered our dwelling to-day."

And her father went with her to Peter. And he said unto him : "O thou old man ! cure the rest of my daughter's body from this leprosy. And ask of me what thou dost choose of gold or silver, that I may give it thee."

And Peter said unto him : "I will heal the rest of thy daughter's body from this leprosy ; but I have no need of thy gold nor thy silver. Yet I desire from thee that thou wouldest serve our Lord the Christ ; and leave these impure images, which thou hast hitherto worshipped."

And the gatekeeper said unto him : "Thou hast this from me, that I will do as thou wouldest have me when thou hast cured her."

Then he was baptized. And he [Peter] set up a baptismal font at once. And he took the girl, and dipped her in that hour, and cleansed her as if nothing of it had ever been in her. And when her father saw this, he believed in the Christ, and forsook the images with the demons whom he had worshipped. And Peter abode with them for a day and a night. Then he desired to enter the city. And the believing gate-keeper came in and looked at him, and said unto him : "Whither dost thou desire to go ? Know that thou canst not enter the city of Rome, and [amongst] its people ; for they have a festival ; and if they see thee in these rags, I fear for thee concerning them that they will kill thee."

p. 27

And Peter said unto the gatekeeper : "I must needs enter ; for my Lord hath sent me as upon this day. And I cannot rebel against the commandment of my Lord."

Then Peter went until he entered the city. And he heard the people crying and saying: "Whomsoever we find not finely dressed in brocade and purple and gold embroidery with many jewels, and going towards the shrine of the honoured gods, it is lawful to kill him."

And the people looked at Peter, and he was clothed in rags. And they said unto him: "O thou foolish old man! where dost thou wish [to go] in these rags which are upon thee? for if the Emperor of Rome see thee he will kill thee. Go and put on gold and purple, and come to the shrine of the gods."

And Peter said unto the kings, and the soldiers, and the crowds: "This is the raiment of my Lord Who gave it to me; and there is no God but He." And they forbade it to him with the worst of refusals. And they were wroth with him with a great wrath. Then they wished to stone him with stones for his saying that the Christ was his Lord. And when Peter saw a thing like this, he went to a towering place where their gods were. And he turned towards the Lord with a true conscience, acceptable and spiritual in that place.

Then the Emperor of Rome came out, and with him were many kings and crowds, and soldiers innumerable. And with him were a hundred girls whom they had bedecked; and (the people) wished them to be
p. 28 sacrificed; and made vows to the gods and the demons. And when Peter saw this, he lifted up his eyes to heaven, and said: "O my Lord and my God! I have no patience after what I see. O Lord! grant Thy strength which is needed in this hour."

And He responded to the supplication of Peter, and sent a great cloud and a strong wind also, and all these images fell and were broken. And when the Emperor saw that, he said unto the girls: "Go in peace; for my empire hath vanished by reason of this hut which is upon this high place." For fire had come out upon the crowds from the neighbourhood of the eminence upon which Peter was.

And at that moment a messenger from the Emperor's house approached him, and said unto him: "O Emperor of Rome! what causeth thee to linger when thy beloved son is dead?"

Then the Emperor commanded the rest of the kings, and the soldiers, and the crowds to follow him; and there were many thousands, who could not be numbered; and they followed him until he reached his dwelling. And his wife came out, and said unto him: "Thy son and thy beloved one is dead. Come, let us weep for our only child."

And then this girl came who had been a leper, and she went in to the

Emperor and said unto him: "What causeth thee to weep, O thou Emperor! for thy son? and there is a very old man in the country, feeble and poor, wearing ragged clothes; and if thou wert to send to him, he would raise thee up thy son alive this day."

And the Emperor said unto her: "O my daughter! speak not thus; if thou dost affirm that the dead rise, and the blind see, and the stones speak; and that my only one may rise. Put away these sayings from thee, and come, weep with us for our child, thou and all thy companions."

And she said unto him: "O Emperor of Rome! dost thou know me?"

And he said unto her: "Yea, thou art well known as the leprous p. 29 daughter of that gatekeeper."

And she said unto him: "I am not leprous." Then she uncovered to him her face and her arms.

And the Emperor said unto her: "What is this? and how did thy cure happen?"

And she said unto him: "Truly I say unto thee, O thou Emperor! that there is a feeble, poor old man in Rome; and he it is of whom I reminded thee; and he it is who will raise up thy son to thee this day."

And the Emperor sent unto the kings, and the soldiers, and they said unto them: "Seek for this old man with diligence and desire. And if ye find him in the city, bring him to us in his rags."

And when they waxed earnest in seeking him they found him; and they set him before the Emperor. And the Emperor said unto him: "O thou old man! behold, I say unto thee! that if thou dost raise up my dead child alive this day, my empire and all that pertaineth to it shall be thine."

And Peter said unto him: "I raise up thy son to thee, but I desire not thine empire. Only I desire from thee that thou worship my Lord, the Creator of heaven and of earth. He is Jesus the Christ, beside Whom there is no God; and that thou forsake these images and demons whom thou dost serve."

And the Emperor said unto him: "I will do that, O Peter!"

And Peter said unto him: "Send unto the kings, and the tribes, and the soldiers from the rest of thy dominion, those of them who are within, and those of them who are without. Then collect them and bear this thy dead son upon a couch; and come unto the place of thy gods whom thou dost worship."

Then he sent those who assembled all the people of his dominion and his empire to him, those domestic and distant¹.

¹ Perhaps "Cisalpin and Transalpine."

And he caused his son to be borne upon a couch, and he came with it to the place of his gods whom he had worshipped.

p. 30 Then Peter stood facing the east, by the side of the couch on which the dead man was; and he made supplication to his Lord with a true conscience, spiritual [and] acceptable. And our Lord heard his supplication, and raised up his dead one to him. Then he came down from the couch and approached Peter until he worshipped him. And he said unto him : " Peace be upon thee, O thou whose supplication the Lord hath heard ! and hath given me back my spirit after my death, and [after] its departure from my body."

Then the lad drew near to his father and said unto him : " Woe unto thee, O father ! in what sins and what darkness we have been ! Woe unto thee, O father ! for the angels were conversing with this blessed old man."

And in that place God commanded Peter, and he arose and set up the font where the images of their gods had stood. And he baptized the son of the Emperor, and his father, and cleansed them, and the rest of the army and the kings. And when Peter saw that he could not baptize the people all together, he took some of that water and sprinkled [it] upon them. And on whomsoever a particle or a drop of that water fell he was baptized. And whosoever believed in God was cleansed. And all who were present of peoples and tribes worshipped His Son, to Whom be majesty and power at all times and always. Amen. *May God forgive him who readeth and hearkeneth ; and have mercy upon the poor copyist.*

THE MARTYRDOM OF PAUL.

This is the Martyrdom of the Blessed Paul, disciple of Jesus, which he finished in the city of Rome, on the twenty-ninth day of Hæstrân. May his prayers preserve us! Amen.

The blessed disciples, Luke who was from Barðâ, and Titus who was from Dalmatia, were waiting in Rome for the arrival of Paul. And when he came to them, and beheld them, and they beheld him, they all rejoiced exceedingly at this. And Paul hired a dwelling outside of the town, and abode in it with the brethren; and he preached in the name of the Lord; and taught every one who came unto him, and his words were reported in the city of Rome; and many people followed him, believing in the Christ, when they saw the wonders which God wrought by his hands. He healed those who were stricken with divers diseases in the name of the Lord Jesus the Christ and by the sign of the honoured cross. And many of the household of the Emperor Nero followed him; and there was great joy in the city. And a boy whose name was Patricius, the butler at the Emperor's table, was present at the place where Paul was teaching during the night to hear his doctrine; and he was unable to approach him because of the multitude of the crowd who were round about him. And he climbed to a high place and leant over it¹, and he was overcome with sleep; and he fell from the top of that high place and died. And the news came to the Emperor Nero that Patricius was dead. And he mourned for him with a great grief, for he had been very fond of him.

And when Paul knew by the Spirit what had happened, he said unto the brethren and to those about him: "Satan, the enemy, desireth to tempt us. Go forth to the outside of the gate; ye will find a dead boy lying down: carry him and bring him to me." And they went out and found the dead man as he had said: and they came in with him to Paul the Blessed Disciple.

And when the multitude beheld him and knew that it was Patricius, they were greatly perturbed, because they knew that he enjoyed great favour with the Emperor. And Paul said unto them: "O ye brethren! be not shaken and fear ye not; in this hour your faith will be manifest. Rise, let us make supplication unto the Lord Jesus the Christ, that He

¹ Literally "projected."

may have compassion upon us; and may give life unto this dead man, lest we all die."

f. 13 a And Paul straightway fell prostrate on the ground and besought the Lord with continual supplication and lifted up his head. Thereupon the dead man arose whole, with no pain whatever about him.

And Paul sent him to the palace of Nero the Emperor his master. And Nero was in the bath at the time when he heard of the death of Patricius, and after he had come out he went to his house and found that Patricius had already arranged the table as was his wont. And all his retainers came out to him telling the news of Patricius being alive, and that he was at the table as usual. And when the Emperor Nero looked at Patricius, he said unto him: "Art thou alive? and who is it that hath restored thee to life after thy death?"

And Patricius' heart was filled with the grace of the Holy Spirit; and he said unto his master: "The Lord Jesus the Christ, the Eternal King, Who is thy Lord and thy God; He it is Who hath brought me to life."

Nero the Emperor said unto him: "Is that He Who thou dost think shall reign for ever; and He Who shall abolish all the kingdoms and the f. 13 b kings and those who rule them, which are beneath the heavens?" [And Patricius said:]¹ "He shall abolish them; and He alone shall endure for ever. And there is none beside Him, and no king shall conquer His dominion!"

And Nero struck him on the hands and said unto him: "And thou, Patricius, dost thou believe in that?"

And Patricius answered him: "Yea, O my lord! I believe in Him, for it was He Who made me alive from the dead."

And whilst he was saying this, there drew nigh unto the Emperor four noblemen, servants of the Empire, whom he loved, and preferred to all people who were in the palace, those who were never absent from his presence at any time. And these were their names: Farnsās, Festus, Farstus, Kanmastus. They replied unto the Emperor, saying: "Know, O thou Emperor! that from this hour we have enlisted in the palace of the Heavenly, the Eternal King, Jesus the Christ, the Son of the Living God." And this frightened the Emperor Nero, and he commanded that they should be tortured with a cruel torture, and afterwards be cast into prison. And the Emperor went in the fierceness f. 14 a of [his] anger and hatred against every one who believed in the Eternal Christ. And he commanded in this manner, saying: "Whosoever shall be

¹ These words seem to have been dropped from the Arabic text. They are found in the Latin one.

found to have enlisted in the palace of the King, Jesus the Christ, shall be slain."

And when all the men of the soldiery heard what the Emperor had commanded them, they dispersed themselves all over the city, and arrested every one who believed in the Lord Jesus the Christ, and brought them before him in chains. And there was a great crowd of prisoners hustling each other, gazing at Paul and listening to his words, and to all that passed between him and the Emperor. And when the Emperor beheld him in chains, he said unto him: "O thou man who dost belong to the Eternal, the Mighty King! behold thou hast been delivered unto me in chains. Tell me what hath brought thee [to do] this deed upon which thou hast ventured, to come into my city, and to collect soldiers from my kingdom for thy King?"

Saint Paul replied to him in the presence of them all: "O thou Emperor! it is not from thy kingdom [alone] that we collect soldiers for my King, but from all the world. Thus hath our Lord commanded us that we should f. 14 b not shut a door before any man; and it would be incumbent on thee also to enlist in His palace. Because this kingdom and this glory will not save thee unless thou fall down and worship this King, and beg Him to grant thee salvation; because He will come to judge the world and give life to all who believe in Him. But those who do not believe in Him, and the sinners will He judge, and will deliver them over to everlasting punishment." And Nero the Emperor did not believe in what Paul said unto him, and commanded that whosoever believed should be burnt alive with fire, Paul being present in chains, and commanded concerning Paul that his head¹ should be struck [off] as the law of the Romans enjoins. And he delivered Paul to the chamberlains that they might take off his head. And their names were Ligos and Justus. And they bore him out from the presence of the Emperor.

And Paul began to speak unto them in words²
 the help of God, and to all who followed f. 15 a
 him. Because many people had gathered themselves together unto him, wishing to behold his martyrdom. And in the city of Rome there was a great power of the Devil assisting in the slaughter of those who believed in Jesus the Christ. And an innumerable multitude of them were slain. And the people of Rome, the chief men of the city, assembled at the palace of the Emperor and cried out to the king, saying: "O thou Emperor!

¹ Literally "neck."

² Lacuna

thou wilt slay these men ; and they are Romans. Why dost thou weaken the empire of Rome and her armies ?" Then he commanded that the sword should be lifted up ; and that they should not seek for the Christ in order that he might examine them.

And after this commandment the man who had smitten Paul brought him into the presence of the Emperor, in order that he might also hear his words about the people of Rome. And his amazement increased at the number of the multitude who had responded to the preaching of Paul.

f. 15 b Paul answered and said unto the Emperor, "This life of mine, which belongeth to my King, is not a life which hath a certain length, but is an eternal life which hath no end. And thou hast commanded that my head should be taken off, and yet I appear unto thee, and I am alive, that thou mayest know the truth of my words ; that I live to my King, Jesus the Christ, Who will judge the quick and the dead ; and will recompense every one according to his works, whether it be good or evil."

And when Nero heard this from the speech of Paul, he made a sign in anger to the chamberlain that he should be speedily slain. And when Festus and Ligos the chamberlains heard, they bore him out to take off his head [and] they said unto Paul : "Where is your King, He in Whom ye believe and Whom ye will not reject, but will be patient in all this torture because of Him ?"

f. 16 a Paul answered them : "O ye men ! over whom error reigneth, and want of the knowledge of God, turn ye and repent, that ye may be saved from the wrath which is to come upon the unbelievers. It is not as ye imagine : that we collect soldiers like yourselves for an earthly king, but that we enlist [them] for the palace of the Heavenly King, Who because of the sins of the world is coming to judge the earth. And to whosoever believeth in Him He will give life eternal."

And when the chamberlains heard [a saying] like this, they did obeisance unto him, saying : "Make us meet to be the subjects of this King and we will set thee free so that thou mayest go whithersoever thou wilt."

Paul said unto them : "I am no coward, and I fear not your torture, that I should flee from God ; but I am the slave of my master Jesus the Christ, the Living King. For if I knew that this death were an eternal death, I should do what ye say. But I shall live with my King for ever. And I am obedient to Him, and I shall go to Him, and with Him I shall return when He cometh in the glory of His Father." The chamberlains said unto him : "How canst thou, after thy neck hath been struck, be

in the second life?" And whilst they were speaking, the Emperor sent two messengers to learn if Paul's neck had been struck or no. And when they saw him in life, Paul said unto them: "Believe in the Living God Who f. 16 b will make alive from the dead whosoever believeth in Him, and will give them life for ever."

They answered him, saying: "Behold, thou shalt die, and if we see thee rise from the dead, we will believe." And they returned to the Emperor.

But Ligos and Festus continued to enquire of Paul, saying unto him: "Teach us the path of life and salvation."

Paul said unto them: "Go ye early to-morrow to the grave in which my body shall be left; ye shall find two men standing praying; they are Titus and Luke; it is they who will give you the token of salvation; and will present you to the Lord Jesus the Christ, the true God." And Paul looked towards the east in the presence of all who had come to behold his martyrdom, and he lifted up his hands and prayed for a long while in the Hebrew language.

And when he had finished his prayer, he spoke again to all the multitude who were present about faith in God, until a great company believed through the sweetness of his words, and the light which was in his f. 17 a face, and the grace which rested upon him.

And the two messengers returned to Nero the Emperor, and told him that they had found Paul speaking to Ligos and Festus and teaching them his faith. And the Emperor was very wroth, and sent a brutal swordsman to strike off the head of Paul forthwith. And when the swordsman came the saint stretched out his neck and was silent; he did not speak, and stood for a long time with outstretched neck; and the swordsman standing over against him with his sword drawn, and his hands shaking, being powerless to bring it down upon him.

And at last the swordsman stood and struck the saint a blow which made his head fall upon the ground; and milk and blood issued from his holy body, until it left stains on the garments of the swordsman. And the multitude were amazed, and glorified God, Who had given this power and great gifts to His holy disciple. And the swordsman returned and reported to the Emperor what had happened. And Nero wondered at it, he and all the philosophers who were about him, and remained perplexed.

And when it was the ninth hour of the day, Paul appeared unto them, f. 17 b and said unto the Emperor: "I am the captain who belongeth to Jesus

the Christ, I am he who came to thy city to take from it soldiers for my King. Behold, I am alive, I have not died ; but as for thee, many evils shall come upon thee ; for thou hast shed much blood of innocent people. And after a few days all that I have said shall come upon thee."

And when Paul had said this, he departed from him. And the Emperor Nero commanded that all who were in prison should be released, who believed in the Lord Jesus the Christ. And Patricius, the page of the Emperor, and another whose name was Ligos, and Festus, of the Emperor's retainers, went early to the grave of Paul. And when they drew nigh to it, they beheld two men standing and praying, and Paul standing in the midst of them in great glory. And they were afraid, and trembled from fear of what they had beheld of his glory. And as for Titus and Luke, they were afraid, and fled from their presence. But the servants of the Emperor, who have been mentioned already, ran in pursuit of them, and f. 18 a rejoined them and said unto them : "We are not seeking you for death ; but rather that ye may give us life eternal, as Paul said, he who hath just stood in the midst of you." And when Titus and Luke heard words like these from them, they rejoiced greatly, and spake to them with words of exhortation ; and made known to them the faith in our Lord Jesus the Christ, and gave them the token of the life everlasting.

The Martyrdom of Saint Paul was finished on the twenty-ninth of Hæstrân, in the peace of the Lord Jesus the Christ. May his prayers preserve us and be with us henceforth and for ever and ever ! Amen.

PALIMPSEST FRAGMENTS OF THE ACTS
OF JUDAS THOMAS.

...Judas. And the king said unto him, "What art dost thou know to practise?" Judas saith unto him, "I am a carpenter, the servant of a carpenter and an architect." He saith unto him, "What dost thou know to make?" Judas saith unto him, "In wood I know (how) to make yokes and ploughs, and rigging for barges and ferry-boats, and masts for ships; and in hewn stone, tombstones, monuments (*vaoucs*), and palaces for kings." The king saith unto Judas, "I also want such an artificer." He saith unto him, "Wilt thou build me a palace?" Judas saith unto him, "I will build it and finish it, for I am come to work at building and carpentering."

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f. 153 a
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And he took him and went outside the gate of the city, and was talking with him about his constructing of the palace and about its foundations, how they should be laid. And when he had reached the place where the king wished him to build a palace for him, he said unto Judas, "Here I wish you to build for me a palace." Judas saith unto him, "(Yea), for this is also a place which is suitable for it." Now it was of this sort..... it was a meadow, and there was plenty of water near it. The king saith unto him, "Begin to build here." Judas saith unto him, "Now I cannot build at this time." The king saith unto him, "And at what time wilt thou be able to build?" Judas saith unto him, "I will begin in Teshri (Oct.—Nov.) and I will finish in Nisan (April)." The king saith unto him, "All buildings are built in summer, and thou buildest in winter!" Judas saith unto him, "Thus (only) is it possible for the palace to be built." The king saith unto him, "Why not trace it out for me, that I may see, because after a long time I shall come hither?" And Judas came and took a cane, and began to measure; and he left doors towards the east for light; and windows towards the west for air; and (he made) the bake-house to the south; and the water-pipes for the service (of the house) to the north. The king saith unto him, "Verily thou art a good artificer, and art worthy to serve a king"; and he left a large sum of money, and departed from him.

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f. 153 b

And he was sending silver and gold to him from time to time. And Judas was going about in the villages and cities, and was ministering to the poor, and was making the afflicted comfortable, and was saying, "What is the king's shall be given to the king, and many shall have rest."

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Then the king despatched messengers to Judas, and sent a messenger to him (thus): "Send me (word) what thou hast done, and what I shall send (thee)."

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l. 26
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"I (am he who) stirred up Caiaphas and Herod by false slander, which is mine. I am he who gave a bribe to Judas, that he might deliver up the Messiah to death. I am he to whom the power of Shēōl (was given¹). I am he whom the Son of Mary hath seized by force and taken what was His from me. I am the kinsman of him who is to come from the east, to whom the power is given."

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p. 173

And when the snake had said these things, because (Judas) was seekingwho were subject....." feared that thy end was come." He saith unto him, "In the name of Jesus. Who until now hath struggled with thee for the sake of His own people, that thou suck out the poison which thou hast cast into this youth; and that he may rise (alive)." The snake said unto him, "My destruction is not yet come, as thou hast said. Why compellest thou me to take (back) what I have put into this (youth), for were even my father to suck out and take (back) what he hath cast into the creation, it would be his destruction." The Apostle saith unto him, "Shew, then, the nature of thy father." And the snake came, and put his mouth upon the wound of the youth, who had become like purple (and) became white, and the snake was swelling. And when he had drawn out the whole of the poison from the youth, he sprang upright and ran and.....at the feet of the Apostle Judas, and fell down and worshipped him. Then the snake burst, and the place in which the poison of the snake fell, Judas commanded the king and his brother to fill up the place, and to lay foundations, and make in it houses—hostelries for strangers.

f. 158 b

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p. 175
l. 6

And the youth was sorrowful, and wept [and said with] his [many] tears [unto the Apostle; "What] wrong have I done [unto thee, O man] in whom are [two] likenesses?" "And as thou wilt.....to him according as I see. For I have said unto this [man].....that thou art His Apostle, and say unto thee: 'I have many things to shew through thee, and thou hast many works to accomplish for Me, for which thou shalt receive their reward; and thou shalt give life unto many that they also may become on high and in the light, as sons of God. Do thou, therefore, bring to life this

¹ Probably ܫܝܬܐ.

youth, who hath been smitten by his enemy, because thou at all times beholdest thy Lord.' Yea.....hither."

...the Apostle (had said these things), all the multitudes were looking to see what answer he was about to give to the colt. And when the Apostle had stood a long time wondering and looking up to heaven, he said unto the colt, "Who art thou? and what is thine errand, that by thy mouth great wonders are uttered, that are more excellent than many?" The colt saith unto him: "I am of that stock that served Balaam the prophet, and (thy God) and thy Lord rode upon my kin; and I am sent unto thee to give thee rest,.....and that that other portion might be added unto me, which I have got to-day in order to serve thee and which will be taken away from me when I have served thee." Judas saith unto it, "He who hath sent thee, and hath given thee this gift now, is to be relied on to give it hereafter too in full to thee and to thy kindred; for I am too little and weak for this mystery." And he would not ride upon it.

f. 161 a
Wright
p. 181
l. 10

And the colt was begging of him and supplicating him that it might be blessed by his riding it: and he mounted and rode it. And the people were going after and before the Apostle; and people were running to see what would happen to the colt. And when they reached the gate of the city he dismounted from it and said unto it, "Go, be preserved as thou hast been." And in that hour the colt fell down and died. And all who were there were sorry for it, and were saying to the Apostle: "We entreat of thee, bring it to life again." The Apostle saith unto them: "It is not because I am unable to bring this colt to life, that I do not bring it to life, but that perhaps this is what would be a profit to it." And he commanded those who were with him to dig a place and bury its body; and they did as he commanded them.

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p. 182

f. 161 b

And the Apostle went into the city, the multitudes accompanying him; and he was thinking of going to the house of the family of the youth whom he had brought to life, because he had begged (it) much. And suddenly a fair woman cried with a loud voice and said unto him: "Apostle of the new God, who art come to India! servant of the holy God, Who by thee is proclaimed both the Saviour of the souls of those who come unto Him, and the Healer of the bodies of those who are tortured by the enemy; (thou) art become the cause of life to the whole people; permit me and command me, that they may bring me before thee, and that I may tell thee

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p. 183

f. 170a what hath befallen me, and perchance I may get hope from thee, and these who are standing by may be greatly strengthened in the God who is proclaimed by thee." And she saith unto him: "I am not slightly tormented by the enemy, lo, for the space of five years. For I was sitting in ease, and peace was around me on all sides, and I had no concern about anything, because I knew no care. And it happened one day, as I was coming out of the bath, a man met me, who seemed to me as one troubled in his aspect; his voice and his speech were very weak. And he said unto me: 'I and thou shalt be in one love, and do thou have intercourse with me with the intercourse of a man and a woman.' And I said unto him: 'I did not yield myself to my betrothed, because I cannot bear a man; and to thee, who wishest to have intercourse with me as in adultery, how can I give myself to thee?' And I said to my maiden who was with me: 'See the impudence of this young man, who talks as far as licentiousness with me.' And she said unto me: 'Who is the old man whom we saw talking with thee?' And when I had gone home to my supper, although my heart made me afraid of him, because he had appeared to me in two forms; and I went to sleep thinking of him. And in the night he came, and.....on me, and had filthy intercourse with me and by day too I saw him and fled from him; but by night he used to come (in the shape) of his race and torture me. And lo, up to the present, as thou seest,.....for five years he hath not left me alone. But because I know and believe that both devils and spirits and demons are subject to thee and dread thy prayer..... (O) evil that cannot be repressed! O enemy who art never at rest! O envious one who art never quiet! O [thou who hast many] shapes and appearest as thou wilt, but thy black colour changeth not, because it is thy nature! O bitter tree, the fruits of which are like unto it! O lying slanderer, who strivest with those that are not thine! who standing upon its...and upon its head, dares! O wickedness, that creepeth like a serpent,...at virtue!".....And when the Apostle had said these things, the enemy (came and stood) before him, no one...

f. 170b
Wright
p. 184

Wright
p. 185

f. 167b and we too, if we bear not the burden that beseemeth this name, shall receive punishment; and it shall be to us for judgment and vengeance." And Judas prayed with them a long prayer, and committed them to our Lord, and said: "Lord of all the worlds which await Him, Lord and Father of the spirits which hope in Him! deliver from error Thy

f. 167b
Wright
p. 205
l. 13

people, freeing (them) from corruption and from fear and slavery those who obey Thee¹ and come to Thy² place of refuge; be Thou with the flock of Xanthippus, and anoint his flock with the oil of life..... and guard it from wolves and from robbers, that they may not snatch it out of his hand." (And he laid his hand³) upon them and said unto them, "The peace of Jesus be with you, and may He go with us also."

And the Apostle set out to go on the way; and all of them were accompanying him with weeping, and were adjuring him by his Lord (to be) mindful (of them) in his prayers and not to forget them. And when the Apostle had mounted he sat in the chariot, and all the brethren remained behind. The general came and said unto the driver: "Now I am praying that I may be worthy to sit beneath the feet of the Apostle of our Lord Jesus the Christ, and to be his driver on the road which many know, that He may be my guide on that road on which each one of us is going." Wright
p. 206

And when they had gone about a mile Judas begged of the general, and made him get up beside him, and persuaded the driver to sit on his place. And as they were going along the road, and Judas was accompanying the general he conversed. And the cattle became tired from the much driving wherewith he drove them, (and) they stood and would not stir. And the general was struck with great pity; and knew not what to do; and (he thought) of running on foot, and bringing other cattle wherever he could (get them), or horses, because his time was becoming short. And when the Apostle saw (this), he said unto him: "Be not afraid and be not agitated, only believe surely in Jesus the Christ, He about Whom I told thee, and thou shalt see great wonders." For Judas saw a herd of wild asses feeding some distance off the highway, and he said unto the general: "If thou believest in Jesus the Christ, the Son of God, go to that herd and say unto them: 'Judas the Apostle of Jesus the Christ, the Son of God, saith; Let four of you come, for I require them.'" And the general went fearing, because... Wright
p. 207

build for themselves, nor to practise the art of hewing stones, which stone-cutters know as their craft: but we are commanded (to do) some-

¹ MS. "Him."

² MS. "His."

³ These words have been dropped out of the MS.

f. 164 b
Wright
p. 219
l. 23
p. 220

thing; that we should not do anything against any one¹; and that we should beware of adultery, the head of all evils: and from murder, by reason of which the curse came upon others²; and from theft.....which brought Judas Iscariot unto hanging; and from gluttony, which brought the curse upon Adam³; and from covetousness, unto which man is subject, he doth not discern what he doeth; and from vain-glory, and from destroying slander; and from evil actions and from deeds of shame; and from intercourse with women and from unclean connexion, in which there is eternal condemnation; and this is the mother which still trembleth⁴; and it seizeth the uplifted by force, and casteth them down to the depth, and bringeth them under power; and they do not discern what they do, and their works become hidden from them. And conduct yourselves with holiness, for this is chosen before God more than all the virtues, and with temperance, for this is conversation with the living God, and it giveth eternal life; and.....the death of the flesh. (And with humility) for this is weighed with everything, and is heavy, and outweigheth them, and gaineth the crown; and with gentleness, and.....

f. 164 a the needy;.....(with) holiness.....all good works; for he who is not sanctified, is unable to do anything good; for all the virtues are after this of holiness. And holiness is seen of God, and destroyeth evil. Holiness is pleasing to God; therefore it proceedeth from Him. For holiness is the athlete who is not overcome. Holiness is the truth that is unshaken. Holiness is the foundation that falleth not. Holiness is worthy to belong to God. Holiness is that which pleaseth when it is found with many. Holiness destroyeth corruption. Holiness is the messenger of concord, which bringeth the tidings of peace. Temperance (belongeth) unto him who acquireth it⁴. Temperance careth for naught but how it may please its Lord. Temperance holdeth on by hope, awaiting deliverance. Temperance sitteth at all times in tranquillity, because it doth nothing that is odious. Temperance is a life of rest and joy to all who acquire it, and exalteth those who are nigh to it.....

Wright p. 221

f. 157 b
Wright
p. 262
l. 4

never pass away." And when Karish had heard these things, he went (and) told them to King Mazdai. And King Mazdai said: "Let us fetch him

¹ The reading is here doubtful.

² Dr Wright's text has "upon Cain."

³ Wright "which removed Esau from his birthright."

⁴ A phrase must have been dropped here.

and destroy him." But Karlsh his friend said unto the king, "Have patience with him a little, and bring him out, and speak unto him, and frighten him; perhaps he will persuade Mygdonia to be with me as she was."

And King Mazdai sent and fetched Judas the Apostle of the Lord. And all the prisoners were grieved that Judas the Apostle had departed from them, and were seeking him and saying: "Even the pleasure which we had they have taken away from us." And Mazdai said unto Judas: "Why teachest thou a doctrine which gods and men abhor, and in which there is nothing pleasing?" Judas saith unto him: "What do I teach that is bad?" Mazdai saith unto him: "Thou sayest that men do not live unto God, unless they keep themselves pure to the God Whom thou preachest." Judas saith unto him: "Yea, verily, this I say, and I lie not (in) what I say. Pr'ythee, can thy servants stand before thee in mean garb, or when soiled or dirty? Thou, therefore, who art an earthly king and perishing f. 157 a with the earth—thou requirest things fair and clean of thy servants. As for my King, how do ye say concern, and should be free Wright p. 263 l. 2 from the heavy burden of sons and of daughters, and chiefly from the care of wealth and from the trouble (and vanity) of riches? For thou hast willed that those who serve thee and obey thee should conduct themselves by thy actions; and if one of them transgresseth thy commandments, he receiveth chastisement from thee. How much more doth it behove us, who believe in the name of this God of mine, to serve our Lord in purity and in holiness and in temperance and in chastity and in "....." If thou wishest to do aught unto me, delay not; for, if she hath really received what she hath heard, iron will not hurt her, nor fire, nor any other thing that [is worse] than this.....

"I (will supply) it to thee without labour. Why dost thou do mischief f. 162 b to me, when thou canst not escape from my hands? For know that, if thou Wright p. 264 l. 17 dost not persuade her, I will destroy thee, and I will not leave her in life. And finally I will take myself out of the world. And if, as thou sayest, there be life and death, and condemnation and acquittal, and there be judgment and recompense there, I will stand with thee in judgment; and if thy God, Who teacheth thee, be just, and taketh vengeance justly, I shall be recompensed, as I have done thee no wrong, but thou hast afflicted me, and I have not sinned against thee, but thou hast sinned against me. But even here I can take vengeance upon thee, and do unto thee all that thou Wright p. 265

hast done unto me. Harken unto me, therefore, and come with me to my house, and speak unto Mygdonia, and persuade her to be with me as she was before she saw thy face."

f. 141 a And Judas went with him laughing, and said unto him: "Believe ye in me, that if men loved God as they love men, their fellows, all that they asked He would give them, and there would be nothing which would resist them." And when he had said this, he went to the house of Karish, (and) found Mygdonia sitting, and Narqia standing before her; and her hands were placed on her cheeks, and she was saying to her nurse, "Would that the days passed swiftly over me, my mother, and that all the hours were one, that I might go forth from the world to go and see that Beautiful (One) of Whom I have heard tell, that Living (One) and Giver of life to those who believe in Him, where there is (no) night nor day, and where there is neither light nor darkness, and there is neither good nor bad, and there is neither rich nor poor, nor slave nor freeman, nor any who are high and uplifted over those who are humble."

Wright p. 266 And whilst she was saying these things, Judas came in; and.....before him; and she sprung upright and prostrated herself to him. Karish saith unto him: "See, she feareth thee and loveth thee, and whatever thou sayest to her she will gratify thee (therein)." Judas saith unto her: "My daughter Mygdonia, consent unto what thy brother Karish saith unto thee." Mygdonia saith unto him: "Thou art unable to name the deed to me, and how canst thou persuade me to do it. For I have heard thee say: 'This life is a loan, and this rest which thou hast heard.....and these possessions abide not.' And again thou didst say: 'Whosoever hateth this life shall go and receive life everlasting; and whosoever hateth this light of day and of night, shall go and receive the light in which there is no night.' And again thou didst say: 'Whosoever forsaketh these earthly possessions shall go and find possessions that abide for ever.' And now other things, because thou art afraid, thou hast spoken to me. Who is there that doeth a thing and exulteth in it, and turning round¹ renounceth it? And who is there that buildeth a tower, and overturneth and rooteth it up from its foundations? Who is there that diggeth a well in a parched place, and throweth in stones and filleth it up? And who findeth a treasure, and doth not make use of it?" And when Karish, the kinsman of King Mazdai, heard these things, he said: "I am not like to you, and I will not be in haste to destroy you; but thee I will bind, because I have power over thee; and I will not let thee go and talk with him, for this (man)

f. 141 b

¹ Dr Wright's conjecture of 𐬨𐬀𐬭𐬀𐬎𐬌 for 𐬨𐬀𐬭𐬀𐬎𐬌 is not justified by this text.

is a wizard. And if thou yieldest (good and well); and if not, I know what I will do."

And Judas went out from the house of Karîsh, and went to the house of Şîfûr the general, and was dwelling there. And Şîfûr said unto Judas, "Prepare for thyself an apartment, and be teaching in it"; and he did as he said unto him. And Şîfûr the general said unto him: "I and my wife and my daughter will henceforth live purely; in one mind and in one love; and we beg of thee that we may receive the sign from thy hands, and may become true servants to Him, and may be reckoned among the number of His flock and His sheep." Judas saith: "I am meditating what to say and am afraid; and I know that I am not able to utter what I know." Wright
p. 267
f. 150 a

And he began to speak of baptism, and said: "This is the baptism of the remission of sins; this is the bringer forth of new men; this is the restorer of understandings, and the mingler.....to men.....participation... and the establisher of the new man in the Trinity, and becometh a participation in the remission of sins. Mayest thou have remission, who dost loose the hidden power which is in the Christ!" And he spake, and they brought a large vat; and he baptized them in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Spirit.

And when they were baptized and had put on their clothes, he brought bread, and placed it on the table, and began to bless it¹, and said: "Living bread, which came down from heaven, the eaters of which die not! Bread, that fillest hungry souls with thy blessing!...promised.....and shalt be for the remission of sins, that those who eat thee may not die! We name the name of the Father over thee; the name of the hidden,.....that is hidden from all." And he said unto Têrtîa....."In Thy name, Jesus, may the power and...of the blessing and the thanksgiving come and abide upon this bread; that all the souls which take of it may have their sins remitted unto them." Wright
p. 268
f. 150 b

And he brake, and gave to Şîfûr and to his wife and to his daughter.

When King Mazdai had dismissed Judas he went to his house to sup. And he was telling his wife what had happened to Karîsh, the king's kinsman, and he said unto her: "See what hath befallen that afflicted (man). For thou knowest, my sister Têrtîa, that a man hath no one like his wife, on whom he relieth. Now it happened that she went to see the sorcerer of whom she had heard tell and of what he was doing, and he bewitched her, and hath parted her from her husband; and he knoweth not what to do; and I wished to destroy him. But do thou go, and

¹ Literally "upon it."

advise him, that she may yield to her husband, and may not hearken to the vain words of that (man)."

And in the morning Tērtia arose and went to the house of Karish, the kinsman of her king, and found Mygdonia sitting on the ground, with sack-cloth and ashes cast upon her, and begging of her Lord that He would forgive her her former sins,...and that she might be delivered from the world speedily. And when Tērtia came in to her, she said to Mygdonia: "My sister, and my beloved and close friend, what is this (folly) that hath taken possession of thee? And why art thou become like a mad woman? Be mindful of thyself, be mindful of thy family; and turn (thy thoughts) towards thy numerous kindred, and have pity on thy true husband Karish, and do nothing which doth not befit thy free birth."

f. 169 a Mygdonia saith unto Tērtia: "Thou hast not heard the tidings of the new life, and the voice of the preacher hath not fallen on thine ears; for thou hast not tasted the medicine of life, and art not freed from the troubles of corruption. Thou hast not seen the everlasting life, and lo, thou standest in the temporal life. Thou hast not become sensible of the true wedlock, and lo, thou art tortured by the wedlock of corruption. Thou art clothed with garments that decay, and lo, thou dost (not)¹ long for the garments of eternity. Thou art proud of thy beauty which is corruptible, and thou carest not about the hatefulness of thy soul. Thou art proud of a number of slaves, and thine own soul from slavery thou hast not set free. Thou art proud of the pomp of many (attendants) and thou art not delivered from the judgment of death."

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p. 270

And when Tērtia had heard these things from Mygdonia, she went to the house of...the general, that she might see the new Apostle who had come thither. And when she came in to him, he began to say unto her: "And what art thou come to see? A man, a stranger to every place, and despised and wretched above all men, and without possessions or wealth? But he hath a possession which kings and princes cannot take away from him, and which is incorruptible and cannot be plundered—Jesus the Christ, the Life-giver of all mankind, the Son of the Living God, Who giveth life to all those,.....

f. 154 b
Wright
p. 27¹
l. 17

"And I went, (and) have heard of the new life and have seen the Apostle of the new God; and I believe that he is the Apostle of God, Who giveth

¹ The word "not" seems to have dropped out.

life to every one who believeth in Him and doeth His will. (It is my duty that I too should recompense) the kindness which thou hast done unto me; and I will give thee a good counsel, so that thou too shalt become a king and a prince in Heaven, if thou wilt be persuaded by me and do what I say unto thee. I beseech thee to fear the God Who hath come hither by means of this stranger, and to keep thyself pure unto God; because this royalty of thine will pass away, and this rest of thine will be changed into trouble. But come, go to that man and believe, and thou shalt live for ever."

And when Mazdai heard these things from ȚerȚia his wife, he smote his face with his hands and rent his clothes, and said: "May he have no hope, who hath (cut off) my hope!.....his spirit....." And he went out sore troubled, and found his kinsman Karīsh in the street, and said unto him: "Why hast thou taken me as thy companion unto Shēōl? Why hast thou defrauded me, profiting thyself nought? Why hast thou killed me, not coming thyself to life? Why hast thou done a wickedness unto me, when thou wast not in equity? Why didst thou not let me destroy that wizard from me before he spoiled all my house?" And he was upbraiding Karīsh. Karīsh saith unto him: "What is this that hath happened unto thee?" Mazdai saith unto him: "He hath bewitched ȚerȚia, and hath separated her from me."

And they two went to the house of Šīfūr the general, and found Judas sitting and teaching. And all the people sprang up and stood; but he did not stand up before them. And King Mazdai knew him who was sitting; and he seized the seat, and turned it over, and took it with his two hands, and beat him on the head and smote him. And he seized him and delivered him to his attendants, and said unto them, "Drag this (man) off, that I may sit and hear him publicly." And they were dragging Judas and going to the place where King Mazdai used to give judgment.

And when he came to the place he was standing whilst the attendants of Mazdai held him. And Vīzān, the son of King Mazdai, came and said to the attendants: "Give him to me, that I may talk with him until the king cometh"; and they gave him to him. And he took him within, to (the place) where the king used to sit. Vīzān saith unto him: "Thou knowest that I am the son of King Mazdai, and that I have liberty to speak to the king about all that I wish; and also that I say unto him (and) he letteth thee live, and say unto him, and he killeth thee. Say....."

f. 163 a
Wright
p. 275
l. 5

was enraged at him, and gave orders to heat plates of iron, and to make Judas stand upon them barefoot. And when they had made him sit down and he had drawn off his shoes¹ he was laughing and saying: "Far better is Thy wisdom, Jesus, than all the wisdom of all men. Do Thou take counsel, and let Thy loving-kindness make preparation against the anger of these (men)." And they brought the plates (glowing) like fire, and laid hold of Judas and made him go up on them; and suddenly much water rose out of the earth, and the plates were immersed; and the men let him go and fled.

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p. 276

f. 163 b

And when the king saw the abundance of water he said unto Judas: "Ask of thy God, and He may deliver us from this death by the flood, that we may not die thus." And Judas prayed and said: "Lord, let this water be restrained and collected in one place. Distribute it to many places. (Thou) Who alone dost not.....in order, giving many wondrous signs through Thy servant and Apostle Judas. (Thou) Who makest (me) long that I may again receive Thy splendour, give the reward to all the world². Healer of my soul in its nature that it may have no intercourse with the Devil, (Who) art the cause of my life at all times; do Thou make this flood cease, that it may not rear itself proudly and destroy; for there are some of those who are standing by who shall believe in Thee and live." And when he had prayed there was quiet; and little by little these waters were swallowed up and were not found, but that place became as if it had been dried up.

Wright
p. 277

f. 159 b

And when King Mazdai saw (this) he said: "Drag ye (him) off to prison (until) we can consider what we shall do (with him)." And Judas went to be imprisoned, and the whole people were coming after him; and Vîzân, the son of Mazdai, was coming at the right hand of Judas, and the general Şîfûr was at his left hand.....of many. And Judas began to say: "(Thou) deliverer of my soul from the slavery.....I am glad and rejoice because I know that the times and the seasons, and the years, and the months, and the days, are at an end, and I shall come and receive Thee,.....I care. Lo, I shall give up hope, and shall receive truth. Lo, I shall escape from sorrow, and shall be without care and without sorrow and without distress, and shall dwell in rest for ever. Lo, I shall be set free from slavery, and shall go unto the liberty unto which I am called. Lo, I have served times and seasons, and I am raised above times and seasons. Lo, I shall receive my pay from a Paymaster,

¹ MS. "and he."

² Dr Wright's text has "labours."

Who doth not reckon, but giveth, because His wealth sufficeth for gifts. Lo, I shall take off, and I shall put on and not take off again. Lo, I shall sleep, and I shall rise and not sleep again. Lo, I shall die, and I shall live and not die again. I (shall be blessed). Lo, they shall rejoice and look on me, and I shall go and be united again with their joy, and flowers shall be placed in their garlands. Lo, I shall be made a king in Thy kingdom, for the hopes of it shall make me attain it. Put the wicked to shame, who thought to subdue me by their powers. Lo, the rebellious shall be destroyed before me, and I have become greater than they. Lo, I shall have the peace unto which the great shall be assembled."


And whilst Judas was saying these things, all those who were there were listening, for they were thinking that his departure from the world would be at that moment.

And Judas said: "Believe in Him Who healeth all pains, hidden and manifest, and the Giver of life to those souls which ask help of Him; this, the freeborn and King's son, Who became a slave and poor; this, the Healer of His creation, and the sick because of His servants; this, the Purifier of those who believe in Him, and the insulted by His slaves; this, Who setteth free His possessions from slavery and from corruption and from subjection and from loss, and is made subject to and insulted by His slaves; this, the Father (of nature?)¹ and Lord of the heights; and the Supreme Judge; this, Who (came) forth from the Father...Son...and became visible through the Virgin Mary; and was called the son of Joseph the carpenter; this, the littleness of Whose body our eyes have seen, and Whose majesty we have received by faith, and have seen it by works; this, Whose heavenly body we have felt with our hands; and Whose sad aspect we have seen with our eyes, and Whose Divine form on the mount we were not able to see by ourselves alone; this deceiver, Whom the rulers and the governors condemned to death; this True One Who deceiveth not, and the Payer of the tax and the head-money for Himself and for His disciples, this Whom when the terrible prince and the hosts who were with him saw, they were silent and were terrified. And he asked Him Who He was and what was said of Him; and he did not abide in the truth because no truth is found in him; this Who whilst He was lord over the world and over its pleasures and over its wealth and over its life, thrust them...from Him, and warned those who hear Him not to make use of these things." And when he had finished saying these things, he stood up to pray and speak thus: "Our Father which art in Heaven, hallowed

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p. 278

f. 159a

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¹ This word is uncertain. It may be  "Pure."

f. 166b be Thy name; and Thy kingdom come; and Thy wishes be done in earth as in Heaven. Give us the constant bread of the day, and forgive us our debts, that we too, may forgive our debtors. Bring us not into temptation, but deliver us from the evil one. My Lord and my God, and my Hope and my Confidence, my Teacher and my Comforter, Thou didst teach me to pray thus. Lo, Thy prayer I am praying, and Thy will, lo, I am accomplishing. Be Thou with me to the end; Thou Who from my youth hast sown life in me, and hast guarded me from corruption; Thou Who hast brought me to the poverty of the world, and hast bidden me to Thy true wealth; Thou Who hast made me know that I am Thine, and I have not come near to a woman, that what is desired by Thee might not be found with stain. My mouth sufficeth not to praise Thee, nor my understanding to glorify Thy goodness which is upon me; Thou Who, when I was wishing to acquire and become rich, didst shew me in a vision that loss cometh to many from wealth and from possessions, and I believed Thy vision, and abode in the poverty of the world, until Thou, Who art the true wealth, didst manifest Thyself to me, and didst fill those who are worthy of Thee with Thy¹ wealth, and didst deliver them from need and from care and from avarice. Lo, then, I have accomplished Thy work and fulfilled Thy will. I have been poor and needy, a stranger and a slave, and despised and a prisoner, and hungry and thirsty, and naked and barefoot and weary for Thy sake. Let not my trust fail, nor my hope which is in Thee be put to shame. Let not my labours be in vain, and let not my toils be found useless. Let not my fastings and my urgent prayers...perish, and let not my works which are in Thee be changed. Let not the enemy snatch away Thy wheat-seed from Thy land, and let not his tares be found in it; for Thy land doth not receive his tares, and they cannot fall into the garner of Thy land."

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p. 280
f. 166a

And again he was saying: "I have planted Thy vine in the land; may it cast (its roots) to the depths, and lengthen its tendrils to heaven, and may its fruits be seen in the land; and may those who are worthy of Thee and whom Thou hast acquired, delight in them. Thy silver, which Thou gavest me, I have cast down upon Thy table; try it, and give it to me with its usury, as Thou hast promised me. With Thy talent I have gained ten; let them be added for me to what was mine, as Thou hast promised. To my debtors² I have remitted the talent; let it not be sought from my hands; and Thou hast remitted (it) to me. To the supper I have been bidden and have come, and have excused myself from the field and from merchandise

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¹ The word "true" is not in this text.

² MS. "beloved."

and from the plough; let me not be cast out from the wedding-feast and not eat of it. To the supper I have been bidden, for I have put on a white garment; may I be worthy of it, and may my hands and my feet not be bound, f. 146 b nor I be put out into outer darkness. My lamp is bright with His¹ light; while (I) keep it to its Lord until He leaveth the banqueting-room and I receive Him; may I not see it flickering because (it is failing)². Let mine eyes receive Thee, and let my heart rejoice that I have fulfilled Thy will and accomplished Thy commandments. Let me be like to the sedulous³ and God-fearing servant, who with prudent diligence neglecteth no(thing). I have wearied myself with watching the whole night to protect my house from robbers; it shall not be broken into. My loins are girded with truth, and my sandals are bound on my feet; their thongs may I not see loosened. I have put my hand to the ploughshare; I have not turned back; (my furrows) shall not be crooked. My fields are white and are already fit for reaping; may I receive my reward. May I receive a garment, for the one that weareth out is worn out, and the work that bringeth unto rest I have accomplished. I have kept my first watch with joy, and the second; in the third may I receive Thy Face, and worship before Thy holy beauty. I have pulled down my barns and destroyed them on earth; may I take of Thy treasure that faileth not. I have dried Wright p. 282 up the spring that was in me, that I may lie down; by Thy living spring I have rested. The bound, who is with me, whom Thou didst deliver unto me, I have slain; my soul is unbound in me by reason of its trust⁴. The internal I have made external, and the external internal; let Thy will be fulfilled in all my members. I have not turned back, and I have altogether f. 146 a stretched forward; let me not be a sign and a wonder; the dead I have brought to life, and the deficient I have filled up; let me receive the Crown of victory. Scorn have I received on earth; a recompense do Thou make me in heaven. The powers shall not perceive me, nor the rulers take counsel against me; the tax-gatherers shall not see me, nor the collectors of tribute oppress me. The low...shall not mock at me, and the wicked at the brave and the humble; nor shall the slave and the great exalted mean one dare to stand before me, because of Thy strength, O Jesus, which surroundeth me; they flee, they hide themselves from it, because they are not able to behold it. They are with every man; and suddenly do they fall because of the things that are heard by them. The portion of men, it

¹ Or "its."

² Perhaps *ἵλασμα*. The word "oil" is not expressed in this text.

³ Probably *ἡρώδης*.

⁴ I cannot see that any word has been omitted here. Cf. *Studia Sinaitica*, IX. p. 21.

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crieth out and discloseth. No one of them is forgotten, for it is the fragrance of their nature. Wicked men sprout as a tree whose fruit is bitterness; I will pass their place in silence, and let joy and peace support me, and I shall stand before (Thee?) alive, and let not the slanderer look upon me. Let his eyes be blinded by the light, which Thou hast made to dwell in me; and close his lying mouth, for he shall have naught against me."

f. 145 b

And he began to say unto those who were with him in the prison: "Believe the Saviour, God, believe the Christ and the Helper of His servants; believe the Saviour¹ of those who toil in His service; in Him (in) Whom, lo, my soul rejoiceth, for the time is come that I may go and receive this fair One Whose beauty inciteth me to say concerning Him what He is, though I am unable to say (it). Thou art the Feeder and the Furnisher of my poverty and the Supplier of my need. Be Thou with me until I come and receive Thee." And the youth Vizān was asking of him and saying unto him: "I beg of thee, (O) man, Apostle of the new God, permit me to go. I will entreat the keepers of the prisoners, and I will bring thee out, that thou mayest go with me to my house; and thou shalt give me the sign²; and I, too, shall become a servant to this God Whom thou preachest; because in these things I was walking before my father Mazdai constrained me and gave me Manashar (as) a wife. I am twenty-one years old to-day, and, lo, I have been for seven years united in marriage to a woman; for before I took a wife I knew no other woman, and by my father I was counted as good for naught. And I have not yet had son or daughter by the woman whom he gave unto me, and my wife also hath lived with me in chastity these many years. And to-day, if she were well, and had seen thee and had heard thy word, I should be (at rest) and she would receive everlasting life. But she is in great affliction, lo, for a time, through much disease. I will therefore entreat the keepers of the prisoners that thou mayest go with me, that thou mayest promise me to go with me, for I dwell in a house quite by myself.".....

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f. 145 a

And when Judas, the Apostle of the Most High, heard these things, he said unto him: "My son, if thou believest, thou shalt see the wonders of God, how He giveth life unto His servants."

And whilst they were speaking, Terṭia and Mygdonia and Narqia were standing at the door of the prison; and they gave three hundred and sixty-eight silver drachmas to the keepers of the prisoners, and they brought them in beside Judas. And (they saw³) Šifūr the general and his

¹ Literally "Life-giver."

² i.e. baptism.

³ These words are omitted in our text.

daughter, and Vīzān, and all the prisoners, sitting and listening to Judas. The three stood before him, and he said unto them: "Who permitted you to come to us? And who opened unto you the gate that was closed in your faces?" Tērtia saith unto him: "Didst thou not open the door for us and say unto us: 'Come to the prison, that we may go and take our brethren who are there, and then our Lord will shew His glory in us?'" And when we came to the door thou didst disappear from us, and thou didst come and go into it without us, and didst hide thyself from us. And we heard the sound of the doors, and they were shut in our faces. But we gave (money) to their keepers, and they let us in; and lo, we stand and beg of thee that thou wouldst do what we wish, that we might let thee escape until the wrath of King Mazdai cool towards thee." Judas saith unto Tērtia: "Tell us first how ye were shut up." Tērtia saith unto him: "Thou hast never quitted us, save for a moment, and dost thou not know how we were shut up? But (if) thou wishest to hear, hear. Mazdai sent and had me Tērtia brought and said unto me: 'That conjuror hath not yet got power over thee, because I have heard¹ that he bewitcheth with water and with oil and with wine and with bread, and he hath not yet bewitched thee. But be persuaded by me, in what I say unto thee, that if thou dost not yield, I say unto thee that I will torture thee until I destroy thee; for I know that as yet with oil and bread (and wine) he hath not yet full power over thee.' And I said unto him: 'Whatever thou wilt, do. Over my body thou hast power; but I will not destroy my soul along with thee.' And when he had heard these things from me he shut me up beneath his dining-room in a dark place. And his kinsman Karīsh too brought Mygdonia and Narqia (and) shut them up beside me. And thou didst bring us out, and lo, we stand before thee. But give us the sign, and let the hope (of Mazdai) be cut off (from me)

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f. 165 b

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were in the way, Manashar his wife met them, coming to the prison. And she knew him and saith unto him: "My brother Vīzān?" He saith unto her: "Yea, and thou my sister Manashar?" She saith unto him: "Yea." He saith unto her: "Whither goest thou at this time alone? And how wast thou able to rise?" She saith unto him: "This youth laid his hand upon me, and I was healed. And I saw in my dream that I should go to

f. 152 b
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p. 287
l. 3

¹ Literally "it hath been heard by me."

the stranger, where he is imprisoned, that I might be healed." Vizān saith unto her: "Who is the youth who was with thee?" And she saith unto him: "Dost thou not see him? For lo, he is holding my right hand and supporting me."

And whilst they were talking, Judas came, with Šifūr and his wife and his daughter, to the house of Vizān. And when Manashar, the wife of Vizān saw him, she bowed down and worshipped him, and saith unto him: "Art thou come, my healer from sore disease? Thou art he whom I saw in the night, who didst deliver unto me this youth, that he might bring us unto thee in the prison; and thy kindness did not suffer thee (to permit) that I should come; but thou art come to me." And when she had said these things she turned backwards, and the youth was not (there). She saith unto Judas: "I am not able to walk alone, and the youth is not here whom thou didst deliver (unto me)." Judas saith unto her: "Jesus then will be a Supporter unto thee." And she was running beside them. And when they entered into the house of Šifūr¹, the son of Mazdai the king, the time was night, and it was very light to them.

And Judas began to pray, and he spake thus: "Companion and Help of the feeble; and Hopé and Confidence of the poor; Resort and Rest of the weary; Voice that came from on high; All-Majestic Who dwellest in the midst²; Resort and Haven of those that go forth to the regions of the Prince; Physician Who healeth of death the men who believe in Him; He was crucified for the sake of many; and for His sake, too, no man was crucified. And Thou didst descend into Shēōl. With mighty power Thou didst ascend. And when they saw³ (it), the lords of death were not able to bear (it). Thou didst make them ascend⁴ with glory, those who had sought refuge with Thee. And Thou didst tread for them the path to the height. And in Thy footsteps they all have travelled and believed. Thou didst bring them into Thy fold, and didst mingle them with the sheep. Son of mercy,...To us Thou wast sent from the Father, that we might praise Thee; Son, Who wast sent by the supreme and perfect Fatherhood, Lord of a possession that cannot be defiled; Hope...because (Thou art) rich, Whose creation is full of wealth. Poor (One) Who was needy and hungry for forty days; Satisfier of our thirsty souls with Thy bliss; be Thou, Lord, with Vizān and with Tērtia and with Manashar, and gather them into Thy number, and gather them into Thy fold, and be to them a guide (when they are) in the path of error. Be to them a guide in the place of sickness; be to them henceforth a strengthener in the weary place; sanctify

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f. 152 a

f. 168 a
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¹ This is evidently a mistake for Vizān.

² MS. "lived."

³ *ḵḵa* *ḵḵa*.

⁴ Perhaps *ḵḵa*.

them in the unclean place; and cleanse them of corruption in the place of the enemy. Be a physician for their bodies, and give life to their souls; make them pure shrines and holy temples; and may Thy Holy Spirit dwell in them."

And when he had prayed, he said unto Mygdonia: "Strip thy sisters." And she stripped them, and put tunics (*περιζώματα*) on them, and brought them near to him. And Vizān came near first. And Judas took...oil, and glorified (God), and said over it: "Fair Fruit, one of whose fruits shall not be cut off¹, for...a rest...of the word...strength...that men may put it on and conquer by means of their enemies and they went backwards and fell upon their faces; Let it abide upon this oil, over which we name Thy holy name." And he cast it upon the head of Vizān, and then upon the heads of those (others), and said: "In Thy name, Jesus the Christ, let it be to those souls for the remission of offences and sins, and for the frustration of the enemy, and for the healing of souls." And he commanded Mygdonia to anoint them (with oil)² and he himself anointed Vizān. And when he f. 168 b had anointed them, he made them go down to the water and said unto them: "In the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Spirit; Wright p. 290 in Thy name³, Heavenly Word!" And when he had come up he brought bread and a cup, and spake a blessing over it and said: "Thy holy Body, which was crucified for our sake, we eat, and Thy life-giving Blood, which was shed for our sake, we drink. Let Thy Body be to us for life, and Thy Blood for the remission of sins. For the sake of the gall which Thou didst drink for our sake let the bitterness of our enemy be taken away from us. And the vinegar which Thou didst drink for our sake...and for the spit which Thou didst receive for our sake, let us receive Thy perfect life. And since Thou didst receive the crown of thorns because of us, let us receive the crown that withereth not. And since Thou wast wrapped in a linen cloth because of us, let us be girt with Thy strength, which cannot be overcome. And since Thou wast buried in a new tomb, let us receive the new life which is in the Christ. And as Thou didst rise, and wast raised, let us be raised, and let us live, and stand before Thee in the judgment." And he also broke the Eucharist, and gave to Vizān, and to Tērtia, and to Manashar, and to Mygdonia, and to Šifūr, and to the wife and to the daughter of Šifūr, and said: "Let this Eucharist be to you for life and for joy and for the health and for the healing of your souls." And they said: "Amen"; and a voice was heard saying...

¹ Perhaps *πίδα*.

² Perhaps *λουα*.

³ It would not be possible to read "in thy blood" in the MS.



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which meets the requirements of
ANSI/NISO Z39.48-1992 (permanence of paper)**

Preservation photocopying and binding

by

Acme Bookbinding

Charlestown, Massachusetts



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